# **GORAKHPUB**

## Supplementary notes and statistics to

### **VOLUME XXXI**

OF THE

# District Gazetteers of the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh.



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# Corrections to be made in the Gazetteer of Gorakhpur district.

#### CHAPTER I.

Page 1 line 14 after "year to year" insert "mainly."

,, 1 ,, 19, alter 2,889,043 to 2,899,043.

., 1 ., 20, ., 4,514'13 to 4,529'7.

, 1 ,, 21, ,, 2,899,712 to 2906,533.

, 1 , 21, , "orders" delete-

"The district is thus far larger" and insert

"In the quinquennial period 1912-13 there was a net loss of 4,191 acres in the Bansgaon tabsil, which was however counterbalanced in part by gains of 1,128 acres in Deoria and 511 acres elsewhere; the average area during the period was 2,897,855 acres, while the actual area in 1912-13 was 2,895,582 acres only. Since then, a large tract measuring 2,977 acres situated between the two streams of the Ghogra near Panian has been transferred to Azamgarh by virtue of a decree based on an agreement between the late Raja of Majhauli, proprietor of Painan, and M. Ihtisham Ali, proprietor of Mainapur, in district Azamgarh. In spite of all these losses within recent years the district is far larger

Page 2, line 14, for " for the most part " read " entirely."

" 2 " 6, before "the outer," insert "though the whole district is absolutely flat, its highest point being only 386 feet above the sea. . . "

Page 3, line 2 for "rivers" read "river."

,, 3 ,, 24 after "soil" add "note; analysis shows varying amounts up to as much as 50 per cent. in some cases."

Page 3 line 17, after "district" add "A scrutiny of the height of the G. T. Survey Stations and an examination of the areas concerned shows existence of a line of depression from the northeast corner of the district near and north of Domakhand across the Nagwa-Sonari forest to the Rohin valley, so that in the case of any heavy flood on the Great Gandak, the water of that river spills across the north of the district into the Rohin valley, and it would seem not impossible that in case of an extraordinary flood in the Great Gandak that river might change its course cutting across to the Rapti valley, and so continuing the southwest direction in which it flows for many miles before reaching

the N.-E. corner of the district where it turns abruptly to the S.-E."

Page 3, line 34, after "district" insert "though it is probable that this fact is largely responsible for the almost complete freedom from plague always enjoyed by the northern half of the district, as this style of house harbours gats to a much less extent than the usual sun-dried or burnt brick or mud-walled house."

Page 4, line 32, for "Kuwana" read "Kuano."
BANDES.

Page 5, after line 12, insert the following paragraphs marked "bandhs":—

"Of late years however several protective bandhs have been The largest of these is the Molony Bandh, an embankment 16 miles in length from the poutoon bridge near Bhawapar on the Rapti to Kuin Bazar, where high ground is met. hugs the left or east bank of the river and was constructed as a famine relief work during the cold weather of 1906-07 and designed to protect the eastern kachar from the floods which have so often devastated it. The embankment varies from three to 12 feet in height with a minimum uniform breadth of four feet at the summit, save where it crosses the Lahsari nala, the channel excavated in a misguided attempt to drain the Ramgarh Tal; at this point it rises to a height of 30 feet and is some 12 feet wide on the crest. Besides this, roadside bandhs have been carried along the western side of the Azamgarh road from the pontoon bridge, round by the old distillery near Birdghat, and continued by the old Jail and Ilahi Bagh to the railway embankment near Domingarh.

"The construction of the Molony Bandh, while undoubtedly benefiting the eastern side of the river, has forced the water to take a more westerly course, and there is no doubt that more damage is now done by inundation than was formerly the case, and the water being headed up to some extent has forced its way across into the Ami valley to a greater degree than heretofore. Thus part of the old embankment of the Basti road between Birdghat and Kalesar was recently carried away owing to a southerly set of the river. This has necessitated a realignment of the road

five miles from Gorakhpur, while the rest of the bandh has been considerably strengthened and extended as far as Sahjanwa; while a branch of this, known as the Bukhta Bandh, is carried from Kalesar as far as the railway embankment near the railway bridge over the Rapti, four miles east of Sahjanwa. These bands are all two feet above high flood level. There are other bandhs higher up the Rapti valley constructed by the owners of the Peppi Estates and other zamindars, but there has been no general scheme and the absence of this has deprived the works of much of their usefulness. Many villages are very anxious for bandhs to be made and are quite willing to pay a rate for this. It is however of no use making more isolated bandhs. What is required is a proper hydrographic survey of the valley of the Rapti to determine where bandhs should be made and what other training works are required. Mr. S. Athin, Superintending Engineer, was appointed to do this in February, 1916, but so late in the season that he was unable to touch more than the fringe of what was required. Stress of the war and consequent shortness of staff has since prevented anything further being done in this connection."

Page 5, line 19 delete "at the same time."

#### FLOODS.

Page 6, line 2 after " recorded in 1889" insert-

"In the latter half of July 1910 the rainfall, especially in the north of the district, was exceedingly heavy. From the 16th to the 30th 25.86 inches were accorded at the Mahrajgunj tahsil and there can be no doubt that very heavy falls occurred in the foothills of the Nepal Himalayas. As a result two large irrigation drains on the Pappi estate in the north of the Basti district burst and their contents went to swell the floods in the Rapti valley.

"Anxiety was first felt on the 27th June, when, following on falls in Mahrajganj of 3.90 inches on the 23rd, 54 on the 24th, 6.55 on the 25th, and 3.64 on the 26th, the Rapti rose with great rapidity. By the 31st it reached its maximum, which was also the highest flood level on record. At the Sahjanwa railway bridge, the flood level was 253.50 as compared with the previous record of 253.25 on the 4th August, 1889, and at the

Ilahi Bagh eluice gates is reached 16 feet 2 inches on the gauge, compared with 16 feet ½ inch the previous maximum.

It was clear on the 27th July, that extraordinary efforts were necessary to prevent the water sweeping over the Azamgarh road and so flowing back in the city. A small roadside bandh was already in existence; this was rapidly strengthened and enlarged and eventually proved sufficient to prevent any eneroschment east of the road. The Molony bandh however, which runs from the Azamgarh road to the village of Kulu, a distance of 16 miles slong the left or east bandh of the Rapti, was seriously breached at the 13th mile. On the Tucker bandh on the main road to Azamgarh, at the first bridge, 14 miles from Gorakhpur, the water reached the roadway and the down-stream portion of one of the piers of the bridge fell in. For some time there seemed a possibility that at least one span of the bridge would be washed away. but the subsidence of the floods in the beginning of August enabled argent repairs to be carried out and the bridge was eventually saved.

- "Notwithstanding the enormous area covered by the floods, only one human being was drowned. Nor was the mortality among cattle serious. The grazing grounds were however under water for a considerable time and there was widespread loss of fodder. Some of the reserved forest blocks were thrown open to free grazing and passes for 13,200 cattle were issued for these areas.
- "A small amount of relief was granted in the shape of doles of grain, the funds being obtained by public subscription and administered by committees in the affected tracts."

Page 7, line 11, delete "recently."

- " 7, lines 13-15, delete "A railway . . . Bagaha," and substitute-
- "A fine railway bridge of 15 spans, measuring 2,260 feet, has recently been constructed over the river and was opened to traffic in 1912; the connected training works have done much to fix the course of the river for several miles above the bridge. Elsewhere . . . "

Page 8, line 20, delete "It is crossed . . . other places," and substitute—

"It is crossed by bridges at Hetimpur and at Sirsia, and by ferries at Captaingani and one or two other places."

Page 9, line 26, for "by a pontoon Birdghat" read "by pontoon bridges at Bhawapar and Birdghat . . . "

Page 11, lines 23-25, for " is filled . . . country" read "was formerly only filled with flood water from the Rapti to the great detriment of the surrounding country.

"This channel has however gradually deepened until it now carries in the cold weather practically as much water as the main stream of the Rapti, and threatens to become before long the main stream of that river."

Page 11, line 25 delete "Further south." Delete from page 12, line 36 starting "under existing circumstances..." to page 13, line 19 ending"... erest "and substitute—

"The various bandhs erected in recent years have already been noticed. It is however doubtful whether it would be possible or advisable to close up all the channels by which flood water can escape, certainly not until the whole Rapti valley has been properly examined by an Irrigation officer."

Page 13, line 33, delete "and has never since been repaired," and substitute "and it has only recently been replaced by a screw-pile bridge."

Page 16, line 11 delste " recently."

" 16 " 15 add after "banks"—" It is however doubtful whether the exclusion of the flood waters of the Rapti and the consequent cessation of the flushing out of the Ramgarh Tal has not caused a deterioration of the healthiness of its neighbourhood, more especially as of late years there has been a serious spread of the water hyacinth (Elchornis crassipes) over the Tal."

Page 18, line 28 to page 19, line 15, delete whole paragraph:—

"Taking . . . tahsila" and substitute "Taking the average of the returns for the five years ending 1912-13, the total area of barren and uncultivated land including the reserved forest amounts to 771,475 acres, or 23.7 per cent. of the entire district, if the forest area be excluded.

The area shown as totally barren amounts to 286,323 acres; this includes 86,561 acres permanently occupied by railways,

roads, buildings, and the like, and 118,735 acres covered with water; for the five years ending 1907,08, the average area covered with water was 128,695 acres; this shows to what extent small tals have been brought into cultivation within the last few years. Thus there are only 31,028 acres actually barren and unfit for cultivation, nearly half of which consists of sterile sand along the course of the Ghagra in tahsils Bansgaon and Deoris. The balance shown as culturable is 535,152 acres; from this again must be deducted 64,082 acres of groves, 6,592 acres under preparation for sugarcane and 79,675 acres of new fallow, left temporarily untilled under the ordinary system of rotation.

"This leaves 161,123 acres of old fallow and 223,679 acres of unbroken waste, called banjar. The latter includes both Government and private forests and nearly two-thirds of it are to be found in Mahrajganj tahsil, and the bulk of the remainder is in Padrauna and Gorakhpur. Apart from the forests, there is a residue of nearly 90,000 acres occupied for the most part by scrub jungle and grass pasture. Of late years there has been a marked expansion of tillage; for the five years ending 1907-08 the area of banjar was 285,507 acres and of old fallow 187,822 acres thus within the last few years 38,527 acres have been brought into cultivation. Still the area of old fallow is far from negligible even in the southern tahsils, and in spite of the density of the population there can be no doubt that the district has by no means reached the limit of cultivation, and under favourable circumstances a still further expansion of tillage may be expected.

Page 20, line 28, after "Deputy Conservator" read "or Assistant Conservator."

Page 21, line 6, for "Ranges" read "forests.

" 21, " 11, delete "and the only ... uliginesa" and insert "and the most common trees are Jamun (Eugenia Jambolana), Paniari (Barringtonia acutangula), Panar (Randia uliginosa), Bhaisa (Salik tetrasperma) and Bhillaur (trewia nudiflora)."

Lines 17 and 18, omit the words "in the Northern and Central Ranges."

Page 21, line 21, for "103:05 square miles" read "64,072 acres."

Page 21, line 23 to page 24, line 31, for "Big trees are scarce except perhaps in the north, etc.," substitute "Big trees are very scarce everywhere, as practically all the saleable material had been cut before the forests were reserved. There are a few large trees in the northern forests but most of them are unsound, knotty, and crooked, while in nearly every case they have been tapped for resin, a practice which has been disallowed since about 1860.

"The bulk of the crop has developed from the saplings and seedlings left by the timber contractors who worked in the forests before they were reserved. Most of these younger trees are sound and straight; the best specimens occur in Nagwa and Sonari forests and in the small Tulsi Ram block near Nichlaul. but in many other parts the sal is of very fair quality and the sal forests generally are very promising. Natural reproduction is irregular but has increased considerably during the last few years. Over fairly large areas it is very good wherever the overhead cover is not too dense, but elsewhere it is held back by unfayour. able soil conditions, grass and thick undergrowth of inferior species. The sal tends to disappear wherever the drainage is defective or the soil stiffens into heavy clay, even trivial depressions in the midst of the sal area often forming blanks devoid of seedlings. There is one enormous blank to the east of Nagwa forests, but this appears to owe its origin to the reclamation of the land for cultivation at a recent date. In the grass lands at the edge of the sal blocks there is sometimes an abundant growth of "asna" (Terminalia tomentosa). Other useful timbers that are found in the sal forests are Panar (Ougenina dalbergioides), Haldu or Karma (Adina cordifolia), Bijasal (Pterocarpus Marsupium), Kaim or Tikkoe (Stephegync parvifolia) and Gambhar (Gmelina arborea). Miscellaneous forest is found on the intermediate levels but its extent is nowhere great save in Domakhand. The "Jamun" (Eugenia Jambolana) grows very freely along the banks of water courses but seldom attains in any size. Khair (Acacia catechu) is not uncommon in Dhomakhand and along the banks of the Piyas in Nagwa and Sonari and is occasionally exploited for the extraction of "katha" or "cutch."

"Semal (Bombax malabarioum) occurs throughout the forests and must at one time have been very common near the Ganda in the Domakhand reserve. Shisham (Dalbergia Sissoo) is also found as an indigenous species along the Gandak but is not common. It has been planted on a large scale in several other localities, notably at Sakhui in the south-west of Nagwa, where 2,080 acres of grass and fallow land were planted up between 1881 and 1885. Small experimental plantations of teak (Tectona grandis) have been made at different times and this tree is found to grow very well in Gorakhpur, although it is unlikely that it will ever yield timber of very large dimensions. Many other species occur but most of them are of little or no value as far as is known at present. The total number of species that have been found in the Gorakhpur forests, including trees, shrubs, and climbers, is 220. This number includes several only found further east as the Gorakhpur jungles (thanks apparently to the westerly course of the Great Gandak before reaching the district) seem to be the eastern boundary of many species found in the Eastern Sub Himalaya jungles.

#### MANAGEMENT.

"The forests are divided into seven Ranges, the charge of which is held by Rangers or Deputy Rangers subordinate to the Divisional Forest-Officer. Foresters are attached to some of the larger ranges to assist in carrying out cultural operations, markings, and other special works, and the whole division is subdivided into 39 beats each being in the charge of a Forest Guard. During the working season an additional staff of expert moharrirs and chaprasis is entertained for supervising the contractors' work, and from March to June fire-watchers are employed. Fire conservancy was first started in 1875 and has been very successful? Owing to the damp climate and the annual cutting of the grass for thatching purposes fires do not often break out, while such outbreaks as do occur are easily controlled owing to the good system of firelines. These firelines were laid out in 1892 and 1893 and are cleared every year before the forests and the grass lands are dry enough to burn. The total length of the firetines: is 134 miles and the average annual cost of fire-protection is about Rs. 2,500.

- "Further protection is afforded by the numerous roads, aggregating 289 miles in length, which have been constructed by the department.
- "There are rest houses at Ramgarh, Campierganj, Pharenda, Surbar, Bhelampur, Banki, Pakri, Jagpur, Lachmipur, Tehrighat, Kushmahwa, Madhaulia, Dibhar, and Nichlaul.

#### EXPLOITATION.

"Before the forests were reserved, the purchasers of the forest produce were at liberty to cut whatever and wherever they liked. In 1865 Mr. Tebber, Forest Surveyor, in his report on the condition of the Gorakhpur Government Forests, wrote that practically nothing remained except saplings and seedlings' and a few old crooked and defective trees. Orders were given in 1863 that only unsound trees should be felled, but these orders were not properly enforced until some years later. From 1868 young untrained men without any experience of forest work were employed as forest officers to hold charge of the Gorakhbur Forest Division, the first being appointed in There is frequent reference in their annual reports to the extension of cultivation, which was evidently still going on in the Government Forest especially in Nagwa and East Lohra blocks. There was no definite scheme of management before 1874, the general policy at this period being merely to let the existing crop of young saplings and poles grow up into saleable material, and to realise a little revenue out of the sale of thatching grass and unsound trees and from grazing fees.

"The disposal of unsound trees was, however, effected by the permit system under which permit holders owing to inadequate supervision were able to cut large numbers of young sound trees and it was not until about 1883 that a final stop was put to this practice.

#### EARLY WORKING PLANS.

"The first real working plan was complied in 1874, but this proved impracticable owing to the limited demand for forest produce and was cancelled in 1876, from which year to 1887 work was conducted on the lines of notes drawn up by Mr. Greigh; in 1887 a rough plan was drawn up but was not sanctioned, and the same fate attended plans submitted in 1889 and 1891.

#### WORKING PLAN, 1893-1913.

"In 1893 a plan was submitted by Mr. Mercer, and Mr. Harsarup, in accordance with notes drawn up by Mr. Eardly-Wilmot. This was introduced simultaneously with a re-arrangement of the forest administration. The two existing ranges were divided into three: the Southern range, comprising, the forests of Ramgarh, Tilkonia, Bhelampur, Bauki, Bhari, Babban, Bhari Bhaisi, Chhitahi, and West Lehra; the Central range, comprising East Lehra Forest, East Lehra Majhar, Dudhal Forest, and Dudhal Majhar; and the Northern range, formed out of the forests of Nagwa, Sonari, and Domakhand with the two small outlying tracts of Tenduha and Gopalganj. This working plan was written to cover a period of 20 years and in 1913-14 a newworking was drawn up by Mr. Marriot in accordance with notes made uy Mr. Clutterbuck, Conservator of Forests, and has been sanctioned by Government.

PRESENT WORKING PLAN, 1914 onwards.

"It divides the forests into four working circles."

"Working circle I is sub-divided into W. C. I. A. (Ramgarh, Tilkonia, Bhilampur, and Banki Forest) and W. C. I. B. (Bhari, Babban, Bhari Baisi, Chhitani, and W. Lehra Forests). Working circle I is worked under a system of clear fellings, the regeneration of the cleared areas being obtained partly by natural and partly by artificial means. A great deal of attention is paid to the protection and tending of the young plants, and frequent thinnings and cleanings are prescribed in order to give the new crops every advantage. This intensive work in Working Circle I is made possible by the great demand that has grown up for produce of these forests owing to their isolated position in the middle of thickly-populated country and to good communications between them and Gorakhpur. They yield about Rs. 10 per acre per annum at present and are perhaps the only forests in India in which it is practicable as yet to adopt an intensive system of management that almost comes up to European standard. The forests of working circle Ib are not being regularly worked at present, as they suffered very much from drought in 1910, and re-generation in them is in a backward state.



सन्यमेव जयते

- "5. Chouk Sakhui Bange, with headquarters at Chouk. Western part of Nagwa and Sonari forest.
- "6. Madhaulia Range—Eastern part of Nagwa and Sonam forests and Tenduana.
- "7. Nichlaul Range—Domakhand and Gopalganj. There are no rights of any kind in the forests. Grazing is permitted on payment over an area of 35,200 acres, the total number of cattle that were grazed in 1915-16 being 33,330 excluding a large number which graze in the Domakhand leased forest and are not enumerated.

#### " REVENUE.

"The chief product of the forests is sal in the shape of timber and fuel. The demand is mainly for metre gauge and light railway sleepers, for building-timber, including poles of two to three and a half ft. in girth which are in strong demand, and firewood, much of which is used in the sugar factories of the district.

"As the population is growing and the Zamindari forests disappearing, the local demand for forest produce from the Government forests is always on the increase. At the same time the yield from the Government forests is much greater now than in former years and a quantity of produce is exported to Dinapore, Chapra, Benares, Lucknow, Cawnpore, and other towns in the east of the United Provinces and in Bihar. The sale of thatching grass brings in about Rs. 45,000 per annum, while grazing fees, fish, bamboos, and wild fruits help appreciably to swell the total revenue. The financial results of the forest management have, improved regularly and rapidly from the time when Governmer, was in doubt whether the Gorakhpur forests were worth preserving to the present day when they are almost the best paying forests India; the gross revenue having risen steadily from Rs. 5.5 in 1862-3 to Rs. 3,34,269 in 1914-15 and the gross annual ex dibure having increased from Rs. 2,660 to Rs. 57,042 only du the same period. The financial prospects for the future are v promising, as the demand is always going up and most par the forests are now well stocked with timber the quality of wh will steadily improve with the removal of the trees which w damaged before the forests were brought under proper mana ment. The great need is for better railway communications

the forests in the north of the district. The surveys for three new branch lines have already been made and work would have been started on them by now but for the war." Page 25, lines 5 to .. for "The only, Gorakhpur" read "A considerable area or sal celonging to the Mian Sahib remains intact at Kusmahi, nine miles' ast of Gorakhpur. There is good sal in Jungle Farzand Ali belonging to the Majhauli Estate, which with another jungle village (Hathi Hathsar) has been leased to the Forest department. There are also somewhat extensive private sal forests south and west of the Banki Government forest, on which however considerable inroads have recently been made. The most extensive area of private forest is on the east side of the Great Gandak, where five villages belonging to the Bettia Estate are almost entirely forest. Their management has recently been made over to the Bettia Estate Forest Officer whose headquarters are at Bagaha in the Champaran district."

Page 25, lines 20 to 31, delete "Since the . . . much importance" and substitute "Since the Settlement there has been a considerable decrease, the area occupied by groves in 1908-09 being only 63,285 acres. Old groves were destroyed and converted to agricultural purposes. The chief reason for this undoubtedly was the demand on the part of sugar-refiners for wood as fuel. The wholesale destruction of all groves in the south-east of the district was only prevented by the sale of sal wood from the reserved forests, which was found to be better than mango wood as fuel. But as the blocks where the thinning out and replanting of trees took place gradually receded from the railway, the cost of sal wood steadily increased owing to higher cartage and as the demand for fuel continued to increase, there was a steady decline in the grove area of the district. There are however signs that this process has now stopped. Coal is being increasingly used as fuel, especially at Rampur Karkhana, while the extension of the railway has brought many blocks of the reserved forest nearer to the railway line. Accordingly, there has been a marked growth in the number of new plantations within the last few years. The average area covered by groves during the five years ending 1912-13 is 64,082 acres, while the actual figure for 1912-13 is 64,918 acres, "The only tabsil which shows a steady decrease in the grove

area during the last five years is Banegaon. In spite of the decrease however the proportion of groves is still highest in Banegaon, being 3.65 per cent. of the total area of the tahsil, as compared with a percentage of 2.21 for the district generally."

Page 26, line 18, "alter Rs. "2" to "Rs. 2-4-0 including four annas royalty."

Page 26, line 20 alter Rs. 7.0-0 to Rs. 8-2-0.

- , 26. ,, 21 ,, 20-0-0 ,, ,, 5-0-0.
- **26**, , 28 , 8-8-0 , , 9-0-0.
  - **.** 26, **,** 28 **, ,** 7.0.0 **, ,** 8-0-0.
- ,, 26, ,, 28 ,, ,, 5-0-0 ,, ,, 6-0-0.
- , 26, , 29 , Re. 1-12-0 , , 1-0-0.
- ,, 26, ,, 33 ,, Rs. 2-0·0 ,, ,, 2-4-0.
- " 27, " 4 alter "four annas" to "Re. 1-12-0."
- " 27, lines 6 to 8, delete "bamboos of all... per hum-dred" and substitute—
- "Bamboos of all sizes have gone up in price considerably during the last few years, the larger kinds which were sold for Rs. 20 per hundred not so very long ago, now fetch as much as Rs. 50, while the smaller kinds have also gone up from Rs. 12 or Rs. 15 to Rs. 20 or Rs. 25 per hundred."

Page 28, lines 1-4, delete: "During the . . . Rs. 139" and substitute—

"For the five years ending 1915 the average number of reported deaths from snake-bite was 526 annually, as compared with 489 for the preceding five years."

Page 29, line 13, alter 9,916 to 2598.

4141, to 956.

Page 29, lines 32 to 35 for "and no attempts bull," read-

"Little has been done towards improving the local breed," reproduction being as a rule left to the agency of the ownerless and half-wild bull. But about a dozen Kheri bulls have been imported from the Government cattle farm in that district by various co-operative credit societies, mostly in the neighbourhood of Kassia, and one or two of the larger zamindars have imported such bulls, which are deemed best suited to improve the breed."

Page 33, lines 24, 612, after 865 insert-

"The census of 1914-15 shows that the increase still

continues. The number of plough cattle is 704,879, in addition to 5,731 male buffaloes.

"The number of ploughs has however also increased to 321,668, so that the average for each plough has decreased to 2.19. The cows number 447,695 and the cow-buffaloes 135,415 both showing a substantial increase; the total of young stock has however decreased to 548,097."

Page 31, line 5, alter 13,289 to 14,831.

,, 31, lines 13 to 20, delete "small as . . . overloaded;" and substitute-

"In spite of this, within the last five years the number of ponies has increased by 12.3 per cent.; for in 1909 they only numbered 13,209. This is probably connected with the growth in material prosperity of the district, many even of the smaller zamindars having taken to riding. At the same time, with the improvement of roads ponies as pack animals are being gradually replaced by carts, which have increased to 38,486, this substitution representing an immense gain in efficiency."

Page 31, line 20, alter 11,276 to 12,196.

- , 31, , 21, , 1904 to 1914.
- ,, 31, ,, 30, ,, 58,678 to 58,395.
- ,, 31, lines 24 and 25, for "camels . . . enumeration" read "except during the cold and hot seasons, camels are unsuited to the climate. They make useful transport for officials in the touring season, coming for that purpose from the west of the province. Only 81 are recorded as permanently in the district."

Page 31, line 29, delete "the former importance" and insert after "total" the words "number of sheep."

Page 31, lines 35 and 36 delete "aggregating 612,865 in 1919" and substitute—

"Though they show a slight decline within the last five years, numbering 605,748 in 1914 as compared with 612,865 in 1909."

Page 32, line 2 after "prolific" insert-

"They are as destructive as elsewhere of tree-growth."

NOTE ON CATTLE DISEASE.

Page 32, lines 12 to 18, delets "at the first export" and insert—
"There are dispensaries at both Kasia and Deoria and a regular
cattle hospital at Gorakbpur, which was taken over by the

District Board in 1915. It is hoped before long to have sime veterinary assistants for the district, one in each of the six tunsité on peripatetic work and the other three in charge of hospitals at Gorakhpur, Kassia, and Deoria."

Page 33, line 18, after "50" add "and the air is always damp; heavy dews continuing through practically the whole of the cold weather."

#### RAINFALL.

Page 33, line 37, after "more than 46.38" insert-

"For the 10 years ending 1915, the rainfall was somewhat less, averaging 49:18 inches for the district; Mahraganj as usual received the largest amount, 55:03 inches annually, while the fall in Deoria averaged only 44:73."

Page 34, line 5, after "as a whole 63.75" insert-

"Again in 1910 Mahrajganj received 81.83 inches, while the average for the district was 65.16. The floods in this year caused considerable damage. In 1915 again the rainfall was heavy, the average for the district being 63.71 inches."

#### HEALTH.

Page 35, delete lines 3 to 5, viz., "subsequent years... 36.88 per mille" and instead insert after line 2 the following:—

"The subsequent decade 1901—10 shows a slight improvement, for while the death-rate rose to 28.90 per thousand, the births also rose to 38.80. There was a remarkable rise in the birth-rate from 36.62 in 1908 to 46.96 in 1909; and though this high figure has not been kept up the average birth-rate for the five years in 1909—13 is 45.08. The ravages of plague and cholera account for the rise in the death-rate; they were particularly severe in 1910, when the death-rate rose to 35.10. The following year was almost as bad, the death-rate being 34.31, but since then it has again fallen and the average for 1912-13 is 28.65."

#### FEVERS.

Page 35, line 21, after "deaths" insert "recorded as."

,, 35, 36 to page 36, line 2 delete "succeeding period . . . total mortality" and substitute—

"The succeeding decade 1901—10 has been characterised by many violent epidemics of fever which have accounted on an average for 60,000 deaths yearly, or 70.45 per cent; of the total

mortality. Nor have the following years shown any sign of improvement; in 1911 as many as 74,319 cases of deaths from fever being recorded."

#### CHOLEBA.

Page 36, line 21, delete the sentence "since 1901 . . . in 1906" and substitute "since 1901 matters have improved a little; the average for the 10 years 1901—10 is 4.399 deaths, or 5.16 per cent. of the total deaths. In 1906 there was a widespread outbreak introduced from Nepal and there were serious epidemics again in 1910 and 1913. It may be noticed that the old objection to the permanganating of wells is slowly disappearing, but no real diminution of cholera epidemics is to be looked for until the custom of throwing corpses of persons who have died of cholera into water is stopped."

#### SMALL-POX.

Page 37, line 9, delete "The figures . , . numbered 3,166" and insert—

"The figures of succeeding years have shown considerable improvement; the average for the decade 1901—10 was 1,386 but this was in large measure due to the severe attacks of 1907 and 1908; in the latter year the deaths numbered 7,985. The average for the four years 1911-14 is only 96."

Page 37, line 14, delete the word "Primary."

,. 37, lines 16 and 17 delete "while for . . . been 89,900" and insert—

"The average for the 10 years ending 1910 was 88,686, while for the five years 1911—15 the average has been 95,306, of which only 751 have been cases of re-vaccination. The percentage of successful vaccinations is 98.24 for primary operations and only 78-27 for re-vaccinations."

Page 37, line 19, alter 630,000 to 667,142, and alter 21.3 to 20.8.

Page 37, line 25, alter 47 to 48.

,, 37, ,, 26, after "municipality" insert comma and add "one by the notified area."

Page 37, line 29 (at end of paragraph) insert "In the five years 1911—15 the average number vaccinated annually within the municipality was 2,082, while the annual cost has been Rs. 400."

#### PLAGUE.

Page 37, delete the whole paragraph and substitute-

"Plague first made its appearance in 1902, when 3,677 persons were carried off by the disease. Since that time it has been steadily present with varying intensity, the annual average for the nine years 1902—1910 being 6,290. This high figure shows signs of increase rather than decrease; for from 1911 to 1914 the disease was responsible for 10,697 deaths annually. Plague is worst in the south of the district; so far it has not penetrated the Mahrajganj tahsil or the north of Padrauna. The city has suffered severely and is now almost deserted when plague attacks any of the muhallas. Few effective measures have been taken to eradicate the disease, for evacuation has seldom been complete and disinfection has never been popular.

"The policy of killing rats was in vogue from 1907 to 1910, but was then given up, as it was not found practicable. At the end of 1913, fumigation was resorted to in several muhallas of the city, but there was considerable public opposition and only some 696 houses were actually fumigated. Besides, it was found impracticable to remove the grain bins or to get at the rats in the roofs and the large number of ruined houses was an additional difficulty.

"For these reasons the experiment met with lut indifferent success and the mortality from plague in 1914 was as much as 12,865—a figure which was only surpassed in 1910, the figure for which year was 14,980. Inoculation was started in 1907, but up to the present time has made little headway. Evacuation is however resorted to with fair promptitude as far as is possible."

Page 38, line 17, after "rivers" insert "though it is far more likely to be connected with the fact that the alluvium brought down by the Great Gandak and forming the 'Ghat' soil consists. very largely of chalk, with the result that all water in that area is strongly impregnated with that material."

#### CHAPTER II.

Page 39, line 4 after "in" insert "the northern parts of."

39, ,, 5 ,, "province" add "though cultivation

improves steadily towards the south and is probably at least as good as in most districts in Bansgaon and Deoria."

#### CULTIVATED AREA.

Page 40, line last alter 2,064,058 to 2,126,380.

- ,, 40, ,, ,, 71·17 to 73·4.
- ,, 40, ,, ,, 76·16 to 76·3.
- , 41, lines 1 to 4 delete "This is a . . . 1907-08" and substitute—
- "Thus there has been a remarkable increase in the last few years, the highest level having been reached in 1909-10, when 2,134,575 acres were under cultivation."

Page 41, line 9, alter 200,000 to 150,000.

,, 42, 1.13 for 25 read 50.

#### HARVESTS.

Page 45, lines 3 to 15 delete "in the year . . . seasons" and substituts—

"For the 10 years ending 1907-08 the kharif averaged 1,507,374 acres and the rabi 1,195,983 acres, the ratio of the rabi to the kharif being 79'1. Since then the area under spring crops has increased more rapidly than that under autumn crops, the average for the last five years being 1,286,715 acres under the former and 1,574,066 acres under the latter, the ratio of the rabi to the kharif being 82 while in 1910-11 the rabi area was as high as 1,444,828 acres and the kharif area only 1,515,063 acres. relative proportion varies greatly in different parts of the district. more than half the total kharif is to be found in the two tabsils of Maharajganj and Padrauna, though the rabi is more evenly distributed. In Padraum the proportion of kharif to rabi is as 100 to 61, and an almost equally marked preponderance is to be found in Maharajgani, in spite of the fact that of recent years the increase in the rabi has been nearly double that in the kharif, in fact the proportion of autumn to spring crops in Maharajganj was 55 for the 10 years ending 1907-08 as compared with 64 for the five following years. In the Hata tahsil too the kharif covers decidedly the larger area, the rabi being 81 of the kharif, but in Deoria the difference is very slight, the ratio being .97, while in Gorakhpur and Bansgaon, and especially the latter, owing to the wide expanse of kachhar the rabi takes the leading price in all but

most exceptional reasons. It must however he noticed that of late years the proportion of rabi to kharif has decreased in host these tabula the figures for the five years ending 1912-13 being 1-11 and 1-31 respectively, as compared with 1:14 and 1:32 for the proceeding decade."

Page 45, line 26.

Double Cropping.

Alter "705,662" into "729,185."

. " 34·2." " " 33·9." ,

Page 46, line 4-

Alter "some 24" into "26.8."

Page 46, lines 16 to 24 delete "but since the ... in the district" and substitute—

"RICE.

"Thereafter a remarkable expansion occurred and for the five years ending 1907-08 the average area under rice was no less than 955,236 acres, or 62 per cent. of the entire kharif, the area under this crop in 1906-07 being 1,028,251 acres. The next five years however show a slight decrease, the average area under rice being 931,975 acres or 59.2 per cent. of the kharif. The distribution of this crop is very uneven; in Deoria it constitutes 33.7 per cent. of the kharif of the tabsil as compared with 64.7 per cent. in Hata and 84 per cent. in Maharajgani, the latter containing two-fifths of the entire rice land in the district. The decline of the last five years is most apparent in Padrauma and Deoria, where the proportions have decreased from 45.6 and 37.3, per cent. to 41.2 and 23.7 per cent, respectively."

Page 47, lines 7 to 14 delete "The present . . . total kharif," and substitute—

"KODON.

"It is generally sown either in combination with rice or with arbay; the statistics do not discriminate between these crops; the kodon rice combination is generally passed off as rice, while the kodon arbay mixture and kodon alone are shown together. The present average area of the latter is 269,294 acres or 17.1 per cent, of the kharif; in 1908-09 the area reached the superising figure of 361,741 acres. For the five years ending 1907-08 the area sown with kodon alone is given as 162,878 acres; no senarate

statistics are available for the kodon-arhar combination which was doubtless sometimes included in kodon and at others in arhar. Accordingly the gigantic increase shown in the area under kondon is accompanied by a decrease in both arhar and rice. But even allowing for a certain amount of confusion there can be no doubt the last few years have witnessed a substantial increase in the area sown with kodon and kodon-arhar. This increase is most marked in the Deoria tahsil; the average area five years ago was only 24,002 acres, while the present figure is 65,360 acres or 34.3 per cent. of the total kharif area of the tahsil. In Hata also the area covered by this crop has increased from 10,900 to 28,745 acres. In the Gorakhpur tahsil it covers 44,878 acres or 23.4 per cent, of the kharif; while the largest area is to be found in Padrauna, where it occupies 73.483 acres though here it only amounts to 19.4 per cent. of the total kharif for the tabsil."

Page 47, lines 20 to 27, delete "Maize is now . . . of the east" and substitute—

#### " MAIZE

"Maize is now a very important staple, at least in some parts of the district, the present average being 116,340 acres, or 7.39 per cent. of the kharif. More than half of this amount comes from the Padrauna tehsil, where maize occupies 15.6 per cent. of the area under autumn crops. The present area under maize is double the figures recorded in 1888, but the last 10 years show practically no increase in this area; in fact the area under maize in Padrauna has decreased from 61,311 acres annually for the five years ending 1:0.03 to 58,967 acres at the present time. In Gorakhpur and Maharajganj it is however increasingly popular, though its real home is still in the higher Bhat lands of the east."

Page 47, line 34 to page 48, line 4, delete "A still . . . near future" and substitute -

#### SUGARCANE.

"A still more valuable product is sugarcane which covers on an average 106,444 acres, or 6.76 per cent. of the kharif and, like maize, gives excellent results in the Bhat soil. This fact accounts for its predominence in the Padrauna tahsil where

45,486 acres were sown on an average annually during the last five years, the corresponding figure for the 10 years previous being only 30,735. The bulk of the remainder is to be found in Hata, Deoria, and Maharajganj, but while the area in Deoria has of late decreased that in Maharajganj has shown a large extension; it has increased there from 5,478 acres annually for the five years ending 1902-03 to 7,112 acres in the next quinquential period and 12,608 acre at the present time, the area having been thus more than doubled in 10 years."

Page 48, end of line 10, mark the word "area" with a star and give the following footnote in small type:—

- "Note.—The actual village in which the data forming the basis of this note were obtained was Sonbarsa, near Hata; but the results are probably widely applicable. The maund in use (referred to as 'md.V') is one of 28 gandas of ruples or 112 tolas Government weight. The various operatives concerned in the work are—
- "The Pakwaha, he who superintends the boiling of the juice, and keeps up the fire.
  - "The Murwaha, he who puts the cane into the mill.
- "The Katarwaha, he who drives the bullocks, and, in the case of a wooden sugar mill, sits on the shaft thereof.
- "The payments made by a cultivator who uses his own bullocks to work the mill are as follows:—
- "To the carpenter who makes and repairs the mill; to the Pakwaha and to the murwaha, each one maund (V) of gur after every 24 retained by the cultivator, the Pakwaha and Murwaha also each receive Re. 1 in cash. To the Katarwaha Rs. 2 in cash per mouth with food and some clothes, or say equivalent to annas 2 per day. For cutting, stripping, and bringing to the mill enough cane for one mill:—
- "Four men at about three Gorakhpuri pice per day in cash with parched rice, cane-juice, etc., reckoned at about equivalent to six annas Government coin per day. The boiling pan (karah) used to cost about Rs. 6 before the war, but was then (1917) reckoned to cost about Rs. 10. It lasts eight or 10 seasons. In addition to these charges the zamindar levies a charge of from Re. 1 to Rs. 228 per mill; this is known as kolhuwana. Thus as the

total expenses in producing 24 mds. V of gur from his own cane we have, (the rate of production being approximately one maund V per mill per day).

					Gur.	Car	sh.
						Re	. а.
Carpenter	••	••	••		1 Md. V	7	• • .
Pakwaba	••	••	•••		1	1	0
Murwaha	••	• •	••	• •	1	1	0
Katarwaha .		••	•••		••	3	6
Cutting and s		• • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • •	••	10	2
Kolhuwaba, karah, and misocllaneous (say)						0	8
•	• *		Total	••	3 mds. \	V 16	0

or, converting to Government weight, we have as the cost to the cultivator of producing  $24 \times 112/80$  standard maunds of gur the value of  $3 \times 112/80$  maund + Rs. 16. If now we put A as the price in rupees of 1 maund (Government) of gur we have at the cost of producing that one maund in rupees:  $\frac{21A + 80}{168}$  (Details of calculation are -cost is -  $\frac{8A \times 112/80 + 16}{24 \times 112/80} = \frac{21A/5 + 16}{24 \times 7/8} = \frac{21A + 80}{168}$ . In this village it is stated that from 8 to 10 maunds of cane are required to produce a maund of gur. If we take the higher figure the value of 10 maunds of cane is the price of the gur less the cost of production or A  $\frac{(21A + 80)}{168}$  or  $\frac{(47A - 80)}{168}$  rupees. Thus the cane is worth to the cultivator  $\frac{14}{168}$  rupees per maund or in annas (7A/5 - .76) or very nearly 7A/5 annas less 9 pies.

"If the cultivator has to hire bullocks to work the mill the system is precisely similar save that in this case the carpenter, pakwaha, and murwaha are said to be to receive the same payments after every 20 mds. V and that for the bullocks 4 mds. V are paid after every 20 mds. V. retained by the cultivator; the payment for the bullocks however includes the pay of the katarwaha. Allowing the same amounts for cutting, stripping, and other items as in the former case we have as the total cost of producing 20 mds. V the value of 7 mds. V of gur plus Rs. 12-10, whence the cost to the cultivator of 1 md. (Government) of gur is—

 $<sup>\</sup>frac{7A + 112/80 + 12 \cdot 635}{40 \times 112/80}$  or  $\frac{49A + 63 \cdot 125}{140}$  and the value of 10 mds, of

value of a maund of cane is in annas 1.04A—.72 or very nearly 1.04 annas loss 9 pies.

"Comparing the two we thus have-

Prices of gar in rupees per md. (Government),		Value of cane to cultivator in annas per md. (Government).			
		Using his own bullooks.	Hiring bullooks.		
A		(1.4476)	(1·04A—·72)		
		a. p.	<b>a.</b> p.		
2.5	••	2.74 or 2 9	1.88 or 1 10		
8.0	•••	3 44 or 8 5	1.88 or 1 10 2.40 or 2 5		
3.5		4:14 or 4 2	9.92 pr 2 11		
4.0	• • •	4 84 or 4 10	3.44 or 8 5		
4.5	•	5.54 or 5 7	8.96 or 4 0		

"As regards the comparative merits of the weoden and metal kolhus it is reckoned that the latter express from 61 to 121 per cent more juice but that no more gur can be made in a day; merely less cane is used to make it. Thus in using a metal kolhu it is fairer to estimate about eight and a half mds, of cane per ind, of gur and calculation in precisely similar fashion we have the following sets of values as the value of the cane to the cultivator:—

Value of gur in rupes	to cult	Value in anuss per md. (Government) of cana to cultivator.		
per md. (Government		Hiring bullooks.		
A	(1.6549)	(1·32A—·85		
	a. p.	a. p.		
3.2	8.22 or 3 8	3.2 or 2 2		
8.0	4.05 or 4 1	2 81 or 2 10		
<b>3</b> ⋅5	4.87 or 4.10	8'42 or 3 5		
<b>4.0</b>	57 or 5 8	4 08 or 4 6		
4.5	6.52 or 6 6	4.64 05 4 8		

As already stated, the foregoing data are based on inferrection optnined in Sonbarsa near Hata, and are of course not of

universal application; moreover, it is that they have been modified since they were obtained (in 1917). In some villages it would seem the pakwaba is paid more liberally, getting, for example, in addition to what has been above noted, another 10 seers of gur for every 28 bullocks, and a daily payment of two sugarcanes and a quarter seer of gur; or occasionally in lieu of the additional 10 seers of gur a cash payment of twelve annas. The details will vary from village to village. Similarly, also the yield of gur per maund of cane will vary considerably and that given as current in Sonbarsa would appear from later information to be probably above the average which is nearer 10 or 12 mds. of cane per maund of gur. Expert opinion as regards the comparative merits of the wooden and iron kolhus points to the probability that the iron kolhu does not extract a greater percentage of juice, but merely enables a greater quantity of cane to be crushed, and that is the explanation of the greater production of gur per day when it is used."

Page 48, lines 18 and 14, delete "By itself it . . . more frequently" and substitute—" Usually."

#### ARBAR.

Page 48, lines 20 to 25 delets " The average . . . and Bansgaon."

Page 48, line 26 alter " The crop" to "It."

" 48, lines 36 to 38 delete "On the whole . . . this crop" and substitute—

"The mixture of kodon and arbar has already been dealt with, while the combination of arbar and rice is invariably entered as rice only. The figures given for arbar alone show a considerable decrease within the last few years. Thus the average area for the five years ending 1912-13 is only 10,327 acres, or '66 per cent. of the entire kharif, the corresponding figures for the preceding quinquennial period being 28,414 acres, or 1.84 per cent. and those for the five years ending 1902-03 being 44,333 acres, or 3 per cent. It is however clear that the figures for the period before 1907-08 are not to be relied on, as a considerable proportion of the kodon arbar mixture was doubtless passed off as arbar alone. More than half the pure arbar comes from Mahrajgani,

the rest being grown principally in Hata, Padrauna, and Deoria; the almost total absence of pure arhar in the kachhar tracts of Bansgaon and Gorakhpur, according to these figures is significant. It may safely be asserted that the area under arhar crops, alone and mixed, so far from having decreased, has substantially increased of late years."

Page 49, line 16 alter "ten" to "fifteen."

- ,, 49 ,, 17 ,, 1906-07 to 1912-13.
- ,, 49 ,, 18 ,, 8,670 to 7.820.
- " 49 " 19 " "Saleempur" insert commas and add— "74.2 per cent. of the crop being cultivated in the former and 20 per cent. in the latter talsil."

Page 49 line, add 33 after "position." The cutting off of the supply of synthetic indigo during the war and consequent great rise in the price of indigo caused a considerable revival of the cultivation of indigo. Whether this is to be more than temporary improvement depends largely on how far the growth of the plant and the process of manufacture can be improved."

OTHER CROPS.

Page 49, line 36, alter 35,271 to 27,875.

,, 49, ,, 37 to page 50, line 8, delete-

"Mention may ., . Padrauna " and substitute" Next in importance is the oil seed known as Til of which nearly half is to be found in Mahrajganj. The remaining crops include the pulses called Urd and Mung, which are most popular in the Gorakhpur tahsil; Juar (which is here invariably called Bajra) grown chiefly in Gorakhpur and Deoria, the well-known Bajra of other districts, which requires a light soil and little moisture, being seldom seen in these parts; Juar grown for fodder in Hata; garden and miscellaneous produce in Deoria and Padrauna. There are 1,423 acres under hemp and sanai, nearly half being in Padrauna."

Page 50, line 14—page 51, line 26, delete—
"the paragraph on wheat and barley" and substitute—
CEREALS.

"Among the rabi crops the foremost place is taken by the cereals, the total area occupied by wheat and barley both alone and in combination, during the last five years being 655.253

acres. At the seventh settlement, about 1865, the total area was 546.227 acres, the figure rising to 578,008 acres in 1891 and to 674,544 at the last settlement, the increase being attributed mainly to the reclamation of the land from forests. The last year however would seem to have been an exceptionally favourable rabi season, for between 1878 and 1889 the average area devoted to cereals was only 552,725 acres. Since then the total area under cereals has steadily increased, though it has not kept pace with the expansion of the rest of the rabi crops. Thus for the five years ending 1902-03 the proportion of cereals was 52.8 per cent. of the entire rabi and for the next quinquennial period it was 52 per cent., the present figure being only 50.9 per cent. This is doubtless due to the increase in the popularity of various miscellaneous crops. Mahrajganj is the only tabsil in which the area under cereals shows a considerable increase.

#### "GUJAI.

"Among cereals by far the largest area is occupied by the mixture of wheat and barley known as Gujai, averaging 304,266 acres. If the old returns can be accepted, there would appear to have been an immense increase in the Gujai area, for at last settlement the total was only 211,875 acres, while, for the five years ending 1907-08 the average area under Gujai was 309,433 acres, or 25.5 per cent. of the spring harvest, in spite of the fact that the last year showed an abnormally small area under Gujai. As the crop at present constitutes only 23.7 per cent. of the rabi, it is clear there has been a considerable decrease in the last five years. In Maharajgunj it constitutes only 16.3 per cent, of the rabi crop of the tahsil; in Bansgaon, on the other hand Gujai covers 58,994 acres, or 31.7 per cent. of the spring harvest of the tahsil, while in Deoria the corresponding figures are no less than 66,644 acres and 36.1 per cent.

#### " BARLEY.

"Next to Gujai comes barley, which occupies an average area of 191,134 acres, or 14.8 per cent, of the entire rabi, the highest proportion being 17.7 per cent. in Deoria, followed by 16.2 per cent. in the Gorakhpur tahsil. Of recent years the area occupied by pure barley seems to have decreased; the returns of the last settlement showed 246,795 acres under this crop;

this figure was doubtless incorrect, though in the year 1907-08 we again find barley covering an area of 246,894 acres, and exceeding even the Gujai area for that year Apart, however, from these exceptions, only 10 years ago barley constituted 16.1 per cent. of the entire rabi. The decline is most marked in the Padrauna tabsil, where for the five years ending 1902-03 the average area covered by barley was 54,775 acres as compared with 35,064 acres at the present time.

"There can be no doubt that barley is being gradually replaced by wheat in this tahsil. In the Gorakhpur tahsil, on the other hand, the reverse tendency is noticeable, the area under barley actually showing an appreciable increase; while Maharajganj shows an increase in both barley and wheat.

#### " WHEAT.

"The area under wheat alone has increased within the last few years. The present average area is 159,853 acres, or 12.4 per cent. of the spring harvest, as compared with 139,726 acres or 11.5 per cent. only five years ago. In 1878 the recorded area under wheat was 135,574 acres; at the last settlement this had risen to 215,837 acres; as the highest wheat area within recent years is only 175,713 acres, it seems pretty certain the former figures are not to be relied on; confusion was doubtless caused by the extensive practice of growing mixed rabi The proportion of wheat is highest in the Padrauna, tahsil, where it amounts to 18.1 per cent., followed by the Gorakhpur tahsil with 14.8 per cent. In Deoria the area under wheat alone is practically negligible, Gujai being the popular crop. Apart from this, wheat is pretty evenly distributted, the wheat of pargana Hasanpur Maghur and of Unaula being specially celebrated. The hard white wheats do not flourish in this district, the best results being obtained with the soft red varieties, for which there is no great demand in the export trade."

#### " PEAS.

Page 51, lines 31 to 34, delete "altogether . . . a figure" and substitute—

"Altogether it averages 237,954 acres, or 18.4 per cent. of the harvest, the highest proportion being 28.5 per cent. in the Deoria tahsil, followed closely by 28.2 per cent. in Hata."

Page 51, last line, at end of paragraph inseri-

"In 1907.08 there was a sudden fall to 108,813 acres, but succeeding years were more favourable, and in 1911.12 the crop occupied an area of as much as 333,633 acres. Peas form with rice the staple food of the mass of the population."

#### GRAM.

Page 52, lines 2 to 10 delete "sown alone . . . gram sown alone" and substitute—

"Sown alone it averages 109,020 acres, or 8.46 per cent. of of the rabi; 44 per cent of this is to be found in the Maharajganj tahsil, where gram is generally grown in the clay soils after the rice harvest; it is rarely to be seen in the Bhat tracts of Padrauna and Deoria, but elsewhere it is fairly evenly distributed. The mixture of gram and barley, sometimes called Bijra, averages nearly 84,700 acres, or 6.58 per cent. of the total rabi area; this mixture is becoming increasingly popular in the Gorakhpur and Bansgaon tahsils, a mixt re of gram and wheat is but rarely seen in this district."

#### OIL SEEDS.

Page 52, line 17 alter 89,985 to 96,722.

- ,, 52 ,, 19 ,, 7·1 to 7·5 alter 43,000 to 35,088.
- " 52 " 22 to 26, delete "The total . . . cultivation" and substitute —
- "In fact it is largely from the proceeds of these crops that the ordinary cultivator hopes to pay his debts or buy his cattle, and the actual area under oil seeds must be considerably greater than is indicated by these statistics.
- "At the same time the area covered by linsced shows abnormal variations, thus from 1877 to 1889 the average was 107,831 but in the year of the settlement there was a sudden rise to 182,245 acres. Again the average for the five years ending 1902-03 was 118,194 acres, while the area for 1903-04 was 199,016 acres, which decreased to 20,102 acres in 1907-08; by 1911-12 the area had again risen to 171,808 acres, but the very next year shows an extraordinary decrease to 45,520 acres only. These sudden variations are difficult to understand."

#### POPPY.

Page 53, lines 3 to 7 after "1899" insert semi-coloninstead of comma; delete! but the average . . . extensive," and substitute "the average for the 10 years ending 1907-08 showed a slight rise to 16,035 acres, but the average of the last five years has been only 7,055 acres, or 55 per cent. of the rabi. The only part of the district in which poppy cultivation can be described as even moderately extensive is the Deoria tahsil, where the crop covers 3,155 acres, the bulk of the remainder being in the Bansgaon and Padrauna tahsils."

#### OTHER CROPS.

Page 53, line 17 to 27, delete "The largest area...insignificant quantities" and substitute—

"The largest area, 39,126 acres, is taken up by masur or lentils over half being found in Padrauna, and nearly one quarter in Mahrajganj. Of the miscellaneous food crops, Latri and other vetches covor an area of 9,284 acres, being practically confined to Maharajganj and Padrauna; and Boro or winter rice averages 7,407 acres, over 40 per cent. of which is to be found in the Gorakhpur tahsil, while the area covered by the crop in Padrauna is negligible. Padrauna however holds a practical monopoly of the spices and condiments, mainly turmeric and chillies, grown during this season. Vegetables and other garden crops found mainly in Padrauna and Gorakhpur. Tobacco at present averages only 461 acres as compared with some 3,000 acres for the five years ending 1907-08. The decrease is most marked in the Mahrajganj and Gorakhpur tahsils, less than 10 acres being now found in the former. The largest area, 183 acres, or nearly 40 per cent, of the crop, is to be found in the Bansgaon tahsil.

#### ZAID CROPS.

Page 53, line last to page 54, line 6, delete "Of late . . . are sufficient," and substitute —

"On an average it covers some 15,000 acres, increasing in unfavourable seasons, for cultivators will only go to the labour and expense of irrigating a hot weather crop if their stores of grain are insufficient; thus during the scarcity of 1906-07 the area under Zaid crops rose as high as 26,714 acres."

Page 54, line 31 for "as a rule" read " in some parts.

#### IRRIGATION.

Page 55, line 27, delete "In the last . . . 3.2 per cent., (end of paragraph)" and substitute—

"In the five years ending 1912-13 the general average for the district was 664,258 acres, or 31·1 per cent. of the cultivated area, the Deoria tabsil coming first with 52·1 per cent., followed closely by Hata with 47·4 per cent. Bansgaon with 38·8, and Gorak hpur with 34·3 per cent. The lowest figures are 20·1 per cent. in Mahrajanj and 12·5 per cent. in Padrauna, whilst among individual parganas the irrigated area of Tilpur is 7·4 and that of Binayakpur 5·9 per cent. as compared with 6·6 and 3·2 per cent. respectively in the preceding quinquennial period."

" WELLS."

Page 56, line 6 delete "ending with . . . 52.6 per cent." and substitute-

"Ending with 1912-13 the figure was 349,664 acres, or 52.6 per cent." etc.

Page 57, line 9 after " side " insert semi-colon and add-

"In 1912-13 these earthen wells numbered 33,731, of which 33,117 were used during the year."

Page 57, lines 11 and 12 delete "but in 1907-08... the year" and substitute—

"In 1907-08 the number had increased to 40,344, while the figure in 1912-13 stood at 46,858, of which 38,112 were put to actual use during the year."

#### RIVERS.

Page 58, line 13 for "recently"—read "at one time"
Page 58, lines 14 to 16 delete "at Arjunhi . . . running" and read
"opposite Tirbeni in Nepalese territory about 10 miles beyond the
N.-E. corner of the district. The contemplated line was to run . . ."

Page 58, line 22 after "district" insert-

"This project seems however to have been entirely abandoned." Page 65, line 3 after "construction of the" read, " Molony band, a"

Page 65, after line 15 insert new paragraph with marginal heading "1907-08":—

" 1907-03.

<sup>&</sup>quot;The scarcity of 1907-08 was not so serious in Gorakhpur as

it was in other parts of the province. An unexpected break in the mine in the fourth week of June osused considerable anxiety, but the situation was saved by a heavy downpour in July. The total rainfall was however much below the normal, being 23.77 inches against au average of 44.84 inches, while its uneven distribution combined with its abrupt stoppage in September practically destroyed the late rice and caused considerable damage to the early variety also. Advances amounting to Rs. 82,000 were distributed for the purchase of cattle and seed for rabi sowings and for the digging of kachha wells for irrigation purnoses. Suspensions and remissions of revenue were also granted to the extent of Rs. 21,400. Thanks to these prompt measures: the people were able to push on with the rabi sowings as soon as the temperature had come down to germination point at the end of October. November and December were rainless, but the subsequent rainfall in the early months of 1908 materially, bencfitted the late-sown rabi; and the suspension of the second instalment of the revenue was less than Rs. 5,000. Owing to high prices, there was considerable distress, but work was plentiful and no test works were opened. Generally speaking, the mansoon of 1907 resembled that of 1896, but the distress was much less acute, partly owing to a few opportune showers in September, and partly to the hetter organization and preparedness of the district staff and the prompt measures taken."

#### PRICES.

Page 66, line 35—page 67, line 10, delete " subsequent seasons year to 1905" and substitute—

"Subsequent seasons were unfavourable and prices rose rapidly, till in 1907-(8 they exceeded scarcity rates. Thanks however to the excellent harvests of 1908 and following years, prices again fell, reaching their lowest level in 1911, but even so they never reached the 'normal' rates. Since then they have risen very sharply and in 1915 they were higher than ever before. Doubtless a return to normal conditions will entail a fall in prices, but it is doubtful if the recovery will ever be complete. The prices fixed as normal for the district some years ago seem to have become obsolete and are not likely in the future to be

anything but abnormal. The average for the 10 years ending 1915 is 9.46 seers of rice, 10.96 seers of wheat, 15.71 of barley, 10.787 of arhar, and 13.96 of gram to the rupee. Thus in the last 10 years prices have risen by 21 per cent. or, on the whole in the past 55 years, they have risen 23 per cent. from 1861 to 1885, 46 per cent. from the former year to 1905, and 57 per cent. from 1861 to 1915."

#### WAGES.

Page 67, line 14 to page 68, line 9, delete the whole paragraph on wages and substitute —

"Throughout the district, wages rule much lower than those prevailing in the western parts of the United Provinces, the scale being that of the eastern districts generally; in the last five years however they have risen very sharply. Early records of wages are not available, but it would appear that from 1858 to 1868 the remuneration of field labourers remained at the same level, varying from six to eight pice daily, although cash wages were relatively rare. During the next decade the higher rate generally prevailed, though from 1878 to 1908 the district average was still from six to eight pice; the present average is however from eight to ten pice, and cash remuneration takes the form of the so-called "Gorakhpuri pice" and amounts from 10 to 15 of these coins daily, the equivalent in Government currency being two and three annas. In practice however payment is usually made partly in cash and partly in kind; when paid wholly in kind, it varies from two to three seers. The rate of course depends on the locality and the nature of the work performed; wages are generally higher in the north, the average being three annas a day, for labour is less abundant there. Digging and irrigation with the large wooden shovel used for distributing the water are paid more highly than weeding and water drawing. During harvest time the labourer often gets from three annas six pies to four annas a day, mostly in kind; ordinarily it is every sixteenth sheaf, usually the largest and best being chosen. The scale is of course lower for the regular retainers of the zamindar. who gives them constant employment throughout the year and supplements the cash remuneration or two annas per day with various extras, such as a daily dole of grain, a blanket in the cold

weather or a few maunds of gram at harvest; five years ago they were content with one anna a day, but now they are scarce even at the higher rate.

"The ordinary ploughman now demands not only Rs. 2 a month in cash, but also a plot of land a couple of bighas in extent free This reflects a general tendency towards greater independency and social progress, the labourer wishing to become a The rise in wages is not confined to the unskilled labourer; even in rural tracts the wages of the carpenter, the blacksmith, and the mason have risen from three annas to five annas per day, while in the towns they usually get from six to eight annas daily. A similar rise is to be noticed in the case of the household servant; for instance, in 1907 the average monthly pay of a sweeper was Rs. 3 and a syce Rs. 5; these have now increased to Rs. 5 and Rs. 7 respectively. The foremost reason for this increase is of course the rise in prices, which has already been noticed, culminating in the scarcity of 1907-08. Before this wages had been unduly low and the scarcity brought about a long-delayed and necessary change by bringing matters to a head and forcing up wages, and there is little likelihood of their ever going down again to their former level. The increase of emigration owing to the higher wages obtainable in Bengal and elsewhere, the ravages of plague and increased facilities of transport have also tended to increase wages in this district, and so has the greater demand for labourers due to the requirements of the railway workshops and the increase in the number of sugar factories. A further rise in wages during the next decade is to be expected."

Page 68, line 19 for "are" read "were," page 69, line 11 to page 70, line 8. Delete from—"Now the . . ." to "a gon," and substitute—

"The basis of the weights is the ganda (properly a handful, but usually interpreted as meaning a set of four) of Gorakhpuri pice. A varying number, whole or fractional, of gandas was taken to form a local seer (which is more often than not different for different commodities also). Apart from the fact that when now the weight of these pice is by no means constant, as they have ceased to be coined, the supply of full weight, ones is very

short and short weight pice are therefore used; this is apparently sometimes remedied by adding more pice to make the weight up to that of the original seer, than that increased number is used as the basis of a new seer and so on. On top of this system the 180-grain rupee has come, and as a result seers of various numbers of gandas or rupees have come into use, the rupee being by some regarded as equal to the pice in weight and by others not so, the usual ratio being apparently seven pice equal to five rupees. The result is the utmost confusion. Expressed in gandas the seers are almost innumerable, while when converted into terms of standard tolas each seer developes into several more according to the ratio assumed as existing between the gandas of pice and rupees.

"Matters are further complicated by the use of other standards which may not unfairly be said to be intermediate between measures of capacity and of weight. These are as complicated as the measures of weight just described, and are in fact based more or less directly thereon, the sei or sayee being supposed to be a measure that would contain a local seer of grain, usually rice. The variations of the sei are therefore as manifold as those of the local seer. In addition there is a measure known as rajia, which appears to be sometimes merely an alternative name for the sei, and at others a separate measure equal to  $1\frac{1}{2}$  sei."

Page 70, line 23 after "closely" insert-

"Much confusion in local land measures was caused by the custom of enhancing rents by decreasing the length of the lathas whereby the bigha was measured."

Page 70, line 29. Insert as a new paragraph -

"At the end of this chapter will be found a complete list of the various weights and measures reported to the weights and measures committee of 1913-14 as in use in the district; to whose report (Report, pages 33 and 36, and appendices, pages 41 to 43, 63 and 64, 77 and 78, 86, 91, and 94) reference should be made for further information on the extremely complicated series of weights and measures in use in the district."

Page 71, lines 25 to 27 after "distributed" insert a full-stop, delete "and so far. . . institution" and substitute—

"Since then considerable progress has been made, the

working capital rising from Rs. 34,961 in 1906-07 to Rs. 1,28,057 in 1907-08 and Rs. 2,81,041 in 1914-15.

"The number of affiliated societies and of members however shows fluctuations. The number of societies once rose as high as 350, but owing to a change in the policy of the Co-operative Department all affiliated societies had to be re-organised into independent units. This work is now nearly complete, and there are 156 'independent' societies, excluding 42 affiliated societies of the old type which will also shortly be re-organised. Several unsatisfactory societies have been closed and efforts are being made to open others in their place. The stability of the bank lies in the fact that it has now accumulated a strong Reserve Fund amounting to Rs. 24,000, a bad and doubtful debt fund amounting to Rs. 7,000 both of which are invested in Government of India war loan and G. P. notes.

"The share capital is Rs. 52,765-2-0, the bank's own capital thus forming nearly one-third of the working capital.

"The bank has now ceased entirely to deal with individuals and loans are only given to registered co-operative societies affiliated to the bank.

"Each registered society has to take a share of Rs. 50 for a credit of Rs. 200 which further strengthens the financial position of the bank. The staff consists of Manager, Assistant Manager, and three District Inspectors to exercise efficient supervision over the constituent societies.

"Besides the local staff, the bank and its constituent societies are very closely supervised and controlled by the Government staff and are annually subjected to a statutory audit which is carried out under orders of the Registrar of Cooperative Societies by men empowered by him.

"The work of the bank is conducted by a Board of Directors and a working committee, the District Officer being the ex-officio Chairman of the Board."

Page 72, line 7, after "various banks" insert-

"Since then considerable progress has been made and the present (1915) working capital amounts to Rs. 2,48,390-6-10, besides, there is a reserve fund of Rs. 32,924-8-2 in G. P. notes and 4 terminable war loans. The share capital consists of Rs. 31,292, of

which Rs. 17,722 are held by 125 individual shareholders, and the rest by registered co-operative societies working under the bank; unfortunately as much as Rs. 21,430 of the share capital is still unpaid."

. Page 72, lines 14 to 19, delete "There are . . . was declared" and substitute:—

"There are at present 85 affiliated societies with 3,278 members. Several of the connected societies of both the Kasia and Gorakhpur Co-operative banks have purchased with the aid of the District Board Government (Kherigarh) bulls to improve the local cattle"

Page 72, lines 22 to 26 delete "One is . . . capital;" insert semicolon, and substitute—

"Local banking has of recent years received some very severe shocks on account of the practical failure of the Kayasth Trading and Banking Company and the formal failure of the Gorakpur Bank, resulting in considerable losses to a large number of poor subscribers. The only institution of the kind at present showing signs of success is the Mufassil Bank."

Page 73, line 33, after "at Lar" insert "A tannery and boot factory on modern lines has been started at Gorakhpur and was able to turn out upwards of 1,000 pairs of Indian soldiers' shoes during the latter part of the war. There are also one or two power-driven oil mills in the district."

Page 73, line 36, alter 339 to 347.

,, 73, ,, 38, after "tahsils" insert "which have 135 and 116, respectively."

Page 73, line 38, alter 48 to 49.

,, 38, ,, 24 to 38.

Page 74, line 1 , 10 to 11.

" 74, " 8 after "in whose factory" insert "at Saraya."

Page 74, line 15, after "time" insert —

"A large central factory on modern principles has for some years been worked by the Partabpur concern at Rampur some three miles north of Mairwa railway station (in the extreme cast of Deoria tahsil). The factory is connected with Mairwa railway Station by a light railway which is being extended another five miles north to Bhawani Chapper. This greatly facilitates the bringing of cane to the factory. A still larger factory was put up close to Tamkohi road railway station in the Padrauna tahsil by the United Provinces Sugar Company; this had the latest machinery and is doing well. Lastly, Messrs. Begg, Sutherland & Co. have more recently erected a power sugar mill near Gauri railway station in Hata tahsil. These concerns produce sugar by the sulphitation process, which not involving the use of animal charcoal or any other material open to caste objections is admirably adapted for the manufacture of sugar for the Indian market."

Page 74, line 31, alter 97,000 to 106,400.

- ,, 74, ,, 32, ,, 1,794,500 to 1,868,400.
- ,, 74, ,, 33, ,; 598,000 to 622,800.
- ,, 79, ,, 11, after "moment" add "Though trade with Nepal is carried on across practically all the frontier by far the greater part centres on Bridgmanganj, and Nautanwa is the chief mart near the border."

Page 79, line 13, ofter "Dhari" insert "Nautanwa."

- ,, 79, ,, 17, delete "Captainganj and."
- ,, 79, .. 18, for "were" read " was."
- " 80, " 1, for "estate" read "estates."

### COMMUNICATIONS.

Page 82, lines 7 to 15, delete -

- "In the south . . . affairs," and substitute -
- "Of late years however considerable attention has been paid to communications and though the district is still very far from having all the metalled roads it requires, there has been a great improvement. All tahsili headquarters are now connected with at least the railway by metalled roads, and will very shortly be so connected with Gorakhpur, and several new bridges have been erected on both metalled and unmetalled roads."

### RAILWAYS.

Page 82, line 34, for "to Tulsipur in Gonda" substitute "Via Tulsipur to Gonda."

Page 83, line 3, after "river" insert :-

"From the last-named station a goods siding runs down to the Ghagra river at Bhagalpur where the river steamers call."

Page 83, line 13, for "Badarwar" read "Bodarwar."

Page 83, lines 18 to 21, delets "it is now near future" and substitute—

"A branch from Captainganj on this line to Padrauna and thence to Thawa in the Saran district has recently been constructed. The stations in this district are at Ramkola, Padrauna, Kathkinyan, Dudhi, Tamkohi Road, and Tariya Sujan. New lines have been surveyed (and but for the war would have been constructed) from Captainganj via Mahrajganj to Pharenda and thence to Nautanwa, and from Mahrajganj to Thuthibari and also from Deoria to Captainganj with stations at Rampur, Paharpur, Hata, and Mathauli. Further proposals are for a line from Sahjanwa to Bansgaon and thence via Gola to Barhalganj and for one from Barhaj via Rudarpur to Gauri Bazar."

### ROADS.

Page 83, line 33, for "four" read "thirteen."

- " 84 lines 6 to 15, delete "From 1880 to . . . in 1908" and substitute—
- "From 1880 to the present time 129 miles of road have been metalled by the District Board, the chief addition being that from Gorakhpur to Kasia and thence via Deoria to Barhaj, and to Padrauna.
- "A metalled branch road from Kauri Ram on the Gorakhpur-Barhalganj road now connects Bansgaon with Gorakhpur.
- "Mahrajganj is now the only tabsil headquarters not in direct connection with Gorakhpur by a metalled road, though there is one to the railway station of Ghugli and such progress has been made with the Gorakhpur-Nichlaul road as to ensure the Mahrajganj connection being very shortly completed.
- "The aggregate length of metalled roads has increased from 66 miles in 1880 to nearly 195 miles in 1915."

Page 84, line 13, alter 888 to 878.

" 85, " 9, for "Nandapar" read "Bansgaon, Hata, Sirsia, Nautanwa."

### BRIDGES.

Page 86, line 15, after "damaged in the same way" delete up to "the Majhna" and substitute —

"But has recently been replaced by a screw-pile bridge. The road to Deoria is furnished with old masonry bridges over the Tura and the Majhna; that over the Pharend gave way in 1910, but has since been repaired. A screw-pile bridge has been constructed over the Kurna nala near Deoria."

Line 24, after "wooden piles" insert -

"Another larged substantial bridge has been constructed over the Little Gandak near Hetimpur."

Page 87, line 9, after "Gandak" add "Several serious accidents have occurred from time to time through neglect of the regulations as to the number of passengers and amount of freight that is permissible."



Measures of Weight LI.

Table of weights,	Equivalent in grains or tolas of 180 grains,	Purpose for which used.	Localities in which used.	Romarks.
I.—Jau	:	Weight up to tola for jowellery and Indian drugs; larger	Below tela in tahail Go- rakhpur: higher	In the tables the various seers reported have been
8 ratú = 1 masba, 12 masha = 1 tola 5 tola = 1 cotak or chatanti	150 grains	weights for most ordinary commodities wholesale and retail but to a limited ex-	weights in the towns to some extent and on the railway in particu-	noted, and their equiva- lents in tolas which are reported differently in different takeila The
16 ehatak = 1 seer 40 seer = 1 mannd.	80 tolas	en cont).		abbreviations used are D. G.
II.—Seer (with correspond- ing chatak and maund).	76 tolas	Brass, copper, and bron e wares, wholesale and retail.	Larger bazars in Deoria tabsil.	District Gazetteer, 1909 edition G. PGorakh-
III — Seer (with corresponding chatak and maund).	89 tolas	Every kind of grain, fuel. vog- etables, milk, ghi, and oils, i.e., all eatables, wholesale	Only in villages	H.—Hata. M. Maharaj. ganj. P. Padrauna, denoting the various
th correspond-	$93\frac{3}{5}$ tolas	and retail.	Parts of Gorakhpur and Hata.	carries from which 636 varying equivalents are reported.
	100 tolas	Condiments, boiled sugar cane	Padrauna, pargana Ha-	(i) The 80 tola seer is known as the sirkari or
VI.—Seer (with corresponding objects and mannel).	104 totas	:	Parts of Gorakhpurand Hata	lambari seer, and in
VII.—Seer (with corresponding obatak and maund).	105 tolas	Sugar and gur, wholesale and retail, fuels, wholesale.	Larger Bazaars in Dec-	22 gandas. D. G. says it is but little used save in
VIII.—Seer (with correspond- 105 4/8 tolus ing chatak and maund).	105 4/8 tolas	;	Parts of Gorakhpur and Hata.	

Measures of Weight. LI-(continued).

Remarks,	XVIThere is no weight of this series smaller than a quarter seer.	
Localities in which used.	Parts of Gorakhpur and Hata. Gorakhpur City Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Padrauna eastern portion.	Hata
Purpose for which used.	is, both wholesale, fuol retail, fuol retail, seale.  It, retail  i, oil, etc., retail.  tail trade  d salt retail	
Equivalent in grains or tolas of 180 grains	108 tolas 128 tolas 144 tolas 40 tolas 50 tolas 20 tolas 40 tolas 40 tolas	493 tolas (M.) 47 tolas
Table of weights.	IX.—Seer (with correspond-ing chatak and maund).  X.—Seer (with correspond-ing chatak and maund).  XI.—Seer (with correspond-ing chatak and maund).  6 seer = I panseri 8 panseri or 48 seer = I panseri 8 panseri or 48 seer = I maund).  XIII.—Seer (with correspond-ing chatak and maund).  6 seer = I panseri 8 panseri or 48 seer = I panseri 8 panseri or 48 seer = I panseri 8 panseri or 48 seer = I maund).  XIV.—Seer (with correspond-ing chatak and maund).  XIV.—Seer = 8 ganda (G. P.) 30 tolas 6 prains, ghi, oil, etc., ing chatak and maund).  XVI.—Seer = 11 ganda (G. P.) 40 tolas 1 ron retail trada 40 seer = 11 ganda (G. P.) 44 tolas 1 ron retail 6 retail retail retail 6 retail correspond-ing chatak and maund).	XIX,—Seer=18 ganda (G. P.) $\begin{array}{c} 493 \text{ tolas} \\ \text{(M.)} \end{array}$

نو												
:		and	npar	:	:		:	:		:	lata).	ilws, apar.
Part of tabsil Hata		Part of tabsil Hata and pargana Silhat	Deoris and Hasanpur	Part of tahsil Hats	Ditto	2	Ditto	Tabsil Padrauna	Part of tabsil Hata.	Ditto	Hasanpur bazar (Hata). Gorakhpur tahsil.	Ditto Ditto Tappa, Tarkulwa, Majuawa Padiyapar. Patua Pargana Shah- jahanpur.
:		:	:	:	:	6			selds		::	:::
:		;	Most rotail transactions	Brass, iron, copper, etc.	metalwarcs		Silt, tobacco, Surthi, etc.	All ordinary commodities	Grain, ghi, gur, and vegetables	Ditto	Ditto	:::
Grain		Grain	Most re	Brass,	Ootton,	1		All ordi	Grain, 8	,	Grain	999 9
49 tolas	50 tolas (M)	54 tolas (H) 50 tolas (M) 54 tolas (H)	51 tolas	77 tolas (M)	(H). 80 tolas (M) Cotton, metalwarcs 87 tolas (H)	98g tolas	87, tolas	90 tolas (M) 87 tolas (H)	93 tolas (M.) 108 tolas (H.)	160 tolas (H.) (M.) 110 tolas	(F.) 102 tolas 116 tolas	128 tolas 144 tolas 294 tolas
XX -Sec = 184 ganda (G.   49 tolas	6 seer=1 panseri	46 secr=1 maund XXI —Secr=13½ ganda (G. P.)	XXIISeer=14 ganda (G.P.)	XXIII.—Seer=21 ganda (G.P.)	XIIV.—Seer=22 ganda (G. P.)	XXVSeer = 243 ganda (G.P.)	XXVI.—Seer=25 ganda (G. P.)		XXVII,—Seer=27 ganda (G. P.)  93 tolas (M.)   108 tolas (H.)	XXVIII.—Seer=274 ganda (G.P.)	XXIX.—Seer=28 ganda (G. P.) XXX.—Seer=32 ganda (G.	XXXIBer = 35 ganda (G. P.) XXXIIBeer = 40 ganda G. P.) XXXIIIPanseri of 81 (G. P.)

Measures of Weight LI-(concluded).

Purnesa for which used
totas of 180 Furpos grains.
493 tolas Sugar. 527 tolas Gur, sugar and rab sale 517 tolas Ditto
$\left(\frac{2}{7} \text{ tolas.}\right)$
D.tto
Jewellery and drugs
Indian medicines
ने

Measures of Cubic Contents.

	Principal Indian measures.	u meseures.	D.	# : 0 0 C	
Table of messures.	Equivalent in Bri-	How defined,	Furpose 101 which used,	which used.	Remarks.
Cubic balisht	243 cubic in. (about)	:	•	Whole distret	Occasionally used.
:					

## Measures of Length.

Remarks.	(1) One witness gives 3 angul= 1 givah.	(II) Defined as two bath and 6 angul which would be strictly 39.3".	(V) Said by some to be \$ hath and 3 angul, but others say one hath and 4 angul.		Pargana Shahjahanpur (X) The pie of land is 10 X 10 Rargana Shahjahan- Fur part of Silhat and Hayeli Gorakh.
Locality in which used.	In cloth merchants' shops throughout district and widely for all ordinary purposes	. 9 E	Gauri Bazar circle, pargana Silhat, Gorakhpur city Padrauna,	Banggaon tahsil	Pargana Shahjahanpur Pargana Shahjahan- Fur part of Silhat and Haveli Gorakh.
Purpose for which used.	Cloth measurement	Gloth measurement Ditto	Ditto Cloth, wood and buildings. Land messurement	Land measurement	(popular). Ditto
Equivalent in British measures.	<b>:</b>	36* 40 <b>}</b> **	35° 1913° 115° 115° 115° 115° 115° 115° 115° 1	About 10½" ,, 2.65° ,, 26¼"	108
Tables of measures.	(I) Angul (finger's breadth) 4 angul = 1 girah 8 girah = 1 hath 2 hath = 1 chhota I amoari er Sirkari	Gaz (yard)  (II) Gorakhpur gaz, (with corresponding girah and hath).  (III) Gaz (and corresponding girah and hath).	(IV) Kazi-ka-hath (VI) Hath (VII) Kari (VIII) Kari	(VIII) Pauri 3 pauri = 1 parag, Parkh or dhur.  10 parag: 1 dasai or pai (IX) Radam (pare)	(XI) Latha of 6 hath

			·
	(XVI) The inch and foot are fair- ly widely knwn by some persons in the district and the diameter of the pice is recognized as one inch.		
Ditto Reported by D. G. as the "usual size." Whole district Ditto	:		
Ditto Ditto Irvey distance	:		
99° 90° 1 mile (about) M	2 miles	सन्यमेव जयते	
:: ::	:::		
	2 dhap=1 kos (XVI) British linear measure		

Measures of Capacity-Liquid.

Remarks,	(I) Eastern tumbler- like vessels. Besides the measures bere mentioned, the dry measures of capacity (mana. sel and rajia) with their bocal varia- tions, are used for milk in some places,
Localities in which used.	Gorakhpur tahsil  Ditto  Tahsil Mahrajganj  Tahsil Deoria
Purpose for which used.	Tari, retail and Wholesale. Oil retail Milk, wholesale and retail
How defined.	The rajia is said to contain about 50 to las milk.
Weight of water centain- ed in measure.	S5 tolas 2 seers
Table of measures.	1.—Napahi  II.—Labni  III.—Pawahi  V.—Ghunchi  4 ghunchi = 1 rajia

### Measures of Area.

Table of measures.         Equivalent in British measure.         How measure.         How measure.           I.—Bighs         3,4.5 square jards or ment ment in		Pri	Principal Indian measures.	measures.			
a \$\frac{4}{4} \text{ acre.}  3,332-2 square yards  \$\frac{3,332-7}{2,32-7} \text{ ditto}   1,881-4 \text{ ditto}   3,168 \text{ ditto}   3,333-3 \text{ ditto}   2,520 \text{ ditto}   2,520 \text{ ditto}   1,400 \text{ ditto}   1,400 \text{ ditto}   3,9.7-2 \text{ ditto}   1,400 \text{ ditto}   1,400 \text{ ditto}   3,9.7-2 \text{ ditto}   1,400 \text{ ditto}	Table of measures.	Equiva	lent in Britis neasure.	}	Furiose 10r Which used.	Locality in wich used.	Bemarks.
3,332-2 square yards 3,132-7 ditto 1,881-4 ditto 3,168 ditto 3,333-3 ditto 2,520 ditto 3,9.7-2 ditto 1,400 ditto 1,1400 di			juare jards c		Land moasure- ment (Govern-	Whole district	The bighas (II)—(IX) are derived from a conversion table sent by
3,132.7 ditto 1,881.4 ditto 3,168 ditto 2,323.3 ditto 2,520 ditto 3,9.7.2 ditto 4,400 ditto 1,400 ditto 1,400 ditto 1,400 ditto 1,400 ditto			square yard		ment records). Ditto	Salempur	his asgis for the use of the land
3,168 ditto 3,338.3 ditto 3,338.3 ditto			ditto	स	Ditto	Chilupur and Silhat	records stain They do not agree with the bighas reported
3,168 ditto			ditte	यमे	Ditto	<u></u>	ny nim otherwise, his report including bighas of 2,'00 and
3,9.7.2 ditto 4,400 ditto t,400 ditto				। ज	Ditto	Gorakhpar, Hata	3,337 22 square yards while all
2,520 ditto 3,9.7.2 ditto 4,400 ditto			ditto	भते भते	Ditto	Shapjahanpur	of these bighas have been omit-
3,9.7.2 ditto 4,400 ditto s and hun- lih (deel-					Ditto	Hasappur and Ma-	D. G. speaks of village b ghas
s and hun- in (doci-			ditto		Ditto	gar. Sidbwa Jubna	yards. In Unwala (of no. (IV)
:					Ditto	Tilyur and Bena-	(no. (IX). These local bighas
	X.—Acres and hun drodth (doc. mals).	1 1 1	:	:	Ditto	yakpur. Whole district	are all connect as squares of 20 Lothas each side, the length of the Litha varying greatly.
-							

# Measures of Capacity—Dry.

Table of measures.	How defined.	Purpose for which used.	Localities in which used.	Romarks.
1.—Mana or Manbai 4 mana=1 say. 8 or sei 6 mana = 1 rajia	A sei contains about 194 tolas of water and is supposed to contain 100 tolas of old rice struck, the mana 150 tolas. Usually fully heaped some rimes moderately	These measures are used for retril sale of grain of all descriptions in the villages.	Takijs Gorakhpur and Padrauna ox- cept eastern part; (villages only).	The mans, sei, and rajia are sightly cooical shaped wessels of iron or wood of wariable diameter.  (II) 32 rajia of grain are deemed equal to 45 seems standard weight.
### ##################################	neapeor struct Raja contains 160 tolas water. Fully heaped and struck beth but apparently more usu- ally struck. Gon or don contains about 5 standard maunds of grain.	Grain of all kinds Ditto	Mahrajganj and Hata.  More or less over whole district.  (See remarks)	variable; the razia sppears to be conctinues 14 se; at others an independent measure; epresenting the capacity the quirel to contain a certain number of gandas (larger than the number that go to the locality) of Gorak puri pice or graffin (usually rice). The sei is the
16 mani = 1 gon or don 6 don = 1 khar  IV —Stamped or lambari seeri V,—Rajia = 40 gradas of Gonakh hur pice	Contains one local seer Fully heaped	Spices, wholesale and retail. Rice, wheat, arhar, maire, ar do other grains, in overy	wholesale Tabsil Padrauna ati. ati, arbar, Padrauna. (north and west).	measure that contains a local sear of grain usually rice. Both vary in the way described as regards weights. The only certain part of the table is 4 mans. I sei; the rest is very variable.
VI.—Rajia=12 gandss of Go. 150 tolas rakhpuri pice. heaped.	150 tolas moderately heaped.	circumstance. Grain, both whole- sale and retail.	Parts of tahsils Gorakhpur, Hata, and Mahrajganj.	(IV) The seeri is an iron mass. sure.

### CHAPTER III.

CENSUS OF 1901.

Page 90, line 28, alter " 75" to " 750"

At the end of paragraph 2 at page 90, add-

"The number of inhabited towns and villages was 7,562, of which 7,473 contained less than 2,000 inhabitants, 77 between two, and five thousand and 12 had larger populations; the last comprised all those in the list of 1891 except Gola and Madanpur."

### CENSUS OF 1911.

Page 90, after second paragraph, insert a new paragraph, as follows:—

"During the next ten years, in spite of the ravages of plague and cholera the population increased to 3,201,180 in 1911; this great increase of 262,495 persons, raised the average density to 707, higher than it has ever been before, the highest figure being 887 for Deoria, followed by 824 for Hata, 818 for Gorakhpur, 773 for Bansgaon, 702 for Padrauna, and 486 for Mahrajganj, showing that every tahsil except Deoria had more than recovered the ground it had lost during the decade 1891-1901."

Towns and VILLAGES.

Page 90-Delete the whole paragraph and substitute-

"The number of inhabited towns and villages was 7,565, of which 7,459 contained less than 2,000 inhabitants, 100 between two and five thousand and seven had larger populations. These comprise Gorakhpur, Goura-Barhaj (these two towns being administratively one), Rudarpur, Padrauna (including Sahibgani), Lar, Bansgaon, and Salempur-Majhauli. The urban population including that of these towns and also of Siswa, Bansgaon, Rampur, Karkhana, Paina, Gola, Barhalganj, Pipraich, and Deoria amounted to 136,872, or 4.28 per cent. of the whole-as compared with 1.5 per cent. in Basti and 3.9 per cent. in Gonda, The urban population shows a remarkable decrease, for it was 5.4 per cent, in 1901. Apart from the city of Gorakhpur, the population of which owing to plague and cholera has been diminished by 7,256, there is a marked decline in the population of towns like Paina, Gola, and Barhalganj on the Ghagrapointing to a decrease in importance of the river-borne traffic

Gaura-Barhaj, however, shows an increase which is probably due to its position on the railway rather than on the river. Other towns which show an increase are Siswa and Deoria, both on the railway, and Bansgaon which has now been connected with. Gorakhpur by a metalled road, though the increase in Deoria and Bansgaon is mainly due to their administrative importance. The larger villages are fairly numerous, being, as a rule, local centres of commerce which are likely to grow in the near future: The majority of the villages are, however, small as is the case throughout the eastern districts, though the last ten years show a decided tendency for the villagers to increase; the average population is 406 as compared with 370 in 1901, while the percentage of inhabitants residing in villages of less than 500 persons has decreased from 43.4 to 38 per cent. as compared with the provincial average of 34.4 per cent. The figures for the district would certainly be greater but for the fact that in the north the area of the mauzas is often extremely large-such villages containing within their limits great numbers of petty hamlets, each of which represents a separate clearing and settlement in the forest."

### SEX.

Page 91, delete "of the whole population . . . preponderance of females" lines 13 to 26 and substitute-

"Of the whole population 1,604,635 were males and 1,596,645 females, the latter comprising 49.88 per cent. of the total as contrasted with 50.3 per cent. in 1901. The relative proportion seems to be fairly constant, as the proportion of females was 49.98 in 1891 and 50.09 in 1881. The corresponding figures in 1872 were 46.6 per cent. in 1865, 47.03 per cent. and 47.6 per cent. in 1853, though these figures were probably vitiated in part by concealment. The Sadar and Mahrajganj tahsils have always shown an excess of males as in other districts north of the Ghagra. Deoria and Hata seem to vary, but in Padrauna and Bausgaon there is a preponderance of females as in the Benares division to the South."

Page 91, line 35, delete "While the same thing occurs" and substitute "The same thing occurring."

Line 36, after "Musalmans" insert "While the Gonds and

Chamars show a very decided prependerance of females, the proportion of females among the Gonds being as high as 51.4 per cent."

### MIGBATION.

Page 92, lines 3 to 39, delete the whole paragraph on migration and substitute—

"The 1911 census figures of migration in this district show an excess of immigrants who number 152,000; of these, 130,000, or \$5.5 per cent., come from contiguous districts and five per cent. from countries outside India. The number of emigrants is stated as only 136,000, of whom nearly 88,000, or 65.7 had gone to the adjoining districts and the rest to various parts of India, 75 per cent. of the latter being males. This emigration is undoubtedly in search of labour; numbers of labourers betake themselves for several months every year to Bengal and Assam, Calcutta, Howrah, and even Rangoon, earning high wages from October to the beginning of the rains. The volume of such immigration is however small in comparison with that from all parts of the Benares division, in which labour is more abundant and the pressure of the population on the land is far more severe. These emigrants go by river as well as by rail, and for this reason exact figures are unobtainable, but in an ordinary year the number is about 10,000, though in scasons of high prices and agricultural distress it may rise to three times that As the last 10 years have been more favourable figure. economically than the preceding decade, the proportion of internal emigration has decreased; of all the persons enumerated in India who gave Gorakhpur as their birthplace 4.46 per cent. were found elsewhere in 1901, but only 4.27 per cent. in 1911. Of course there are no means of ascertaining the period in which this emigration took place, but it must be pointed out that the census figures are misleading, for the very considerable emigration to Nepal has not been included; this may be estimated at about 40,000.

"Further, a certain amount of overseas emigration comes from this district, though the volume of this is relatively small amounting to only 846 persons annually. At any rate, it seems, certain the district has not really gained more by immigration than it has lost by emigration. In 1891, eight per cent. of the inhabitants of the district were born elsewhere, but in 1901 the proportion was only 4.15 per cent.: the last decade indeed shows a rise to 4.73 per cent., but the proportion of natives contiues to be greater than in almost any other part of the United Provinces, which however is probably mainly due to the large area of the district and consequent low ratio of length of boundary to area."

Page 93, line 2, delete "2,658,074 . . . of other religions" and substitute—

"2,875,402, or 89.82 per cent. were Hindus, 322,946, or 10.09 per cent. were Musalmans and 2,832 of other religions."

Page 93, line 6, delete "considerable."

, 95, lines 17 to 19.

Line 13 after "marriage" add "and also of course to the legality of widow remarriage."

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$3 \cdot 3$	ditto	g d	EN PART		••	8.62
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8.1	ditto	USE		<i>y</i>	••	8.01
6.1	ditto	- 10	यमेव जयने			6.14

Page 33, line 22, for "last census" substitute "census of 1901."

Page 93, line 35, for "nearly" substitute "over."

- , 94, lines 2 to 10, delete "Altogether... in each case" and substitute—
- "Altogether exclusive of 24,239 persons whose caste was not specified, representatives of 75 different castes were found apart from sub-divisions. Many of these however are quite unimportant, since in 19 instances the number of persons was less than 1,000, and in 13 others it was less than 5,000.
- "There are eight castes with more than 100,000 persons apiece and these constituted 61.35 per cent. of the total population, while a further 33.35 per cent. was contributed by 16 castes with numbers ranging from 100,000 to 25,000 in each case."

### CHAMARS.

Page 94, lines 16 to 19, delete "The foremost place . . . community" and substitute—

"The foremost place is occupied by the Chamars aggregating 391,952 persons, or 13.6 per cent. of the Hindu community."

AHBS.

Page 94, line 32,				
Alter 342,210 to	••	••		 967,099
" 12·87 to		••	••	 12.7
		BRAHMINS.		
Page 95, line 10.				

Alter 262,937 to .. .. .. .. .. 280,157

Page 95, line 14 to page 96 line 2, delete "The bulk clans" and substitute—

"The bulk of the Brahmans, amounting to 87.5 per cent. of community, are described as Sarwarias though the Sakaldipi, Kanujia, and other sub-divisions are somewhat sparsely represented. Some of the Brahmans of the district are called Sawalakhis; the story being told that a king of Benares gave a feast to 125,000 Brahmans, but that as the requisite number was not forthcoming, he made requisitions on other tribes and gave them Brahmanical rank. The Sarwarias themselves indignantly deny that this refers to any of their sub-divisions. According to their own accounts, Sarwaria is a Sanskrit word meaning the most respected; in support of this interpretation they allege the fact that the Pankti pavans, who are to be found only among the Sarwarias, are given the foremost place among Brahmans in the Manusmrit. Their legends say that the whole tract north of the Ghagra, bounded by the Great Gandak on the east and the Ramrikha on the west was given to their ancestors by Ram Chandra on his return from Ceylon, for conducting the great sacrifice. Hence they are sometimes called Sarjuparis or inhabitants of the country north of the Ghagra, though they are now to be found in other parts of the country also. They are foremost among the land-owning castes of the district and hold a large area as tenants, but their skill and industry in agriculture are by no means conspicuous. Like all Brahmans, they are handicapped by the fact that they are forbidden to handle the plough; and their other caste rules especially those regarding

food and marriage. According to their traditions the most ancient settlements are those of the Tiwaris in Gorakhpur itself and in Pidi in Deoria; the Shukuls in Bhendi of pargana Silhat; the Dubes of Sarar in pargana Haveli Gorakhpur; the Misras of Baisi and Payasi in the same pargana, and the Bhargavas of Singanjori in Padrauna, who have removed there recently from Bhagalpur on the Ghagra, while the other sub-castes are the Upadhya, Panday, Chaubes, Pataks, and Ojhas.

### KURMIS AND SAINTHWARS.

Page 96, lines 3 to 14, delete-

"The Kurmis are . . . separate caste" and insert-

"Next come the Kurmis and Sainthwars, who together number 213,899, or 7.43 per cent of the Hindus. The Kurmis are strongest in the east, but the Sainthwars are found in all tabsils and number 104,057. They were originally a sub-case of the Kurmis, but chiefly because of the rise of their leading family that of the Raja Padrauna, they are now practically a separate caste. They are endogamous and have given up widow remarriages and claim precedence as being of the purest descent; in fact their legends claim for them adescent from Mayur, the founder of the great Bisen clan of Rajputs. The Kurmis also now claim a similar descent.

Page 96 line 20, after "custom has" insert "unfortunately."

### KOERIS.

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Page 96, line 27-
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for 152,283 write 155,911.

for 5.73 write 5.42.

Pages 96 to 98. Delete whole paragraph on Rajputs.

### KEWATS AND MALLAHS.

Page 98, line 23 alter "Rajputs" to "Koeris."

98, ,, 23 ,, 122,654 to 148,086.

" 98, " 24 " 4·61 to 5·15.

,, 98, ,, 30 ,, 46,826 to 51,167; 11,771 to 16,531.

" 98, " 31 delete " Goriyas 4,359."

,, 98, ,, 32 alter 16,552 to 17,069.

,, 98, lines 33 to 55, delete "the Sorahiyas latter caste."

, 98, line 36, for "Chaie" read "Chains."

,, 98, ,, 36, alter 825 to 2,294.

### KAHARS AND GONDS.

Page 99, line 1 to 5 delete "There were . . . well-known everywhere" and substitute—

There were in the district 56,897 Kahars and 47,030 Gonds and allied caste which has no connection with the Gonds of Central India; they are like the Kahars, water-drawers, palanquin-bearers, servants, and cultivators by occupation, and are well-known everywhere. Together, the Kahars and Gonds form \$61 per cent. of the Hindu population."

Page 99, line 9, alter 13 786 to 19 153.

, 99, , 10, , 3,724 to 7,563.

### BANIAS.

Page 99, line 13, alter 85,674 to 102,941.

,, 99, ,, 13, ,, 3·22 to 3·58.

, 99, , 19, , 41,532 to 61,763,

, 99, , 19, , 21,445 to 16,140.

, 99, , 23. , 3,432 to 7,070.

At end of paragraph, line 31, add-

"It is a remarkable fact that whereas, during the last decade the Banias throughout the province show a decrease amounting to 16.9 per cent., in Gorakhpur they have increased by over 20 per cent."

Page 99, at end of paragraph on Banius, insert a paragraph on Rajputs, as follows:—

### RAJPUTS.

"The Rajputs, on the other hand, show a considerable decrease; they now number only 97,095, or 3:37 per cent. of the Hindu population as compared with 140,520 in 1901, a decrease of nearly 46:7 per cent. Part of this is doubtless a natural decrease, and part due to emigration; but it seems probable that the greater part of the decline is fictitious and due to faulty returns in 1901, when several members of other communities palmed themsolves off as Rajputs. The Rajputs of this district are generally agriculturists by profession, but their skill in cultivation is indifferent. They belong to an endless variety of claus the census, of 1911 showing reprentatives of 38 different sub-divisions. Not many of these, however, are of much local importance. The foremost place is taken by the Bisens, of whom there are 14,292 distributed

all over the district, though the largest number is naturally to be found in the Deoria tahsil, in which is situated Majhauli, the headquarters of this ancient clan. The Bais, 7,345, belong mainly to the Bansgaon tahsil. Though they claim connection with the celebrated families of Unao and Rai Bareli, their high rank is not generally admitted and they are in all probability of mixed descent as are the Bais of Fyzabad and the eastern districts as a whole. They style themselves by several names and this seemingly accounts for the great reduction in their number since in 1822 and 1891 there were more than 12,000 persons recorded as of this clan. The Panwars have decreased from 10,912 in 1901 to 2,874 in 1911; they have never attained a position of much prominence; apparently they came to the district in small detachments gaining a footing gradually by marriage with the daughters of the Majhauli house.

"The Sarnets were not separately enumerated in 1911, but in 1891 they numbered 11,810, chiefly in the Gorakhpur, Hata and Bansgaon tabsils.

"They are said to be identical with the Nikumkhs and their history will be given later, Similarly, the Kausiks numbered 7,215 in 1891, residing mainly in Bansgaon and some account of this clan will be found in the article on the Dhuriapar families. There were only 2,180 Surajbansis in 1911 as compared with 6,444 in 1901; the name is often adopted by so-called Raiput immigrants from the hills, while in other cases Suraibansis represent offshoots of the ancient house of Amorha in Basti. other clans though fairly well represented are of singularly little importance, generally, because their settlement in this district is of recent date, their ancestors coming rather as agricultural colonists than as conquerors. The strongest are the Chauhans, 4,501, who are the only clan showing an increase in the last decade; they are found everywhere, those in the north claiming connection with the Butwal house often calling themselves Chitorias in support of the story that their ancestors fied hither from Chitore on its capture by the Musalmans. Next come the Chandels, 2,963, chiefly in Deoria and Padrauna, the Dikhits, 2,700, from Ghazipur and elsewhere, the Sikarwars, 2,671, and the Amethias 2,344 who reside for the most part in Deories and came from Ameth south of Bara Banki. Other class exceeding 1,000 apiece are Sombansis from Partabgarh (1,710), the Raghubansis from Ajodhya (1,517), the Rathors (1,421) who are said to have settled at a very early date in Hata and Gorakhpur, and the Sugars from Ballia (1,350). Among the less numerous local class of low social status and mixed descent the Donwars or Domwars may be mentioned, as they are sometimes suppose to be the descendants of the old Domkatar rulers of Gorakhpur."

Page 99, line 32, page 100, line 1, delete "Nothing need be said . . . 35,562 persons" and substitute—

'Nothing need be said of the Telis, 96,010; Bhars, 76,014; Lunias, 73,377; Kumhars, 63,000; Lohars, 61,584; Dhobis, 53,441, and Pasis, 52,493, while the Mallahs have already been mentioned." These castes are common everywhere and their numbers are unusually large only because of the unusual size of the district. Next follow Nais with 46,199, Kalwars with 42,188 persons."

Page 100, line 2, alter 32,037 to 35,664.

", 100, ", 11, " " Gautam" Insert "The Barais or pane-rowers come next, with 33,584 persons."

Alter 31,603 to 32,011.

Page 100, line 15 to 26, delete. "The other castes... tahsil Deoria" and substitute—

"The other castes with more than 10,000 representatives are Kayasths, 29,803; Barhais, 28,240; Sonars, 19,806; Kamkars, Beldars, and Binds already mentioned; Gadaryas. 16,471; Musahars 14,126, who are an aboriginal tribe resembling the Doms and belong mainly to the east; and Khatiks or green grocers 10,281.

The Atits or priestly mendicants come next with 9,366 persons; the caste is strongest in Padrauna and still more common in the adjoining district of Saran. Among other aboriginal tribes may be mentioned the Dharkars, 4,955, and the Bansphors, 1,129, both of whom are allied to the Doms. The Doms themselves number 6,246, nearly half belonging to tahsil Deoria."

Page 100, line second last alter "is" to " was last."

- " 101, " 2, delete "have."
- " 101, " 2, line 14 delete "and at present . . . 457 kildren" and substitut "and they managed to eke out a

precartons existence by begging and thieving, while their wence were not seldom prostitutes. In 1908 the Salvation Army trees over the task of reclaiming them and established a settlement at the old jail building in Gorakhpur, to which the inmates of several domrakhanas were gradually transferred. At first their only means of livelihood was by working on the conservancy staffs of the municipality and notified area, but now many of them are employed in weaving, bag, and basket-making, and mulberry-cultivation and the like; slow but steady progress is being made; even amongst adults, while excellent results are obtained with children who are, as far as possible, removed from evil associations. A day school is held at the old jail and a receiving home for them has been established at Shahpur, while a new school is being built at Tiwaripur for the same purpose. The numbers at the Salvation Army Settlement are apt to vary considerably: in 1915 they, numbered 596, of whom 221 were women and 145 children. The Doms still remaining in the Domra Khanas numbered 783, including 142 children. These show no improvement and continue to be confirmed pilferers and beggars, levying a toll from village shopkeepers by threatening to steal from them if not given a dole either in cash or kind. The registration of the Doms under the new Criminal Tribes Act was effected in 1915, and they have been granted a little more liberty; it is too early vet to say definitely what the results will be, but there seem very strong grounds for hoping that the methods of the Salvation Army will be successful."

Page 101, lines 17 to 19, delete "the Bahelias ... : of little note" and substitute—

"The Bahelias, 1,232, who in most cases are harmless; the Nats, 750; the Kanjars, 678, and a few more of little note. The Barwars of the Maharajganj tahsil numbered 917 in 1901, but only one was recorded in the census of 1911: this was doubtless due to concealment of their true caste.

Page 101, line 20, alter 2,747 to 2,033.

- " 102, lines 2 and 3, delete "In the Maharajganj . . . Gurkha" and substitute—
- "The Paharias or Thapas from Nepal were not separately enumerated at the last census; in 1901 they numbered 1,359, all in

the Maharajgan tabell; they go by the generic name of Gurkhas. Of Gurkhas proper, there are only 415 in the district."

Page 102, lines 12 and 13, delete "at the last census" and substitute "In 1911 the various Muhammadan sects were not separately enumerated, but there could have been little alteration same 1901 when . . ."

Page 102, line 17, alter 61 to 47.

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,, 102, ,, 18, ,, 22 to 19.
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, 102, , 19, , 12 to 8.

, 102, , 21, , 7 to 6.

, 102, , 22, , 74.5 to 94.5.

,, 102, ,, 25, ,, 73,408 to 119,717.

,, 102, ,, 25, ,, 24.71 to 37.38.

" 102. " 31, " 29,175 to 83,094.

,, 102, ,, 32, ,, 9.82 to 25.7.

" 102, " 33, at end of paragraph insert "As they numbered only 29,175 in 1901, it seems as if the numbers of a large number of minor caste reported themselves as Dhunias. The Musalman Rajputs or Khanzadas, who numbered 11,484 in 1901, have now sunk to 56."

Page 102, lines 34 and 35, delete " second . . . 16.1 per cent," and substitute-

"The Sheikhs come next with a total of 49,673, or 12.5 per cent."

Page 103, lines 5 and 6, delete "Of the many Sheikh sub-divisions the chief" and substitute—

"The Sheikh sub-divisions were not separately enumerated at the last census but the chief."

Page 103, line 7, delete "numbering 12,321."

,, 103, ., 8, ,, "included 11,215 persons and"

,, 103, ,, 14, alter 38,695 to 38,788.

, 103, , 14, , 13.03 to 12.01,

" 103, " 18, delete 5,347.

,, 103, ,, 19, ,, 4,999:

" 103, " 18, after "district" insert a comma and additional not separately classified."

Page 103, line 23, delete "but it often happened . . . being generally" and substitute "mostly."

Page 103, lines 25 to 34, delete whole paragraph

- ,, 103, line 35, page 104, line 6, delete whole paragraph and substitute—
- "The remaining castes of importance are Faqirs of various denominations, 13,038; Nais or Hajjams, 10,131; Churihars and Manihars, makers of glass bangles, 8,801; and Darzis, 8,707.
  - "Then follow Dhobis, Kunjras, Nats, and Saiyads.
- "The last number 3,236 and are strongest in Bansgaon, Deoria, and Gorakhpur; they are drawn principally from the Husaini, Rizivi, and Zaidi sub-divisions, but there are few families of any note."

Page 104, lines 7 to 12, delete "The number of Christians . . . was returned" and substitute—

"The number of Christians at the census of 1911 was 1,608 as compared with 1,443 in 1901. The Native Christians numbered 1,160, the figure having risen from 808 in 1831 to 352 ten years later and 1,040 in 1901. Of the Native Christian community 649 belonged to the Anglican communion. Protestants numbered 160 and Salvationists 169, while 152 returned themselves in 1911 as belonging to no sect."

Page 104, line 24 to page 105, line 6, delete-

"The inhabitants . . . orphanages" and substitute "The inhabitants of those villages were at one time principally cultivators, but as their prosperity has increased many of them have given upagriculture as their chief source of income and seek employment on the railway in various capacities. Much attention is paid to industrial training and the women and girls are particularly expert in drawn thread work, which received the highest award at the Allahabad exhibition of 1911 and is probably the best of its kind produced in India. It commands a ready sale. The educational work of the mission is of great importance. The chief institution is St. Andrew's College which was founded in 1901 and raised to the status of a first grade college in 1916; its new buildings were opened the same year by His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor. For its rise it is probably one of the best staffed and best equipped colleges in the province. St Andrew's School is situated close to the college but in grounds of its own. It has for many years borne a high reputation as an educational institution; it is shortly to be rebuilt on its present site, which is one of the best in the city. Both school and college have hostels attached for the housing of students who come in from the district. There are at present no less than six English graduates teaching and supervising the educational wants of the mission.

"In addition to the above institutions, the mission has considerable Anglo-Vernacular Middle School-in Alinagar, a successful Vernacular Middle School called the Swinton Memorial School in Sahebganj, four primary schools in the city, and five others in villages hard by. In all there are about 1,200 boys in the educational institutions of the mission. Working in association with the Church Missionary Society is a branch of the Zenana Bible and Medical Mission which has two ladies working in the city and managing primary schools for girls, with a daily attendance of from 400 to 500.

"Evangelists' work is not carried on to any such extent in the district, what there is mainly effected by the Swedish missionaries at Deoria and Barhaj, but small number of conversions however take place every year, but these do not as a rule add to the total strength of the Native Christian community in the district, for converts generally go off to other districts. The numbers of the Christian community are increased mainly by the natural growth of the three villages. The large orphanages which used to be maintained by the mission and which used considerably to increase the number of adherents to Christianity have now been removed to Agra and Benares."

Page 105, line 10, delete "acts as chaplain" and substitute "Usually acts as honorary chaplains."

Page 105, line 12, alter 281 to 1,091.

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,, 105, ,, 13, ,, 116 to 61.
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" 105, " 18, for "of little importance" substitute "of not great importance."

Page 105, line 34, alter 72.89 to 39.62.

105, ,, 36, delete the rest of the paragraph from "while in addition... jail" and substitute—

<sup>,, 105, ,, 13, ,, 105</sup> to 57.

<sup>, 105, , 13, , 23</sup> to 6.

<sup>, 105, , 13, , 8</sup> to 6.

<sup>,, 105, ,, 13, ,, 5</sup> to 3.

This proportion has increased from 72.39 per cent in 1901 and is much above the provincial average of 71.74 per cent.

"The increase is doubtless due to the rise in agricultural wages and the tavourable teasons preceding the census, which made agriculture more lucrative to the artizans who had a few fields of their own so that agriculture became more important as a source of income than their sugar trade; there was a similar increase throughout the province. The preparation and supply of material substances which includes industry, transports, and trade engages the attention of only 221,357 persons, or 6.91 per centiof the entire population; of these, industry accounts for 128.057 persons, or 4 per cent of population, of whom 23.6 per cent. are engaged in industries connected with dress and toilet, 16.7. per cent., in food industries, 12-3 per cent. industries connected with wood, and 10.8 per cent, are engaged in the preparation of oils; next come the textile industries with 9:3 per cent. and industries connected with luxuries (mostly jewellers) with 19 per cent. followed by workers in earthenware with 7 per centsand those in metals with 5.6 per cent.; workers in leather are only 1.1 per cent. of the industrial population. Transport. engrosses the attention of and supports only 17,368 persons, or 5 per cent. of the population. Trade and commerce support 75,932 persons, or 2.37 per cent of the population, of whom no less than 73.4 per cent. are connected with foodstuffs, 6.48 per cent. with textiles, and 4.71 per cent. With the higher branches of commerce (banking, exchange, insurance, etc.). The proportionately small number of traders is of course due to the fact the manufacturer and trader are often one and the same. The police and other servants of the State number 25.912, or :81 per cent, of the population; the learned professions and liberal arts claim 9,093, of whom 44 per cent, are engaged in religion. and 19 per cent. in law, while 15 per cent, are connected with instruction and 14.5 per cent. with letters arts, etc., of all kinds and only 7:5 per cent. with medicine. The lucky few who need not work at all are only 656; while domestic servants number 24,992 and form '78 per cent. of the population. No less than 22,476 persons are insufficiently described while beggars amount to 20,726, persons or '65 per cent. of the population of the district."

### LITERATURE.

Page 107, lines 21 and 22 delete—"The most ... and contains "and substitute—

The most important was founded by the Church Missionary Society, but was sold in 19 ... and though it still goes by that name it has no connection whatever with the C. M. S; it contains ..."

Page 107, line 23 alter "it" to "and" line 21, after tabsil insert "and one at Chaura and Bansgaon in the extreme east of tabsil Padrauna."

Page 110, lines 7 to 9 delete "and has . . . depression."

" 110, " 9 to 11 delete "The ancient . . . estates" and substitute "The main branch of the ancient family of Satasi suffered disaster in the Mutiny but the house is now worthily represented by Sahebzada Rais Pratap Narain Singh, Rai Bahadur, of Rudarpur."

Page 113, line 8, after "1890" delete to end of paragraph and

insert-

"The Raja however died childless in January, 1911, leaving habind a mother and two widows, the junior of whom resided in Majhauli but died in April, 1917, while the senior Rani and her mother-in-law live in Benares. The estate was once more taken over by the Court of Wards; it is in a flourishing condition, comprising 118 villages assessed at Rs. 52,502 in Gorakhpur, all of which lie in the Deoria tahsil except eight in Bansgaon, nine in Hata, and five in Mahrajganj. The estate also includes 32 villages in Saran and two in the Ballia and one in the Azamgarh district, with a combined revenue demand of Rs. 15,254. Succession is certainly doubtful, the nearest male relative being apparently a ninth cousin."

Page 114, last line after "bequeathed" insert "in 1889."

" 115, line 3, alter 15 to 16; page 115, line 4, alter 1,311 to 1,731.

Page 115, line 13, delete "who is now" and substituts "and."

Page 115, line 14, after "Gopalpur," delete the rest of the paragraph and substitute—

"After enjoying the estate for about 50 years she died in

June, 1914 and was succeeded by Babu Dan Bahadur Chand, the son of Babu Kharag Bahadur Chand of the Hata branch of the family, who had been adopted by the late so-called Rani. The estate comprises 40 villages in the Bansgaon tahsil, in addition to several others in Azamgarh and Partabgarh, paying a land revenue of Rs. 9,632 annually."

Page 116, line last to page 117, line 4 delete "who had been . . . at Gajpur" and substitute—

"Udit Partap Narayan Singh, who had been appointed to the Committee of Administration in 1857. His title and remaining estates were confiscated and he himself died in the Andaman Islands while his son's widow established herself in the old fort at Gajpur. Some years later the old palace at Rudarpur was restored to his grandson, Bijai Partap Narayan Singh, who died in 1898, The estate was then taken over by the Court of Wards during the minority of his son, Ravi Partap Narayan Singh, The latter signalized his coming of age by founding a girls' school at Rudarpur in 1915 to which he has since added a Boys' Middle School. The estate pays an annual revenue of Rs. 4 195, the majority of the villages being in Hata. It has always been treated as an 'impartible' estate, the younger members of the family being only entitled to a limited allowance during their lifetime."

Page 117, line 20. After "Raja" insert "was appointed an Honorary Munsif in 1915 and."

Page 117, line 24 to page 118, line 25, delete the whole paragraph and substitute the following:—

"The Tamkohi Rajah belongs to the Bagauchhis clan of the Bhuinhar Brahman caste and claims descent from Mayur Bhat, the founder of the Majhauli Raj, by his Bhuinhar wife. The off spring of this union received as his share the north-eastern portion of the estate, which for many centuries was held by his descendants and is at present comprised in two estates Hathwain Saran: Behar and Tamkohi in Gorakhpur (U. P.). The house of the family was at Husapur in pargana Kallianpur Kuari of the Saran district in Behar. The first Raja to rise to prominence was Kalyan Mull, who obtained the recognition of his title of Raja from the Emperor of Delhi together with a drum

and flag and the fish crest of a Mansabdar.

"Sixth in descent from (him came) Rajah Chandharb Sahi alias Rajah Hamir Sahi, who obtained in recognition of his services a khillat and the badge of "Lion" from Mohammad Shah, Emperor of Delbi. He was succeeded by his brother, Raja Nirpat Sahi alias Rajah Tirbhuan Sahi, whose descendants ruled at Husapur till the days of Raja Fateh Sahi. The latter refused to acknowledge the authority of the East India Company and after the battle of Buxar in 1764 A.D. he was compelled to leave his family seat of Husapur and removed to Bank Jogni (now called Tamkohi) in Gorakhpur, the dominion of the Nawab Wazir of Oudh. The major portion of the family property which was at that time in Sarkar Saran remained for years at the disposal of the East India Company and was then granted to Babu Chhatradhari Sahi, a member of the next branch of the family.

".Babu Chhatradhari Sahi was invested with the title of Maharaja Bahadur' and was the sixth ancestor of the present Maharaja of Hathwa.

"Raja Fateh Sahi had four sons and all of them made various attempts by approaching the authorities of the East India Company to obtain the restoration of their lost property in Saran, but did not succeed and Raja Fateh Sahi during his lifetime abdicated his estate of Bank Jogni in favour of his eldest son, Raja Arimardan Sahi, installed him on the gaddi and wrote a sanad of Babuship granting villages to his remaining three sons, Babu Dalmardan Sahi, Babu Shamsher Sahi and Babu Ranbahadur Sahi as their Haq Babuai. Rajah Fateh Sahi after this, passed his life as an ascetic.

"After the death of Raja Fatch Sahi Babu Shamsher Sahi got his Babuai villages legally separated and settled in one of these at Salemgarh.

- "His descendants are the present proprietors of the Salemgarh estate.
- "Babu Dalmardan Sahi and Babu Ranbahadur Sahi had also their respective Babuai villages in their separate possession, but they continued to live at the ancestral abode at Tamkohi.
- Bajah Arimardan Sahi died without issue and after his death Raja Pirthipat Sahi, son of Babu Ranbahadur Sahi, then dead.

took possession of the Raj, alleging himself to be the adopted son of Raja Arimardan Sahi but Raja Dalmardan Sahi brought a suit and obtained the Raj by cancellation of the alleged adoption. Raja Dalmardan Sahi was succeeded by his son Raja Dalip Sahi, but the latter left no child. His widow, Rani Aswamaida Kuari, then took possession of the Raj but since Raja Kharag Bahadur Sahi, son of Raja Pirthipat Sahai, then deceased, was entitled to succeed Raja Dalip Sahi as the only next male heir, Rani Aswamaida Kuari made over the Raj to him in 1851.

"Raja Kharag Bahadur Sahi obtained the recognition of his hereditary title of Raja from the British Government and he received several villages in Gaya from his maternal grandfather, the Maharaja of Tikari. During the Mutiny he prudently kept in the background, remaining loyal, if inactive. He died in 1860 and was succeeded by his only son, Raja Krishna Pratap Bahadur Sahi. The estate was greatly extended during his administration and management. He acquired villages in Gaya under a Mokariri grant from Raja Ran Bahadur Singh of Tikari th return for renouncing his claim to the seven annas, Tikari Raj, in favour of the said Raja Ran Bahadur Singh.

"His eldest son, Raja Shatrujit Pratap Bahadur Sahi, obtained the Sursand Estate in Muzaffarpur through his wife, who was grand-daughter of Raja Raghunandan Singh of Sursand. Raja Krishna Pratap Bahadur Sahi died in December, 1894 and was succeeded by his elder son, Raja Shatrujit Pratap Bahadur Sahi. the younger son, Kuer Sarabjit Pratap Bahadur Sahi being entitled only to a Haq Babuai in accordance with the custom of the family. Raja Shatrujit Pratap Bahadur Sahi died in October, 1898 and was succeeded by his only son, Raja Indrajit Pratap Bahadur Sahi. who was then a minor and in consequence the estate remained under the superintendence of the Court of Wards till the 5th October, 1913, when the young Raja attained his majority and took over the management. During his minority, his uncle, Kuer Sarabjit Pratap Bahadur Sahi, sued for the partition of the Raj as an ordinary zamindari but after protracted and costly litigation the property has been held to be an impartible Raj to be held by one person in accordance with the rule of lineal primogeniture.

"The present Raja was educated at the Colvin Raja Taluqdare' School, Lucknow, and is well-versed in Hindi and knows English and Urdu fairly well.

"The estate comprises 226 villages in the Gorakhpur and Basti districts, paying a revenue of Rs. 90,000 and 132 villages in the Gaya, Chapra, Muzaffarpur, and Darbhanga districts (in Behar) paying a revenue of Rs. 15,000 a year."

Page 118, lines 30 to 38, insert a comma after "branches" delete "Shamsher Sahi . . . Rs. 22,000" and substitute—

"And in fact they represent the elder branch, for they are descended from Shamsher Sahi, the third son of Raja Fateh Sahi, while the Tamkohi Raja is fifth in descent from Ran Bahadur Sahi, the youngest son of Raja Fateh Sahi. Shamsher Sahi had two sons, but the elder died childless and the younger left a daughter, Babuin Ram Charan Kuari, who was married to Babu Ambika Prasad Narayan Singh, a descendant of Raja Paim Narayan Singh of the Chainpur family in Saran. They had three sons. The eldest of these is Raja Sideshwari Prasad Narayan Singh, who in recognition of his public services and liberality during the famine of 1896-97 received the title of Rai Bahadur and in 1907 was awarded the personal title of Raja. Both his brothers are dead, but one of them has left two minor sons. The whole estate is held as a joint Hindu family possession and is ably managed by Kumar Brajeshwari Prasad Narayan Singh, the only son of the Raja. The family is closely related by marriage with the Maharaja of Bettiah and Benares and the Rajas of Shuter and Dhanwar. The family estates comprise 63 villages in the Padrauna tahsil with a revenue demand of Rs. 22,000,"

### PADRAUNA.

Page 119, lines 1 to 12, delete "the Kurmi . . . probable and "substitute-

"The Sainthwar family of Padrauna is, according to its own traditions, descended from Bhopal Rai, who is said to have come from Kara in the Allahabad district about 1556 and was employed by the Raja of Majhauli from whom he obtained the grant of five villages in tappa Bansi Chirgora; Kishore Rai was the representative of the family in the time of Shahjahan and was appointed Sarbarakar or administrator of revenue. In 1681 his nephew,

Nath Rai, obtained a similar appointment from Aurungzeb and was later rewarded by grants of land in the Padrauna tahsil with a revenue demand of Rs. 5,500. It has however been suggested."

Page 119, line 22 alter "Kurmis" to "Sainthwars."

" 119, " 32, after Raja insert a comma, delete "He died... Champaran" and substitute" and was for some years an honorary magistrate. He died in 1900, leaving two sons; the elder, Rai Braj Narayan Rai, was created Raja in 1906 in recognition of the distinguished position held by his family and of his public spirit and liberality. The Raia is keenly interested



Page 120, line 37, alter "1865" to "1875."

721, , 24, , 14,778 to 10,293, and add thereafter The family has a somewhat extensive library, partly in Gorakhpur and partly at Jaunpur."

Page 121, line 24, at end of paragraph, insert a new paragraph as follows:—

### "OTHER MOSLEM FAMILIES.

"Among other Moslem families of note is that of Nawab Saivid Mohammed Ali Nasir Khan, which has long been settled The family first came into notice during the in Gorakhpur. Mutiny, when Mir Zahur Ali Khan rendered considerable aid to Government officials. The present representative of the family is an honorary munsif and magistrate and is of a generous and charitable disposition; he received the title of Nawab in 1913 in recognition of his services and his generosity. estate comprises 63 villages, mostly in the Gorakhpur district. with a total revenue demand of Rs. 11,472. Another estate which may be mentioned is that of Saiyad Mohammed Subhan-Ullah, paying an annual revenue of Rs. 12,205. This family, like that of the Sabzposh, is of Arab descent and comes from

सन्धमेव जयते

and the latter by Babu Mahagev Pracad, paying the state and analysis

Page 122, line 13, delete "Rai Kishun Kishore Chand" and substitute "Rai Krishna Kishore Chandra of Sarabri, a public spirited and intelligent gentleman, who does useful work as an honorary magistrate."

Page 122, second last line, delete "is now under the Court of Wards" and substitute "was for 10 years under the Court of Wards till 1914."

Page 122, line 30. There are Bettia villages in other tahails than Hata, i. e., Maharajganj and tahail Bansgaon.

Page 122, lines 37 and 38, delete "half . . . Wards."

- " 123, line 2 ) Should be revised by Settlement
- " 124, " 5 . Officers.
- " 127, " 21, delete "D. Ricketts" and substitute correct name "E. Warren."

Page 127, line 31, delete "without issue property" and substitute "leaving only a widow, Musammat Bakhtawar Campier, known locally as the malikin and residing at Janakpur near Campiergani. She has only a life interest; on her death the estate goes to Mr. A Campier's nieces as long as any of them survive and on the death of all these nieces its income is to be devoted to the support of a hospital, the estate to be in charge of the Collector."

Page 133, line 38, after "family" add "The Goraiti has been abolished in the recent settlement."

Page 136, lines 29 and 30, "Some account of the resumption, of the goraits jagirs and the special act for this purpose is required."

Page 136, lines 29 and 30, delete "for wages are very low in this part of the country and" and substitute "for wages are still low in this part of the country and though they have risen sharply within the last few years."

"With the increased pressure of the soil the advantage

formerly possessed by the tenant of being able to so sleewhere and get land from a more satisfactory landlerd is fast disappearing; and there are it is to be feared, some landlords, as a rule non-resident, who exercise undue and illegal pressure on their senants. Per contra there are tenants not by any means easy to manage. In short, in parts of the district relations between landlord and tenant are by no means all that could be desired."

Page 137, line 20 add at end "The effects of the War and consequent rise in prices have been marked, but probably no more so here than elsewhere in the province."

Page 138, line 7, for "two" read "three."

, 138, , 9, delete "and one . . . powers " and substitute" One treasury officer and two gazetted officers with less than full powers, one of whom usually acts as Personal Assistant to the Collector."

Page 138, lines 24 and 25 delete "one deputy collector assisted by . . . at Deoria" and substitute "assisted by three deputy collectors, all the officers residing at Deoria."

Page 138, line 25 after "Deoria" insert an asterisk, add a tootnote:—

"Owing to shortage of officers during the War as a temporary measure the Kasia and Deoria sub-divisions were united."

Page 138, line 29—page 139, line 6, delets "in the rest . . . Kothibhar" and substitute—

"Another bench sits at Tamkohi and has jurisdiction in the police-stations of Taria Sujan, Bishunpura, and Qazipur. In the rest of the district there are 11 honorary magistrates with third class powers; five of these are in the Padrauna tahsil; the Raja of Padrauna has jurisdiction in the Padrauna and Ramkola police circles; Babu Dalip Narayan Singh of Kundwa near Kasia has similar powers in Kasia and Tarkulwa. Munshi Muhammad Akram of Padrauna in Kothibhar and Biraicha, the Raja of Salemgarh in Taria Sujan and Bishunpura; and the Honourable Mr. F. Mekinon in Bishunpura and Qazipur.

Amongst others are Pandit Achaibar Prasad of Pakardina in

Maharajganj, who has jurisdiction in the police circles of Nahadanand Purandarpur; Babu Raghunath Das of Barhalganj in Barhalganj and part of Gola; Babu Raghunath Persad of Belghat in Belguat and part of Gola; Lala Harakh Chand in Barhaj, Babu Dwarkadish Singh of Dhara in Hata and Mansurganj, and Rai Krishan Kishore Chand in Pipraich, Rigauli, Pepceganj and Kotwali outside municipal limits."

Page 139, lines 16 to 18, delete "At present . . . of Siswa" and substitute -

"At present there are four honorary munsifs empowered to try cases of Rs. 200 or less in value, Babu Jagdish Narayan of Padrauna Sardar Harcharan Singh of Saraya, Babu Tikori Singh of Siswa and the Raja of Unaula; besides which there is a Bench of five honorary munsifs having jurisdiction in the Gorakhpur municipality and notified area."

Page 139, lines 20 to 23, delete "but at the . . . persons, insert semicolon and substitute—

"There are at present 27 such munsifs for the 58 circles into which the area has been divided, considerable difficulty being experienced in finding a sufficient number of qualified persons; in the rest of the district there are only 15 circles, three of which are vacant."

Page 141, line 23, add at end of paragraph-

"The existing tahsils are all far too large to be efficiently administered, as is obvious when it is pointed out that there are three districts in the province, each with a population less than that of the smallest tahsil of the Gorakhpur district."

Page 153, lines 21 to 29, delete "since that . . , district" and substitute—

"Since that date there have been constant changes, and in 1908 the number of alluvial mahals stood at 481; since then they have increased rapidly again and the present (1915) number is 553 mahals. Of this, 442 are subject to the ordinary rules of quinquennial revision, more than 300 of which are in the Bansgaon and Sadar tahsils; 30, mostly in Mahrajganj, are held on conditional, and 49 on unconditional long-term settlements of 30

years more than half the latter are in Padrauna; the remaining 32 are situated in jungle grants whose term has not yet expired; 28 of these jungle grants are in Padrauna and four in Mahrajganj. The total revenue now paid on the alluvial mahals is Rs. 1,02,321 for the entire district, as compared with Rs. 99,478 in 1908."

Page 153, line 31 alter "1907-08." to "1912-13," page 32 alter "Rs. 2,57.029" to "Rs. 2,61,099" and add "As compared with Rs. 2,57,029 in 1907-08."

Page 154, lines 26 to 37, delete "the present... or watchmen and insert semicolon and substitute—

"But in 1913, 33 chaukidars employed in the notified areas of Deoria and Gaura-Barhaj were converted into constabulary police and yet another addition of 46 men took place in 1914 from the chaukidari force of other towns. The present total (1915) of the civil police is five inspectors, 67 sub-inspectors, 79 head constables, and 691 men. The armed police comprise a mounted force of 24 men under a sub-inspector in addition to two other sub-inspectors, 28 head constables, and 190 men all under a European inspector. The superior staff consists of a superintendent, one assistant superintendent, and one deputy superintendent. Besides the above force, there is the town police numbering 61 men of all ranks and there are 76 road chaukidars, 2,365 village chaukidars paid in cash, and 7,662 goraits or watchmen."

Page 155, line 2, delete "still are" and substitute "were."

" 155, " 4, add "The graiti system has now been abolished."

Page 155, line 4, after "Chapter" insert "The headquarters of the Superintendent, Government Railway Police, for the narrow-gauge lines of the United Provinces, were transferred from Lucknow to Gorakhpur in 1914."

Page 155, line 9, alter " 34 to 33."

, 155, , 9, after "thanas" insert comma and add "in addition to an outpost at Thuthibari."

Page 155, lines 9 to 17, delete "In the Bansgaon. Thuti-bari" and substitute—

The first division usually under the superintendent of police comprises Bansgaon, Barhaj, Barhalganj, Bishunpura, Deoria, Gorakhpur, Hata, Kasia, Khampar, Kothibhar, Maharajganj

Nichlaul, Padrauna, Paisia (now Naikot), Fazilnagar (formative Qazipur), Bamkola, Purandarpur, Taria Sujan, and Tarkulwa. The second division usually under the assistant superintendent of police, comprises Biraicha, Khajni, Mansurganj, Pipiganj, Pipraich, Rigauli, and Sahjanwa. The last division containing Gaura, Belghat, Chaura, Gola, Kaukhundu, Rudarpur, and Salempur is usually under the deputy superintendent of police."

Page 155, line 27, after "domra Khanas" insert semicolon, delete "they are" and add "at the present time they number 1,329, of whom 596 are in the Salvation Army Settlement, those who are not there."

Page 155, line 32, insert after "settlement" "though many sublet their holdings and work in the Railway Workshops. In any case the great majority now earn an honest living."

Page 156, lines 9 and 10, delete "The Settlement . . . peaceful agriculturist" and substitute "In 1909 the Settlement contained 279 Badhaks who had peacefully settled down as agriculturists; at the census in 1911 however none of them retained their true caste."

Page 156, at end of first paragraph after "scarcity" add—
"For the five years 1911 to 1915 the numbers of cases of
crime under these heads decreased to 3,835 annually, robberies
and dacoities averaging only 27 per annum."

JAIL

Page 157, line 4, alter 492 to 448.

" 157, " 7, " 25.5 to 23.75.

Page 157, line 12, after "bricks" insert "as the jail is two miles from the district courts there is a separate lock-up for under-trial prisoners near them."

Page 157, line 16, after "lock-up" insert "There is also a small lock-up for under-trial prisoners at Deoria."

#### EXCISE.

Page 158, lines 28-33, delete "Lastly . . . this system" and substitute—"The same system was extended in 1906 to Hata and Deoria; and the outstill tract was still further reduced in 1909, leaving only a narrow strip along the Nepal frontier, some 290 square miles in area, under this system. There are now only seven outstills, while the average number of

retail shops in the distillery area for the five years 1909 to 14 was 141 as compared with 100 retail shops and 71 outstills in 1908. In April, 1915, the distillery system was replaced by the contract supply system; the distillery at Gorakhpur was given up and bonded warehouses were established at Gorakhpur, Deoria, Padrauna, and Maharajganj."

## (Excise) Revenue.

Page 159, lines 11 to 22, delete "From the statement . . . population" and substitute "During the next two years the income was Rs. 2,61,697, but after the extension of the distillery system in 1909 there was a very considerable rise in the total income, which for the five years ending 1913-14 amounted to Rs. 3,63,593 annually; Rs. 2,01,531 were derived from stillhead duty, Rs. 1,36,392 from licences, and only Rs. 25,670 from outstills. It is curious to find that the extension of the distillery system to Hata and Deoria in 1906 was followed by a great decline in revenue, while its further extension in 1909 resulted in a remarkable increase in the revenue. Again, till 1909 no appreciable rise in the consumption was noticed, the average during the three preceding decades varying from 40,000 to 50,000 though the Stillhead duty had materially increased. In the five years ending 1913-14 however the average consumption rose to 72,548 gallons annually, or 22.66 gallons per thousand of population, as compared with 13.18 gallons in Azamgarh and only 9.69 in Basti."

Page 159, line 25, alter "five" to "ten"
,, 159, ,, 25, ,, Rs. 1,280 to Rs. 1,366.
TABL.

Page 160, line 9, after "to 650" insert "since then a further reduction has taken place, and the number of shops in the district is now 638, of which 30 are to be found in the city; in Mahrajganj and Hata they number 62 and 68 respectively, but in the other tahsils they are twice as numerous."

Page 160, line 17 (at end of paragraph) after "Rs. 33,592"

\*\*Secret semicolon and add "While for the succeeding five years

\*\*Electric semicolon and add "While for the succeeding five years

\*\*Electric semicolon and add "While for the succeeding five years

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				Number of shops
City		•••		30
Gorakhpur exc	•••		102	
Padrauna		•••	•••	130
Bansgaon	•••	•••		126
Deoria	***	•••		120
Hata	,.,	•••	•••	68
Mahrajganj	•••	***		62
		Total	•••	638

# HEMP, DRUGS.

Page 160, lines 24 to 27, delete "But the . . . single year and substitute "the consumption has increased remarkably in the last few years; for the 10 years ending 1908-09 the average was only 29 maunds annually, but the corresponding figures for the next five years is no less than 83 maunds. This increase is compensated for in part by a decline in the popularity of charas; this drug was first introduced in 1879 but has never been of any great importance; its consumption has never exceeded 19 maunds in a single year in Gorakhpur, 17 maunds in Azamgarh, and 10 maunds in Basti, while the average for the five years ending 1913-14 is only four maunds annually as compared with 13 maunds in the preceding decade; charas is slightly more popular in the neighbouring districts of Basti and Azamgarh, where the annual consumption averages 10 and 17 maunds respectively."

Page 160, line 31, after "Rs. 39,777" insert semicolon and add "while for the five years ending 1913-14 the income has been no less than Rs. 69,592 and it is steadily increasing."

Page 160, line 35, (end of paragraph) insert "There are now 249 retail shops for the sale of hemp drugs."

Page 160, line 2, for "bottom for poppy" read "opium."
OPIUM.

Page 161, lines 13 and 14, delete "while the . . . Rs. 15,125" and substitute "In the succeeding decade ending with 1906-17 the corresponding figures were 41.6 maunds and Rs. 15,125,

while a further increase has since taken place, the average consumption during the seven years ending 1913-14 being 47.6 manuals annually; the receipts amounting to Rs. 19,818 during the same period, of which only Rs. 3,516 were derived from necesses fees. The consumption of opium in Gorakhpur amounts to as much as 4.32 sers per 10,000 of population, as compared with only 1.76 sers in Basti and 2.61 sers in Azamgarh."

Page 161, line 16, alter "40" to "39."

- " 161, " 29, after Gorakhpur insert "and Kauri Ram."
- " 161, lines 29 to 31, delete "The average . . . ten years and substitute" The average weight of opium produced in the district in the five years ending 1914-15 was only 683 maunds as compared with 2,451 maunds annually for the 10 years anding 1907-08."

### STAMPS.

Page 162, line 6 delete "the maximum . . . last year" and insert semicolon and substitute "For the five years ending 1913 the average was Rs. 4,94,448, the maximum being Rs. 5,78,877 in 1911."

Page 162, line 7 alter 77 to 80.

". 162, lines 26 to 28 delete "The average . . . Rs. 13,000" and substitute "The average receipts some 30 to 40 years ago were little more than Rs. 13,000; for the 10 years ending 1905-06 it was Rs. 20,552, while in the succeeding decade it had risen to Rs. 26,733."

#### INCOME-TAX.

Page 183, lines 9 and 10, delete "and in the . . . two lakhs" and substitute "And in the following decade it rose to Rs. 1,94,385, while during the five years ending 1914-15 it amounted to no less than Rs. 2,60,387, the highest figure being found in 1913-14 when the tax exceeded 3 lakhs."

Page 163, lines 13 to 15 delete "while the . . . amounts."

- " 163, " 14 to 22 " "of the tax . . . and Maharajanj" and substitute—
- "Of the tax on ordinary incomes the highest proportion is lavied in the Padrauna tabsil where there are many wealthy landlords and several European residents, Next comes the Deoria

tabili owing mainly to the extensive and growing trace it dish and grain which is carried on at Deoria and the sugar industry of Barhaj. It is followed closely by Hata, which contains the thriving towns of Rampur, Karkhanas, and Captainganj. At the bottom of the list stand the Sadar tabil excluding Gorakhpur city and Bansgaon."

## POST OFFICE.

Page 164, line 14 alter 72 to 79.

Line 15, alter 21 to 27.

- ,, 16, after sub-offices insert "and".
- " 16, alter 45 to 51.

Page 164, lines 16 and 17, delete "and five the city,' insert semicolon and substitute" Of these, two sub-offices and four branch offices are to be found in different muhallas of the city."

Page 164, line 22 alter 32 to 35.

" 164, " 29, delets "exception of . . . Tamkohi" and substitute "Exceptions of the lines from Padrauna to Kasia Tamkohi Road station to Tamkohi, Salempur to Majhauli, Deoris to Rampur, Karkhana, and Gorakhpur."

Page 164, line 32, delete "Majhauli". . .

,, 165, ,, 3, for " is now read was."

Line 5, for "is " read " was."

" 9, for "are" read "were"

Lines 18 and 19, delete: "and further . . . contemplated," insert full-stop and substitute—

"The following year the Gurkha line were made over to the police, and a recruiting depot established at Kundaghat, just beyond the Ramgarh Tal. This necessitated an extension of the notified area boundary towards the east so as to include the depot and form a sanitary buffer for its protection; advantage was taken of this opportunity to make the boundary continuous, and a further extension was made towards the north; the boundary being carried close up to the Christian village at Basharatpur. Unfortunately the boundary is to a large extent artificial, but the advisability of further extension seems doubtful. Moreover the railway settlement is included within notified area limits

though its management is quite distinct from that of the notified area and rests with the officials of the railway department."

Page 165, lines 22 to 26 delete "for the . . . annually " and substitute." For the ten years of its existence the average receipts, derived mainly from a house-tax and a conservancy-tax, have been Rs. 6,472, while the expenditure, devoted mainly to conservancy and lighting, has exceeded Rs. 6,900 annually."

Page 165, line... (at the end of paragraph) insert "The finances of both are in a very satisfactory condition, the average receipts in Deoria for seven years being Rs. 2,739 and the corresponding expenditure Rs. 2,505; while in Gaura Barhaj the average income for the six years ending 1913-14 is Rs. 11,305, and the expenses amount to only Rs. 10,212."

Page 166, line 8, add new sentence "In 1914 Act XX was replaced by Act II of that year and in 1916 this Act was extended to Captainganj."

Page 166. Revise account of D. B., giving details of establishment of Sub-Board at Kasia and Deoria.

Page 168, line 15, alter 1896-97 to 1901-02; after "onwards" insert—

"It will be seen that the highest figures were reached in 1912-13, the number of scholars being as high as 41,658, while in 1914-15 the number had sunk to 37,162. The main reason for this apparent decline is that fees were introduced in all the district board schools in 1914, and so it became no longer possible for the teachers to show an enhanced attendance by falsifying the registers. There can be no doubt the former figures were at least in part fictitious, and it is pretty certain that, in spite of the introduction of fees, the number of scholars who attend school, as distinguished from those whose names merely exist on the registers, has steadily increased. The district board has now taken over a large number of aided schools, and this, it is hoped, will give a further impetus to primary education."

Page 168, line 16,—page 169, line 28, delete the whole paragraph on schools: viz. "Following this . . . schools" and substitute—

"In table XIX of the appendix will be found a list of all the more important schools in the district for the year 1914-15, no

correct list of private schools is possible and the total number of institutions can only be roughly stated as about 600, of which 530 are managed or aided by the Government or the District or Municipal Boards, the average daily attendance for the same period is given as 25,720.

"The C. M. S., an account of whose activities in this direction has already been given, maintains several of the more important institutions.

St. Andrew's College was founded in 1901 and till 1916 it used to teach only up to the F.A. standard. Now however instruction is given up to the B. A. standard; and the college has been housed in a new double-storeyed building and a Science department will be added, as soon as finances permit. There is also a hostel in connection with the college for the convenience of students whose parents do not reside in the city.

"St. Andrew's Collegiate High School, or the Mission School as it is generally called, is a much older institution, dating back to 1838. It teaches up to the matriculation standard and has a hostel attached. The Jubilee High School was built originally as an Oriental Zilla School in 1875 and was reconstituted in 1887 as a Municipal High School. In 1907 it was handed over to the district board, but in 1910 it was converted into a provincial school under the immediate control of the Department of Public Instruction. Other English institutions in the city comprise two aided high schools, both recently founded, the Gorakhpur High School and the George Middle School, in addition to the C. M. S. Anglo Vernacular Middle School at Alinagar, in the rest of the district there is only one Government institution, the King Edward High School at Deoria, which has just been housed in a handsome building.

"There is an aided Middle School at Barhaj, while private schools teaching up to the matriculation standard exist at Lar, Bansgaon, and Dhakwa Bazar. Among other secondary schools the most important is the Government Normal School, which was opened in 1904 in a costly building on which Rs. 1,58,632 were expended, in the magnificent grounds of Mr. Bridgman's bungalow in the Turkmanpur muballa. It accommodates six teachers and 100 pupil teachers drawn from the Gorakhpur and Benare

division and from Gonda and Bahraich some 46 teachers being passed but annually after a course of two years. Attached to this training school is a large Middle Vernacular School. There are in the district 11 other combined Middle and training schools, kept up by the D.B. situated at Dumri and Minwan in the Sadar tahsil, Bausgaon, Barhalganj, and Gola in the Bansgaon tahsil, Lar, and Majhauli in the Deoria tahsil, Padrauna and Kasia in the Padrauna tahsil, and Mahrajganj and Dhanni in the Mahrajganj tahsil, there being none at all in the Hata tahsil.

"Other Middle Vernacular Schools include the Swinton Memorial School maintained by the C. M. S., a district board school at Barhai, and an aided institution at Hardia in the Sadr tahsil. The Vernacular final examination is now held at three centres in the district, the number of candidates appearing for it being about 900, a fact significant of the growth of Vernacular education of a higher order in the district. Among the primary schools 206 are managed and 232 aided by the district and municipal boards; there are also several private primary schools, such as that kept up by the Tamkohi estate, but no exact statistics of these are available. Nor is the study of other Oriental languages neglected no less than 32 Sanskrit pathshalas are aided by the district board, while there are several others which are unaided. are also several Hindi Mahajani Schools, and elementary schools for the study of Persian, Arabic, and the Quran all kept up by private subscriptions. A technical and industrial school also exists in Gorakhpur, having been founded by Government in August, 1911, when the number of students was 25. At the present time the number is 76, of whom 13 are artizans, 34 juniors, and 29 seniors. Night classes were started in 1912 for both Europeans and Indians employed in arts and trades. Thus it will be seen that, taken as a whole, the district Is now well advanced in education; much has been done, though of course much still remains to be done, especially in the case with regard to female education, the girls' schools comprise two Government institutions, 15 under the District Board, 19 aided by the District and Municipal Boards (three of which are maintained by the C. M. S. Zenana Mission) and one unaided

school, as compared with a total of 17 some eight years agg. The growing importance of Gorakhpur as an educational centre may be judged from the fact that in 1908 an inspector's circle was created with headquarters at Gorakhpur; an assistant inspector has been here since 1904 and his staff consists of one deputy and six sub-deputy inspectors of schools."

Page 169, line 28 to page 170, line 9, delete the whole paragraph "Real . . . former" and substitute—

#### " LITERACY.

"In the last few years there has been a steady increase in the total number of literates in the district. In 1872 it was calculated that barely two persons in a thousand could read and write; by 1881 the proportion had risen to 3.6 per cent. of the males and '08 of the females. Ten years later the figures were respectively 4.4 and 15 per cent., while in 1901 about 5.5 per cent. of the male, and 18 per cent. of the female, population came under this category. In 1911 a stricter literacy test was applied, the term being explained as the ability to write a letter and read the answer to it, instead of merely being able to sign one's signature, hence in 1911 only 5.6 per cent. of the male, and .3 per cent. of the female, population were returned as literate; the corresponding provincial figures were 6.1 per cent. for males and .5 per cent. for females. Comparing distribution of literacy by age-periods in 1901 and 1911 we find that the figures for the early ageperiod are stationary at 7 per mille for males; the figures for the two intermediate age-periods show slight increases, 56 males and three females per thousand of ages between 10 and 15 being literate and 81 males and five females of ages between 15 and 20; on the other hand, in the adult age-period a decrease of two per thousand is to be found, the present figures being 79 per mille for males and three for females. These figures show clearly that education has been making steady progress and also show to what extent those who had learnt in the past how to read and write had forgotten the art. The spread of education however is not very even; 57 out of every 1,000 Hindu males are literate, the figure for Mahomedans being only 11 per mille; on the other hand as

regards females the corresponding figures are two per Hindus and four for Mahomedans. A large proportion of the Kayasth communic is literate but very few Chamars are able to read and write. Instruction is almost invariably given in the Nagri character in preference to the Persian, which is used only in the towns and is for the most part confined to the Musalman element. Of the literate population excluding those who used English. 84.4 per cent. employed the Nagri and 6.1 the Persian; 8.2 per cent. were acquainted with both, 54 per cent. of whom knew Urdu better than Hindi. The figures for English education do not compare favourably with those for the rest of the province; though considerable improvement has taken place; in 1891 only five males and one female per 10,000 were literate in English; by 1901 the corresponding figures were 19 and two, while in 1911 the figures stood at 25 and two respectively as compared with 43 males and even females per 10,000 for the whole of the United Provinces."

## DISPENSARIES.

Page 171, lines 7 to 10, delete "The average... itself" and substitute "The annual attendance at this and the district board dispensaries in 1915 was 384,710, of whom nearly one-fifth were treated in Gorakhpur itself and 13 per cent. in Barhaj. There are also a varying number of travelling malaria dispensaries at which 16,593 cases were treated in 1915."

### CATTLE POUNDS.

Page 171, line 19, after "annually" insert semicolon and add "While for the five years ending 1912-13 they averaged no less than Rs. 13,188."

Page 171, line 22, alter "69" to "81".

- " 172, " 6, after "portion," insert comma and add—
- "In addition to Rs. 700 annually by granting a grazing lease for four mouths during the rains."

Page 172, line 7, alter 370.2 to 298.3.

- ,, 172, ,, 8, ,, Rs. 154 to Rs. 306.
- , 172, , 10, , 10.6 to 22.97.
- , 172, , 11, , Rs. 285 to Rs. 756-5-11.
- ,, 172, ,, 12, ,, 146.4 bighas to 91.5 acres.
- ,, 172, ,, 13, ,, Rs. 55 to Rs. 130-15-4.

## CHAPTER V.

Page 173, lines 16 to 18, delete "Whether . . . Budha" and substitute "There seems no reason to doubt that the rains a mile or so west of Kasia are those of Kusinagar, the death-place of Gautam Budha."

Page 174, line 30, insert a new paragraph-

"There are ruins of clearly Buddhist nature at Bargadhi, some 11 miles from Gorakhpur, on the Nichlaul road and old forts at Ruderpur (known as the Sahankot) and a couple of miles south of Hetimpur in the Hata tahsil, and at Loh Langri in Padrauna, about 12 miles south-east of Kasia, locally attributed to Raja Mardan Singh Kshattriya. Little or nothing seems known as to the origin of these forts but at Loh-Langri in 1917, but at the last-named a gold coin of Kamarie Gupta (414 to 455 A. D.) in excellent preservation was found."

Page 180, line 18, add an asterisk after "chieftains" and insert as a footnote—

"Some further details will be found in Mr. W. H. Moreland's article on the Agricultural Statistics of Akber's Empire. Journal of U. P. Historical Society, 11, page 36."

Page 221, line 33 page 222, line 3, delete "The residence . . . assistant" and substitute—

"If Deoria is made the headquarters of the proposed new district, extensive alterations in the Government buildings will be made."

Page 227, line 26, after "Salempur" delete "to" and for "and" read "to."

Page 227, line 28, and line 31, for "Musila" read "Khukhundu."

Page 227, line 36, delete "Nandapur" and read "Barhaj" and add-

"And a bungalow belonging to the Opium Department at Bhatpar-Rani."

Page 227, line 37, for "and" read "There are."

" 228, " 9, after "1853" insert "Like all the tahsils in the district it is much too large to be efficiently administered and various schemes to reduce it have been under consideration for many years past."

Page 233, line 24, after place insert "If however the proposed railway from Sahjanwa via Bansgaon and Gola to Barhalganj be constructed some of the prosperity may return."

Page 244, line 2, for "there are . . . celebrated "read" only manufacture worthy of note is the Gorakhpur Tanning Factory, situated about three miles from the town along the Pipraich road."

Page 244, line 16, for "Gorakhpur and Kayasth bank" read "Mufasil Bank."

Page 245, line 27, after "Sahib" add "while there is still a certain amount of private forest along the northern border of the tahsil near the Banki block of Government forest."

Page 247, line 15, "after factories at" insert "Sarhiya."

- ,, 247, ,, 28, delete, " [mainly . . . watchman."
- " 249 " 20, after "Motirani "insert "Kuraghat."
- " 249, " 25 for "Barhi" read "Gauri."
- " 249, " 30 after "previously" add "But the tahsil is still far too large for efficient administration and proposals for further sub-division are under consideration."

Page 251 (Hata), line 31, for while from . . . village read "and."

Page 234, bottom line but one, for "Tulsipur" read "thence via Tulsipur to Gonda."

Page 243, line 25, for "it has recently been proposed" read one proposal was."

Page 243, line 33, after "reduced" insert "This proposal has however been almost certainly abandoned in favour of a drainage system centering on main drain leading to the Rapti a short distance west of the junction of the Azamgarh and Basti roads, but the cost of the full scheme is prohibitive for the unaided resources of the municipality and either a less perfect and therefore less expensive scheme must be devised or else substantial help must be granted to the town."

Page 255, lines 8 and 9, delete "while . . . Goraits."

" 256, line 15, after "elsewhere" insert "While Messrs. Begg Sutherland & Co., have recently erected a large modern factory at Gauri bazar."

Page 256, line 18; for "Rudarpur . . . Category" read Rudarpur, Rampur and Captainganj alone can be described as towns."

Page 256, line 20, before "Madanpur" insert "Mathauli."

" 256, " 24, delete " practically " and after " isolated add " save for connection with the railway at Gauri Bazar."

Page 256, line 29, for Badarwar read "Bodarwar."

" 257, lines 3 and 4, for "There are . . . but read: -

"There are inspection bungalows at Hata and Sirsia, and "

Page 257, line 8, for a full-powered Deputy Collector read "the Sub-divisional Officer."

Page 260, line 1, for "Musaila" read "Khukhundu."

" 260," ,, 6, add "The village belongs to the Majhaul Estate"

Page 260, line 14, after column insert "locally known as Bhim-ki-lat."

Page 261, line 22, after "week" add "Act II of 1892 is in force"

Page 266 at end of article on Khampar add "Running almost due west from the police-station is a long embankment constructed originally to regulate the floods of the Khanua and to afford access to the Indigo Factory formerly at Khunia on the bank of that stream. It has been breached in several places and though its repair has been mooted more than once it is at least doubtful whether on the whole such repair would not do more harm than good."

Page 266, lines 32 and 33, delete "lower" and add after "School" Act II of 1892 is in force."

Page 269, line 5, after " 1856 " insert (new Act II of 1914)."

" 271, " 18, delete "practically."

" 274, " 15 and 16, delete "almost . . . goruits."

" 276, " 17, after Padrauna add -

"There will however be considerable improvement shortly by the construction of a line from Captainganj via Maharajganj to Pharenda and thence to Nautanwa with another branch from Maharajganj to Thuthibari."

Page 276, lines 17 to 19, for "There are no metalled roads . . . Bridgmanganj "read—

"There is a metalled road from Ghugli railway station to Mahrajganj, and the road from Gorakhpur to Nitchlaul is being metalled as far as Shikarpur where it intersects this road. Otherwise the only metalled roads in the tahsil are the short one from Lehra railway station to the Park house and on to Bridgmanganj and its railway station, and stort lengths connecting Peppiganj and Siswa Bazar with their respective railway stations."

Page 276, line 22, delets "Gorakhpur through" and for "and" read "through."

Page 276, lines 29 and 30, delete" whence . . . station, and substitute "and thence to Senduria."

Page 276, lines 35 to 38, delete "in the North-West... Binayakpur" and read "A second class road has been constructed from Bridgmanganj and Nautanwa and a sixth class road thence to Thuthibari. There are also a considerable number of roads maintained by the Forest department."

Page 276, last line, to page 277, line 7, dele'e "There is . . . and numerous," and substitute "There are inspection bungalows belonging to the district board at Maharajganj, Siswa Bazar, and Nautanwa and a small hut at Lalpur. There are also several."

Page 277, line 8, delete "Samra."

- " 277, " 9, for " Paisia " read " Naikot."
- " 277, " 10, after " Padrauna " insert " and that of Pepiganj into Gorakhpur."

Page 277, line 11, after tabsil, add "while part of the south-east of the tabsil lies in Mansurganj in Hata."

Page 277, line 22, after "hills" insert "The tahsil is far too large for efficient administration and proposals have been long under consideration for sub-dividing it into two, the headquarters of the second portion to be at Pharenda."

Page 280, line 4, after "South" insert "the railway station (on the Captainganj-Saran Branch) lies immediately south of Padrauna proper."

Page 280, lines 26 to 28, delete "but have . . . Naib-Tahsildar" and substitute "but are to be shortly replaced by a new building situated nearer the railway station.

Page 282, line 16, after "Kasia" insert "Most of the small lakes betray their origin by their shape, which clearly shows them to be portions of the beds of stream frequently loops cut off by the stream that formed that cutting across the base of the loops, such a lake is locally known as a 'Man."

Page 286, line 30, after "cultivation" insert "The U. P. Sugar Company has its large factory with up-to-date machinery close to Tamkohi road railway station, otherwise."

Page 286, line 31, after "Sugar" insert "(In country fashion.)"

Page 286, line 36, delete "an inspection . . . Kasia" and substitute "There are inspection bungalows at Kasia and Padrauna."

Page 288, lines 2 and 3, delete "While Padrauna."

Page 288, line 4, delete "The Tahsil . . . 10 Bishahpura" and substitute —

"The tahsil forms part of the Deoria, Kasia sub-division, and is in the immediate charge of a Deputy Collector called the Parganah Officer with headquarters at Kasia. At the present time there are two honorary magistrates, viz., the Raja Bahadur of Padrauna with 2nd class powers in police circles of Padrauna and Ramkola and his agent, Molvi Mohamad Akram, exercising III class powers within those portions of thanas, Kothibhar or Biraicha which lie in Padrauna, tahsil and tappa Bansi Chirgora of thana Padrauna. There is also a bench of honorary magistrates consisting of the Rajas of Tamkohi and Salemgarh, the Hon'ble Mr. F. Mackinnon and Mr. R. Macrai, who sit at Tamkohi and exercise 2nd class powers."

Page 288, lines 9 and 13, for "Ghazipur" read "Fazilnagar."

" 288, bottom line, after "corner" insert "There are also extensive remains of an old fort at Loh Langri 12 miles E. S. E. of Kasia; locally attributed to Raja Mardan Singh Kehattriya."

Page 291, line 1, add after "Musalman" "Act II of 1892 is inforce."

Page 293, line 16, after "encamping ground" insert "And the railway station is close by."

Page 294, line 2, after "1856" insert "(new Act II of 1914)."

Page 294, line 21, delete "Regauli... School" and substitute"—"It is however together with the pound and post office bearing the name of Rigauli situated in mauza Mirhiria a full mile N.-W. of Rigauli in which alone the primary school actually is."

Page 294, line 32, delete "Dhara near."

" 294, " 33, after "north" insert "Which passes through Gauri Bazar the nearest railway station and distant 11 miles from Rudarpur."

Page 295, line 3, after "district" insert "though if the proposed line from Barhaj through Rudarpur to Gauri Bazar be made, its prosperity should revive."

Page 297, line 3, after "attention" insert "To prevent confusion with Rudarpur, the police-station here is officially known as Khajni."

Page 297, line 28, delete "The two . . . to" and substitute "A metalled road connects Majhauli with."

Page 297, line 30, delete "from Saleempur."

,. 297, ,, 36, ,, " and the Raja . . . . in" and substitute " The family residence being."

Page 299, line 14, after "village" insert "and only Act II of 1892 is now in force." Delete article on Semra, incorporating pertinent part in article on Purenderpur."

Page 300, line 31, after "built" insert "The chief markets and the road thereto from the railway station have recently been metalled."

Page 303, line 4, after "1858" insert "(new Act 11 of 1914)."

Page 303, line 11 after "staff" insert "There are a post office, primary school, and inspection bungalow here and the police-station and pound at Kothibhar are one mile south of the town."

Page 304, line 26, after "84°11' E." insert "It is four miles from the Tamkohi road railway station and is."

Page 305, line 13, after "Great Gandak" insert "and close to the railway station bearing its name."

Page 305, line 14, for "being off-but" read "it."

# Pige 305, line 15, for "while it" read "and."

" 307, " 22, after "Thuthibari" delete "Possesses" police station" and insert "Formerly contained a police station but this has now been replaced by an outpost; it also possesses."

## ANWA KHAS.

Page 199, line 12, delete "and."

" 199 " 13, " "while . . . Musalmans" and substitute "And to 8,918 in 1901, in 1911 it had decreased to 7,330, of whom 1,200 were Musalmans."

Page 299, line 13, delete "The area . . . Rs. 5,575" and substitute "The area is 6,499 acres, while the revenue demand is only Rs. 6,598."

## BAIKUNTPUR

Page 199, line 27, alter "1063" "to 1196."

,, 200, ,, 11, ,, "is now erecting" to "has recently erected."

Page 200, line 11, after the articles insert -

"One on Bankata railway station on the main line of the B. N.-W. railway. For Jaiptipur."

# BANSGAON.

Page 200, line 20, after "Rudrapur," insert "which was metalled as far as Bansgaon in 1912."

Page 200, lines 34 to 31, delete "though by ... 710 souls" insert semicolon, and substitute "In 1901 the total fell to 5,744, but has risen again since and in 1911 it numbered 6,589 souls, of whom 611 were Musalmans."

Page 200, lines 36 and 37, delete "This figure . . . 719 souls."

Page 201, line 2, after "1858" add "Act II of 1892 only being in force."

Page 201, lines 4 to 6, delete "and are now accommodation for the dispensary" and substitute "and were for some years used for a dispensary, started in 1907, but have since been abandoned as they were built of mud, were in poor repair; a new dispensary being erected in 1915."

Page 201, line 11, delete "With a court room."

" 201, " 13, after "post office" insert "A girls' school managed by Government."

Page 201, line 16, after boards house" insert "Anew building is being erected at a cost of Rs. 10,000."

Page 201, line 18, alter 668 to 1,144.

, 201 ,, 19, ,, Rs. 556 to Rs. 1,365.

BANSGAON TAHSIL.

Page 201, line 28, alter 357, 867 to 354,686.

- ,, 201 ,, 28, ,, 559·1 to 554·2.
- , 203 , 5, , 255, 537 to 260, 203.
- ,, 203 ,, 5, ,, 71 to 73.36.
- . 203 .. 6, .. 51,391 to 48,359.
- " 203 " 8, " 12,283 to 11,096.
- ,, 203 , 13, ,, 13,227 to 12,938.
- ,, 203 ,, 13, ,, 3·7 to 3·65.
- , 203 , 19. , 9,295 to 8,046.
- ,, 203 ,, 19, ,, 16,501 to 15,315.
- " 203 ,, 20, ,, 11316 to 11,818.
- ,, 203 ,, 26, ,, 116,581 to 100,989.
- , 203 , 27, , 45.7 to 38.8.
- ,, 203 ,, 34, ,, 197,233 to 186,140, 181,209 to 142,219.
- ,, 203 ,, 35, ,, 1906-07 to 1912-13.

Page 203, lines 35 and 36, delete "in the exceeding... drought," alter 61,030 to 69,730.

Page 203, line last, alter "less than one-fourth" to "26.8 per cent."

Page 204, line 3, alter "about" to "nearly."

" 204, lines 17 and 18, alter "and than arhar... crops" to and the combination of Kodon with arhar.

Page 204, line 24, alter "1907-08" to "1914-15," 265,652 to 289,249."

Page 204, line 25, alter 43.62 to 44.71.

- ,, 204, ,, 30, ,, 26.72 to 24.74.
- " 204, " 31, " 26.75 to 27.32.
- , 204, , 32, , 54 to 9.
- ., 204, , 33, , 3.53 to 4.06, 3.32 to 4.30.
- ,, 205, ,, 1, ,, 33,828 to 28,538, 12·43 to 10·0. ,, 205, ,, 2, ,, 3·91 to 4·52.
- ,, 205, ,, 8, ,, 1907 to 1915, 90,730 to 145,481.
- " 205, " 14, " 3,059 to 3,042, 386 to 247.

Page 205, line 15, alter 2,673 to 2,795.

- ,, 205, ,, 21, ,, 145 to 226.
- ,, 205, ,, 22, ,, 7,105 to 9,478.
- " 205, " 24, " 40 to 34, 6,150 to 5,768.
- ,, 205, ,, 25, ,, 15 to 27, 1,311 to 1,996, 67 to 73.
- ,, 205, ,, 26, ,, 9,800 to 10,948.
- " 205, " 28, " 6,771 to 3,594 delete " now managed . . . wards."

Page 205, line 29, alter 63 to 60.

- , 205, , 30, , 6,589 to 3,161.
- ,, 205, ,, 31, ,, 3,089 to 3,261, 50 to 51.
- ,, 205, ,, 32, ,, 18 to 33.
- , 205, , 33, , 4,954 to 5,571.
- · ,, 206, ,, 1, delete " of whom . . . females."
- ,, 206, lines 2 to 17, delete "since that date...
  5,000" and substitute "In 1904 a tract with a population of
  13,389 was transferred to Azamgarh; hence the census of 1911
  showed a further decrease, the population being 428,893, of
  whom 216,229 were females. That this decrease is purely nominal is shown by the fact that the average density has increased
  from 758 to 774 to the square mile; classified according
  to religions there are 402,364 Hindus, 26,362 Musalmans,
  146 Aryas, and 27 Sikhs. In view of its past history it is but
  natural that the Musalman element should be far less numerous
  both absolutely and relatively than in any other part of the
  district. Of the total population 16,975 males are literate and
  only 842 females, giving a percentage of 7.98 for males which is
  the highest in the district and of only 39 for females."

Page 207, line 4, after "Gajpur" insert (the part between Bansgaon and Kauri Ram being metalled).

Page 207, line 7, after "Gagha" insert "Communications are further and to a great degree hindered by the almost total absence of village cart-tracks owing to almost all such having been ploughed up and included in the fields between which they formerly passed."

Page 207, line 8, after "bungalow of" insert Bansgaon.

,, 207, ,, 15, delete, "but the work . . . second officer" and substitute "Assisted by a second deputy collector.

It has been under consideration many years to establish a new tabil at Barhalganj to consist of the southern portion of the present tabil which is far too large for a single charge."

## BANSGAON.

Page 207, lines 35 and 36, delete "while in 1901... 709 Musalmans" and substitute "Since then it has been decreasing, the total in 1901 being 5,009 and in 1911 only 4,685 including 629 Musalmans."

## BARHAJ.

Page 209, lines 8 to 10, delete "though subsequent... Musalmans" insert semicolon, and substitute "Since then there has been a steady decline, the total falling to 11,421 in 1891, to 10,054 in 1901 and only 7,215 in 1911 including 1,274 Musalmans."

Page 209, line 16, delete "including 545 Musalmans" insert semicolon and substitute "In 1911 the population was only 5,211, of whom 466 were Musalmans."

Page 209, line 20, alter 1,500 to 1,567, 245 to 241.

" 210, lines 6 to 8, delete "the Raja... already much" and substitute "The Court of Wards on behalf of the Majhauli estate contributes a sum of Rs. 6,200 annually so that, with the house and conservancy taxes, the average annual income during the past five years has been Rs. 12,433. The annual expenditure during the same period has been Rs. 10,914, the closing balance at the end of the year 1915-16, being Rs. 10,343. Much..."

Page 210, line 30, after 1856 insert "on its successor or Act II of 1914."

Page 210, line 36, alter 1908 to 1915.

- " 2:0, " 37, " 1636 to 1214, 467 to 443.
- ,. 210, ,, last, delete "and the average . . .

Rs. 1,200" and substitute" And the income from the house tax amounted to Rs. 1,198."

Page 211, line 2, alter 2-9-1 to 2-7-8.

- " 211, " 3, " 0-3-8 to 0-5-4.
- " 211, " 4, delete "including . . . balance."
- " 211, " 5, alter Rs. 2,702 to Rs. 1,515.
- , 211, , 6, , "Rs. 2,095" to "Rs. 1,396."

Page 211, line 6, alter "Rs. 562" to "Rs. 560."

" 211, " 14 and 15, delete "again... Musalmans" and substitute "It has since steadily declined, dropping to 5,682 in 1891, 5,181 in 1901, and only 3,651, in 1911 including 1,032 Musalmans."

Page 211, line 16, alter 786 to 538.

" 212, " 8, delete "though still."

#### BARRIT.

Page 211, line 8, delete "though still known by the name of Barhi."

Page 211, line 20, after "south" insert "and should improve if the proposed railway from Sahjanwa via Bansgaon and Gola is ever made."

Page 211, line 13, for "up which . . . passes" read "which appears likely before long to become the main stream of the Rapti"

Page 212, line 16, alter "an aided" to "a"

, 212, , 16, , 1.423 to 1275.

" 212, " 16, after "Jungle" insert "The area of the mauza is 2,287 acres and the revenue demand is Rs. 409."

Page 212, line 9, for "some there" read "several."

## BELGHAT.

Page 213, line 16, alter 1,500 to 1,443.

" 213, " 16, " 607 to **6**13.

BELIPAR.

Page 213, line 19, alter 1.901 to 1,911.

,, 213, ,, 19, ,, 958 to 07.

# BRIDGMANGANJ.

Page 218, lines 13 and 14, delete "and has since . . . extent" and substitute "but by 1911 it had risen to 5,436, of whom 795 were Musalmans. The mauzas of Bela Haraiya Mathura, and Shahabad now form suburbs of Bridgmanganj. The area of the village is 3,141 acres."

Page 218, line 15, altar "a lower" to "an upper."

#### CAPTAINGANJ.

Page 218, lines 31 to 33, delete "and by the ... of trade" and substitute" and by 1901 it had risen to 3,946; but the advent

of the railway and the consequent expansion of trade has caused the population to increase still further; in 1911 it numbered 4,569, of whom 813 were Musalmans."

Page 218, lines 34 and 35, delete "but this has... in Saran" and substitute "but this has practically disappeared since the completion of the railway lines from Captainganj to Siswa Bazar and thence to Bagaha on the one hand, and from Captainganj to Padrauna and thence to Thawe in Saran on the other."

Page 219, line 4, after "school" insert "for boys' and girls' school."

Page 219, line 6, alter 1,635 to 1591.

- ,, 219, ,, 10, ,, 285 to 787.
- " 219, " 10, at end of paragraph add "The village adminstered under Act 11 of 1898."

## CHAURI CHAURA.

Page 219, line 18, alter 306 to 301.

- ,. 219, ,, 19, ,, 900 to 1,326.
- ,, 219, ,, 25, after "oil" insert "at Saraya."
- ,, 219 ,, 36, alter "an aided " to "a."

# BHAGALPUR.

Page 214, line 6, alter 1887 to 2,168.

" 214, " 8, " 930 to 623.

#### BHAWAPAR.

Page 2.4, line 26, alter 3,531 to 3,601.

,, 215, ,, 3, delete "and an upper primary school and a Sanskrit pathshala."

Page 215, line 14, alter 87,787 to 88,205.

- " 215, " 14, " 137·1 to 137·8.
- ,, 215, ,, 14, ,, 28,916 to 39,360.
- , 215, , 14, , 60.8 to 61.5.
- ,, 215, ,, 14, ,, 68,871 to 48,845.
- .. 215, , 14, , 76·3 to 76·32.

Page 215, lines 20 to 30, delete "giving an average.. mile" and substitute "in 1911 this had decreased to 51,882, giving an average density of 844 to the square mile."

Page 215, lines 31 to 35. delete "though at the last.. mile" and substitute "since then there has been a decline, the

population in 1901, being 62,447 and in 1911 only 54,312, which gives a mean density of 712 to the square mile."

## BINAYAKPUR.

Page 216, line 25, after "mile" insert "At the last census in 1911 the population was 61,258, giving an average density of 442 persons to the square mile."

## BIRAICHA.

Page 217, line 23, after 833 to 888.

" 217, lines 24, to 25 delete" a post office.. school" and substitute" and a post office."

## BIRHANPURA

Page 217, line 34, alter 1,113 to 1,105,

,, 217, ,, 34, last, alter 845 to 842.

## CHILLUPAR.

Page 220, line 11, alter 65,944 to 65,377.

,, 220, ,, 11, ,, 103 03 to 102·15.

" 220, lines 20 to 22, delete" the density.. since 1891" and substitute "and in 1911 it decreased again to 65,204, the density averaging 638 to the square mile."

## DEORIA.

Page 221, lines 15 to 18, delete "and though. in 1905" and substitute "and though in 1901 it had dropped to 2,151, there was a considerable increase in subsequent years, due more especially to the constitution of the Deoria sub-division in 1905 and in 1911 it numbered 3,339. It is likely to increase still more rapidly in the near future, for it will shortly be made the head-quarters of a new district formed out of the eastern half of Gorakhpur comprising the tahsils of Deoria, Hata, and Padrauna."

Page 221, lines 24-28, delete "It has (more) . . wet years.".

- " 221, line 34, atter "an Anglo-Vernacular" to "a high."
- " 221, ,, 35 delete "The residence . . assistant."
- ,, 222, lines 13 to 17, delete "During the first . . .

Rs. 1,469" and substitute" During the last five years the increase, derived chiefly from house and conservancy taxes, amounted to Rs. 4,295, while the expenditure on conservancy, lighting, and other improvements was Rs. 4,192, the closing balance at the end of the year 1915-16, being Rs. 2,248-11-3."

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Page 223, line 11, alter 3272,277 to 373,058, 581.6 to
582.9.
    Page 224, line 6, alter 1907-08 to 1912-13.
         224. . 7. ..
                          291590 to 294,353 78.3 to 78.9.
      ,, 224, ,, 12, ,,
                          86,695 to 85,142.
     ·,, 224, ,, 12, ,,
                          86,695 to 85, 142.
                          29.4 to 29.
         224, ,, 14 ,,
                          36,174 to 38,096, 19,022 to 19,590.
                          12.045 to 11.878.
         224, ,, 18
                         44,513 to 40,608, 9.335 to 8.832,
         224, ,, 20
                     ,, 12,307 to 12,669, 3.4 to 3.29.
         224, , 29
                         147,231 to 153,591.
                     ٠.
         224, ,, 30
                     ,, 50·15 to 52·15.
         224, ,, 36
                         189,394 to 190,130, 184,428 to 184,638.
                     , 28 to 33.7.
         225, ., 2
                         9.3 to 7.25.
         225, 1, 12
         225, ,, 21, ,,
                         two fifths to half.
         225, , 23
                         one-fourth to 28 per cent.
             ,, 28
         225,
                         2.7 to 17.
         225, , 30
                         1907-08 to 1914-15, 310,410 to
                         312,088.
                    ,, 34.95 to 35.58.
         225, ,, 31
        225, , 33
                         35.7 to 33.79.
                    ٠,
        225,
              . 34
                         26.76 to 27.22.
                    ,,
              .. 35
        225
                         ·64 to ·69.
        226, line 4, alter 1907-08 to 1914-15, 3.70 to 3.95, 3.93
to 4.20.
   Page 226, lines 4 and 5, delete "the incidence . . . . . . .
district."
   Page 226, line 6, alter 63058 to 26,164.
     " 226, " 7, " 4.15 to 4.83 delete "again."
        226, , 10, , 2,744 to 2,745.
                          24.81 to 2,482.
     ., 226, , 11, after "bhaiyachara" inscrt "while the
number of malguzare is 84,130."
   Page 226, line 14, alter 94 to 97 Rs. 39,235 to Rs. 43,652.
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226, lines 15 to 18" the Pandes . . . . . 41 villages." and substitute "Pandit Ram Ghulam Dube of Barkagaon, who

owns 36 villages assessed at Rs. 6,015 and Janki Parshad of Saraya, who pays Rs. 6,767 on a property of 52 villages."

Page 226, lines 25 to 36, delete "of whom . . . Pathans" and substitute—

"In 1919, however, the population had again increased to 513,007, of whom 255,794 were females, the average density being 880 to the square mile. This total consisted of 471,240 Hindus, 41,100 Musalmans, 640 Aryas, 23 Christians, 3 Jains, and one Parsee. Of the total population 18,270 males, or 7·1 per cent. and 970 females, or ·38 per cent. were literate."

## DHAKWA BAZAR.

Page 229, line 6, alter 260 to 259.

- ,, 229, ,, 7 ,, 150 to 154.
- ,, 228, , 8 ,, 1,298 to 1243.
- ,, 229, ,, 9 ,, delete "a lower . . . , a mosque" and substitute "an upper primary school, a private English school, a Sanskrit path hala, two temples, and a mosque."

Page 229, line 30, delete "at the last census" and substitute "In 1901, though it has since decreased, in 1911 it was only 85,741.

Page 229, line 32, after "school" insert "With a training class attached to it, a girls' school a Sanskrit pathshala."

## DHURIAPAR.

Page 230, line 8, alter 104 to 112.

- .. 230, ,, 9, ,, 617 to 630.
- ,, 230, ,, 19, ,, 173,555 to 170,262.
- ,, 230, ,, 20, ,, 271·1 to 266·03.
- , 230, .,, 26 to 3), delete "and at the . . . square mile" and substitute "but since then it has increased again; and in spite of the fact that in 1904 a tract of 67 square miles on the south bank of the Ghagra containing a population of 13,389 persons was transferred to the Azamgarh district, the population in 1911 was 212,663, so that the average density is 799 to the square nile."

#### DUMRI.

Page 231 line, 20, alter 2139 to 2509, after "Mutiny" delete he rest and insert—

"In 1912, however, the estate was partitioned, Dumri remained



These figures must however be accepted with some reserve; as many of the city people had migrated temporarily to the villages at the time of census owing to the prevalence of plague; at any rate the present population appears to be nearer 60,000 than 50,000. Of the recorded number, 30,794 were Hindus 17,001 Musalmans, 280 Christians, 203 Aryas, and 65 of other religions."

Page 235, line . . . alter 34 to 35.

, 235, , 6, end of paragraph insert-

"The population of the notified area was 8,534, of whom only 2,960 were females; it included 6,433 Hindus, 1,490 Musalmans, and 574 Christians."

Page 240, lines 13 to 15, delete "It is at present . . . long."

" 240, line 18, delete "which have recently been" and substitute—

" which, together with the site of the old jail have been."

Page 242, line 13, delete "The latter also contains" and substitute—

"The handsome new College building stands at the eastern end of that compound, which contains the two houses of the missionaries and college staff."

Page 242, lines 26 and 27, alter "at present serving as temporary" to "now used as."

Page 242, lines 28 and 29, alter "is to be" to "has been."

,, 242, line 30, ,, "extremity" to "part."

", 243, lines 7 and 8, " "which it is . . . area" to, which were included within the limits of the notified area in 1909."

GORAKHPUR TAHSIL.

Page 244, line 28, alter 4,17,071 to 4,17,565.

,, 244, ,, 29, ,, 6,516 to 6,524.

,, 246, ,, 3, ,, 1907.08 to 1912.13.

, 246, , 3, , 306,561 to 3,15,109.

,, 246, ,, 4 ,, 73.5 to 74.4.

, 246, ,, 5 ,, 39,669 to 28,260.

,, 246, ,, 6 ,, 23,386 to 21,690.

,, 246, ,, 7 ,, 14,312 to 14,375.

, 246, ,, 8 ,, 70,841 to 64,197.

, 246, , 9 , 11,914 to 9 264.

, 246, , 9 , 9,874 to 9,782.

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Page 246, line 10, alter 2.3 to 2.34.
         246, , 11, , 4.02 to 3.89,
        246, 16, 20.579 to 17.999.
        246, ,, 17, ,, 28,579 to 27,152.
        246, ,, 19, ,, 116,231 to 108,039.
        246, , 19, , 36.6 to 34.5,
        246, ,
                 20, " " nearly one-half" to "40 per cent."
        246, ,, 26, ,, 219,164 to 213,478,
        246, ,, 27, ,, 181,900 to 191,369.
        246, lines 27 to 29, delete "These figures . . drought."
        246, line 30, alter 92,527 to 93,955.
       246, ,, ,, 30·2 to 29·5.
        246, 32 delete "while in ' low lands."
        246, ,, 33. alter,, 57 to 53.3.
   Page 247, lines 2 to 4, delete "Next comes . everywhere"
and substitute-
   "Next comes grain, which by itself or in combination consti-
tute 19 per cent. of the rabi; while peas either alone or mixed
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with barley cover 13.4 per cent, of the spring harvest,"

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Page 247, line 10, alter 60 to 54.
     247, ,,
             12, ,, 20 to 23.4.
             23, ,, 1907-08 to 1914-15.
     247, ,,
    247, ,,
             23, ,, 320,669 to 326,685.
     247, ,
             24, , 23.41 to 24.51.
    247, ,
             26, , 34·11 to 31·45.
    247, "
             25, , 40.8 to 42.25.
    247, ,,
             27, ... ·33 to ·47.
    247, ,,
             27, " 1.35 to 1.33.
             32, ,, 3.59 to 3.67.
    247, ,,
             33, , 3.49 to 3.78.
     247, ,,
     247, ,,
             32, ,, 3.7 to 4.04.
    247, ,,
             34, ,, 29,973 to 24,791.
     247, ,,
             34, ,, 9.4 to 7.59.
    245, 34, 2,467 to 2,480.
     245, ,, 34, ,, 582 to 737.
     245 ,,,
             34, , 1,885 to 1,743.
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Lice 5, after "pattidari" insert "while the number of malguzars is 48.7 57."

Page 248, line 9, delete "that of Domri . . . Rs. 15,429. and substitute "those of Sardar Umrao Singh of Domri comprising 31 villages with a revenue demand of Rs. 9,817 and of Sardar Sundar Singh of Saraya, which comprises 25 villages paying a revenue of Rs. 10,278"

Page 248, line 10, alter 37 to 43.

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, 248, , 10 , 9.883 to 12,639.
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,, 248, ,, 11 ,, 5,067 to 6,752.

... 248, .. 12 .. 34 to 45.

" 248, " 13 " 11,197 to 11,594.

., 248, ,, 13 ,, 29 to 32.

, 243, , 14 , 12,719 to 10,133.

248, ,, 16 ,, "Kishun Kishore Chand" to "Krishna Kishore Chandra of Sarahri."

,, 248, ,, 16 ,, 21 to 22.

,, 248, ,, 17 ,, 22 to 40.

, 248, , 18 , 29 to 27.

, 248, , 18 , 31 to 27.

,, 248, lines .23 to 37, delete "including 2,46.130... members" and substitute—

"In the next decade the population increased very rapidly and in 1911 it was 533,613 including 263,043 temales with an average density of 818 persons to the square mile, a remarkably high figure considering the still large extent of forest. The total consisted of 485,715 Hindus, 46,013 Musalmans, 1,511 Christians, 300 Arayas, 52 Jains, 24 Sikhs, six Jews, and 2 Parsis. Only 20,815 males, or 7.69 per cent. are literate, though the figures for literacy among females are higher than in the rest of the district, being 1,710 in all or .65 per cent."

Page 249, line 24, delete "new branch to Bagaha" and substitute "branch line to Captainganj."

Page 249, lines 33 and 34, delete "as far as . . - . treated."

HASANPUR MAGHAR.

Page 250, line last, alter 74,071 to 74,603.

", ", ", 115.71 to 116.6.

" 251, " 10, delete "which gives . • mile" insert semicolon substitute "by 1911 however the population had

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again increased to 91,559 giving an average density of 785 to the square mile."
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## HATA.

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Page 251, line 33, alter 1,762 to 1,902.
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,, 251, ,, 35, ,, Rs. 820 to Rs. 827.

### HATA TARSIL

Page 252, line 16, alter 365,714 to 365,864.

" 262, " 16, " 571·4 to 571·66.

" 253, " 27, " 1907-08 to 1912-13.

253, ,, 28, ,, 296,490 to 301,990.

,, 253, ., 28, ,, 81.06 to 82.3.

,, 253, ,, 30, ,, 26.061 to 25,690.

, 253, ., 30, , 12,309 to 11,700.

, 253, , 31, , 11,860 to 11,933.

,, 253, ,, 32, ,, 1,892 to 2,057.

, 253, ,, 33, ,, 43,190 to 38,161.

, 253, , 34, , 8,248 to 8,491.

, 253, , 33, , 2·2 to 2·32.

,, 253, ,, 35, ,, 9,760 to 8,399,

,, 254, ,, 1, ,, 141,076 to 143,261.

254, ,, 2, ,, 47.6 to 47.4.

,, 254, ,, 9, ,, 217,179 to 224,195.

, 254, , 10, , 180,106 to 184 305.

" 254, lines 10 to 13, delete "These figures . . . drought" alter 100,924 to 107,968, after "occupancy" insert "over," delete "next comes . . . by itself, "and substitute—

"Next comes kodon both alone and in combination with arhar."

Page 254, line 27, alter 10.7 to 11.2

,, 255, ,, 4, ,, 1907-08 to 1914-15.

, 255, ,, 4, ,, 311,439 to 314,788.

, 255, , 5, , 21.68 to 22.17. , 255, , 7, , 40.71 to 38.88.

.. 255, .. 7, .. 35.73 to 36.89.

" 255, " 8, " ·55 to ·72.

, 255, ,, 8, ,, 3.49 to 3.32.

, 255, ,, 8, ,, 3·19 to 3·45.

255, , 17, , 51,495 to 42,855.

Page 255, line 17, alter 10.5 to 13.61.

- " 255, " 18, " 3·74 to 3·8.
- ,, 255, ,, 22, ,, 2,096 to 2,006.
- , 255, ,, 23, ,, 628 to 171.
- , 255, , 23, , 1,458 to 1,835.
- ,, 255, ,, 29, ,, 42 to 405.
- " 255, " 30, delete" but in 1901 . . . Pathans" ar substitute—

"In 1901 a slight decline was observed, the total bein 428,846; in the succeeding decade however the populatio increased with remarkable rapidity, being 471,425 in 1911 including 234,387 females, giving an average density of 825 to the square mile which is the highest for any individual tahsi in this district. Of the total number 430,924 were Hindue, 40,485 Musalmans, eight Sikhs, five Christians, and three Aryas. From the point of view of literacy, this tahsil is rather backward, only 11,487 males and 370 females being recorded as literate, giving a percentage of 4.89 for males and only '11 for females."

Page 256, lines 27 and 28, delete "Through the north... Captainganj" and substitute—

"Through the north runs the railway line to Captainganj, with a station at Bodarwar, and thence one branch goes north to Bagaha and the other east to Padrauna and Thawe."

Page 256, line 29, delete "road is that" and substitute

"Roads are that from Gorakhpur to Kasia crossing the Gandak by a fine new bridge at Hetimpur and that . . . "

Page 256, line 33, delete "to Hata and Kasia on the east."

" 256, " 35, alter " fourth " to " third."

## PARGANA HAVELI.

Page 257, line 32, alter 917,303 to 917,279.

- , 257, , 32, 1,433·29 to 1433·25.
- " 258, " 7, delete "which gives . . . mile," and substitute—
- "While at the last census the population was no less than 938,064, an increase of over 15 per cent. in 10 years, the average density is however only 654 to the square mile."

Page 258, line 11, alter 303,597 to 303,602.

" 258, " 16 and 17 delete" while at the . . . of 751" and substitute—

"In 1901 it had increased to 356,374 and in 1911 to 390,172 with a mean density of 882 to the square mile."

Page 258, line 23, alter 101,665 to 101,664.

- " 258, lines 25 to 27, delete" though in 1901. . mile" and substitute—
- "And though in 1901 the total fell to 95,991, it has since increased to 113,956, giving an average of 717 to the square mile."

Page 258, line 30, alter 512,041 to 512,013.

- , 258, , 30, dele "495, mile" and substitute . . .
- "The census of 1911 however showed an increase of over 21 per cent., the population being 433,936 or 452 to the square mile."

## KAHAON.

Page 260, line 6, alter 523 to 540.

## KASIA.

Page 261, lines 6 to 10, delete "An unmetalled road... southwards" and substitute—

"A metalled road now connects Gorakhpur with Kasia, though its continuation to Babhnauli and Pipraghat is still unmetalled. Another metalled road now runs from Padrauna through Kasia to Deoria and Barhaj."

Page 261, line 12, alter 1,723 to 2,033.

,, 261, ,, 13, ,, Rs. 551 to Rs. 545.

#### KAURI RAM.

Page 266, line 2, delete "unmetalled. . . Gola" and substitute—

"A metalled road leads west to Bansgaon while unmetalled roads radiate to Gola..."

Page 266, line 4, alter 166 to 174.

- ,, 266, ,, 5, ,, Rs. 235 to Rs. 242.
- " 266, " 6, delete " a police outpost."

#### Кнамрав.

Page 266, line 15, alter 2,334 to 2,385.

- " 266, " 16, " Rs. 2,680 to Rs. 2,675.
- " 266, lines 18 to 21, delete "The police station. . . itself" and substitute "There is also a police station at Khampar."

## KHUKHUNDU.

Page 266, line 29, alter 2,475 to 2 363.

, 266, , 30, , 1,000 to 998.

, 266, , 30, , 1,200 to 1,217.

,, 266, ,, 32, ,, "a lower," to "an upper."

## Котнівнав.

Page 268, line 5, alter 551 to 745.

, 266, , 6, , 327 to 323.

LAR.

Page 268, line 22, delete "though at . . . Musalmans" insert semicolon and substitute -

"Since then however there has been a slight decline, and the population in 1901 numbered 7,305, while at the last census it was only 6,755, of whom 2,740 were Musalmans."

Page 269, line 1, delete and a middle. . . attached," and substitute -

"A cattle pound, a private Anglo-vernacular school, a middle vernacular school with a training class for teachers attached to it, and a girls' school."

Page 269, line 5, alter 1,505 to 1,350

,, 269, ,, 6, ,, 1907-08 to 1915.

, 269, , 6, , 605 to 604.

,, 269, ,, 7, ,, Rs. 965 to Rs. 1,004-8-0.

, 269, ,, 7, ,, Re. 1-7-7 to Re. 1-10-8.

, 269, ,, 8, ,, Re. 0-2-1 to Re. 0-2-5.

" 269, lines 8 and 9, delete 'these rates . . . district "

,, 269, ,, 8 and 9, alter Rs. 1,171 to Rs. 1,095-11 0.

,, 269, ,, 8 and 9, ,, 1,022 to 1,340.

" 269, line 29, after constructed add-

"At the last census the population was 1,269 souls. Lehra now possesses an aided lower primary school."

#### MAHARAJGANJ.

Page 269, line 4, delete "with which . . . route" insert semicolon and substitute—

"It is connected by a metalled road with the railway station at Ghughli on the line to Siswa Bazar and Bagaha; this road is crossed at Shikarpur at a distance of four miles from Maharajganj, by the unmetalled road from Gorakhpur to Nichlaul. It is now proposed to construct a railway line from Ghughli through Maharajganj to Padrauna on the Uska branch."

Page 270, lines 8 to 11, delete "formerly . . . . suggested" and substitute—

"It also contains a middle vernacular school to which a training class for teachers is attached."

Page 270, line 12, alter 1,738 to 2,212.

, 270 , 12, , 1901 to 1911.

270 , 13, , Rs. 960 to Rs. 946.

MAHARAJGANJ TAHSIL.

Page 270, line 32, alter 792,773 to 792,710.

, 270, , 33, , 1238·7 to 1238·6.

,, 272, ,, 26, ,, 1907-08 to 1912-13.

., 272, , 26, , 489,104 to 515,951.

,, 272, ,, 26, ,, 61.7 to 65.1.

,, 272, ,, 27, ,, 45,298 to 44,706.

.. 277, .. 28, .. 23,801 to 22,787.

, 272, , 28, , 18,890 to 19,386.

, 272, , 32, , 258,371 to 232,053.

, 272, , 33, , 34,135 to 29,421.

, 272, , 34, , 9,518 to 9,411.

,, 272, ,, 36, ,, 55,240 to 45,114.

" 273, " 3, " 5·3 to 6·8.

" 273, " 4, delete "less than."

,, 273, ,, 11, alter 419,617 to 447,050.

, 273, , 11, , 221,459 to 266,989.

" 273, " 14, "One-third" to "two-fifths."

" 273, " 17, 86·1 to 84.

,, 273, ,, 17, last alter 43 to 45.

" 274, " 3, alter "half" to "over one-third."

,, 274, ,, 8, ,, 1907-08 to 1913-14.

,, 274, ,, 9, ,, 531,879 to 540,988.

" 274, " 10, " 58.76 to 59.58.

,, 274, ,, 11, ,, 18.92 to 17.71.

,, 274, ,, 13, ,, 21·16 to 21·54.

, 274, , 14, , 21 to 23.

, 274, , 15, , •95 to •93.

, 274, , 18, , 2.58 to 2.74,

```
Page 274, line 19, alter 2.47 to 2.71.
     274, , 21, , 3·37 to 3·47.
                 " 1.90 to 2.16.
    274, , 30,
                    1.59 to 1.7.
    274, ,, 30, ,,
                 " "1,402 villages" to "1,399 villages
    274, ,,
             34.
                       (excluding the reserved forests)."
    274, ,, 35, alter 2,085 to 1,894.
    274, ,, 35, ,, 642 to 728.
    274, ,, 35, after "Pattidari" insert-
"While the number of malguzars is only 3.972."
Page 275, line 6, alter 45 to 39.
    275, , 6,
                 ,, 14,581 to 16,575.
    275, ,,
             7, , 37 to 36.
    275, ,, 7, ,, 8,957 to 8,446.
            8, ,, 7,318 to 8,598.
    275, ,
    275, ,, 8, ,, 36 to 39.
    275, ., 9, ,, 19 to 22.
    275, ,, 9, ,, 16 to 15.
    275, ,, 10, ,, "Pandit Harbans . . . . 15 villages"
              to "and the Tiwaris of Rampur own 17
              villages."
```

Page 275, line 11, alter "Babu Mahadeo Kishan Tiwari, who holds six "to" the Tiwaris of Partawal, who hold nine."

,, 275, ,, 11, 3,143 to 2,927.

Page 275, lines 17 to 32, delete "of whom . . . strength" and substitute—

"In the succeeding decade however the population increased to 602,740, of whom 299,669 were females, the average density being 486 to the square mile. Classified by religions, there were 531,558 Hindus, 71,134 Musalmans, 36 Christians, 10 Aryas, and two Jains.

"From the point of view of literacy this is a very backward tahsil, as is only to be expected; the number of literate males is only 11,196, or 3.59 per cent. of the total, while that of females is 319, or .1 per cent., the lowest in the district."

MANSURGANJ.

Page 278, line 1, alter 849 to 1,041.

Page 278, lines 1 to 2, delete "a cattle pound and an upper school" and substitute—

"and a cattle pound."

Page 278, line 4, alter Rs. 658 to Rs. 667.

NICHLAUL.

Page 278, line 17, alter 1,564 to 1,984.

,, 31, delete "and a cattle pound" and substitute "a cattle pound and primary school."

Page 278, line 32, alter 1,624 to 1 621.

" 278. " 33, " Rs. 700 to Rs. 694.

## PADRAUNA.

Page 280, line 17, after "Memorial Hospital" insert-

"It also contains a middle vernacular school with a training class for teachers attached to it, a girls' school, and a Sanskrit pathshala."

Page 280, line 32, delete "while at . . . 4,541" and insert—
"and to 7,031 in 1901; at the last census however it had
increased slightly and was 7,142; that of Padrauna proper was
4,690, of whom 1,844 were Musalmans."

Page 280, line 35, alter 1,421 to 1,269.

, 35, , 1908 to 1915.

,, 280, ,, 35, ,, 350 to 1,084 (a remarkably large number.)

,, 280, ,, 35, ,, 1,450 to 1,694.

,, 280, ,, 35, ,, Rs., 4-?-3 to Re. 1-9-0.

280, ,, 35, ,, Re. 0-2-3 to Re.0-3-8.

,, 280, ,, 35, ,, 1907-08 to 1915-16.

" 280, " 35, " 1,752 to 2,014.

, 280, , 35, , 1,460 to 2,372.

, 281, , 22, , 593,983 to 594,021.

281, ,, 23, ,, 928.09 to 928.16.

,, 283, ,, 14, ,, 430,894 to 438,951.

,, 283, ,, 14, ,, 72 5 to 73.9.

**, 283, , 15, , 43,437** to 43,215.

,, 283, ,, 16, ,, 18,586 to 16,702.

, 283, , 16, , 19,292 to 19,999.

283, ,, 18, ,, 5,559 to 6,513.

,, 283, ,, 20, ,, 119,652 to 112,014.

" 283, " 21, " 25,500 to 22,305.

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Page 283, line 21 alter 11,151 to 11,152.
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, 283, , 22 , 1.8 to 1.9.
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,, 283, ,, 23 ,, 56,994 to 53,811.

, 283, , 24 , 26,007 to 24,746.

,, 283, ,, 30 ,, 173,290 to 172,592.

, 283, , 30 , 40 to 39·3.

,, 283, , 32 ,, 52,887 to 54,826.

, 283, , 33 , ·12 to 12·8.

, 284, , 4, , 371,638 to 379,111.

,, 284, ,, 4 ,, 236,585 to 31,171.

, 284, , 5 , 45 to 417.

Lines 15 to 22, delete "Next in order . . . rarity" and substitute -

"Next in order comes kodon and kodon-arhar, though arhar is on the whole remarkable for its rarity. Next comes maize, the tabsil producing more than half the total amount grown in the district, since the crop thrives particularly well in the higher bhat tracts to the south and east. Small millets such as mandua, tangun, sawan, and kakun are fairly common, while the autumn pulses are but little grown."

Page 284, line 23, alter 40,000 to 45,486.

, 284, , 26 , 7,000 to 5,802.

, 284, , 29 , 55 to 56.

" 284 lines 30 t., 32 delete "Next come. . . grain" and substitute—

"Noxt comes gram, both alone and mixed, with barley, which occupies on an average some 82,000 acres. Peas and masur are fairly common."

Page 285, line 7, alter 1907-08 to 1914-15.

, 285, ,, 8, ,, 465,860 to 478,027.

, 285, , 8, , 16.21 to 16.6.

,, 285, ,, 10, ,, 36.01 to 31.61.

,, 285, ,, 11, ,, 45.89 to 49.8 and 36 to 5.

,, 285, ,, 12, ,, 1·53 to 1·48.

,, 285, ,, 14, ,, 3:34 to 3:91.

,, 285, ,, 15, ,, 3.09 to 3.36

, 285, ,, 16, ,, 58,115 to 49,202 and 12:5 to 10:29

, 285, , 17. , 4·11 to 3·63.

Page 285, line 26 alter 2,135 to 2,197; 465 to 482; T;467 to 1,512.

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" 285, " 28 after "tabsil" insert—
"The number of malguzars is only 4,854."
Page 285, line 32, alter 364 to 328.
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- ,, 285, ,, 33 ,, 86.365 to 91,607.
- ,, 285, ,, 34 ,, 211 to 220.
- ,, 285, ,, 35 ,, 80,433 to 88,589.
  - , 285, ,, 36 ,, 22,001 to 24,560.
- ,, 285, ,, 37 ,, 43 to 44.
- ,, 285, ,, 38 ,, 19,559 to 22,108.
- ,, 286, , 1 , 105 to 80.
- ,, 286, ,, 2 ,, 19,559 to 13,421.
- ,, 286, ,, 3 ,, 30 to 25.
- , 286, ,, 4,460 to 4,839.

Page 286, lines 9 to 27, delete "of whom... in each case" and substitute "though by 1911 the population had increased to 651,502, of whom 327,523 were females—the average density being 702 to the square mile. Classified by religions there were 553,601 Hindus, 97,852 Musalmans, 33 Christians, eight Sikhs, six Buldhists, and two Aryas.

"The proportion of literate males is the lowest in the district, being 3.63, corresponding to a total of 11,600, while the number of literate females is 453, or 14 per cent. of the total."

Page of 287, lines 6 to 18, delete "means of a small tract." Means of communication have improved considerably of late. Through the extreme north of the tahsil runs the branch railway line to Bagaha, with stations at Khadda and Chhitauni, the latter being in the village of Bulahwa, while the small station of Chhitaunighat just west of the bridge over the Great Gandak is but three miles north of the Katai—Barhpurwa boundary. Further south another branch line runs from Captainganj through Ram Kola, Padrauna, Kathpunjan, Dudhai, Tamkohi road, and Taria Sujan to Saran in the Saran district. The only metalled roads are those from Padrauna to Kasia and thence to Deoria and that from Gorakhpur to Kasia."

PATKAULI.

Page 289, line 32, alter 2,049 to 2,116.

4

Page 290, lines 2 and 3, delste " and an aided . . . opened" and substitute " and the village also possesses a school."

## PAISIA.

Page 291, lines 2 to 8, delete "The village . . . Musalmans" and substitute—

"The population rose from 5,331 in 1,872 to 6,642 in 1881, but has since steadily declined, being 5,423 in 1891 and 5,029 in 1901, while at the last census it was only 4,308, of whom 398 were Musalmans. The area of the viliage used to be 5,281 acres, but a large portion of this was transferred to the Azamgarh district in 1912 and the present area is only 3,504 acres, at the same time the revenue demand has increased from Rs. 836 to to Rs. 2,310. The village possesses a school for boys and a girls' school has also recently been opened, but there is nothing else of importance."

Page 291, line 16, alter 434 to 373.

- , 291, ,, 19, ,, "a lower" to "an upper."
- ,, 291, ,, 24, after "railway" insert "Its area is only 377 acres, while the revenue demanded stands at Rs. 151."

## PANERA.

Page 291, line last, alter 954 to 1,165.

## PIPRAICH.

Page 292, line 15, delete "and an upper primary school" insert comma and substitute "an upper primary school and a girls' school."

Page 292, line 21, alter 3,265 to 3,534; 12-393 to 466.

- ,, 292, ,, 23, ,, 1908 to 1915; 759 to 530; 244 to 200.
- 1, 292, , 25, delete "for that Rs. 700" substitute "was Rs. 797-9-6; alter Rs. 2-13-11 to Rs. 3-15-10.

Page 292, line 26, alter Re. 0-3-5 to Ro. 0-3-7.

- " 292, " 26, delete "The average" and substitute—
  "The annual income was Rs. 1,061-5-6 and the."
- ,, 292, ,, 27, alter 570, to Rs. 1,044-0-10.

## QAZIUR.

Page 293, line 3, alter 328 to 392.

- , 293, , 4, , 199 to 412,
- ,, 293, ,, 5, ., 234 to 285.

## RAM KOLA.

Page 293, line 11, alter 2,324 to 2,328.

, 293, ,, 14, ,, 1,641 to 1,614.

## RAMPUR KARKHANA.

Page 293, line 28, delete "of whom were Musalmans," insert semicolon and substitute—

"Since then there has been a slight decrease, the population in 1911-being 4,589, of whom 905 were Musalmans."

Page 293, lines 33 and 34, delete "and a lower primary school while" and substitute—

"And an upper primary school, while a girls' school has also been opened here now."

Page 293, line last, aller 468 to 478.

, 294, , 2, aiter 836 to 861.

,. 234, ,, 2, ,, 189 to 2,000.

,, 294, ,, 3, ,, 1908 to 1915.

" 294, " 4, " Rs. 1,149 to Rs. 1,227-8-0.

,, 294, ,, 4, ,, Rs. 6-1-3 to Rs. 6-2-2.

, 294, , 5, , Re. 0-2-10 to Re. 0-4-3.

, 294, , 8, , Rs. 1,327 to Rs. 1,477-8-0.

,, 294, ,, 9, ,, Rs. 1,204 to Rs. 1,774-4-8.

#### RIGAULI.

Page 294, line 23, alter 523 to 490.

, 294, , 24, , 590 to 509.

,, 294, ,, 25, ,, 1,232 to 1,017.

#### RUDARPUR.

Page 295, lines 7 to 9, delete "it again fell . . , Musalmans" and substitute—

"It has fallen steadily since, being 9,190 in 1891, 8,860 in 1901, and only 8,016 at the census of 1911, 877 being Musalmans."

Page 295, line 11, after "primary school" insert semicolon and add—

\*A vernacular middle school and one for girls have been started here by Sahibzada Ravi Partab Narayan Singh, the present representative of the old Satasi Rajas, who has provided good buildings for both. There is also flourishing Sanskrit pathshala."

Page 295, line 14, alter 1,334 to 1,342.

Page 295, line 15, alter 2,092 to 2,196.

- , 295, ,, 16, ,, 1908 to 1915.
- ,, 295, ,, 17, ,, 441 to 306.
- " 295, " 18, " Rs. 1,250 to Rs. 1,160.
  - , 295, ,, 18, ,, Rs. 2-13-4 to Rs. 3-12-8.
- " 295, " 19, " Re. 0-23 to Re. 0-12.4.
- , 295, , 20, Rs. 1,412 to Rs. 1,360.
- , 295, ,, 21, ,, Rs. 1,253 to Rs. 2,045.
- " 296, " second last, alter 674 to 668.
- . 296, last, alter 325 to 329.
- " 297, " 1, " 304 to 310.

#### SHAHJANWAN.

Page 297, line 9, alter 782 to 752.

- ,, 297, ,, 10, ,, 351 to 344.
- " 297. " 11, after "pound" insert a comma and add—"a school"

## SALEMPUR MAJHAULI.

Page 298, line 17, alter 6,051 to 6,226.

- , 298, , 17, , 1,252 to 1,610.
- " 298, " 24, after "withdrawn" insert semicolon, and add—
- "Since then they have been administered under Act II of 1892."

Page 298, line 30, delete "a lower... for girls" and substitute "and an upper primary school."

Page 298, lines 31 and 32, delete "a combined . . . three temples" and substitute—

"Three temples, a combined post and telegraph office, a middle vernacular school with a training class attached to it, and a school for girls maintained by the Court of Wards; it also prossesses a dispensary attached to the Majhauli estate."

#### SANGRAMPUR.

Page 299, line 10, alter "a lower" to "an upper."

" 299, " 14, after " village," insert semicolon and add— 'It is now administered under Act II of 1898."

Page 299, line 15, alter 1,085 to 1,205.

" 299, " 17, " 4,095 to 4,745.

#### SEMBA.

Page 299, line 24, after "cattle pound," insert "a school."

,, 299, ,, 28, alter 706 to 814.

## SHAHJEHANPUR.

Page 300, line 3, alter 466 to 568.

,, 300, lines 20 and 21, delete "which gave . . . mile" and substitute—

"During the next decade it increased again to 121,818, giving an average density of 890 to the square mile, the highest figure for any individual pargana in this district."

## SILHAT.

Page 301, line 5, alter 575 to 554; 588 to 591.

, 301, ,, 22, ,, 176,503 to 176,603.

., 301, ,, 22, ,, 275.7 to 275.9.

,, 301, ,, 29, ,, 219,524 to 235,651.

, 301, , 30, , 796 to 892,

## SISWA BAZAR.

Page 303, line 1, delete "while in 1901 . . . Musaimans" and substitute-

"And to 2,901 in 1901 the town contained no less than 4,414 inhabitants, of whom 647 were Musalmans."

Page 303, line 3, alter 663 to 647.

... 303, ,, 5, ,, 1,150 to

,, 303, , 5, ,, 147 to 159.

.. 303, ,, 6, .. 1,905 to 1,915.

,, 303, lines 6 and 7 delete "for that . . . . ars."

" 303, line 7, alter Rs. 300 to Rs. 573.

, 303, , 8, , Rs. 2.0-4 to Rs. 5.8-0.

, 303, ,, 8, ,, Re. 0-1-8 to Re. 0-3-0.

, 303, ,, 9, ,, 1907-08 to 1915.

" 303, " 9, " Rs. 365 to Rs. 1,074.

,, 303, ,, 10, ,, Rs. 323 to Rs. 167.

,, 303, ,, 11, at end of paragraph insert-

"The town possesses an upper primary school and a Sanskrit pathshala, while an inspection bungalow is under construction."

## SAHNOG.

Page 303, line 18, alter 50 to 39.

## TAMKOHI.

Page 304, line 31, alter 1,490 to 1,473.

" 304, " 32, after "banias" insert-

"The area of the village is 425 acres and the revenue demand is Rs. 407."

Page 304, line 34 last, delete "but it is . . . Court of Wards" and substitute-

"A dispensary is also maintained by the Tamkohi estate and in fact the village is only noticeable as the headquarters of the Raja of Tamkohi, who has his palace there; it also contains a bungalow for the residence of the Manager of the estate, originally built for the special manager of the Court of Wards."

Page 305, line 5, after "by" insert "the Hon'ble."

,, 305, ,, 9, at end of paragraph insert-

"More recently a large sugar factory has also been started here."

## TABIA SUJAN.

Page 305, line 16 alter "an upper" to "a lower" Taria Sujan.

Page 305, line 18, alter 2,616 to 2,556.

,, 305, ,, 19, ,, 2,161 to 2,162.

,, 305, ,, 20, ,, 2,393 to 2,385.

# TARKULWA.

Page 305, line 29, alter 1,597 to 1,695.

,, 305, ,, 32, ,, 842 to 849.

#### TILPUR.

Page 306, line 6, alter "Bengal" to "Behar."

,, 306, ,, 8, ,, 187,832 to 187,825.

" 306, lines 19 and 20, delete "which gives . . . mile" and substitute "in the next decade it increased rapidly and in 1911, 107,546, giving an average density of 366 to the square mile."

#### THUTHIBARI.

Page 307, line 18, alter 1,901 to 1,911.

,, 307, ,, 18, ,, 1,901 to 1,911.

, 307, , 18, , 1,560 to 2,019.

,, 307, ,, 21, ,, 1,054 to 1,049.

,, 307, ,, 22, ,, 380 to 490.

" 307, " 23, " "station" to "outpost."

Page 307, line 18, after "post office" insert "an upper primary school."

## UNAULA.

Page 308, line 3, alter 220 to 225.

- " 308, " 8, " 312 to 338.
- ,, 308, ,, 10, ,, 70,205 to 70,202.
- " 308, lines 30 to 32 delete "The last census . . . square miles" and substitute—

"The census of 1901 recorded a decline to 89,927 souls, but the decrease was more than made up in the next 10 years, the population rising to 96,714 in 1911, giving the high average of 882 persons to the square mile."

## DIRECTORY.

## AMWA KHAS.

Page 199, line 12, delete " and"

- " 199, " 13, " "While . . . Musalmans" and substitute—
- "And to 8,918 in 1901; in 1911 it had decreased to 7,330, of whom 1,200 were Musalmans."

Page 199, line 13, delete "The area . . . Rs. 5,575" and substitute—

"The area is 6,499 acres, while the revenue demand is only Rs. 6,598."

#### BAIKUNTHPUR.

Page 199, line 27, alter 1,063 to 1,195.

,, 200, ,, 11, ,, "is now erecting" to "has recently erected."

#### BANSGAON.

Page 200, line 20, after "Rudrapur" insert, "which was metalled as far as Bansgaon in 1912."

Page 200, lines 34 to 37, delete "though by . . . 710 souls," insert semicolon and substitute—

"In 1901 the total fell to 5,744 but has risen again since and in 1911 it numbered 6,589, of whom 611 were Musalmans."

Page 200, lines 36 to 37 delete "This figure . . . 710 souls."

,, 201, ,, 4 to 6 ,, "and are now . . . accommodation for the dispensary," and substitute—

"And were for some years used for a dispensary, started in 1907, but have since been abandoned, as they were built of mud and were in poor repair, a new dispensary being erected in 1915.

Page 201, line 13 after "post office" insert "a girls' school managed by Government."

Page 201, line 16, after "boarding-house" insert "A new building is being erected at a cost of Rs. 10,000."

Page 201, line 18, alter 668 to 1,144.

" 201, " 19, " Rs. 556 to Rs. 1,365. BANSGAON TAHSIL.

Page 201, line 28, alter 3,57,867 to 354, 686.

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,, 201, ,, 28, ,, 5,59·1 to 554·2.
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drought," and alter 61,030, to 69,730; last line, alter "less than one-fourth" to "26.8 per cent."

Page 204, line 3, alter "about" to "nearly."

,, 204, lines 17 and 18, alter "and then arhar... crops" to "and the combination of kodon with arhar."

Page 204, line 24, alter 1907 to 1914-15.

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,, 204, ,, 24, ,, 265,652 to 269,249.
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$$\frac{204}{1}$$
,  $\frac{31}{1}$ ,  $\frac{26.75}{1}$  to  $\frac{27.32}{1}$ 

<sup>, 204, , 32, , 54</sup> to 4.9.

```
Page 204, line 35, alter 3.83 to 4.06.
         205.
                    1.
                           33,838 to 28,538.
         205.
                           12.43 to 10.8.
                    1,
         205.
                           3.91 to 4.52.
                    2,
         205.
                    8,
                           1907 to 1915.
         205,
                           90,730 to 145,481.
                   8,
         205,
                   14,
                            3,059 to 3,042.
         205,
                   14,
                           386 to 247.
         205.
                   15.
                           2,673 to 2,795.
         205, ,,
                   21,
                            148 to 226.
                   22,
                           7.105 to 9.478.
         205.
                           40 to 34.
         205,
                   24.
         205,
                   24,
                           6,150 to 5,768.
         205.
                   25,
                           15 to 27.
         205, ,,
                           1,311 to 1,996.
                   25,
                   25,
         205.
                           67 to 73.
                        ,,
         205, ,,
                   26, ,,
                           9,800 to 10,948.
         205.
                   28,
                           6,771 to 3,594.
                  28, delete "now managed . . . Wards,"
         205, ,,
         205, ,, 29, alter 63 to 60.
         205, ,,
                        .. 6.589 to 3.161.
                   30.
         205, ,
                   31,
                           3,089 to 3,261.
         205,
                   31,
                          50 to 51.
         205, ,,
                  32.
                           18 to 33.
         205, ,
                       ; 4,954 to 5,571.
                  33,
         206, ", 1, delete "of whom , females."
         206, lines 2 to 17, delete "since that date . . . 5.000"
and substitute-
```

"In 1904 a tract with a population of 13,389 was transferred to Azamgarh, hence the census of 1911 showed a further decrease, the population being 423,893, of whom 216,229 were females."

That this decrease is purely nominal is shown by the fact that the average density has increased from 758 to 774 to the square mile. Classified according to religions there are 402,364-Hindus, 26,362 Musalmans, 146 Aryas, and 21 Sikhs. In view of its past history it is but natural that the Musalman element should be far less numerous both absolutely and relatively than in any other part of the district. Of the total population 16,975

males are literate and only 842 females, giving a percentage of 7.98 for males, which is the highest in the district, and of only .39 for females."

Page 207, line 4, after "Gajpur" insert "(the part between Bansgaon and Kauri Ram being metalled)."

" 207, line 21, alter "Rudrapur" to "Khajni."

,, 207, lines, 35 and 36, delete "while in 1901... 709 Musalmans" and substitute—

"Since then it has been decreasing, the total in 1901 being 5,009 and in 1911 only 4,685, including 629 Musalmans."

#### BARHAJ.

Page 209, lines 8 to 10, delete" though subsequent ... Musalmans," insert semicolon, and substitute "since then there has been a steady decline, the total falling to 11,421 in 1891, 10,054 in 1901, and only 7,215 in 1911, including 1,274 Musalmans."

Page 209, line 16, delete "including 545 Musalmans," insert semicolon, and substitute "in 1911 the population-was only 5,211, of whom 466 were Musalmans."

Page 209, line 20 alter 1,500 to 1,567

,, 209, ,, 37 ,, 345 to 241

" 210, lines 6 to 8, delete "Tho Raja... already much" and substitute—

"The Court of Wards on behalf of the Majhauli estate contributes a sum of Rs. 6,200 annually, so that, with the house and conservancy taxes, the average annual income during the past five years has been Rs. 12,433. The annual expenditure during the same period has been Rs. 10,914, the closing balance at the end of the year 1915-16 being Rs. 10,343. Much . . ."

#### BARHALGANJ.

Page 210, line 36, alter 1908 to 1918

,, 210, 37, ,, 1,436 to 1,214

,, 210, ,, 37, ,, 487 to 443.

last line delete "and the average . . . Rs. 1,200" and substitute "and the income from the house tax amounted to Rs. 1,198."

Page 211, line 10, alter 562 to 560.

,, 211, lines 14 to 16, delete "it again . . . Musalmans," and substitute—

"It has since steadily declined, dropping to 5,682 in 1891 5,181 in 1901, and only 3,651 in 1911, including 1,032 Musalmans."

Page 211, line 16, alter "786" to "538."

## BARHI.

Page 212, line 16, alter "an aided 7 to "a."

" 212, " 17. " 1,423; to 1275; line 22, after "jungle," insert —

"The area of the mauza is 287 acres and the revenue demand is Rs. 409."

## BELGHAT.

Page 213, line 13, alter 1,500 to 1,443

,, 213, ,, 17, ,, 607 to 613.

BELIPAR.

Page 213, line 9, alter 1901 to 1911.

" 213, " 9, " 958 to 907.

BHAGULPUR.

Page 214, line 6, alter 1,887 to 2,148.

, 214, , 8, , 930 to 823.

## BHAUAPAB.

Page 214, line 26, alter 3,631 to 3,601.

,. 215, ,. 3, delete "and upper primary school," insert comma, and substitute "an upper primary school and a Sanskrit pathshala."

## BHAUAPAR PARGANA.

Page 215, line 14, alter 87,787 to 88,205.

,, 215, ,, 14, ,, 137·1 to 137·8.

" 215, " 16, " 38,916 to 39, 360.

,, 215, ,, 16, ,, 60.8 to 61.5.

,, 215, ,, 19, ,, 48,871 to 48,845.

,, 215, ,, 20, ,, 76·3 to 76·32.

Page 215, lines 29 and 30, delete "giving an average . . : mile" and substitute—

"In 1911 this had decreased to 51,882, giving an average density of 844 to the square mile."

Page 215, lines 33 to 35, delete" though at the last . . . mile" and substitute -

"Since then there has been a decline, the population in 1909 being 62,447 and in 1911 only 54,312, which gives a mean density of 712 to the square mile."

## BINAYARPUR.

Page 216, line 25, alter 92,892 to 92,872.

, 216, , 34, after " mile " insert-

"At the last census in 1911 the population was 61,258, giving an average density of 422 persons to the square mile."

## BIRAICHA.

Page 217, line 23, alter 833 to 888.

" 217, lines 24 and 25, delete "a post office . . . school" and substitute "and a post office."

## BISHUNPURA.

Page 217, line 34, alter 1,113 to 1,105.

217, last line, , 845 to 842,

## BRIDGMANGANJ.

Page 218, lines 13 and 14, delete "and has since . . . extent" and substitute-

"But by 1911 it had risen to 5,436, of whom 795 were Musalmans. The villages of Bela Haraiya, Mathura, and Shahabad now form suburbs of Bridgmanganj. The area of the village is 3,141 acres and the revenue demand only Rs. 1,450."

Page 218, line 15, alter "a lower" to "an upper."

## CAPTAINGANJ.

Page 218, lines 31 to 33, delete "and by the . . . of trade" and substitute-

"And by 1901 it had risen to 3,964, but the advent of the railway and the consequent expansion of trade has caused the population to increase still further; in 1911 it numbered 4,569, of whom 813 were Musalmans."

Page 218, line 35, delete "but this has . . . in Saran" and substitute-

"But this has practically disappeared since the completion of the railway lines from Captainganj to Siswa Bazarand, thence to Bagaha on the one hand, and from Captainganj to Padrauna and thence to Thawa in Saran on the other."

Page 219, line 4, after "School" insert "for boys, a girls' school."

Page 219, line 6, alter 1,635 to 1,591,

219, ,, 10, ,, 285 to 787.

At end of paragraph add "The village is administered under Act II of 1898."

## CHAURI CHAURA.

Page 219, line 18; alter 306 to 301.

,, 219, ,, 19, ,, 900 to 1,326.

" 219, " 25, ufter "oil" insert "at Saraiya."

,, 219, ,, 36, alter "an aided" to "a."

#### CHILLUPAR.

Page 220, line 11, alter 65,944 to 65,377.

,, 220, ,, 11, ,, 108.03 to 2.15.

,, 220, lines 20 and 21, delete "the density . . . since 1891," and substitute, and in 1911 it decreased again to 65,204, the density averaging 638 to the square mile."

#### DEORIA.

Page 221, lines 15 to 18, delete " and though . . . in 1905" and substitute " and though, in 1901, it had dropped to 2,151, there was a considerable increase in subsequent years, due more especially in the constitution of the Deoria sub-division in 1905, and in 1911, it numbered 3,339. It is likely to increase still more rapidly in the near future, for it will shortly be made the head-quarters of a new district formed out of the eastern half of Gorakhpur comprising the tahsils of Deoria, Hata, and Padrauna."

Page 221, lines 24 to 28, delete "it has more . . . wet years." ,, 221, line 34, alter "an Anglo-Vernacular" to "a high."

Page 221, line 35, delete "the residence . . . assistant."

" 222, lines, 13 to 17, delete "during the last five years the income, derived chiefly from house and conservancy taxes, amounted to Rs. 4,295, while the expenditure on conservancy, lighting, and other improvements was Rs. 4,192, the closing balance at the end of the year 1915-16 being Rs. 2,248-11-3."

#### DEORIA TAHSIL.

Page 223, line 11 alter 372,277 to 373,058 and alter 581.6 to 582.9.

```
Page 224, line 4, alter 1907-08 to 1912-13.
     224. . 7. . 291,590 to 294,353.
     224, , 7, , 78·3 to 78·9.
     224, 12, ,, 86,695 to 85,142.
     224, , 12, , 29.4 to 29.
     224, ,, 14, ,, 36,174 to 38,096.
     224, .. 14, .. 19.022 to 19.590.
     224, ,, 14, ,, 12,045 to 11.878.
   224, ,, 18, ,, 44,513 to 40,608.
     224, ., 18, ., 9,335 to 8,832.
     224, , 20, , 12,307 to 12,669.
     224, ,, 20, ,, 3.4 to 3.29.
     224, ,, 29, ,, 147,231 to 153,591.
                 ,, 50·15 to 52·15.
     224, 30,
                  , 189·394 to 190·130.
     224, .. 38,
 **
                ,, 184,428 to 184,632.
     224,
          ,, 38,
                    28 to 33.7.
     225, , 2,
     225, ,, 2, ,,
                   28 to 33.7.
                     9.3 to 7.25.
     225, ,, 12,
     225, ,, 21, ,,
                     "two-fifths" to "half."
 ,,
                "one-fourth" to "28 per cent."
     225, ,, 23,
                , 2.7 to 1.7.
     225, ,, 28,
                    1907-98 "to" 1914-15.
     225, ,, 30, ,,
     225, ,, 30, ,, 310,410 to 312,088.
     225, ,, 31, ,, 34.95 to 35.58.
 •
     225, ,, 33, ... 35.7 to 33.79.
    225, ,, 34, ,, 26.76 to 27.72.
     225, ,, 36, ,, ·64 to ·97.
 22
     226, " 4, " "1907-08" "to 1914-15."
     226, , 4, , 3.76 to 3.95.
 **
     226, ,, 4, ,, 3.92 to 4.26.
   226, lines 4, and 5 delete " the incidents . . . district."
     226, line 6, alter 63,058 to 26,164.
    226, ,, 6, ,, 20·3 to 8·38.
 **
             7, ,,
     226, ,,
                     4.15 to 4.83.
 3,
     226, " 7, delete "again."
 13
     226, , 10, , 2744 to 2745.
 ý,
 ,, 226, ,, 10, ,, 2,481 to 2,482.
```

Page 226, line 11, after "bhaiyachara" insert "while the number of malguzars is 84,130."

- ,, 226, ,, 14, alter 94 to 97.
- , 226, ,, 14, ,, Rs. 39,235 to Rs. 43,652.
- " 226, lines 15, to 18, delete "the Pandes . . . villages" and substitute—
- "Pandit Ram Ghulam Dube of Barkagaon who owns, 36 villages assessed at Rs. 6,015, and Janki Prasad of Saraya, who pays Rs. 6,767 on a property of 52 villages."

Page 226, lines 25, to 36, delete "of whom . . . Pathans," and substitute "in 1911 however the population had again increased to 513,007, of whom 255,794 were females, the average density being 880 to the square mile. This total consisted of 471,240 Hindus, 41,100 Musalmans, 640 Aryas, 23 Christians, three Jains, and one Parsee, Of the total population, 18,270 males, or 7.1 per cent. and 970 females, or .38 per cent. were literate.

## DHAKWA BAZAR.

Page 229, line 6, alter 260 to 259.

- ,, 229 ,, 7, ,, 150 to 154.
- ,, 229 ,, 8, ,, 1,298 to 1,243.
- .. 229 ,, 29, delete "a lower . . . a mosque" and substitute "an upper primary school, a private English school; a Sanskrit pathshala, two temples, and a mosque."

#### DHANI.

Page 229, kine 30, delete "at the last census" and substitute—"1901, though it has since decreased; in 1911 it was only 5.741."

Page 229, line 32, after "school" insert "with a training class attached to it, a girls school, a Sanskrit pathshala."

#### DHURIAPAR.

Page 230, line 8, alter 104 to 112.

- " 230, " 9, " 617 to 630.
- ., 230, ,, 19, ,, 173,555 to 170,262.
- ,, 230, ,, 20, ,, 271·1 to 266·03.
- mile "and substitute "but since then it has increased again; and in spite of the fact that in 1904 a tract of 67 square miles on the south ban rof the Ghagra containing a population

of 13,389 persons was transferred to the Azamgarh district, the population in 1911 was 212,663 so that the average density is 799 to the square mile."

## DUMRI.

Page 231, line 20, alter 2,139 to 2,509.

.,, 231 ,, 23, after "Mutinity" delete the rest and insert—"in 1912 however the estate was partitioned, and Dumri remained the headquarters of Sardar Umrao Singh, while Sardar Sundar Singh established himself at Saraya.

"The village contains a large middle vernacular school with a training class attached to it, a girls' school, a small market, and a dispensary guaranteed by the estate. The area of the village is 1,709 acres and the revenue demand is Rs. 2.156."

## GAJPUR.

Page 232, lines 10 and 11 delete "while at . . . Musalmans" and substitute "by 1901 it had decreased to 3,702 and in 1911 it stood at 3,673, including 704 Musalmans."

Page 232, line 15, alter 541 to 520:

" 232, " 16, ,, 702 to 678:

## GOLA.

Page 233, line 7, delete "of whom . . . Musalmans." and substitute "and by 1911 it had decreased to 3,705, of whom 559 were Musalmans."

Page 233, line 20, alter 499 to 500.

,, 233, ,, 20, ,, 289 to 798.

, 233, , 24, , 1,907 to 1915.

" 233, " 25, " 1,373 to 1270.

,, 233, ,, 25, ,, 481 to 354.

" 233, " 26, " 1,203 to 830.

,, 233, ,, 26, ,, Rs. 2-0-8 to Rs. 2-5-5.

,, 233, ,, 27, ,, Rs. 0-3-11 to Rs. 0-3-7.

" 233, " 28, " Rs. 1,099 to Rs. 1,081.

.. 233, lines 28 and 29, delete "owing to ... collections."

" 233, line 29, alter Rs. 1,097 to Bs. 762.

#### GOPALPUR.

Page 234, line 11, alter 1,118 to 971.

" 234, " 12, " 340 to 346.

#### GORAKHPUR.

Page 234, line second last, delete "while a second . . . Bagaha" and substitute "while a second line now goes to Captainganj, whence one branch goes through Siswa Bazar to Bagaha and the other to Padrauna and Thawa in Saran."

Page 235, lines 12 to 18, delete "it was 51,117.... Aryas" and substitute "It was 51,117 in 1872 and it continued to increase steadily till 1901, being 59,908 in 1881, and 63,620 ten years later, while in 1901 it was 64,143. The succeeding decade however witnessed a very considerable decrease, due to plague and cholera, and in 1911 the population, excluding the notified area, was recorded as only 48,358, of whom 22,696 were females. These figures must however be accepted with some reserve, as many of the city people had migrated temporarily to the villages at the time of the census owing to the prevalence of plague; at any rate the present population appears to be nearer 60,000 than 50,000. Of the recorded number 30,794 were Hindus, 17,001 Musalmans, 290 Christians, 208 Aryas, and 65 of other religions."

Page 235, line 19, alter 34 to 35.

,. 235, ,, 6, at end of para insert "The population of the notified area was 8,534, of whom only 2,960 were females; it included 6,433 Hindus, 1,490 Musalmans, and 574 Christians."

Page 240, line 13, delete "It is at present . . . long."

" 240, " 18, " "which have recently been" and substitute "which, together with the site of the old jail have been."

Page 242, line 13, delete "The latter also contains" and substitute "The handsome new college building stands at the eastern end of that compound, which contains . . ."

Page 242, lines 26 and 27, alter "at preent serving as temporary" to "now used as"

Page 242, lines 28 and 29, alter "is to be" to "has been"

- ,, 242, line 30, alter "extremely" to "part"
- " 243, lines 7 and 8, alter "which it is . . . area" to "which were included within the limits of the notified area in 1909."

GORARHPUR TAHSIL.

Page 244, line 28, alter 417,071 to 417,565.

```
Page 244, line 29, alter 651 to 652 4.
                           1907-08 to 1912-13.
         246.
                  3.
         246.
                           305,561 to 315,109,
                  3.
                           73.5 to 74.4.
         246,
                  4,
                           39,669 to 35260.
        246.
                  5,
                           23.386 to 21,690,
        246,
                  Ø,
        246.
                  7.
                           14.312 to 14.375.
         246.
                  8,
                           70.841 to 64.197.
        246.
                  9,
                           11,914 to 9,264.
                           9,874 to 9,782.
        246.
                  9,
        246.
               , 10.
                           2.3 to 2.34.
        246.
               ,, 11,
                           4.02 to 5.89.
        246.
                           20,579 to 17,999.
               ., 16,
        246.
                           28,474 to 27,152.
               ., 17.
                           116,231 to 108,039.
        246,
               .. 18.
                           36.6 to 34.5.
        246,
               ., 18,
                           nearly one half to 40 per cent.
        246.
               , 20,
        246, ,, 26, ,,
                           219,164 to 213,478.
        246.
                           181,900 to 191,389.
               , 27,
        246, lines 27 to 29, delete "These figures . . . drought."
        246, line 30, alter 925,227 to 93,955
        246, ,, 30, ,, 30.2 to 29.5
         246, ,, 31, delete "while in. . . lowlands."
              , 33, alter 57 to 53.3
         246.
        247, lines 2 to 4, delete "next comes. . . . every-
where" and substitute "Next comes gram, which by itself
or in conbination constitutes 19 per cent. of the rabi; while peas,
either alone or mixed with barley, cover 13.4 per cent. of the
spring harvest."
   Page 247, line 10 alter 60 to 54.
        247, ,
                  12,
                           20 to 23.4.
                           1907-08 to 1914-15.
        247.
                  23,
        247, ,,
                  23,
                          320,669 to 326,686.
                  24,
                           23.41 to 24.51.
        247.
        247, ,,
                  26,
                           34.11 to 31.45.
        247, ,,
                  26,
                           40.8 to 42.25.
        247.
                  27.
                           ·33 to ·47.
```

1.35 to 1.33.

247, ,,

27,

```
Page 247, line 32 alter 3:59 to 3:67.
                        3.49 to 3.78.
       247.
                33,
               33, ,, 3.7 to 4.04.
       247.
                34, ,, 29,973 to 24,791.
      247, ,,
                34, , 9.4 to 7.59.
       247, ,,
                4, , 2,467 to 2,480.
       248, ,,
                4, ., 582 to 737.
       248, ,,
                 4, ,, 1,885 to 1.743.
       248, ,,
                 5, "pattidari and insert "while the
       248, ,,
number of malguzars is 48,757."
  Page 248, line 9, delete "that of Domri. . . . Rs. 15,429"
and substitute "those of Sardar Umrao Singh of Dumri com-
prising 31 villages with a revenue demand of Rs. 9,817 and of
Sardar Sunder Singh of Saraya, which comprises 25 villages,
paying a revenue of Rs. 10,278.
  Page 248, line 10, alter 37 to 43.
                10
                     .. 9.883 to 12.639.
       248.
                        5,067 to 6,752.
       248, ,,
               11,
    , 248, , 12,
                    ,, 34 to 45.
                    ,, 11,197 to 11,594.
      248, ,, 13,
      248, ,, 13, ,,
                        29 to 32.
                14, , 12,919 to 10,133.
       248, ,,
                16, "Kishan Kishore Chand' to" Krishna
       248, ,,
                           Kishore Chandra of Sarahri."
    , 248, , 16, , 21 to 22.
                17, ,
                        22 to 40.
       248, ..
    , 248, , 18, , 29 to 27.
```

Page 248, lines 23 to 37, delete "including 246,130 .... members" and substitute—

248, 19, 31 to 27.

"In the next decade the population increased very rapidly and in 1911 it was 533,613, including 263,043 females with an average density of 818 persons to the square mile—a remarkably high figure considering the still large extent of forest. The total consisted of 485,715 Hindus, 46,013 Musalmans, 1,511, Christians, 300 Aryas, 52 Jains, 24 Sikhs, six Jews, and two Parsees. Only 20,815 males, or 7.69 per cent. are literate, though the figures for literacy among females

are higher than in the rest of the district, being 1,710 in all or '65 per cent."

Page 249, line 24, delete "new branch to Bagaha" and substitute "branch line to Captainganj."

Page 249, lines 33 and 34, delete "as far as . . . treated."

## HASANPUR MAGUAR.

Page 250, last line, alter 74,071, to 74,603. 115.7 to 116.6.

Page 251, line 10, delete "which gives . . . mile" and insert semicolon and substitute "by 1911, however, the population had again increased to 91,559, giving an average density of 785 to the square mile."

## HATA.

Page 251, line 33, alter 1,762 to 1,902. Rs. 820 to Rs. 827, 251, ,, 35, 33 HATA TAHSIL. Page 252, line 16, alter 565,714 to 365,864. 571.4 to 571.66. 252, 16, 1907-08 to 1912-13. Page 253, 27, 296,490 to 301,990. 253, 28, ,, 81.06 to 82.3. 253, 30, to 25690. 26,061 253, 30, 30, 12,309 to 11,700. 253, 11,860 to 11,933. 253, 31, 253, 32, 1,892 to 2,057. 253, ,, 33, 43,190 to 38,161. 253, 34, 8,248 to 8,491.  $2 \cdot 2$ 253, 34, to 2:32. ,, 253, 35, 9,760to 8,399. " 254, 141,076 to 143,261. 1, 254, ,, 2, 47.6to 47.4. 9, 254, 217,179 to 224,195. " 254, ,, 10, 180,106 to 184,305. 254, lines 10, 13, delete "These figures . . . drought", alter 100,924, to 107,968, after "occupying" insert "over," delete "Next comes . . . by Page 254, line 27, alter 10.7

itself" and substitute "Next comes kodon both alone and in combination with arhar."

to 11.2.

```
1907-08 to 1914-15.
                   4.
        255.
                          311,439 to 314,788.
        255.
                   4,
                   5,
                          21.08 to 22.17.
        255.
        255,
                   7,
                          40.71
                                  to 38.88.
        255,
                   7,
                          35.75 to 36.89.
        255,
                   8,
                          • 55
                                  to '72.
                  11,
                                  to 3:32.
        255,
                           3.49
        255,
                  12.
                           3 \cdot 19
                                  to 3.45.
                  17,
                          51,495 to 42,855.
        255,
                  17.
                           16.5
                                  to 13 61.
        255,
                           3,74
                                  to 3.8.
        255.
                  18,
                  22,
                           2,096 to 2,006.
        255.
                  23,
         255,
                           628
                                  to 171.
                  23,
                                  to 1,835.
        255,
                          1,458
                           42
        255.
                  29,
                                  to 45.
                           " about Rs. 8,000 to Rs. 10,021—"
        255,
                  30,
                  35, delete "but in 1901 . . . Pathans" and
        255.
substitute "in 1901 a slight decline was observed, the total being
428,846; in the succeeding decade however the population in-
creased with remarkable rapidity, being 471,425 in 1911, includ-
ing 234,387 females, giving an average density of 825 to the
square mile, which is the highest for any individual tahsil in this
district. Of the total number, 430,924 were Hindus, 40,485
```

Page 265, lines 27 and 28 delete "Through the north... Captainganj" and substitute "Through the north runs the railway line to Captainganj, with a station at Bodarwar, and thence one branch goes north to Bagaha and the other east to Padrauna and Thawa."

percentage of 4.89 for males and only .11 for females.

Musalmans, eight Sikhs, five Christians, and three Aryas. From the point of view of literacy this tabil is rather backward, only 11,487 males and 370 females being recorded as literate, giving a

Page 256, line 29 delete "road is that" and substitute "roads are that from Gorakhpur to Kasia crossing the Gandak by a fine new bridge at Hetimpur, and that . . . "

Page 236, line 33, delete "to Hata and Kasia on the east."

" 256, " 35, alter "fourth" to "third."

## PARGANA HAVELI.

Page 257, line 32, alter 917,303 to 917,279.

- ,, 257, ,, ,, 1433·29 to 1433·25.
- 258, 7, delete "which gives . . . mile" and substitute "While at the last census the population was no less than 938,064, an increase of over 15 per cent. in 10 years; the average density is however only 654 to the square mile."

Page 258, line 11, alter 303,597 to 303,602.

- " 258, lines 16 and 17, delete "While at the . . . of 751" and substitute—
- "in 1911 it had increased to 356,374 and in 1911 to 390,172, with a mean density of 882 to the square mile."

Pago 258, line 23, alter 101,665 to 101,664,

- " 258, lines 25 to 27, delete "though in 1901... mile" and substitute—
- "and though in 1901 the total fell to 95,991, it has since increased to 113,956, giving an average of 717 to the square mile."

Page 258, line 30, alter 512,041 to 512,013.

" 258, " 30, delete "or 495... mile" and substitute—
"The census of 1911 however showed an increase of over 21
per cent., the population being 433,936, or 542 to the square mile."

#### KAHAON.

Page 260, line 6, alter 523 to 540.

#### KASIA

Page 261, lines 6 to 10, delete "An unmetalled road ... southwards" and substitute "A metalled road now connects Gorakhpur with Kasia, though its continuation to Babhnauli and Pipraghat is still unmetalled. Another metalled road now runs from Padrauna through Kasia to Deoria and Barhaaj."

Page 261, line 12, alter 1,723 to 2,033.

" 13, " Rs. 551 to Rs. 545.

#### KAURI RAM.

Page 266, line 2, delete "unmetalled . . . Gola" and substitute—

"A metalled road leads west to Bansgaon, while unmetalled roads radiate to Gola..."

Page 266, line 4, alter 166 to 174.

- ,, 266, ,, 5, ,, Rs. 235 to Rs. 242,
- , 266, ,, 6, delete "a police outpost."

#### KHAMPAR.

Page 266, line 15, alter 2,331 to 2,385.

- ,, 266, ,, 16, ,, "Rs. 2,680 to Rs. 2,675.
- " 266, lines 18 to 21 delete. The police station...
  - "There is also a police station at Khampar."

#### KHUKHUNDU.

Page 266, line 29, alter 2,475 to 2,363.

- , 266, , 30, , 1,000 to 998.
- ,, 266, ,, 30, ,, 1,200 to 1,217.
- " 266, " 32, " "a lower" to "an upper."

## Котнівнав.

- , 268, line 5, alter 551 to 745.
- " 266. " 6. " 327 to 323.

#### LAR.

Page 268, lines 22 to 24, delete "though at . . . Musalmans," insert semicolon, and substitute-

"Since then however there has been a slight decline, and the population in 1901 numbered 7,305, while at the last census it was only 6,755, of whom 2,740 were Musulmans."

Page 269, line 1, delete "and a middle . . . attached" and substitute: "a cattle pound, a private Anglo-Vernacular school, a middle Vernacular with a training class for teachers attached to it, and a girls' school."

Page 269, line 5, alter 1,505 to 1,350.

- , 269, , 6, , 1907-08 to 1915.
- ,, 269, ,, 6, ,, 605 to 604.
- ,, 269, ,, 7, , Rs. 965 to Rs. 1,004-8-0.
- " 269, " 7, " Re. 1-7-7 to Re. 1-10-8.
- ,, 269, ,, 8, ,, Re. 0-2-1 to Re. 0-2-5.
- " 269, lines 8 and 9, delate "these rates... district," and alter 1,171 to 1,097, and 1,200 to 1,340.

#### LEHRA.

Page 269, line 29, after "constructed" add-

"At the last census the population was 1,269 souls. Lehra now possesses an aided lower primary school."

## MAHARAJGANJ.

Page 269, line 4, delete " with which . . . route" and insert semicolon and substitute—

"It is connected by a metalled road with the railway station at Ghughli on the line to Siswa Bazar and Bagaha; this road is crossed at Shikarpur at a distance of four miles fram Mahrajganj by the unmetalled road from Gorakhpur to Nichlaul. It is now proposed to construct a railway line from Ghughli through Mahrajganj to Pharenda on the Uska branch."

Page 270, lines 8 to 11, delete "Formerly . . . suggested" and substitute—

"It also contains a middle vernacular school to which a training class for teachers is attached."

Page 270, line 12 alter 1,738 to 2,212.

, 270, , 12 , 1901 to 1911.

,, 270, ,, 13 ,, Rs. 960 to Re. 946.

## MAHRAJGANJ TAHSIL.

Page 270, line 32 alter 792,773 to 792,710.

" 270, " 33, " 1238 to 1238 6.

,, 272, ,, 26, ,, 1907-08 to 1912-13.

, 272, ,, 26, ,, 489,104 to 515,951.

,, 272, ,, 26, ,, 61.7 to 65.1.

, 272, ,, 27, ,, 45,298 to 44,706.

, 272, ,, 28, ,, 23,801 to 22,781.

,, 272, ,, 28, ,, 18,890 to 19,386.

, 272, ,, 32, ,, 258,371 to 232,053.

,, 272, ,, 33, ,, 34,135 to 29,421.

,, 272, ,, 34, ,, 9,518 to 9,411.

,, 273, ,, 36, ,, 58,240 to 45,114.

,, 273, ,, 3, ,, 5·3 to 6·8.

273, ,, 4, delete "less than."

,, 273, ,, 11, alter 419,617 to 447,050.

, 273, , 11, , 221,459 to 447,050.

" 273, " 14, " "one-third " to " two-fifths."

```
Page 273, line 17, alter 86 1 to 84.
                                         43 to 45.
      273,
                         "half" to "over one-third."
      274, ,,
                 3,
      274, ,,
                         1907-08 to 1913-14.
                8,
                         531,879 to 540,988.
      274, ,,
                9,
      274, ...
               10,
                         5.876 to 89.58.
                         18.92 to 17.71.
     274, ,,
               11,
               13,
                        21.16 to 21.54.
     274, ,,
               14,
                         ·21 to ·23.
     274, ,,
                         .95 to .93.
     274, ,,
               15,
     274, ,,
               18.
                        2.58 to 2.74.
                        2.47 to 2.71.
     274, ,,
               19,
                        3:37 to 3:47.
               21,
     274, ,,
               30,
                        1.96 to 2.16.
     274, ,,
                         1.59 to 1.7.
     274, ,,
               30,
                        " 1,402 villages to " 1,399 villages
     274, ,,
               34,
                         (excluding reserved forests)."
                        2,085 to 894.
     274, ,
              35,
                        642 to 728.
               35,
     274, ,,
                        1,443 to 1,166.
     274, ,,
               35,
                        after " pattidari " insert " while the
     274, ,,
               35,
                          number of malguzars is only 3,972."
                        45 to 16,575.
     275, ,,
                6,
                        14,581 to 16,575.
                6,
     275, ,
                7,
                        37 to 36.
     275, ,,
                        8,957 to 8,446.
               7,
     275, ,,
                8,
                        7,318 to 8,598.
     275, "
                        36 to 39.
     275, ,,
               8,
                        19 to 22.
     275, ...
               9,
                        16 to 15.
     275, ,,
               9,
                        "Pandit Harbans . . . 15 villages"
     275, ,,
              10,
                        to "and the Tiwaris of Rampur own
                         17 villages."
                       " Babu Mahadeo Kishun Tewari who
     275, ,,
              11
                         holds six " to " the Tiwaris of Part-
                         awal who hold nine."
                       3,143 to 2,927.
    275, ,,
              11
```

Page 275, lines 17 to 32, delete "of whom . . . strength" and substitute—

"In the succeeding decade however the population increased to 602,740, of whom 299,669 were females, the average density being 486 to the square mile. Classified by religions there were 531,558 Hindus, 71,134 Musalmans, 36 Christians, 10 Aryas and two Jains. From the point of view of literacy this is a very backward tahsil as is only to be expected; the number of literate males is only 11,196, or 3.9 per cent. of the total, while that of females is 319, or "one per cent. the lowest in the district."

## MANSURGANJ.

Page 278, line 1, alter 849 to 1,041.

" 278, lines 1 and 2, alter delete "a cattle pound and upper school" and substitute "and a cattle pound."

Page 278, line 4, alter Rs. 658 to Rs. 667.

## NICHLAUL.

Page 278, line 17, alter 1,564 to 1,984.

" 278, " 31, delete" and a cattle pound" and substitute—

"A cattle pound and an upper primary school,"

Page 278, line 32, alter 1,624 to 1,621.

, 278, , 32, , Rs. 700 to Rs. 694.

## PADRAUNA.

Page 280, line 17, alter "Memorial Hospital" insert "It also contains a middle vernacular school with a training class for teachers attached to it, a girls' school and a Sanskrit pathshala."

Page 280, line 32, delete "at the . . . was 4,541" and substitute "to 7,051 in 1901; at the last census however it had increased slightly and was 7,142; that of Padrauna proper was 4,690, of whom 1,844 were Musalmans."

Page 280, line 35, alter 1,421 to 1,269.

- , 280, , 35, , 1,708 to 1,915.
- " 285, " 35, " 350 to 1,084 (a remarkably large number).

Page 280, line 36, alter Rs. 1,450 to Rs. 1,694.

- ,, 280, ,, 37, ,, Rs. 4-2-3 to Re. 1-9-0.
- ,, 280, ,, 38, ,, Re. 0-3-3 to Re. 0-3-8.
- " 281, " 1, " 1907-08 to 1915-16.

```
Page 281, line 35 alter Rs. 1.752 to Rs. 2.014.
      ., 281, ,,
                            Rs. 1,460 to Rs. 2,372.
                       ,,
                       TAHSIL PADRAUNA.
                  22, alter 593,983 to 594,021.
         281.
                  23,
                           928.09 to 928·16.
         281.
               ,, 14.
                           430,894 to 438,951.
         283.
                  14,
                            72.5 to 73.9.
         283,
                           43.437 to 43.215.
         283.
                  15,
         283,
                  16,
                           18,586 to 16,702.
         283,
                           19,292 to 19,999.
                  16,
         283,
                  18,
                           5.559 to 6.513.
                           119,652 to 112,614.
                  20,
         283,
         283,
                  21,
                           25,500 to 22,305.
         283,
                  21,
                           11,151 to 11,15%.
         283.
                  22,
                           1.8 to 1.5.
                           56,994 to 53 811,
         283,
                  23,
                           26,007 to 24,746.
         283,
                  24,
                           173,290 to 172,592.
                  39,
         283,
                           40 to 39.3.
         283, ,,
                  30,
                  32,
                           52,887 to 54,826.
         283,
                           12 to 12.8.
         283, ,,
                  33,
                           371688 to 379,111.
        284.
                   4,
                       , 236,585 to 231,171.
         284,
                    4,
         284, ,,
                    5, ,,
                           45 to 41.7.
         284, lines 15 to 22, delete "Next in order . . . rarity"
and substitute-
```

"Next in order comes kodon and kodon-arhar, though arhar is on the whole remarkable for its rarity. Next comes maize, the tahsil producing more than half the total amount grown in the district, since this thrives particularly well in the higher bhat 'tracts to the south and east. Small millets such as mandua, tangun, sanwan, and kakun are fairly common, while the autumn pulses are but little grown."

```
Page 284, line 23. alter 40,000 to 45,486.
```

- ,, 234, ,, 26, ,, 7,000 to 5,802.
- " 284, " 29, " 55 to 56.
- ,, 284, lines 30 to 32, delete "Next come . . . gram" and substitute—

"Next comes gram, both alone and mixed with barley, which occupies on an average some 82,000 acres. Peas and masur are fairly common.

```
Page 285, line 7, alter 1907-08 to 1914-15.
         285.
                    8,
                        ,,
                            465,860 to 478,027.
         285.
                            16.21 to 16.6.
                    8,
        285,
                  10,
                           36.01 to 31.61.
        285,
                   11,
                            45.89 to 49.8.
        285,
                   11,
                              ·36 to ·5.
                        ...
        285.
                   12,
                            1.53 to 1.48.
        285,
                  14,
                           3.34 to 3.91.
        285,
                           3.09 to 3.56.
                  15.
                           58,115 to 49,202.
        285,
                  16,
                            125 to 10.29.
        285,
                   16,
        285,
                  17,
                           4.11 to 3.63.
                   26,
                            2,135 to 2,197.
         285.
                            465 to 482.
         285,
                   26,
                        * *
        285,
                  26,
                           1,467 to 1,512.
                  28, after "tabsil" insert "The number of
        285,
                          malguzars is only 454."
                  32, alter 364 to 328.
        285,
         285.
                   33,
                       , 86,365 to 91,607.
                            211 to 220.
        285,
                   34,
         285,
                            22,001 to 24,560.
                   35,
        285, ,
                   37,
                            43 to 44.
                           19,559 to 22,108.
        285.
                  38.
        286,
                            105 to 80.
                    1,
                            19,559 to 13,421.
        286,
                    2,
        286,
                    3,
                            30 to 25.
                        ,,
                           4460, to 4839.
         286,
                    4,
                  9 to 27, "delete of whom in each case" and
        286.
substitute-
```

"Though by 1911 the population had increased to 651,502, of whom 32,523 were females, the average density being 702 to the square mile. Classified by religions, there were 553,601 Hindus, 97,852 Musalmans, 33 Christians, eight Sikhs, six Buddhists, and two Aryas. The proportion of literate males is the lowest in the district, being 3-63, corresponding to a total of 11,760, while the

number of literate females is 453, or '14 per cent. of the total."

Page 287, lines 6 to 18, delete "Means of . . . small tract" and substitute "Means of communication have improved considerably of late. Through the extreme north of the tahsil runs the branch railway line to Bagaha, with stations at Khadda and Chhitauni, the latter being a flag-station in the village of Bulahwa. Further south another branch line runs from Captainganj through Ramkola, Padrauna, and Tiwaripatti to Thawe in the Saran district. The only metalled roads are those from Padrauna to Kasia and thence to Deoria, and that from Gorakhpur to Kasia."

## PAIKAULI.

Page 289, line 32, alter 2,049 to 2,116.

,, 290, lines 2 and 3, delete "and an aided . . . opened and substitute "and the village also possesses a school."

## PAINA.

Page 291, lines 2 to 8, delete "The village . . . Musalmans" and substitute-

"The population rose from 5,331 in 1872 to 6,642 in 1881, but has since steadily declined, being 5,423 in 1891, 5,029 in 1901, while at the last census it was only 4,308, of whom 398 were Musalmans. The area of this village used to be 5,281 acres, but a large portion of this was transferred to the Azamgarh district in 1912 and the present area is only 3,504 acres; at the same time, the revenue demand has increased from Rs. 836 to Rs.2,311. The village possesses a school for boys and a girls' school has also recently been opened, but there is nothing else of importance."

#### PAISIA.

Page 291, line 16, alter 434 to 373.

" 291, " 19, " "a lower" to "an upper".

,, 291, ,, 24, after "railway" insert "its area is only 377 acres, while the revenue demand stands at Rs. 15.".

#### PANERA.

Page 291, last line, alter 954 to 1,165.

#### PIPRAICH.

Page 292, line 15, delete "and an upper primary school" and insert comma and substitute "an upper primary school and a girls' school."

```
Page 292, line 21, alter 3,265 to 8,554.
         292, , 21, , 383 to 4.466.
         292, ,, 23,
                          1908 to 1915.
         292,
                  23,
                           759 to 530.
         292
                  23. ..
                           244 to 200.
                  25. delete "for that . . . Rs. 700" and sub-
         292, ,,
                            stitute " was Rs. 797-9-6."
                  25, alter Rs. 2-13-11 to Rs. 3-15-10.
         292,
         292, ,,
                 26, ,,
                            Re. 0-3-5 to Re. 0-3-7.
         292, ,, 26, delete "The average" and substitute.
                      "The annual income was Rs. 1,061-5-6 and
                        the."
         292, ,, 27, alter Rs. 570 to Rs. 1.044-0-1.
                          QAZIPUR.
   Page 293, line 3, alter 328 to 39
                         199 to 412.
         293,
                  4,
         293, ., 5,
                         234 to 485.
                           RAMKOLA.
   Page 293, line 11, alter 2,324 to 2,328,
     , 293, 14, 1,641 to 1,614.
                     RAMPUR KARKHANA.
   Line 28, delete " of whom were Musalmans" and insert semi-
colon and substitute "since then there has been a slight decrease.
the population in 1911 being 4,589, of whom 905 were Musalmans."
   Page 293, lines 33 and 34, delete " and a lower primary school
while " and substitute " and an upper primary school, while a
girls' school has also been opened here now."
   Page 293, line last, alter 468 to 478.
        294,
                           836 to 861.
                  2.
        294,
              " (§)
                            189 to 200.
        293,
                  3,
                            1908 to 1915.
                        ,,
     ,, 294, ,,
                            Rs. 1.149 to Rs. 1.227-8-0.
                  4,
                        " Re. 0-2-10 to Re. 0-4-3.
        294,
                  5.
        294,
                  81,
                             Rs. 1,327 to Rs. 1,477-8-0.
```

Rs. 1,204 to Rs. 1,774-4-8.

RIGAULI.

Page 294, line 23, alter 583 to 490.

9,

294,

Page 294, line 25, alter 1,232 to 1,017.

#### RUDARPUR.

Page 295, lines 7 to 9, delete "it again, fell . . . Musalmans" and substitute-

"It has fallen steadily since, being 9,190 in 1891, 8,860 in 1901, and only 8,016 at the census of 1911, 877 being Musalmans."

Page 295, line 11, after "Primary School" insert semicolon and add "a girls' school has been started here by Sahebzada Ravi Partab Narayan Singh, the present representative of the old Satasi Rajas, and a Sanskrit pathshala also exists here."

Page 295, line 14, alter 1,334 to 1,342.

- , 295 ,, 15, ,, 2,092 to 2,196.
- ,, 295 ,, 16, ,, 1,908 to 1915.
- , 295 , 17, , .441 to 306.
- ,, 295 ,, 18, ,, Rs. 1,250 to Rs. 1,160, and Rs. 2-13-4 to Rs. 3-12-8.
- ,, 295 ,, 19, ,, Re. 0-2-3 to Re. 0-2-4.
- ,, 295 ,, 20, ,, Rs. 1,412 to Rs. 1,360.
- " 295 " 21, " Rs. 1,253 to Rs. 2,045.

## RUDRAPUR.

Page 296, line second last, alter 674 to 668, line last, alter 328 to 329.

Page 297, line 1, alter 304 to 310.

## SAHJANWA,

Page 297, line 9, alter 782 to 759.

- ., 297, ,, 10, ,, 351 to 344.
- " 297, " 11, after "pound" insert a comma and add— 11 "a school."

## SALEMPUR MAJHAULI.

Page 298, line 17, alter 6,051 to 6,226.

Line 24, after "withdrawn" insert semicolon, and add—
"since then they have been administered under Act II of 1898."

Page 298, line 30, delete "a lower... for girls" and substitute "and an upper primary school."

Page 298, lines 31 and 32, delete "a combined . . . three temples" and substitute "three temples, a combined post and telegraph office, a middle vernacular school with a training class

attached to it, and a school for girls maintained by the Court of Wards. It also possesses a dispensary attached to the Majhauli estate."

#### SANGRAMPUR.

Page 299, line 10, alter "a lower" to "an upper."

" 299, " 14, after "village" insert semicolon and add"it is now administered under Act II of 1898."

Page 299, line 15, alter 1,085 to 1,205.

" 299, " 17 " 4,095 to **4,745.** 

SEMRA.

Page 299, line 24, after "cattle pound" insert "a school."

., 299, ,, 28, alter 706 to 814.

## SHAHJAHANPUR.

Page 300, line 3, alter 466 to 568 and lines 20 to 21, delete "which gave . . . mile" and substitute—"during the next decade it increased again to 121,818, giving an average density of 890 to the square mile, the highest figure for any individual pargana in this district."

## SILHAT.

Page 301, line 5, alter 575 to 554.

, 301, ,, 5, ,, 588 to 591.

" 301, " 22, " 176,503 to 176,603.

,, 301, ,, 22, ,, 275.7 to 275.9.

" " " 29, " 219,524 to 235, 661.

,, ,, ,, 30, ,, 796 to 652.

## SISWA BAZAR.

Page 303, line(?), delete "while in 1901 . . . Musalmans" and substitute "and to 2,901 in 1901, while in 1911 the town contained no less than 4,414 inhabitants, of whom 647 were Musalmans."

Page 303, line 3, alter 663 to 647.

" 303, " 5, " 1,150 to 673.

,, 303. ., 5, ,, 147 to 159.

" 303, " 6, " 1908 to 1915.

,, 303, lines 6 and 7, delete "for that . . . years."

" 303, line 7, alter, Rs. 300 to Rs. 873.

,, 303, ,, 8, ,, Rs. 2-0-8 to Rs. 5-8-0.

Re. 0.0.8 to Re. 0.3.2.

Page 303, line 9, alter 1907 to 1915.

,, 303, ,, 9, ,, Rs. 368 to Rs. 1,074-6-0.

,, 303, , 10, , Rs. 323 to Rs. 674.

,, 303, ,, 11, at end of paragraph insert-

"The town possesses an upper primary school and a Sanskrit pathshala, while an inspection bungalow is under construction."

SONNAG.

Page 303, line 18, alter 50 to 39.

TAMKUHI.

Page 304, line 31, alter 1,490 to 1,473; line 32, after "banias," insert-

"The area of the village is 425 acres and the revenue demand is Rs. 407."

Page 304, line 34 last, delete "but it is . . . Court of Wards," and substitute—

"A dispensary is also maintained by the Tamkuhi estate and in fact the village is only noticeable as the headquarters of the Raja of Tamkuhi who has his palace there; it also contains a bungalow for the residence of the manager of the estate, originally built for the special Manager of the Court of Wards".

Page 305, line 5, after "by" insert "the Hon'ble" and

Line 9, at end of paragraph insert: "More recently a large sugar factory has also been started here."

#### TARIA SUJAN.

Page 305, line 16, alter "an upper" to "a lower."

,, 305, ,, 18, ,, 2,616 to 2,556.

, 305, , 19, , 2,161 to 2,162.

,, 305, ,, 20, ,, 2.393 to 2,385.

TARKULWA.

Page 305, line 29, alter 1,597 to 1,695.

,, 32, 842 to 849.

#### TILPUR.

Page 306, line 6, alter "Bengal" to "Bihar."

,, 306, ,, 8, ,, Rs. 1,87,832 to Rs. 1,87,825.

" 306, " 19 and 20, delete "which gives . . . mile" and substitute "in the next decade it increased rapidly and in 1911 was 107,564 giving an average density of 366 to the square mile."

## Gorakhpur District.

#### THUTHIBARI.

Page 307, line 18, alter 1901 to 1911.

- , 307, , 18, , 1,860 to 2,019.
- ., 307, ,, 21, 1,054 to 1,049.
- ,, 307, ,, 22, ,, 380 to 490.
- " 307, " 23, " "station" to "outpost" after "dost office" insert "an upper primary school."

### UNAULA.

Page 308, line 3, alter 220 to 225.

- " 308, " 3, " 312 to 338.
- ,, 308, ,, 10, ,, 70,205 to 70,202.
- " 308, lines 30 to 32, delete "The last census . . . square mile" and substitute—

"The census of 1901 recorded a decline to 89,927 souls, but the decrease was more than made up in the next 10 years, the population rising to 96,714 in 1911, giving the high average of 882 persons to the square mile."

सत्यमेव जयते

# Gazetteer of Gorakhpur.

APPENDIX.

सन्धमेव जयते

TABLE I.—Population by taksil, 1911.

	Homales.	13		æ	16	16	70	2	764		 807
Cthers.	Males.	12		13	24	31	83	17	841		934
	Persons.	77		21	40	47	13	27	1,595		 1,741
zi.	Females	10		13,239	35,209	48,930	19,956	20,738	22,339		160,411
Musalm ans.	Males.	6	<u> </u>	13,123	35,925	48,922	50,529	20,332	23,674	 	162,535
4	Persons.	80		26,362	71,134	97,852	40,485	41,100	45,013		327,946
	Females.	1	S. S.	202,982	264,446	278,577	314,326	235,046	239,950		1,435,827
Hindus,	Males.	9	8	199,528	267,122	275,026	216,601	236,834	245,055		1,441,166
	Persons,	Ĉ.	4	402,510	531,568	553,603	430,927	471,880	486,005		2,876,493
	Females.	41		216,229	299,699	327,523	234,287	255,794	263,043		1,596,545
Total,	Males.	63		212,664	303,071	323,979	237,133	257,213	270,570		1,604,635
	Persons.	eq		428,893	602,740	651,502	471,425	513,007	533,613		3,201,180
				:	:	:	:	:	:	 	 :
	Tabsil.			Ввиздвоп	Mahrajganj	Padrsuna	Hats	Deorla	Gorakhpur		Total

Table II.-Population by thana! 1911.

1			Total.			Hindus,			Musslmans.		,	O.hers.	
z	Name of thans.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males,	Femalcs.	Total.	Malee.	Females.	Total.	,seleM	Females.
	<b>ਜ</b>	67	တ	4	20	9	4	80	க	01	11	ឡ	84
-	1. Kotwali	152,874	79,238	73,096	125,796	65,385	60,410	24,735	12,880	11,855	1,504	973	891
લં	Barhi	869'03	197,08	40.901	77,716	38,271	39,445	2,962	1,510	1,452	20	16	₹1
•	Ohaura	84,798	42,848	41,945	80,764	40,808	39,967	3,992	2,047	1,965	೫	16	83
*	Sabjanwan	81.588	41,071	40,5:7	70,957	88,717	38,240	4,626	2,350	2,276	20	4	
*	5. (Budrapar) now	93,424	47,064	46,860	88,502	44,591	43,911	4,917	2,470	2,447	10	80	**
	Iled Khajni. Bansgaon	118,957	57,055	56,903	107,136	63,659	53,477	6,810	3,391	3,419	11	9	۱۵.
, <b>b-</b>	•	98,641	49,041	009'67	92,955	45,873	46,477	6,153	9,098	9,055	133	3	83
œi	Gola	186'68	730'57	45,917	83,950	41,105	42,885	5,969	2,945	3,024	ផ	14	<b>©</b>
o.	Barhalganj	85,429	41,839	43,590	80,034	39,163	40,868	5,394	9,672	2,722	-	H	:
10.	Maharajganj	. 105,090	52,683	53,053	91,213	45,449	45,764	14,476	7,183	7,294	-	_	:
ä		128,867	64,924	63,963	111,464	56,138	55,326	17,411	8,780	8,631	13	9	φ
33	Rigauli	H6,327	43,104	43,228	81,623	40,817	41,508	4.486	2,277	8,209	18	2	65

1,155     10,207       3,873     8,782       9,711     3,540       1,632     7,637       6,449     5,108       8,577     8,571       8,253     8,571       8,263     8,571       6,287     6,217       4,217     4,069       1,008     9,642		<del></del>
14782     3,182     1,155     10,207        28,968     7,656     8,878     \$,782     \$       24,429     7,231     8,711     3,540        23,083     6,173     8,753     2,925     9       47 073     15,29     7,632     7,637     4       47 073     18,060     8 975     9,091     8       97,170     10,614     5,449     5,168     15       44,4 16     10,304     8,327     8,571     15       22,422     10,894     8,263     8,571     15       22,432     11,805     6,287     6,086     4       8,515     12,514     6,287     6,086     4       67,515     12,514     6,287     6,017     5       48,731     8,284     8,797     5       48,731     8,286     4,217     4,069     13       48,731     8,285     1,003     9,642     3	<b>9</b> 9	C4 10
17,782     9,182     1,165     10,207       28,958     7,551     3,673     3,782       24,429     7,231     3,711     3,540       23,093     6,173     3,753     7,537       47 073     15,060     8 975     9,091       97,170     10,614     5,449     5,108       44,4 15     16,824     8,837     8,087       42,422     16,824     8,253     8,571       22,730     6,636     8,162     9,374       24,683     11,805     6,720     6,086       67,515     12,514     6,237     6,217       30,723     7,640     3,843     9,642       48,731     8,256     4,217     4,069       52,375     19,645     1,003     9,642	4 5	18
17,782     3,182     1,156       28,968     7,656     8,878       24,429     7,231     8,711       23,083     6,178     8,253       47 073     18,060     8 975       97,170     10,614     5,446       44,4 16     10,304     8,327       42,422     16,824     8,553       22,030     6,636     8,563       34,683     11,805     6,287       30,723     7,640     8,543       48,731     8,286     4,217       52,375     19,645     1,008	8 2	70 84 83
28,958 7,656 24,429 7,231 23,093 6,173 23,093 6,173 25,2603 15,2.9 47,073 18,066 97,170 10,614 44,4 15 16,824 22,432 16,824 22,432 11,805 67,515 12,514 30,723 7,640 48,731 8,286 19,645 1	8,718 20,738	2,116
28,968 24,429 23,093 11 62,803 11 87,170 1 44,415 1 22,730 22,730 34,683 1 67,515 1 30,723 48,731	3.805	2,588
	6,628	5,621
3,492 3,745 3,745 3,745 3,703 1,791 1,358 1,358 1,200 0,097	295,046	46,683
स व व व व व व व व व व व व व	57,98S	45,739
86,253 49,831 46,344 105,6 7 98,631 74,961 88,470 83,568 43,388 67,560 61,9 3 94,623	116,526 471,580	93,411
19,809  92,7.0  27,939  26,028  60,440  66,164  49,346  52,473  61,7.0  25,404  40,769  73,782  84,521  63,017	61,860	49,4"2
19, '47 33,160 26,503 60,440 65,585 43,244 52,374 49,397 24,621 38,621 74,451 35,047 65,325 63,98	61,297	49,625
38,455   65,910   57,683   57,683   57,683   110,860   111,749   85,190   114,847   100,397   50,025   79,390   148, 83   69,568   125,315   125,315	123 157	99,047
n in	: :	nom nnudu:
15. (Paisis) prolled Naileo.  16. Nonlaul  17. Kothibhar  19. Rasia  20. Kasia  21. (Qazipur) now called Fazilnagar.  22. Bishunpura  23. Taris Sujan  24. Hata  25. Mansurganj  26. Pipraich  27. Tarkulwa	Rudarpur Deoria	80. (Musela) now called Khukhundu.
21. 16. 116. 116. 116. 116. 116. 116. 11		88 13 13

TABLE II, -- Population by thanas, 1911.

	Femules.	87	262	69	*	- Angeling of the Control of the Con	1,278
Others.	Males.	12	287	10	ဧာ		1,554
	LetoT	11	549	£-	to.		2,832
	Males. Fomales.	10	7,877	5,323	9,643		160,411
Muselmans.	l '	6	6,599	5,033	10,003		162,535
73	Total,	œ	13,976	10,355	19,645		822,946
	Females,	7	51,567	£86'09	52,875		1,434,856
Hindus.	Males.	9	48,424	57,854	59,193		1,440,546 1,494,856 822,946 162,536 160,411 2,832
	Total.	73	166'66	1,18,838	1,05,507		2,875,407
	Females.	4	69,206	66,309	62,017	यत	1,604,686 1,593,545 2,875,407
Total.	Males.	63	55,310	62,893	63,198		1,604,636
	Total.	C4	1,14,516	1,29,201	1,25,215		3,201,180
	Name of thana.	1	Salempur	Khampar	Thuthibari		Total
Į	A	1	32.	33.	4		

Abolished in 1913,

TABLE III .- Pital statistics.

	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	<u></u>		Bii	Births.			Per	Deaths.	
	, car.		Total.	Males,	Females	Bate per 1,000.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Rate per 1,000.
	<b>'</b> #		<b>4</b> 9	က	4	20	9	7	<b>∞</b>	6
1908	:	:	107,617	55,694	51,922	36.62	92,557	48,262	44,295	31.49
1909	:	:	138,020	71,668	66,352	46.93	85,371	44,549	40,822	29.05
1910	:	:	136,030	69,955	66,075	46.29	103,160	53,017	50,143	85.10
1161	[:	:	134,541	70,185	64,356	45.78	100,816	52,718	48,098	34.31
1913	:	;	137,050	71,099	65,951	42.81	770,06	46,099	43,978	28-14
1913	:	:	139,489	72,235	67,254	43.57	03,322	47,931	45,391	25.15
1914	:	:	129,886	67,243	62,643	40.57	81,198	41,893	39,299	25.36
1915	:	:	130,982	67,719	6,363	41.60	76,071	39,737	36,334	23.76
1916	:	:	106,515	54,884	61,(31	33.27	75,767	38,667	87,100	23.67
1917	:	:	138,588	69,232	64,356	41.73	91,707	46,482	. 45,235	28 65
1918	. :	:	116,457	59,775	56,682	36.38	153,080	79,171	73,909	47.69
1919	:	:	89,468	46,683	42,785	27.95	119,609	62,814	67,495	37.42

# Gorakhpur District.

TABLE IV .- Deuths according to cause.

•						
1	All	Plague.	Cholera.	Small pox.	Fever.	Bowel complain
	2	. 8	4	5	6 .	7
	92,557	2,438	8,008	7,985	64,810	861
••	85,871	3,889	1,650	1,022	68,754	724
	1,03,160	14,980	10,289	158	65,597	1,162
	1,00,816	8,356	5,228	64	74,319	1,846
	90.077	11,718	1,729	188	65,992	671
	93,822	9,858	12,509	72	60,590	703
••	81,198	12,865	5,997	<b>11</b> 1	54,390	519
	76,071	4,190	4,724	122	58,064	685
	75,767	7,408	4,560	181	55,474	468
	91,707	9,887	7,414	860	60,692	618
	153,080	14,695	17,980	494	109,147	569
	18,204	3,888	9,912	865	85,923	947
		स	यमेव जयन			
	į		ì			
	{					
	••	92,557 85,871 1,03,160 1,00,816 90.077 93,822 81,198 76,071 75,767 91,707 153,080	92,557 2,438 85,871 3,889 1,03,160 14,980 1,00,816 8,356 90.077 11,718 93,822 9,858 81,198 12,865 76,071 4,190 75,767 7,408 91,707 9,887 153,080 14,695 18,204 3,888	92,557 2,438 3,008 85,871 3,889 1,650 1,03,160 14,980 10,289 1,00,816 8,366 5,228 90,077 11,718 1,729 93,822 9,858 12,509 81,198 12,865 5,927 76,071 4,190 4,724 75,767 7,408 4,560 91,707 9,887 7,414 153,080 14,695 17,980 18,204 3,888 9,912	92,557 2,438 3,008 7,985 85,871 3,889 1,650 1,022 1,03,160 14,980 10,289 128 1,00,816 8,366 5,228 64 90,077 11,718 1,729 188 93,822 9,858 12,509 72 81,198 12,865 5,327 111 76,071 4,190 4,724 122 75,767 7,408 4,560 181 91,707 9,887 7,414 360 153,080 14,695 17,980 494 18,204 3,888 9,812 665	92,557       2,438       8,008       7,985       64,840          85,871       3,889       1,650       1,022       66,754          1,03,160       14,980       10,289       128       65,897          1,00,816       8,366       5,228       64       74,819          90,077       11,718       1,729       138       65,992          93,822       9,858       12,509       72       62,590          81,198       12,865       5,927       111       54,390          76,071       4,190       4,724       122       58,064          75,767       7,408       4,560       181       56,474          91,707       9,887       7,414       360       60,692          153,080       14,695       17,980       494       103,147          18,204       3,888       9,912       865       85,993

TABLE V.-1326 Pieli statistics of cultivaton and irrigation.

	Total	Waste	1,7			Cultivated,				į	Donbled
Kargana and tansus.	a 16a.	(Barren.)	'alde in a line.	Total.	Canal.	Wells.	Tanks.	Other sources.	Lug.	Total.	eropped
1	63	တ	4	20	9	F.	8	Gs.	10	11	18
Binsvakpur	94,883	5.037	27.187			88	:	2.058	58,568	60.664	81.839
Tilpuc	1,59,651	10,051	84,655	10,059	: :	3,187	:	6.872	84,896	94,955	29.229
East Haveli	2,50,150	15,121	51,581		:	28,516	2	29,753	12,179	1,83,448	58,667
West Haveli	2,61,463	18,045	79,580		40	24,343	Ş	32,505	1,06,990	1,63,838	43,969
Total of Mahrajganj	7,94,162	48,254	2,43,003	1.27,272		\$6,084	PH PH	71,188	8,75,633	6,02,905	1,52,104
Sidhus Johna, tahsil	5,94,087	44,855	1,02,692			88,6:9	S	23,853	8,82,348	4,89,840	1,46,000
Padrauns,			To		1		2				
Hasenpur	74,522	5,996	10,625	28,922		0.4.0	000	17,472	28,079	57,901	10,063
Вражерыг	86,333	4,413	3,062	9,804		2,420	\	7,384	22,054	31 858	11,187
Haveli	8 03,692	29,385	55,637	95.93€		59,006	£	80,028	1,22,836	2,18,770	53,286
Total of Sadar tabsil	4,17,547	89,04	69,324	1,34,660		71,776		€7 884	1,13,469	8,08,529	74,596
Haveli	1,01 673	8,117	11,658	40.878	:	81,829	:	19,149	41,520	81,898	26,928
Silbat	1,76446	11,183	18,508	81,914	:	54,278	:	27,683	64,828	1,46,742	41,338
Shabjabanpur	87,572	6,059	10,03	98,962	:	23,551	:	10,411	37,522	71,484	21,679
Total of Hata	8,65,681	26 362	40,195	15,624	:	890'66	:	67,195	1,43,870	8,00,124	68,939
Dhuriapar	1,63.808	18,1:2	28,180	58,078	:	37,518	:	20,560	86,938	1,17,016	17,429
Bhawapar	48,891	4.721	5,883	12,467	:	4,315	:	8,152	25,820	88,287	6,797
Coilupar	65,914	12,508	9.128	188 6	:	4,290	:	5,541	34,447	44,278	10,384
Unwala	70,159	5,145	8,838	29,106	:	18,183	:	10,928	27,070	56,176	10,771
Total of Bansgaon	8,49,272	40,486	62,029	1,09,432	:	64,306	:	45,176	1,46,875	2,55,767	45,881
Salempur, tahsil Deoria.	306,69,8	32,915	46,799	1.85,8.0	:	1,09,845	:	26,615	1,55,302	2,91,162	48,671
Total of district	28,89,655	2.81.598	5,40,242 7,20,520	07,5,02,	:	4.34,158	:	8,91,419	18,77,297	20,97,817	6,56,681
_	_		•	•	}	_			_		

Table VI. - Area in acres under principal crops, Tahsil Bansgaon.

	Arhar.		283	366	387	183	285	255	108	:	:	70	126
	Kodon		36,383	30,451	28,883	33,358	24,640	27,272	27,503	:	:	:	:
rif.	Sugar-		3,270	1,875	1,691	2,706	8,169	3,986	4,328	:	:	5,278	4,774
Kharif	Maize.		8,045	7,993	7,078	6,932	6,031	5,207	5,923	:	:	6,859	4,980
	Bice.		85,963	83,435	84,541	81,675	90,751	89,944	86,850	:	:	90,917	92,264
	Total.	d.	152,969	141,146	138,517	140,714	137,850	139,7.1	138,871	;	:	142,396	140,876
	Gram alone and mixed	1	14,691	30,026	43,983	44,061	80,399	6,010	:	:	742	8,808	4,258
	Opium.		1,950	1,596	1,524	1,315	1,073	43	lent.	:	:	:	1,340
	Linseed Opium.	-	8,112	6,539	8,774	14,203	1,985	3,360	Not available owing to settlement.	:	3,422	:	650
Rabi.	Peas.		18,417	29,260	37,194	50,294	42,850	31,654	ole owing	:	24	51,238	34,728
R	Wheat and bariey.		26,50	60,746	60,624	56,945	60,157	60,552	ot availal	:	51,865	55,638	53,617
	Barely alone.		24,802	29,4.8	27,322	23,121	20,910	20,516	<b>Z</b>	:	47	21,330	50,866
	Wheat alonc.		, 17,469	21,386	22,204	22,314	22,689	22,957	:	:	17,158	18,667	18,492
	Tot.1.		139,932	183,502	205,333	217,211	184,753	163,844	:	:	73,680	186,658	158,378
	Ŷear.	Pasti.	1816	7161	1318	6181	1820	1321	1322	1323	1324	1325	1326

TABLE VI-(continued).—Area in acres under the principal crops, Tahsil Mashrajganj.

				Rabi							Khari f.	<b>9.</b>		
Year.	Total.	Wheat alone.	Barley alone.	Wheat and barley.	Peas.	Linseed, Opiu m.	O piu m.	Gram alone and mixed.	Total.	Bice.	Maize.	Sugar cane.	Kondon, Arhar	Arhar
Fasti.								4						
1316	215,242	28,059	42,900	43,509	16,372	16,832	140	48,088	464,654	378,807	10,003	12,826	84,452	5,907
1817	374,169	38,353	40,831	46,845	22,608	33,348	35	68,493	448,578	363,126	19,885	11,617	32,155	8,621
1818	322,125	43,439	87,223	51,162	82,118	51,524		82,064	421,541	362,396	8,444	12,898	17,149	4,069
. 6181	258,456	36,465	29,556	45,804	34,798	60,186	Y	63,958	449,850	377,796	8,594	13,410	28,156	8,077
1320	224,958	36,771	31,294	46,879	25,725	14,051	. ***	51,156	450,626	395,162	7,080	12,288	18,514	5,863
1321	79,074	14,506	9,700	10,498	3,232	19,713	:	7,736	452,109	386,391)	7,658	10,678	25,094	10,197
1323	:	:	Z	Not available owing to settlement.	le owing	to settlen	gent.	:	147,711	131,284	1,878	1,925	5,997	3,118
1323	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		Not ava	Not available owing to settlement.	ing to set	tlement.	
1324	268,651	39,312	41,964	51,845	30,299	26,899	96	36,680	442,166	378,765	7,743	14,768	24,269	5,244
1325	272,863	44,360	82,967	44,290	41,125	24,840	:	34,002	457,772	394,941	6,244	15,652	21,376	8,743
1326	215,575	39,137	27,544	36,879	57,659	11,302	261	20,02	437,751	378,551	5,130	18,167	18,330	1,011
	_	-								_				_

TABLE VI-(continued) .- Area in acres under the principal crops, Tahsil Padrauna.

·				Rabi.	: <del>:</del>			<del></del>			Kbarif	it.		
Tear.	Total.	Wheat alone.	Barley alone.	Whee tand	Peas.	Peas. Linceed. Opium	Opium	Gram tlone and mixed.	Total.	Bice.	Maixe.	Sugar- cans.	Kondop. Arhar	Arhar
Fasti.						-		6	É			-		
1816	210,550	28,983	52,843	50,938	24,259	15,594	1,709	036'9	6,980 895,033	196,364	63,495	31,879	116,176	1,100
	221,150	38,123	32,141	53,912	86,868	14.706	1,343	9,268	089'183	147,962	68%19	38,940	87,270	613
	251,949	47,916	32,638	57,245	49,846	\$2,628	1,450	188,81	364,790	162,581	55,741	49,050	55,161	1,133
		44,685	27,067	52,581	40,433	26,655	628	9,008	575,231	166,698	55,232	56,536	26,996	471
		50,117	\$1,132	53,521	36° 300	17,042	1,029	8,833	378,918	176,891	18 379	51,026	51,810	745
	287.454			59,885	35,432	20,269	756	5,641	386,683	177,524	\$5,353	44,193	62,829	1,181
1322			Not available owing to settlement.	owing to	o settlem	ent.		:	379 178	100,768	55,744	44,851	73,36)	1,482
1323			1	Ditto.					Not a Wal	Not awailable owing to settlement.	ng to set	lement.		
-	106.510	26,390	12,330	12,830   24,184	15,651	4,672	54	1,050		383,101 116,89,060	54,986	080'03	68,310	1,057
		51,258	27,083	40,395	41,255	8,141	:	01	3:0,1(9	201,075	44.530	59,796	44,649	978
		40,526	27,317	87,925	37,926	8,835	1,217	-	117,063	194,831	43,547	£9,119	25,696	1,185

TABLE VI-(continued).—Area in acres under the principal crops, Tahsil Bata.

				Rabi.	ji,						Kharif	ij.		
Tear.	Total.	Wheat alone.	Barley slone.	Wheat and barley.	Peas.	Linseed Opium.	Opium.	Gram alone and mixed	Total.	Rice.	Maize	Sugar- cane.	Kodon, Arbar,	Arbar.
Fasti.												 		
1316	151,3\$1	22,601	38,528	30,346	29,164	6,394	679	18,331	232 743	141,209	9,308	20,848	39,081	1,986
1317	186434	25,249	27,791	30,692	51,558	14,2:6	647	82,058	221,659	141,673	8,0%	22,846	30,738	1,040
1818	207,690	24,958	23,541	31,286	62,477	22,066	999	88,669	218,767	145,666	7,000	25,285	23,976	83
1819	200,279	22,338	21,160	30,081	C3,485	89,970	522	23,988	222,757	143,588	7,120	28,165	27,131	910
1390	175,793	25,690	26,119	91,4.7	58,610	4,907	373	29,817	225,020	152,892	6,779	28,172	22,802	765
1831	. 175,254	26,984	24,782	32,000	49,611	12,857	240	13,156	227,200	151,357	6,463	28,917	24,721	982
1382	:	Not	Not available owing to settlement.	owing to	settleme	nt.		:	220,734	220,734 140,678	098'9	28,768	27,771	762
1323	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		Not ave	Not avail ble owing to settlement.	ng to sett	lement.	
1324	180,313	27,535	24,817	30,234	£4,852	8,485	332	15,918	33,58	12,5	2,239	1,535	11,404	17
1325	. 171,194	21,624	23,616	24,212	61,687	:	:	11,542	2:2,383	156,737	3,534	3,262	:	<b>1</b>
1526	157,862	21,580	28,451	25,149	5 ,191	2,599	304	6,105	250,618	156,481	5,177	32,102	;	1,921
							_	_						

TABLE VI.—(continued)—Area in acres under the principal crops, Tahsil Deoria.

	·		ļ	Rahi.	bi.						Kharif.	if.		
Year.	Total.	Wheat alone.	Barley alone.	Wheat and barley.	Peas.	Linssed. Opium	Opium.	Gram alone and mixed.	Total.	Rice.	Maize.	Sugar- cane.	Kondon, Arhar.	Arbar.
Fasli								&						
1316	152,292	8,375	49,122	60,757	26,709	2,437	3,712	8,606	193,048	54,903	20,483	9,080	81,083	1,016
1317	176,685	4,608	88,129	66,832	43,965	3,652	3,380	11,981	188,059	62,222	18,(83	9,955	67,499	1,173
1318	215,769	5,063	27,735	70,622	71,327	11,551	3,400	20,471	187,552	67,355	17 218	12,012	61,118	362
1319	204,369	4,252	26,827	63,487	70,578	16,591	2,920	14,676	187,104	62,430	16,332	13,204	62,248	322
1320	174,047	4,538	27,646	71,521	50,216	2,679	2,364	11,036	189,885	74,047	16,608	19,600	54,853	598
1321	172,104	4,755	24,790	73,002	46,041	7,366	1,883	2,693	189,820	18,177	15,053	18,851	62,649	581
1322		<u></u> .	Not avai	Not available owing to settlement.	ng to sett	lement.			186,206	60,057	16,0.7	18,526	66,275	312
1323				_	No.	Not available owing to settlement.	owing to	settleme	nt.					
324	180,095	2,383	30,221	61,664	56,703	56,703   6,302   1,927   6,481   33,558	1,927	6,481	33,558	70,688	14,218	1,585	62,638	543
1325				•	, <b>X</b>	Not available owing to softlement.	owing to	soffleme	nt.		-			
9 <del>28</del> 1	145,225	2,987	34,154	63,808	33,615	1,362	1,686		1,518 198,881	69,110	15,330	20,739	67,898	416
	_	_					-					25.20		

TABLE VI-(conclus d).—Area in acres under the principal crops, Tahsil Gorakhpur.

	Arhar.	1	808	240	180	106	21.5	319	328		296	976	899
	Kondon		24,567	44,284	88.500	49,759	37,305	47,751	47,478		41,334	41,912	36,431
rif.	Sugar-		7,447	69879	6,182	7.588	7,417	7,256	6,911		9,156	9,554	10,812
Kharif.	Maize.		16,753	17,209	15,531	15,448	11,844	11,205	12,409		10,774	9,557	7,506
	Bice.		103,497	101,790	103,680	98,539	112,030	106,405	986'66		102,758	116,436	118,410
	Total,		207,058	191,751	183,900	191,341	182,797	188,608	182,129	nt.	12,782   178,713	193,707	181,354
	Gram alone and mixed.	4	21,361	46,673	61,985	916,19	50,677	11,392		settleme	12,782	:	8,214
	Opium.		970	542	491	. 83	<b>84</b>	181	<u> </u>	owing to	340	:	916
	Linseed, Opium		6,850	016'01	14,620	24,204	4,850	8,324	Not available owing to settlement	Not available owing to settlement.	\$6009	:	1,436
Rabi	Реав.		17,491	30,772	41,660	44,108	36,842	32,929	owing to	No	48,396	51,491	46,177
B	Wheat and barley.		42,721	19067	50,064	45,056	51,594	51,930	availuble	_	46,615	37,084	41,405
	Barley alone.		36,011	38,702	35,954	30,251	31,853	27,509	Not		33,892	27,260	28,996
	Wheat a lone.		26,948	82,599	32,133	31,301	84,694	36,283			29,849	39,433	33,341
	Total.		156,895	129,611	241,992	233,983	218,700	191,118	,		216,403	203,297	197,420
	16	<u>;</u>	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	Year,	Fa:li.	1316	1317	1318	1319	1320	1321	1322	1323	1824	1325	1326

TABLE VII. - Criminal Justice.

					, .	نستند م									
	2 to	Excise Act.	16	27	R	23	ន	\$	<b>3</b>	16	<b>89</b>	\$	'କ୍ଷ 	<b>8</b>	8.
.	Cases	Opium Excise Act. Act.	41	91	-	တ	4	<u>.</u>	m	64	4	က	NO.	:	28
	Keeping		13	69	112	89	99	121	<b>3</b> 8	8	:	:	:	:	207
	Bad	liveli- bood.	13	342	274	-174	8.	133	- 84	8	102	145	232	132	390
pect of-		Criminal trespass.	11	40	88	52	44	194	30	169	308	350	280	233	333
over in re	Roceiving	stolen property.	10	88	8	108	94	#	59	57	58	89	83	119	120
Number of persons convioted or bound over in respect of-	Rothery		6	88	30	9	22.2	7	18	10	26	99	69	64	54
opviotec		Theft.	8	474	354	436	355	346	272	256	609	544	503	503	558
persons c	Criminal	force and as- sault,	7	21	61	17	305	43	22	8	56	98	83	18	48
aber of		Cattle theft.	9	. 16	53	40	239	27	70	41	44	51	19	<del>.2</del>	83
Nan		Rape.	9	6	4	80	Ale	64	9	2	<b>6</b>	-	~		69
		Grievous hurt,	4	61	63	56	41	<b>₹</b>	65	98	55	33	29	24	51
,	Offenone	affecting hurt,	3	19	18	16	196	62	25	15	£1	13	81	23	18
		public tranquil- lity.	23	124	102	154	. 81	155	113	109	202	191	271	106	187
	<u>`                                    </u>	<del></del>		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	Year.		1	1,08	1909	1910	1161	1912	1913	1914	1915	1916	1917	1918	1919

TABLE VIII .- Cognizable crime.

			Numbe gate	r of cases d by the p	investi- olice.	Nun	aber of pe	reo <b>ns.</b>
	Year.		Suo- motu.	By order of Ma- gistrate.	Sent up for trial.	Tried,	Acquit- ted or discharg- ed.	· Convict-
	1		2	3	4	5	6	7
1908	••	•	3,086		1,812	2,400	444	1,956
1909	••	••	2,613		1,086	2,096	404	1,692
1910	••	••	2,863		1,625	2,116	869	1,747
<b>19</b> 11	••	••	2,450	F	1,567	2,100	419	1,681
1912	••	••	2,655		1,629	1,968	340	1,628
1913	••	••	2,626	••	1,420	1,748	257	1,491
1914	••	••	3,053		1,634	1,935	445	1,490
1915	••	••	4,749	290	2,418	4,029	1,261	2,768
1916	. ••		4,482	369	2,465	4,198	1,320	2,878
1917	••	••	4,117	150	2,417	5,744	2,729	9,013
1918	••	••	9,596	153	1,625	4,184	2,028	2,156
1919	••	••	4,817	189	2,309	9,023	421	2,602
				,				
			1					
								} }
					,	) 	1	
				i				
			}				}	

TABLE IX—Revenue demand at successive settlements.

				Year of se	Year of settlements.			
Pargana and taksils.	1803.	1806.	1809.	1818.	1840.	1860.	1889,	1918.
	Bs.	Rs.	Ra.	Bs.	B.s.	E.	Ra.	eg Se
Haveli	9,192	6,974	8,995	15,222	85,161	1,41,267	2,50,725	3,76,954 56,658
Bhawapar	8,019	2,000	9,517	11,292	36,859	61,659	86,717	1,11,917
magnar Taheil Gerakhum	21,502	17,881	23,397	32,734	1,39,307	2,27,868	3,60,548	5,44,929
Bhawapar	11,811	11,087	9,925	11 033	25,394 30,498	32,099	49,006 72.1.9	71,620 98.560
Unwala Dharianar	11,638	41,948	9,402	40,358	87,223	1,12,391	1,71,328	2,05,475
Chillu par	12,283	12,145	14,204	14,543	90,586	40 449	02,000	80,003
Tahsil, Bansgaon	80,699	75,878	71,414	78,302	1,73,701	2,28,139	0.09,040	471504
Hayeli	22,169	27,990	35,173	38,115	638	7,505	17.283	58,207
Tilpur	9,803	9,821	7,646	11,470	41,601	41,888	61,810	1,05,927
Tabsil, Maharajganj	31,972	57,811	42,819	50,105	1,79,924	2,23,305	3,62,466	6,35,726
Sidhua johna	86,96	87,195	198,08	89,688	12,24,477	5,18,934	5.27,866	7,05,696
Tabsil, Pardrauna	96,949	87,195	80,361	83,668	2,24,477	3,18,934	6,27,8H6	7,05,696
Haveli	24,298	24,728	25,888	25,953	63,714	84,930	1,06,018	1,37,72
Shahjahanpur		10,645	11,242	12,406	54,300	1,02,621	1,62,660	2,60,013
labsil, Hata		44,651	49,787	54,820	1,47,459	2,64,621	3,64,470	5,24,903
Salempur, tahsil Deorla	67,035	67,737	82,158	88,141	2,28,709	2,90,740	4,47,944	6,21,084
Total district	8,46,705	3,31,105	3,49,866	8,87,770	10,88,577	15,53,607	24,38,113	34,93,825
	-				-			

(LABLE X.—Present demand for Kevenue and cesses for the year 1326 fasti.

			-				
		•				Incidence per	18r 3.0re.
Tahsil.	Pargana.	Where included in Ain-i-Akbery.	Revenue.	Casses.	Total.	Cultivated.	Total.
			Вз. а. р.	Rs. a. p.	Bs. a. p.	Bs. a. p.	B.s. B. p.
Maharalganj	Binayakpur	Binayakpur	80,398 0 0 72,658 0 0 8.86.485 0 0	9,039 5 1 7,434 2 7 34,111 15 6	33,432 5 1 80,092 2 7 3,70,596 15 6	0 8 10	0 6 9 0 11 7
	( Havell Total	pur.	4,89,686 0 0	7 2	6,00,061 7 4	0 15 5	0 9 9
Padrauna	Sidhnajobna	пежарас	PL/SA	4	6,00,061 7 4	1 1	,
Gorakhunt	Bhawapar Haveli		2,90,697 4 2 87,866 0 0	4,614 8 1 30,284 9 3	49,880 10 11 3,20,981 13 5 96,661 4 6	1 8 10 12 10 12 10 12 10 12 10 12 10 12 10 12 10 12 10 12 10 10 12	101
	( Hasanpur Maghar	pur.	1	10	ודו	1 8 3	1 2 4
Į.	hanpur		1,90,731 13 0 96,028 0 0	19,256 14 1 9,602 6 11	2,09 978 11 1 1,05,630 6 11 1 16 794 9 8	1 4 11	4 44 E
	Haveli Total	Havell Goraknpur 1,00,300	2 8	9 L	4	1 -1	1
		Bhawapar	52,296 9 0 72,561 0 0	5,287 0 11 7,294 11 10	67,583 9 11 79,855 11 10	1 1 8 1 6 1 6 1 6 1 6 1 6 1 6 1 6 1 6 1	1 2 11
Bansgaon.	Dhuriapar		1,56,240 8 0	17.348 10 10	2 1	1 7	1 1 1
	( Chillupar Total	. Chillippora	8,46,603 4 0	6,454 5 8 36,384 13 3	∞ '⊣		<b>**</b>
Deoria	Salempur Maghauli	Deopar		တ	4,92,712 8 5	1 11 1	H
	GBAND TOTAL		25,94,233 2 0	2,04,077 2 8	28,58,810 4 8	1 5 10	0 15 10
			,				

Table XI.—Excise.

				en courage										
Ropa	.0	nnigO	2	<del>2</del>	8	<b>\$</b>	45	8	45	3	45	<b>45</b>	7	4
umber of sh for sale of		Druga	17	248	248	248	248	250	249	249	208	206	147	147
Number of shops for sale of	try it.	a n o O Tiqa	16	164	143	142	143	161	152	155	152	150	82	92
	٦.	avigO	155	R3.	58	73	72	74	76	79	92	92	85	95
Incidence of re- ceipts per 10,000 population		Drugs.	=	Rs. 166	166	175	188	258	844	387	493	551	611	889
Incide ceipts pop	1 8 u 1	toupid bulo itaT	138	Rs. 1,055	1,142	1,439	1,572	1,563	1,595	1,671	1,423	1,514	1,372	1,688
	,	Total c	12	Rs. 4,327	2,676	2,858	2,886	11,887	12,250	14,151	12,972	16,288	20,623	20,815
,8	1 gieso	r fatoT	11	Rs. 8,73,682	4,00,507	5,03,279	5,37,475	6,07,499	6,44,649	6,84,694	211 6,41,299	6,87,809	6,62,421	7,75,046
		·uoi3	10	grs.	24	0	14	38	14	18	213	87	88	8
ä	-d w	uanoO	=	Mds.	3	88	4	පු	54	20	43	41	37	88
Opium	-9 I	Total dies	6	Rs. 15,743	17,030	21,294	21,137	23,565	24,205	25,284	29,281	24,432	27,160	30,667
2.	non in	ge18dO	90	Mds. srs. 5 14	7 8	4 11	3 20	5 12	1 7	31 seers	:	20 seers	9	117 ,,
Drug".	Consumption manuds of			38 38	5	15	-	83 73	2	68	38	32	93	-
	Oons	.ajas Đ	2	Mds.	88	7.4	57	101	168	192	133	141	137	115
.st	qieoer	[atoT	9	Rs. 48,559	48,766	61,319	55,364	82,448	1,10,663	1,24,101	1,56,851	1,76,430	1,63,670	1,98,535
ined t	a from	dqiose <b>A</b> fbase	70	Ra. 43,342	52,257	78,583	82,073	93 336	95,014	1,18,157	1,13,063	1,10,052	1,10,519	1,14,500
spirit,	ni	n nano) tion gallor	4	93,383	989,99	72,473	73,027	75,645	75,057	70,919	48,788	63,087	57,783	64,244
Country	*8	Jqi800A	80	Rs. 2,64,508	2,80,841	3,50,547	8,77,321	4,06,431	4,18,999	4,15,461	8,40,582	3,74,632	3,58,774	690 41,25,893
tor sore.	pil ng	gieseA iorol	67	Rs. 1,462					1,275	1,275	1,298	1,210	1,092	069
	Year.		1	108.09	1939.10	1910-11	1911-12	1912-13	1913-14	1914-15	1915-16	1916-17	1917-18	1918-19

TABLE XII.-Stamps.

				· F	Receipts from	1—	
		Year.		Non- Judicial,	Court fee including copies.	All sources.	Total charges.
	-	1		2	3	4	5
		-		Rs.	Ra.	Rs.	Rs.
1908-09	••	••	••	83,221	3,31,588	4,21,119	8,912
1909-10	••	••	0	1,00,828	3,8 <b>4,301</b>	4,97,105	10,242
1910-11	••	••		90,181	4,80,143	6,78 <b>,877</b>	8,175
.1911-12	••	••	1	88,675	3,86 <b>,883</b>	4,85,108	9,972
1912-13	••	••		92,380	3,97,692	4,98 <b>,254</b>	10,934
1913-14	••	••	44	1,02,164	4,01,535	5,11,559	14,885
1914-15	••	••	••	98,648	4,39,743	5,47,391	11,555
1915-16	••	••	••	1,17,987	4,70,724	5,96,774	14,979
1916-17	••	••	••	1,03,024	4,76,315	5,88,889	18,218
1917-18	••	••	••	1,04,884	4,74,498	5,87,495	13,561
1918-19	••	••	••	1,09,601	4,59,084	5,77,100	19,108
				<u></u>			·

TABLE XIII.—Table of income-tax.

Objection under Part IV.		fpl.	13	161	120	175	198:	7 71	11 163	132	1286	299	808	345 163
objeg Pa		filed.	13	000	524	618	543	817	431	455	527	721	523	ਲ 
	Total,		11	R8.	980	871	371	871	371	360	360	990	360	7,401
79.	Rs. 2,000	Tar.	01	Rs. 46,819	46,105	58,592	56,755	28,300	58,856	57,443	59,893	87,218	82,333	5,41,725
38, Part ]	Over R	A #888-	6	425	433	476	<b>4</b> 06	573	722	514	641	613	. 575	634
Other sources, Part IV.	s. 2 000	Tax.	8	Rs. 22,348	24,417	24,009	98,828	192,24	24,959	24,815	24,473	24 823	28,402	85,911
(i)O	Under Rs.	Asses-	2	790	871	880	836	108	\$	893	851	848	982	1,203
f com- es.	E	y St.	9	Bs. 1,86,230	1,28,822	1,18,887	1,85,784	1,58,520	2,04,334	1,35,446	1,86,338	3,98,722	4,10,239	4,74,289
Profits of companies.	Asses-	. 600g	22	9	ş	9	60	•	9	z,	20	*	တ	<del></del>
ed by		Tax.	4	Bs. 24,796	24,603	23,732	28,999	23,960	22,965	27,873	23,081	28,511	28,848	31,528
Collected by companies.	ASSA	sees.	8	295	201	281	27.4	276	294	27.4	580	563	098	366
	Total receipta.		CN	Ba.	19 09 982	9 05 911	2 49.718	271.011	9.14.346	24.849	3,01,855	5.43.091	5.58.477	6,41,914
				:										
	Year.		-		: :	: :	: :	: :	: :	;	: :	: :	: :	i, <b>i</b>
			-	1908-09	1909-10	1910-11	21:1161	1912.13	1913-14	1914,15	1915+16	1916:17	1917:18	1918-19

TABLE XIV.—Incometax for City and Tahsils (Part IV only.)

				Gorakhpur oity.	ır city						Tahsil Bansgaon.	nsgaon	
Ä	Year,	1 -	Under 1	Under Bs. 2,000.	Over	Over Rs. 2,000.		Year.	,	Under	Under Rs. 2,000.	Over	Over Rs. 2,000.
		1	.898888A	Tax.	,яээввеев.	Tax.		•		A886888.	Tax.	.898868A	ž H
1908—09	:	:	88	Rs 2,356	64	Bs. 8,162	1908-09	E.S.	:	84	Rs. 2,241	32	Re. 4,659
1909—10		:	133	3,307	78	9,516	1909—10		:	82	2,254	31	4,548
1910-11	:	:	122	8,201	86	14,732	191011		:	87	2,296	38	4,745
1911—18	:	:	123	8,259	93	14,008	1911-13	<b>3</b> 2	;	8	2,133	31	4,465
1918—18	:	:	129	3,564	106	15,325	1912-13	3	:	8	. 2,112	8	5,140
191314	;	:	122	3,524	95	18,541	1913—14	4	:	77	2,010	99	3,841
1914—15	:	:	117	8,307	8	13,344	1914-15	:	:	75	2,021	98	4,758
1915—16	:	:	132	3,836	100	16,966	1915-16	:	:	75	2,044	23	4,723
1916-19	:	:	126	3,647	100	24,478	191617	:	:	8	1,905	. 31	191'8
1917—18	:	:	149	4,236	86	21,622	81-2161	:	:	11	2,005	31	7,359
1918-19		:	506	4,250	183	39,459	•	:	:	2	1,992	30	7,549

TABLE XIV - (continued). - Income tax for City and Tahsile.

Asses.  Sees.  56  60  62  73  73  73  110  125			rabsil Ma	Tahsil Maharajganj.				Tabsil Padrauna.	drauna.		 	Tahsil Hata.	Hata.	
Assessors         Tax.         Assessors         Tax.         Assessors         Tax.         Assessors         Tax.         Assessors         Tax.         Assessors            92         2,546         49         4,570          178         4,287         56            86         2,287         53         4,637          178         4,487         56            77         2,252         51         5,424          178         4,433         62            77         2,252         51         5,441          178         4,433         62            89         2,448         55         6,987          179         4,780         88            104         2,769         159         6,087          204         5,507         96            121         8,262         4,851          214         5,709         110            143         8,967         66         7,986          226         6,654         126            143         8,967	Yesr.	Under E	ks. 2,000.	Over Ra.	. 2,030.	Year.	Under B	18 2,000	Over R	8. 2,000	Under Bs. 2,000.	s. 2,000.	Over Rs. 2,000.	2,000,
HS.       H		Asses- 800S.	Tax.	Assos-	Tax.		Asses-	Tax.	A.5808-	Tax.	Asses.	Tax.	Азвея- ясея.	Tax.
86         2,287         58         4,687          178         4,698         60            78         2,196         50         5,444          168         4,433         62            77         2,252         51         5,441          178         4,635         73            89         2,448         5456          179         4,780         88            104         2,769         159         6,087          224         5,507         96         1            122         6,675         44         4,107          224         5,888         96         1            121         8,362         43         4,851          224         5,709         110         1            116         8,213         57         7,482          208         6,075         125         125         1            143         8,967         66         7,986          226         6,654         125         1            1483 <t< td=""><td>•</td><td>6</td><td>Bs. 2,546</td><td>49</td><td>Bs. 4,570</td><td></td><td>158</td><td>Rs. 4,287</td><td>58</td><td>Bs. 6,176</td><td>156</td><td>Rs. 4,889</td><td>76</td><td>Rs. 9,521</td></t<>	•	6	Bs. 2,546	49	Bs. 4,570		158	Rs. 4,287	58	Bs. 6,176	156	Rs. 4,889	76	Rs. 9,521
78         2,196         50         5,424          168         4,438         62            89         2,448         5,456          179         4,780         88            104         2,769         159         6,956          207         5,507         88            104         2,769         159         6,087          207         5,507         86         1            122         6,675         44         4,107          224         5,808         96         1            131         8,362         48         4,851          234         5,709         110         1            143         9,967         66         7,986          206         6,664         125         1            143         8,967         66         7,986          226         6,664         125         1            143         8,967         66         7,986          197         5,826         125         1		98	2,287	63	4,637		178	4,698	8	6,184	160	4,979	91	8,250
77         2,252         51         6,441          178         4,635         78            89         2,448         5456          179         4,780         88            104         2,769         159         6,087          207         5,507         96         1            122         6,675         44         4,107          214         5,709         110         1            121         8,262         48         4,451          214         5,709         110         1            143         3,967         66         7,986          226         6,654         195         1            157         4,483         68         8,210          167         5,826         125         1		78	2,196	25	5,434		168	4,433	<b>89</b>	7,537	147	4,509	66	8,547
89     2,448     54     6,456      179     4,780     88        104     2,769     159     6,087      207     5,507     96     1        122     6,675     44     4,107      224     5,888     96     1        121     8,362     48     4,851      214     5,709     110     1        116     8,213     57     7,482      206     6,075     125     1        143     8,967     66     7,986      226     6,654     195     1        157     4,483     68     8,210      197     5,826     121     4		7	2,252	51	5,441		178	4,635	73	7,909	143	4,425	84	8,934
104         2,769         159         6,087          207         5,507         96            122         6,675         44         4,107          224         5,888         96            121         8,262         43         4,851          214         5,709         110            143         8,967         66         7,986          226         6,654         125            157         4,489         68         8,210          197         5,826         121		83	2,448	54	5,458	}	179	4,780	88	9,525	156	4,706	86	8,987
122     6,675     44     4,107      224     5,888     96        121     8,362     43     4,851      214     5,709     110        116     8,218     57     7,482      208     6,075     125        143     3,967     66     7,986      226     6,654     135        157     4,488     68     8,210      197     5,826     121		104	2,769	159	6,087	:	207	5,507	86	10,138	181	4,739	67	9,342
121     8,362     43     4,851      214     5,709     110        116     8,213     57     7,482      208     6,075     125        143     3,967     66     7,986      226     6,654     125        157     4,483     68     8,210      197     5,825     121		132	6,675	4	4,107	;	324	5,888	96	11,302	148	€,873	86	7,504
116 8,213 57 7,482 208 6,075 125 143 8,967 66 7,986 226 6,654 135 157 4,488 68 8,210 197 5,826 121		121	8,262	43	4,851	:	214	5,709	110	12,034	143	4,484	28	8,089
143 3,967 66 7,986 226 6,654, 135 157 4,483 68 8,210 197 5,825 121		116	3,213	22	7,482	:	308	6,075	135	18,386	147	4,556	104	11,629
157 4,488 68 8,210 197 5,826 121		143	3,967	99	7,986	:	226	6,654	126	18,634	134	4,065	86	9,741
		157	4,483	8	8,210	:	197	5,825	121	44,027	141	4,514	68	9,204

TABLE XIV. - (concluded). Income tax for City and Takeils.

TABLE XV. - District Board.

			Receipts.	ġ							Expenditure.	ture.				
Education.	Medical.	Solent i fice of a color.	Misoellane-	Oivil works.	Pound.	.goirre <sup>M</sup>	lotal ex- pediture.	ontribution of Provin.	•ba farenet -a rtainim •a cioii	ducation.	.facibel	o fi i fi o eto.	•on allabet	vil works.	'spun	bt.
	(3)	4	5	9	7	8		إ	;	H	M	9	n	10	οđ	Dο
ا ا	_	,					,	3	=	12	13	14	2	16	17	18
13 195	. IN. 0. 583	K8.	<b>S</b>			R3.	Rs.	Rg.	Rs.	Rs.	R.	Rs.	BB.	 B8:	R <sub>8</sub>	ိုင်
į '	•	:	C61	66040	200	18,828	2,05,945		5,90:	94,-74	23,245	2,555	509	1 21,39	6.971	K COCA
13,124	9,945	:	81	3,289	20,804	12 295	2,86,37.		6,637	86,087	33,469	2,598	507	1.49.014	7 301	
19,494	9,770	<b>∞</b>	271	75,070	22,018	25,584	8,28,611	18,500	6,423	89,539		2.965	581	1 70 000	120(-	000
2	54,125 15,704	365	655	45,204	22,553	15,908	3,44,621	18,500	4,57.	74,227		2,596	658	9.1.9 900	7,040	1,607
\$5	59,450 21,436	860	999	35,275	22,454	22,020	8,51,091	18,00	5,223	93,446			Z	1 00 665	3,512	2/2
72	56,541 35,119	361	759	1,95,761	24,849	16,983	8,52,972	:	7,83	93.440	41 446		:	1,00,000	ON S	117
25	1914-15 1,45,251 14,825	49	191	16,083	23,036	17,151	3,68,403	_	13,041	97 934	48 105	6 849	<del></del>	901,19,4	9) (S	16,901
1915-16 1,52,187	7 9,730	493	143	25,968	28,359 17,407	17,407	4,66,040	မ္	14 097	1 91 031		900	2	Z, JU, 042	8,932	867
1916-17 1,57,177	289'6 2	1,017	793	28,533	24,124	16,001	5,28,122		16,412		58.725	5.490	"	2,45,235	993,68	3,844
4	1,55,448 10,265	220	1,326	16,991	20,856	24,419	6,00,432	2,699	14,882		47,006	5,205	921	2.34 487	0876	6,080
8	99,628 16,278	438	1,190	16,223 23,602		15,582	5,52,629	4,682	2,282	1,93,066	49,735	4,992	620	1.95,383	8,263	72,311
							-	1	-		_	-	•		_	_

TABLE XVI. - Municipality of Gorakhpur.

		1	.88	3	88	8	36	347	11	848	16	8	823
	Total.	18	Rs. 1,14,988	1,08,145	93,823	99,825	109,3	1,20,	1,02,311	1.01,	1,00	1,33,438	1,84,
	sheed reds	o  =	B3. 36,789	29,431	10,634	14,345	23,371 109,335	37,125 1,20,847	19,707	13,442 1.01,548	11,561 1,0099	39,284	36,161 1,84,329
	ablic insti- tution.	1g	Rs. 4,872	5,311	5 971	6,106	5,419	680'9	7,170	8,458	14,379	1156	19,344 12,867
	Pablic works.		Bs. 20,956	13,557	15,059	23,438	25,655	22,810 6,089	19,618 7.170	12,855	19,170	11,953	19,344
liture.	ospitel and ispensaries.	H 4	Rs. 3,468	3,468	4,038	4,038	3,918	4,038	4,038	4.018	3,918	4,115	4,024
Expenditure.	опестуалоу.	13 0	Rs. 23,767	26,821	37,975	81,770	30,17~ 3,918	28,264	29,088	33,145	32,216	32,564	33,939
	drainage drainage -Main.	12	평 :	270	ξ),	;	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	Water supply and drainage Amin - Main	11	. B.				>	:	:	:	:	:	:
	Total.  Total.  Administration Administration and collection of taxes of taxes of taxes  Tablic safety.		R., 17,406	17,979	6,183	6,472	5,965	7,905	7,793	8,543	10,767	188'6	10,608
			Bs. 7,031	6,578	14,013 6,183	13,686	14,829	14,616	14,897	21,082	1,598	16,564	17,386
			Be. 1,18,201	1,05,763	1,09,749	1,03,791	11,183 1,11,211	1,17,435	1,10,379	1,03,940	1,16,351	33,545 1,25.055	64,669 1,74,155
			Re. 8,044	11,118	8,491	11,216	11,133	21,340	11,651	20,404	20,880	33,545	64,669
	.anso.I	9	æ:	:	:	:	:	:	;	:	:	:	• •
	Rents.		84. 3,778	4,013	8,889	4,095	998'9	6,179	7,978	5,533	5,013	8,747	12,469
Income	ther taxes.	0 -	1,665	1,740	8,419	2,501	3,172	8,118	3,043	1,891	1,883	1,706	1,849
	end no zaT. sbusl bus			:	:	. :	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	Ootroi.	G	Ra. 1,04,724	88.892	94,950	88,390	90,040	86,798	87,707	1915-16 76,112	88,575	81,057	95,168
1		十	<del></del>	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	Year		Ra. 1908-09 1,04,734	1909-10	1910-11	81-1161	1912-13	1913-14	1914-15	1915-16	1916-17	1917-18	1918-19

# Gerakhpur District.

# TABLE XVII. - Distribution of Police.

Name of Police Station.	Sub-In- spectors.	Head Con- stables.	Con- stable.	Town Police	Rural Police.	Goraits.	Road Police
Reserve Kotwali Peppiganj Sahjanwan Mansurganj Pipraich Rigauli Obaura Gauci Khajni Banagaon Barhalganj Gola Belghat Deoria Salempur Barhaj Rudarpur Khanpar Khukhundu Tarkulwa Hata Padrauna Kasia Faziluagar Tarysujan Ramkola Bishunpura Maharajganj Purandarpar Rothibhar Nichlaul Birsicha Naikot	1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 1	39 15 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 3 1 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 1	297 144 8 9 9 14 10 111 8 8 18 16 16 19 29 23 13 11 10 16 26 21 10 17 15 14 10 11 7 15	12	48 49 75 53 69 76 87 84 96 102 86 110 147 71 104 41 78 88 84 78 68 78 68 78 62 50 30 67 83 33		
Total	71	106	880	81	2,367		

TABLE XVIII .- Education.

Year.			Total.		Sconda	ry, Edu	cation.	Primary Education.			
		and L	Scholars.		Scholars.		olars.	pae .	Scholars.		
		Schools Colleges.	Males.	Females.	Schools.	Males.	Females.	Schools Colleges.	Males.	Females.	
1908-09	••	488	34,902	1,145	20	3,168		468	31,734	1,145	
1909-10	••	495	33,743	1,133	21	3,777	••	474	29,966	1,133	
1910-11	••	689	40,372	1,415	24	3,848		665	86,479	1,415	
1911-12	••	716	40,328	1,459	24	3,838		692	36,490	1,659	
1912-13	••	563	40,542	1,116	20	8,575		548	36,967	1,116	
1913-14	••	589	89,923	1,158	200	8,414	3	569	3 <b>5,9</b> 09	1,158	
1914-15	••	600	85,855	1,307	28	8,828		577	82,027	1,307	
1915-16	••	583	38,133	-16	23	4,135	••	514	28,161	1,545	
1916-17	••	596	37,841	93	25	4,286		581	32,225	1,769	
1917-18	••	663	37,354	28	28	4,590		545	81,380	1,926	
1918-19		649	87,185	1,834	31	4,580	2	561	30,510	1,845	
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# Gorakhpur District

Name of tabsil.	Pargana.	Тарра.	Name of sobool	. Class
1 2 3 4 5 6 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 22 1 22 23 24 4 8 H	Silhat Do	Do. Do. Do. Do. Nagwatiker Ditto	Indupur School Patharhat Deogaon Indupur Rudrapur Khurma Bahmuna Pachlare Narainpur Nahail Bard Gonia Koilgarha Nagwa Khas Jagarnathpur Aktaha Tighra Khairwa Ruderpur Bhingusari Rudarpur Nagwa Jokaha Rudarpur Khurma	Town. Training: Primary. Do. Town. Primary. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Co. Do. Do. Alded. Pathsala. Do.

<del></del>		LIST	OF SCHOOL	S, 1919—(continued).	
Serial number.	Name of tabsil	Pargana.	Тарра.	Name of school.	Class.
51	1	Shah jahan-	Nagwa	Disahi Deoria.	Primary.
52 53 54 55 56		pur. Do. Do. Silhat Do. Shahjahan- pur.	Do Do Do Singhpur Do Parbbori	Sabador Patti Pipra Madan Gopal. Dwarka Prasad. Dbarhs. Do. Kundwi	Do. Do. Do. Do. Aided Pathshala. Primary.
58 59 60 61 62	,	Silhat Do. Haveli Gorakhpur. Ditto Shahjahan-	Katwora Madanpur Didupur Do Tarkulwa	Kataura . Madanpur. Paikauli. Bhaisahi. Rampur Girl	
68 66 67 68 69 70	Huin,- (coneduded).	pur. Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Silhat Shahjahan-	Do	Tarkulwa. Ram Nagar Sonohla Rampur Karkhana Sirsia. Rampur Karkhana Mundera Sirjam Pipra Dakqadim Harraya	Girl. Primery. Depressed. Primary. Do. Do. Islamia.
72 78 74 75		pur. Ditto Ditto Ditto Haveli Gorakhpur.	Do Chakdeya Do Agya	Fiors Jham Sonbarsa Mundera Bakhra	Primary. Do. Do. Do.
76 77 78 79 60 81		Silhat Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Shah juhan		Khaira Banwan Asuahor Barpar Ruderpur Kampur Karkhana	Do. Do. Do. Primary Girl's.
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	Padrauna.	pur. Sidhuajobna Ditto	Narainpur Do Do Do Do Do Do Do Pakri San. gram. Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto	Kasia Do	Town. Training. Primary. Do. Girl's. Aided Maktab. Primary. Town. Training. Primary. Aided Maktah. Aided Pathahala. Girl's.

LIST OF SCHOOLS, 1919 - (continued).

Serial number.	Name of tabsil.	Pargana.	Tappa.	Name of school.	Class.
14 15		Sidhuajobna Ditto	Pakri Sanr. Dhuria Bi-	Padrauna Tamkubi	Depressed. Town.
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 30 31 32 34 31 36 37 38 39 40	una – (continued).	Ditto	jaipur. Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Papsur Do Porwarpar Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Do Do.	Do. Guraulia Raja Pakar Tiwary Patti Tamkubi Ramkola Barwa Bazar Kbunlatu Pakri Banger Bam Kola Do. Do Sapaha Salimgarh Do. Behar Lachmipur Babu Madhopur Patherwa Tarya Sujan Deoria Kuswaha Ahirauly Parwarpar Tekuwa Tar Kurhwa Amwakhas	Training. Primary. Do. Do. Do. Do. Training. Primary. Do. Do. Do. Dopressed Aided Pathsha Dopressed. Training. Primary. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Lo. Do. Do. Do. Lo. Do. Do. Lo. Do. Do. Lo. Lo. Lo. Lo. Lo. Lo. Lo. Lo. Lo. L
43		Ditto	Dhar. Ditto	Bansgaon Chavria	Do.,
445 466 477 488 439 500 511 522 533 544 555 569 601		Ditto  Ditto	Rampur Dhobb. Pribbpur. Do. Do. Batesra Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Chaura Bargaon Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto	Barwapatti Do. Bhujauli Bahore Chapra Chitauni Khadda Do. Nawrangia Siswa Nohar Singaha Bargaon  Chaup Simra Popra Jatan Sidhneva Sheikhtolia Nonia patti	Do.

	-		LIST C	F SOHOOLS	, 1919 – (continu	sed).	<del></del>
	Serial number.	of		Тарра.	Name of sob	iool,	Class.
Ditto   Do.   Basdila   Do.   Do.   Bastraly   Do.   Do.   Do.   Bastraly   Do.	62		Sidhuaiobna	Bhaluwa.	Belwa Buzura		Primary
Ditto   Do.   Batrauly   Do.   Do.   Shokkwania   Do.   Do.   Shokkwania   Do.   Do.   Do.   Shokkwania   Do.		1	· · · ·	n.	Basdila		
Ditto   Do   Do   Do   Do   Do   Do   Do		1 ()	77:44-	D <sub>2</sub>			
Ditto   Ditt	65	1	Ditta				
Ditto   Ditt	66	[ []	This see				
Ditto   Ditt		1 11		raon.		••	20.
Ditto   Ditt	67	1 11		Ditto	Jogia		Do.
Ditto   Ditt		] ]]		Ditto		sra	Do.
Ditto   Ditt	<b>Ե</b> 9		Ditto	Malsil sire-	Baghuch		Do.
Ditto		[ [ [			Ĭ		
Ditto				Ditto	Patherdiwa		
Ditto		الخرا					Aided Pathshala
Ditto   Do.   Saraya   Do.   Do.	!	ed					
Ditto   Do.   Saraya   Do.   Do.		E		Ditto		• •	Maktab.
Ditto   Do.   Saraya   Do.   Do.		102		Dandupur			Primary.
Ditto   Do.   Saraya   Do.   Do.		§		Do		••	
Ditto   Do.   Saraya   Do.   Do.	76	<del>-</del>	Ditto		Chandroli	• •	Do,
Ditto   Do.   Saraya   Do.	77	una	Ditto	Bauri Chir-	Jataha Bazar	••	Do.
Ditto   Do.   Saraya   Do.   Do.	78	#	Ditto	Dieta	Mansa Chanre		Do
Ditto   Do.   Saraya   Do.		9		The second of the second		••	
Ditto   Do.   Nadwa   Aided Sch	80	<b>-</b>		Khan	Jaura Manra	khan	
Ditto   Do.   Nadwa   Mathia Siram   Primary.	81		Ditto	Do.	Saraya		
Ditto   Do.   Twiharia   Do.   Do.				Do			Aided School.
Ditto			Ditto	Bakjogini	Mathia Siram	1	
Ditto			Ditto	Do	Twihania		Do.
Ditto   Do.   Sohang   Do.				Do	Pirogha		
Ditto   Nagaon   Naogaon   Do.				Jhankol	Mahuwa		
Ditto   Do.   Do			70.44		Sohang		
Ditto   Do   Sandi   Do   Aided Sch					Naogaon	•• [	
Ditto   Rampur   Ragni   Deoria   Aided Sch		- 11			Sakhopar	••	
1	1	M	TD:44		Sandi De di	••	
Salempur   Majhauli   Deoria   Deoria   Town	31		D1000		Dudhai	••	Aided School.
Ditto   Do.   Do	1	/		70	Deoria		Town.
Ditto   Do   Do   Do   Depressed	2		Ditto	Do	Do		Training
Ditto   Do   Do   Girls'	3	[ ]	Ditto		Th.	,	Depressed.
Ditto   Do   Do   Do   Path   Primary   Do   Do   Do   Do   Do   Do   Do   D		- []	Ditto	Do	Do.		Girls'.
Ditto   Do.   Do.   Do.   Mak   Barhaj   Town.   Training   Ditto   Do.   Do.   Do.   Training   Do.   Do.		- 11	Ditto	Do	Do .		Aided hoys'.
Ditto   Do.   Barhaj   Town.		- 11	Ditto				Dathahala
Ditto   Do   Do   Do   Aided Mak		65				- 1	36.1.3
Ditto   Do   Do   Do   Aided Mak		语月		Raipura	Barhaj	1	Town.
Ditto   Do   Do   Do   Aided Mak		811	** ;				
Ditto   Do.   Do.   Aided Make   Ditto   Do.   Bhaluani   Primary.		<b>-</b>	73.44				Depressed.
Ditto   Do.   Bhaluani   Primary.		- 11	Dista	D.		]	
14 Ditto Do. Bakuchi Do. 15 Ditto Do. Gander Do. 16 Ditto Do. Baradikshit Do.		]]	70.44	Do		•• j	Aided Maktab.
15 Ditto Do. Gander Do. Do. Baradikshit Do.		- []		13.		••	
16 Ditto Do. Baradikshit Do.		[[		Do	.D.1HUCD1		
			TN:44	D		. (	
17 Ditto Da Painan Da		\	TD:44-	D		•• [	
Do. Painan Do.		)		]	~ ****		<i>D</i> 0.

-		List	OF SCHOOL	8, 1919— <i>(oonli</i> ni	(ed.)	•
Serial number.	Name of Pargana. Taj		Тарра.	Name of schoo	Class	
18	/	Salempur Majhauli.	Raipura	Painan	••	Girls,'
19		Ditto	Dò.	Sonari		Primary.
20	1   1	Ditto	Haveli	Majhanli	••	Town.
21		Ditto	Do.	Do		Training.
22	1 11	Ditto	Do	Do	••	Girls'
28	1 11	Ditto	Do	Bhigari	••!	Primary.
24	1 1	Ditto :	Do	Bhatwa	•• '	Do,
25 26	1 11	Ditto	Do	Bahiari Baghel	• •	Do.
26 27	1 11	Ditto	Do	Bankata	••	Do.
28	1 1;	Ditto	Do	Bhatpar	<b>•</b> ′•	Do.
29		Ditto	Do.	Do		Aided Pathsala.
30	lli	Ditto	Do	Pranpur Barkagaon	• •	Primary.
81		Ditto	Do.	Bhigari	••	Do. Girls,'
82	1 11	Ditto	Do.	Bankata	••	Do.
33		Ditto	Balia	Lar	**	Town.
84	1 11	Ditto	Do.	Do.	•••	Training.
85	1 14	Dit to	Do	Bhagalpur	••	Primary.
36		Ditto	Do	Kundauly	••	Do.
87	1 11	Ditto	Do	Nandavli	÷.	Do.
38	1 _11	Ditto	Do	Pindi		Do.
89 40	न्त्र	Ditto	Do	Nema	٠.	Do.
41	8	Ditto	Do	Ram nagar		
42	3	Ditto	Do.	Phariandih	•	Do.
48	8	Ditto	Do	Nandauly Lar		Night.
44	1 51	Ditto	Do	T) -	٠.,	Islamia. Girls.
45		Ditto	Do.	Bhagalpur	••	Do.
46	<u>                                   </u>	Ditto	Do.	Nadauli	·••	Do.
47	Deoria—(continued	Ditto	Do.	Pindi.		Aided Pathshala.
48	"	Ditto	Do.	Lar	٧.	Ditto.
49	1	Ditto	Do.	Pindy		Aided Maktab.
50 51	1 ] -	Ditto	Do	Ukinan		1.10.25
51 52	1	Ditto	Do	Lar	••	Asided Maktab.
58	1 11	Ditto Ditto	Do.	Mehraunan	**	Ditto.
54	1 1	Ditto	Bhatvi	Hatwa Bazar	••	Training.
55	] ]	Ditto	D <sub>a</sub>	Nonapar Payaci	• •	Primary.
56		Ditto	Do	Souriji.	•••	Do. Do.
57	1 1	Ditto	Surauli	Ahiluar	••	Do.
58	1 11	Ditto	Do.	Majhgawan	••	Do.
59		Ditto	Do.	Paikauly		Do.
60	1   1	Ditto	Do.	Ijarhi	441	Do.
61	] []	Ditto	Gautman	Ahirauly Baghel		Do.
62 63		Ditto	Do.	Pipra Baghel	•	Do.
64		Ditto	Do.	Ahirauli Tiwari	••	Do.
65		Ditto	Do	Lonar		Do.
66		D:44-	Do	Bahiari Baghele		Aided Girls'.
67	[ ] [	Ditto	Bairauna	Birwa Patti	*•	", Maktab.
68	1 (1	Ditto	Katchwar	Bairauna Baikunthpur		Primary.
69	[ ] [	Ditto	Do		••	Do. Do.
	<u> </u>		•• ]		••	10.

LIST	O <sub>E</sub>	SOHOOLS.	1919 (continued)
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Serial number.	Name of tabsil.	Pargana.	Тарра.	Name of school.		Class
70		Salempur Majhauli.	Katchwar	Pandepur		Primary.
71	<b>1</b> [1	Ditto	Do. ,.	Rawatpar		Do.
72	1 11	Ditto	Do.	Manton		Do.
78		Ditto	Do	Rampur Dhuswa		Do.
74	1 11	Ditto	Barsipar		{	Do
75	1 []	Ditto	Do	Thu 3 1 m.	••	Aided boys'. Primary.
76	1 11	Ditto	Do	Dhanaut:	•• [	Do.
77 78	)	Ditto	Do.	Dinus Danni	::	Do.
79	1 11	Ditto	Do.	37 1-1		Do.
80	' []	Ditto	Do	Durmonlin		Aided Pathshala.
81	- 11	Ditto	Puraina	Dughra		Primary.
82	,	Ditto	Ghanti	Ghanti	••	Do.
83		Ditto	Do		••	Do, Do.
84 8 <b>5</b>	1 11	Ditto	Do	TTALISMAN		Do.
86	1 11	Ditto	FC239F36	T. 12		Do.
87	1 11	Ditto	Do.	Pakri Bazar		Do.
88	1. 11	Ditto	Do,	Fatehpur	••	Do
89	1 11	Ditto	Do,	Do.		Girle' Aided,
90		Ditto	Kaparwar	Karayal Sukul	* *	Primary.
91	3	Ditto	Do,	Gawea	••	Night. Primary.
92 93	72	Ditto	Do	Kaparpur	••	Do.
94	€	Ditto	Khukhundu		*:	Do.
95	७/।	Ditto	Baliwan	Robinian		Do.
96	$\Gamma \Gamma \Gamma$	Ditto	Do.	Baliwan		Do,
97	Deoria—(concluded,	Ditto	Dond .,	Bardiha	]	Do.
98	انقرا	Ditto	Do	Ruchapar	* *	Do. Do.
99 100		Ditto Pitto	Samogar Sohanpur	Samegar Sobanpur	**	Do.
101		Thisten i	Do.	- T7 1		Do.
102	1 11	Ditto	Do			Do.
103	1 !!	Ditto	Salampur	Salempur	••	Do.
104	1 11	Ditto	Do,	Tilauly	•• ]	Depressed.
105	! !!	Ditto	Do. ,.		••	Islamia. Primary.
106 107	] [[	Ditto Ditto	Do	Hichhaura	••	Do.
108	1 11	Ditto	Do	Birajmal	;;	Aided Girls'
109	1 11	litto	Do.	Kishoregani		Aided Pathshala
110	1 11	Ditto	Do	Tilauly Tilauly		Primary.
111	1 11	Ditto	Do	Bishunpur	••	Do.
112	1 11	Ditto	Mail	Chero	••	Do.
118	1 [[	Ditto	Do	Selia Mail	••	Do. Do.
114 115	1 11	Ditto	D.	Panika	••	Do.
116	4 []	Ditto	Do.	Kashi	••	Do.
117	1 1	Ditto	Do.	Pipra Rahiman	••	Do.
118	1 1	Ditto	Do.	Garhwa		Aided Maktab.
119	1 1	Ditto	Sathiaon	Karauta	••	Primary.
120	1 (	Ditto	Do	Barhaj Deoria High Sch	1001	English School.
121	1 1	Ditto	До	Dentis Tright pen	1001	1 20.

	LIST OF SOHOOLS, 1919—(continued).							
Serial number.	Name of tabsil	Pargana.	Tappa.	Name of school	ol.	Class.		
1		••	<b></b>	Mahrajganj		Middle School		
2		••		Dhani		Ditto.		
3	1 11	••	••	Do.	••	Training.		
4		••		Mahrajganj	••	Do,		
5		• •	•••	Pappeganj	••	Do.		
6	1 11	• • •		Siswa bazar		Do.		
7		• •	•••	Bhaunra Bari	••	Upper primar		
8	1 ][	• • •	٠٠ ا	Bridgmanganj	••	Ditto.		
9		••		Bhagwanpur	••	Ditto.		
10 11		••	••	Basantpur	••	Ditto.		
12		• •	••	Barahra Ganjan		Ditto.		
13	1 11	••	500	Chaumukha	••	Ditto.		
14		••	£1403	Dharampur	••	Ditto.		
15	1 11	••	E-315836	Gaunerya	••	Ditto.		
16	1 11	••	VORS: N	Kamasin	••	D tto.		
17		••	731372	Karmahi	••	Ditto.		
18	$\Gamma = \Pi$	• •	EXIEP.	Kasauly	•• '	Ditto.		
19	1 11	• ••	100 miles	Kharia	•••	Ditto.		
20	1 11	••	7 17	Khajuria	••	Ditto.		
21	1 11	••	N /h ti	Lajarwa Lachmipur <b>M</b> ah	anth	Ditto.		
22	1 11	••	7.90.3	Machligaon	PITITI	Ditto.		
23		•••	d 453	Muhammadpur I	Saria	Ditto.		
24	E			Mithaura Bazar	i i	Ditto.		
25	·壽/	••	100	Mundila	••	Ditto.		
26		••	BOTT THE S	Nawapar		Dirto.		
27	Mahrajganj	••	The state of the s	Nautanwa		Ditto.		
28		••	remit	Nichlaul		Ditto.		
29		••	642444	Pakardiha		Ditto.		
30	1 11	• •		Partawal		Ditto.		
81	1 11	• •	••	Pharenda.		Ditto.		
82	, 11	••	; ••	Purandarpur	•• ]	Ditto.		
33 34	] [[	••	••	Parsia Indarpar	]	Ditto.		
35	1 11	• •		Rampur Tiwari	1	Ditto.		
86		••	••	Rigauli		Ditto.		
37		••	••	Semra	••	Ditto.		
88		••	•••	Sonaura Thunthibarn	••	Ditto.		
89	1 11	••		Thunthibary Rishuppura	]	Ditto.		
40		••	::	Bishunpura Parsauni		Ditto.		
41		••		Harpur Mahant		Ditto.		
42		••		Adda Bazar		Ditto.		
43	1 []	••		Bilwa		Lower Primar		
44	1 . []	••	::	Banspar	•••	Ditto. Ditto.		
45	1 11	• •		Barwa Khurd	••	Ditto.		
46	1 11	••		Belwa Tikar		Ditto.		
47	1 11	••	1	Bhagatpurwa		Ditto.		
48		• •		Deoghatti	::	Ditto.		
49		••		Godawera		Ditto.		
50		••		Ghughly	::	Ditto		
51 52	1 . []	••	••	Ghirmaha		Ditto.		
	1 VI	••	٠.	Goplapur	- 1	Ditto		

LIST OF SCHOOLS, 1919-(continued).

Serial number.	Name of tahsil.	Pargana.	Тарра.	Name of so	hool.	Class.
53 54				Inderpur Lachmipur	Bazar	
£5	1 1	• • •		Mahdewa		Ditto.
66	1 ()	••	••	Munderi		Ditto.
57	1 11	••		Narkatha	• •	Ditto.
58	i	• •	••	Netwar	• •	Ditto.
59	1 11	••		Paisia Lalain		Ditto.
60	[ ]	•••	••	Pakri Bharatl	khand	Ditto.
61	11	`	••	Parsanna	• •	Ditto.
64	11	••	,	Rajwal		Ditto.
6.1	- 11		• •	Balhi Khor		Ditto.
(4	11			Lalpur .	• •	Ditto.
60	- 11	!	-5.394	Bhauwalia		Ditto.
<b>6</b> 3	- 11		22 ESE	Sahjanwan	• •	Ditto.
67	- 11		A01922.2	Samerdhira	• •	Ditto.
68	- 11		TELLE	Sakhui		Ditto.
69	- 11		1253.00	Samri		Ditto.
70	311	1	VEX SEC	Sistori		Ditto.
71	8	!	70	Thakurnagar	• •	Ditto.
72	n n	!	9.0	Tirlokepur	• •	Ditto.
73	* i		1.00	Lahenda Bazar	• • •	Ditto.
74	Mabrajganj Tahsıl.—(continued		art dit	Devipur	• •	Ditto.
75	911		Marina		anth	D.tto.
76	- 5		Part I	Marahta	• •	Ditto.
77	<u>    25     </u>		Material St	Nausagra		Ditto.
78	- 무(		1	Baraicha	٠.	Ditto.
79	E		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Jarah		Dit to.
80	<u> </u>	.,	- 선의	Jamauni	• •	Ditto.
81	83		• •	Ramour court	• •	Ditto.
82	'∄'		••	Sinduria	• •	Ditto.
83	<u>ā</u>	1	• •	Pipra Islamia	• •	Ditto.
84	K		• •	Khajuria Islam:	ia	Ditto.
85	7	1	• •	R tri School, 1	ish-	Ditto,
- 1	- 11	1		rajganj.		
85 87		••	••	Mathaniya	••	Boys' Aided School.
88	{ }		••	Mednipur		Ditto.
89	11		••	Bagapar	••	Ditto.
90	11		••	Dhani	••	Girls' Aided School.
91	11	}		Mahrajganj		Ditto.
- 1	l i	••		Phani		Sanskrit Path-
92	- 11	••	••	• Hall	•••	shala.
93	[ [			Peppiganj		Ditto.
94	- 11	••	1	Mithaura		Ditto.
95	- { }	•• 1	••	Parsauna	-::	Boys' Aided
80	- 11	••	••	- 41-00-0-10		Maktab.
96	11	}	}	Peppiganj		Ditto.
97	- 11	••	1	Harakhpura	::	Ditto
98	11	**	•••	Methaura Bazar	:: 1	Girle' School
30	V	••		*************************	[	District Board.
Į.	7	t	ı	•		

## LIST OF BOHGOLS, 1919-(continued).

Bridgmanganj    Comparison of the comparison	Serial number.	Name of tabsil	Pargana.	Тарра.	Name of school.	Class.
Dittog	99 100 1 2 8 4 5 6 6 7 8 9 10 11 11 12 11 14 15 16 17 18 19 19 11 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12				Khunipur Jubilee Branch Purana Gorakhpur Ilahibagh Kaptenganj Mian Bazar Alinagar Andh aribagh Bhua Shahid Alahdadpur Raiganj Sheikhpur Dewan Bazar Minwan Dumri Rawat Pathshala Hardiya Minwan Dumri Court Rawat Pathshala Pipraich Badhya Chowk Baramhpur Eisnupur Bargaon Bhawapar Bhorsaind Bhinsa Bhiti Bhagwanpur Chaura Chadron Chilbilwa Dumri Newas Doharia Dinghat Gopalepur Gularia Ghagasara Harpur Hardiya Kakrakhor Khanimpur Kuin Mandapar Mandraun Moorpur	trict Board. Ditto. Ditto. Municipal Board's Schools. Ditto. Ditt
, , ,			••	••	werrlaher	Di lto.

LIST OF SCHOOLS, 1919-(continued).

Sqrial number	Name of taheil	Pargana.	Tappa.	Name of school.	Class.
49		,		Mithabel	Upper Primary.
50	//	••	••	Pali	Ditto.
51		!	••	Piprauli	Ditto.
52	1 11	••	••	Raiganj	Ditto.
58	1 1		••	Rajdhani	Ditto.
54			••	Rithuakhor	Ditto.
55	[ [ [	••	••	Sahjanwan	Ditto.
56	11	•••	••	Sarahry	Ditto.
57	11	••	••	Tighara	Ditto.
58	} } }	}	••	Dugduiya	Dftto.
59	11	••	••	Majgawan	Ditto.
60	1 11	••	• •	Sonbarsa	Ditto.
61	1 11	••	• •	Baksundi	Lower Primary
62		{	5	(parties)	Schools.
68		••	635	Banauli	Ditto
64	1211	••	46.83	Bargahan Barhai	Ditto.
65	3		1	Danie 1 17 - 41 -	Ditto.
66	, <u>ē</u>		188	10 L L L	Ditto.
67	2	}	103	DL . N . 4	Ditto. Ditto.
68	8	- 1		Rhilora	Ditto.
69				Bhinapar	Ditto.
70				Bhiti Raut	Ditto.
71			di	Bhili Tiwari	Ditto.
72	Sadt Tabsil, Gorakhpur-(continued)		49	Derghat	Ditto.
78			422	Girdharganj	Ditto.
74	8/1	••	ALBETT .	Jangle Salikram	Ditto.
75		••		Rampur Kaithauliya	Ditto.
76	8	••	• 33	Khorabar	Ditto.
77	<b>E</b>	•		Nabiour	Ditto.
78		••	••	Narang Patti	Ditto.
79 80	[ g	••	••	Newas	Ditto.
81	80	••	••	Pachauri	Ditto,
82		•• }	••	Bharchain Phulwaria Aterpur	Ditto.
88		••	••	Phulwaria Aterpur Phulwaria Pipradih	Ditto. Disto.
84	11	•• 1	••	Rakhba Jugti	Ditto.
85			••	Liherma	Ditto.
86		- :: 1	••	Siliapar	Ditto.
87		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	••	Thuni	Ditto.
88	i 11	• •	••	Tikariya	Ditto.
89	1 11	••	••	Chaudhari	Ditto.
90	1 11	1	••	Gabasand	Ditto.
91	l 11		••	Permesherpur	Ditto.
97	] ]]	J	••	Ekla	Ditto.
98	1 11	)	••	Durgapur	Ditto.
94	1 11	••	• •	Nagwan Lala	Ditto.
95 96	[ ]]	••	••	Unchgawan	Ditto.
au		••	••	Bhirpalu Giri's School,	Ditto.
97		!	••	Kolin Jubilee School	Ditto.
98	1 (1	1	••	Piprauli	Girls Aided Schoo
89	\	}		Chawra	Ditto.
100				Bhagawra	Ditto.

## LIST OF SCHOOLS, 1919 - (continued).

	.	Pargana.	Тарря.	Name of school.	Class.
101		••		Tilaura	Sanskrit Path-
102		••	1	Mithabel	Ditto.
103	11	••		Rustampur	Ditto.
104	-	••		Bhawapac	Ditto.
105 106		••	••	undhat	Ditto, Boys, Aided
100	- 11	••	••	Anjuman Islamia, Gorakhpur.	Boys, Aided Maktaba
107	- 11	••	} ''	Piprauli	Dit'o.
108	<u> </u>	••		Lipraich	Girls school
100	dec	••	••	2101110	(District Board).
109	~	••	milia	Sheikhpur	Ditto.
110	ž	• •	67512	Bargaon	Ditto.
111	<u>5</u>	••	(Z.502)	Khanimpur	Ditto.
112	- !	• •	VALUE 1999	St. Andrew's College	Collega.
118	Sadt Taiseil, Gorakbpur - (con. l. idsd.)	••		St. Androw's Colle-	English School.
114	[E]		T I T	Jublee High School	Ditto.
115	, G	•••	1/1/1	Gorakhpur High School.	Ditto.
116	Airei	••		George Islamia School.	Ditto.
117	dr J	••		Normal school	Teachers, Train- ing.
118	Ø	••	Manager 1	AV. Middle School	English School.
119		••	सद्यम	Swinten Memorial School.	Middle Schools
120 121	- 11	••	••	Urdu Bazar Purdilpur	Primary.
122	- 11	••	j ••	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Do.
	\}	••,	••	Alinagar	
1	/			Barsgaon	Middle Schools.
3	- (1	••	••	Barhalganj	Ditto.
4	11	••	l ::	Gagha .	Ditto.
5	- 11	• •		Sikriganj	Ditto.
6 1	- 11	••		Bansgaon	Fraining Schools.
7	- 11	••		Gola	Ditto.
8	렸니	••		Barhalganj	Ditto.
9	Bansgaon,	••	••	Sikriganj	Ditto. Ditto.
10	Sa	••	••	Belipar Karwal	Ditto.
12	25	••	•••	Badhyapar	Upper Primar y.
18	]]	• •	••	Bhamsapar	Ditto.
14	11	••	· · ·	Baidauly	Ditto.
15	- 11	••	i	Belghat	Ditto.
16	11	••	••	Bhermah	Ditto.
17	11		••	Bairiadih .	Ditto.
18	{	••	••	Bhaloowan .	Ditto. Ditto.
19	М	••	••	Baghai .	1710100

LIST OF SCHOOLS, 1919-(continued).

Serial number.	Name of tahsil	of Pargana. Tappa. Name of school		Name of sohool.	Class.
72		••	••	Dhakwa Bazar	Lower Primary.
73	1 /1	•	•••	Dhobawli	Ditto.
74	1 11			Dhuris Par	Ditto.
<b>7</b> 5	1. 11	••	,,	Gagha Achbut Pat-	Ditto.
7.6	1 11			shala,	<b>7</b> 0:44-
77	1 11	••	••	Gajadhams	Ditto.
78	1 11	••	••	Gaur Par	Ditto.
79	1 11	••	••	TYania	Ditto.
80	1 11	•••	••	Homme	Ditto.
81	1 11	•••	••	thoria	Ditto.
82	1 11	••	•	Kabarhi	Ditto.
83	1 11	•	- E	Vananjahi	Ditto.
84	1 11	••	S.36.3	Katwa	Ditto.
85	}	••	Carlotte.	YP a beau	Ditto.
86	1 1	••	0.00	Kherkata Dubey	Ditto.
87	) ))	••	731977	Wanndowi	Ditto.
88	1 11		6018900	Kurawei	Ditto.
-89	1 11		/03/653	Kushmawai	Ditto.
90	1,11	••	75 11 1 20	Manager	Ditto.
91	😴	•	100	Malaon	Ditto.
92	3	•	1,92,3	Mobdpur Usrah	Ditto.
98	5	•	(Table)	Mahua Par	Ditto.
94	1 78   1	••	# T. 7/2	Mahua Khurd	Ditto.
95	\ <u>\&amp;</u> / \	••		37auh	Ditto.
98	$\Gamma \Pi \Pi$	• •	US 1970	Narainpur	Ditto.
97	9	••	The state of the s	Naraichpar	Ditto.
<b>9</b> 8	2	• •	-	Pali	Ditto.
99	Banagaon (continued).	•	선생님	Piper Sandi	Ditto.
100	ایجا	••	1	Padhani	Ditto.
101	"	••		Ramdip	Ditto.
102	1 11	••	} ::	Raipur	Ditto.
103	1 11	••	1 ::	Ratanpur	Ditto.
104	1 11	••	}	Rayawn	Ditto.
105	1 11	••	1 ::	Sahrowli	Ditto.
106	1 11	••	} ```	Semra	Ditto.
107	1 11	••		Somaicha	Ditto.
108	1 11	••		Tier	Ditto.
109	1 11	• •	1 ::	Chitawna	Ditto.
110	1 11	••	} ::	Kauri Ram	Ditto.
111	1 11	••	ł ::	Rawatpar	Ditto.
112	1 11	••	1	Bhainsa	Ditto.
118	1 11	• •		Alwalpur	Ditto.
114	1 [[	••	1	Jugua	Ditto.
115		••		Kanail	Ditto,
116		••		Basdeopur Muham- madan School.	Ditto.
117	} }	••	1	Babhnauly	Ditto.
118	1 11	••	1	Unwal	Ditto.
119	] [	••	1 ::	Kuldawahri	Ditto.
120	1	••	1	Chaukori Bansgaon	Ditto,
	1	<u> </u>	}	}	

LIST OF SCHOOLS, 1919—(continued).

Serial number.	Name of tabsil.	Pargana.	Tappa.	Name of school.	Class.
20	1 1			Bailthar	Upper primary
21	1 11		1	Bansi	D tto.
22	1 /1			Bankata	Ditto.
28	i 11			Bishunithpur	Ditto.
24			••	Bathni	Ditto.
25	1 11			Chawaria	Ditto.
26	1 11	••	!	Chilwa	Dit to. Dit to.
27	1 1	••	•• ]	Chhatia	Ditto.
28	1 1	••	••	Dermha	Ditto.
29	1 11	••	••	Daidih	Ditto.
30	1	••	• •	Dughra	Ditto.
81	1 1	••	. 570	0	Ditto.
32 33	1	••	L MIS	Gajpur	Ditto.
34 34	1	••	EXIST	Gagha	Ditto.
85	1 }	••	(618313)	Hata	Ditto.
83	1 1		761362	Khanipur	Ditto.
87	1 1	::	REMARK	Kauri Ram	Ditto.
38		1	COME	Khutahua	Ditto.
39			1 0 1	Kashmapar	Ditto.
40	- 1		7.73-1	Kutha	Ditto.
41	ا خد ا		1.90.1	Madaria	Ditto.
42	lee	l	47,455	Mahoosi	Ditto.
43	l ž		# VI-768	Malauly	Ditto.
44	1 2		435.40	Malhar par	Ditto.
45	1 8 1		18113000	Manun Kishunpur	D.tto.
46	1 1	••		Narrai	Ditto.
47			ग्रन्था	Pabila	Ditto.
49	8	••	4104.1	Purwa	Ditto.
49	Sa l		••	Shahpur	Ditto.
50	8	••		Shankarpur Jhoti	Ditto.
5 <sub>1</sub> 5 <sub>2</sub>	1 ' ' 1	•••		1 **	Ditto.
5 <sub>2</sub>				1 0 1 1 1 1 1	Ditto.
5 <sub>4</sub>		· · ·		Hariharpur	Ditto.
55			i ::	Murarpur	Ditto.
56		••		Sahwa Kol	Ditto.
57			:	Kori Bazar	Dit'o.
58		1		Ahirauli Saithwar	Lower Primary,
59	1			Ahirauli Lala	Ditto.
60	)	1	1	Arawan	Ditto.
61			1	Barigaon	Ditto.
62			}	Rangawan	Ditto.
63		••	}	Bara nagar	Ditto.
64			1	Baisara	Ditto.
65		••		Bhatrha	Ditto.
<b>6</b> 6				Bhaishi	Ditto.
67 68		•••		Shoop Gadh	Ditto.
69 69		••	i ••	Bhosawal	Ditto.
7 <sub>0</sub>		•••		Charpani Dehra Tikar	Ditto.
71			1	Debra Tikar Dewapar	Ditto.
• 1	1	•		- Conapar	1

LIST OF SCHOOLS, 1919-(concluded).

Serial number.	Name of tabsil.	Pargana.	Тарра.	Name of School	oì.	Class,
131		••	••	Gajhra		Boys' Aided Schools.
122	1 11	••	••	Belnur	}	Ditto.
183	1 11	••	••	Semri Tal	**	Ditte.
124 125	1 11	••	••	Manjbaria S. B. Mission Sc	thoo!	Ditto. Ditto.
126	1 11	: ,	••	Zila Mohamma		Ditto.
127	1 11	••	::	Anwrai		Ditto.
198	4 41	••		Bhiti		Ditto.
129	1 11	••	••	Bansudiha		Ditto.
180	1 11	••		Gagha Night S	chool	Ditto.
181	1 11	••	**	Pipar Sandi	•• }	Girls' Aided
	1 11		-	15.61	1	Schools.
132	1 11	••	16-20 6	Sarsara	}	Ditto.
188 184	1 11	••	CE-552	Dharwa bazar	•••	Ditto. Sanskrit Pat-
704	1 11	••	70656	Diak wa Danat	•••	shala.
135	1 11	••	. 689	Rama Man	]	Dirto.
136	1  1	• •	1000	Bishunathpur	1	Ditto.
137	1 11	••		Guermhi	1	Ditto.
138		••		Khopapar	•••	Ditto.
189		••	. 14	Kanapar	]	Ditto.
140	3	••	150	Badhalganj		Ditto.
141	72	••	4630	Malson	•••	Ditto.
142	¥	••	12.23	Amerpur Dehra Tikar	•••	Ditto. Ditto.
148 144	ভ্∢	**	(USIDE	Hardahi	. ••	Ditto.
145	1 1 1	••		Barhalganj Isla	mia	Boys' Aided Mak-
1-0	Bansgaon - (concluded).	••	स्व		4	tabs.
<b>174</b> 6	80	••		Asaunji	• •	Ditto.
147	a l	••	}	Bansgaon	••	Ditto.
148	1 1	••		Badahan	••	Ditto.
149	1 1	••		Gopalpur	••	Ditto.
150		••	••	Mobarakpur	••	Ditto.
151		••	••	Gola Bazar	••	Ditto.
152 153		) ··	••	Sahaij Par Shahpur	• •	Ditto.
154			1	Belipar	••	Ditto.
155			1	Rawat Par		Girls' Aided
	1 1	} ''	1			Maktabs.
156	3	١ ٠		Hamidpur	••	Ditto.
157		i	1	Kulduwa Bari	••	Ditto.
158	3 [ 1	••	••	Gola	••	Girlsi Schools
	. 1	Ī	I	<b>.</b>		(D. B.)
159				Jhahi	••	Ditto.
160			••	Barhalganj	. ••	Ditto.
161 161			1	Gagha Barigaon	· ••	Ditto.
168			1	Gajpur	••	Ditto.
184			1 ::	Kishowa Par	••	Ditto.
16		1 ::	, · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Kotha		Ditto-
186			1 ::	Gagha	••	Emplish School.
	4	4	1	1	, ,	1

#### ROADS, 1919.

Serial num- ber.	Name of road.	Length.		
		Miles.	fur.	ft.
	UNMETALLED ROADS.			
	Communications : -			
	(a)-II CLASS-UNMETALLED ROADS.			
	A.—Bridged and drained throughout.			
1 2	Gorakhpur to Lotan	88 13	0 4	0
	II CLASS-UNMETALLED ROADS.			
	B.—Partially bridged and drained.			
4	Shamdeorwa to Nichlaul	30	. 0	0
75	Captananj to Gorakhpur via Pepraich	24	0	0
6	Kasia to Bihar Khand; boundary of Saran	17	0	- 0
7	Gorakhpur-Kuraghat to Ghatinghat via Deoria	ก็อั	3	342
8	Gorakhpur to Lar via Sikriganj Badhalganj and Barhaj.	74	0	0
9	Urwa Bazar to Shahpur-Jigni	4	0	0
10	Gorakhpur to Khajni Ruddrapur	20	ō	Ŏ
11	Kamanighat to Bansighat via Campierganj, Captain-	53	1	830
12	ganj and Padrauna. Ganeshpur (Pharenda railway station) to Sinduria	25	0	0
13	via Maharajganj. Adda Moti Ram to Gauridih	5	0	0
14	Gauri Bazar railway station to Bakhra	5	ő	ŏ
15	Hata to Pagra	3	7	ŭ
16	Sahjanwa to Niwas via Telaura (Basti)	9	5	200
17	Nichlaul to Tingari	2	ŏ	Ü
18	Pepiaich to Partawal	9	5	0
19	Pharenda to Bukwa via Purandarpur	10	5	0
20	Kauri Ram to Gagha via Gaipur	10	7	462
21	Padrauna to Khajuria	6	ο.	
22	Samaur to Saraia section of Tewari patti	2	0	0
23	Gauri bazar Bailway Station Gadowa Junction of	0	1	502
24	Gorakhpur to Ghutanighat road. Debipur to Lachmipur	0	1	240
			-	
	A.—III CLASS ROADS BANKED AND SURFACED WITH	•		
1	"MURAM" OR SIMILAR MATERIALS, BUT NOT DRAINED.	15	0	0
2	Captainganj to Naurangia Khejuria to Nichlaul via Naurangia and Sabia	28	3	320
8	Bhagalpur to Majhauli	10	ŏ	0
3	(a) Bhutpar Rant to Bhingeri	6	Ō	Ó
4	Nichlaul to Bajapar	15	ō	ō
5	Road joining Rudrapur and Gola to Sikriganj roads	5	0	0
	from Jaswantpur bridge to Urwa bazar.	,		
6	Nichland to Partawal bazar	24	3	33 <b>0</b>
7	Rudcarpur to Barhaj	1+	0	0

## ROADS, 1919-(continued).

er.	Name of road.	Le	ngth.	
 		Miles	fur.	ft
8	Gauri bazar to Ruddarpur	11	0	. (
9	Bhagalpur to Musaila	14	2	198
10	Samaur via Behar Khand	7	0	(
11	Padrauna to lewari patti	18	0	9
12	Padrauna to Behar Khand via Pakri and Sidauli	20	Õ	9
13	Karitand to Sabia	18	8	(
14	Kazipur to Tamkhi via Sidauli	6	5	(
15	Banagaon to Malhanpar	4	4	C
16	Pipraich to Pagra	11	1	•
17	Pipraich to Adda Moti Ram	9	0	C
18	Deoria to Ruddarpur	] 11	6	. (
19	Uska basur to Sahia	37	7	(
20	Kasia to Pepraghat via Pakri	24	0	(
21	Hata to Decria	14	4	•
22	Dhani basar to junction of Latan road via Bela- Harraia.	11	1	- (
23	Maharajganj to Bagapar	.5	5	(
24	Shahpur to Nargaraghat via Belghat	8	5	264
25	Mohalla Aimagar to Basanapur	2	4	260
26	Nichlaul to Thutibari	8	8	•
27	Chauri Chaura railway station to Jadupur on deoria road via Dumari.	14	0	(
28	Baktrra to Hata	.6	4	•
29	Dumari via Sarya to Ghutanighat road at Kesladahar	4	8	420
80 √	Gaurideh to Barahi	2	0	•
31	Bansgaon to Rudrapur	10	Ð	(
32	Rabba to Bijalpur Nibna to (the boundary of Saran District) Bagha	3	0	•
88	Nihna to (the boundary of Saran District) Bagha	7	0	C
34	Khirkia to Jataha	9	4	•
85	Gorakhpur to Lahsari	4	0	0
86	Bridgmangani to Nautanwa	22	0	
87	Bhingari to Bhawanipur via Chakia	6	7	184
88	Ohakis to Baikunthpur vis Balwan and Bagha Chhapar.	7	1	80
39	Balwan to Bhawanipar	1	1	_ 10
40	Rampar to Sikatia	.2	0	440
41	Chakia to Bargaon, the boundary of Saran District via Parsia and Ratasia.	.8	8	88
42	Golschak to Sohanpur via Narhai Kalan Pakri and Inguri bazar.	. 4	*	.870
48	Pachroukhia to inguri	Ω.	5	.0
44	Rampur to Bankata Jagdish.	.29	.7	0
45	Ratasia to Baikunthpur	<u> 2</u>	6	0
46	Padrobi to Chhitani	} ₃8	0	0
- 4	•	(		
_ }}	CIV CLASS ROADS.			
1	Poppeganj railway station of Jaswal bazar B.—III Class ROADS—(continued).	.4	0	0
48	Majhauli to Rampur Sanotioned at the Board's meet-	.10	4	640
- 4	iog held on the 23rd March, 1916. Papers re-			
- 1	turned to Sub-Divisional Officer, Deoria. Special	I		

## ROADS, 1919-(concluded).

Serial au m- ber	Name of road.	Le	ngth	
-		Miles.	fur.	ſŧ.
<b>49</b>	Nunkhar railway station to Khukundee. Taken over at the Board's meeting of 23rd March, 1916. Papers returned to Sub-Divisional Officer, Decria. Half the portion costing Rs. 2,457 to be repaired in 1916-17 and half in 1917-18 costing Rs. 1,940.	3	3	180
	To be repaired by Chakia Factory.			
50 51	Bhatpar Rani railway station to Bhingari The piece from Pakri Babu to railway crossing the pakka road from Majhauli to Bhatpar.	5 1	6 2	140 25
	Ratasia Factory.			
52	Road from Majhauli to the Saran border near Mairwa railway station, deducting 1 mile 4 fur- longs 280 feet repaired by Majhauli State.	8	2	490
53 54	Hata to Captainganj Kasia-Ramkala	12 11	0 0	Q

# Private ferries in the Gorakhpur district, 1919.

Names of ferries.		Names of riv which situs	_	Names of ferri	es.	Names of rivers on which situated
Tahsil Bansgaon.	_					
••				Sikriganj	[	Kuano.
Allawalpur		Kuano	••	Sohgaura Shai		Rapti.
		Taraina	• •		[	Kuano.
Alwandpar	••	Rapti	••	Tal Jheura	••	Ami.
	••	Ami .	• •	M 1 -22 35 to a lan		
	••	Taraina	• •	Tahsil Makrajga	<i>ng</i> -	
	• •	Rapti	• •	43-4-2	1	Rohin.
	• •	Kuano	• •	Aktahwa	∤	Chota Gandak.
	• •	) . »,	• •	Baidauri	•• ]	Donda.
I	• •	Ami	••	Bairahwa	••	Ghonghi.
	• •	Taraina .	F	Bairiya Bakul di <b>ha</b>	••	Jharhi.
	• •	Ponti	412.6	Balahwa	••	Chota Gandak.
	• •	Rapti Kuano	3,150	Banki	••	Rohin.
Dughara	• •	Ami	1	Bargadhi Bargadhi		Danda.
	••	30248		Barhampur	••	Rohin.
- 1 1 1:	••	Kuano	19795/CA24	Barhara	••	
	••	Ami .	Mess.	Basal	::	Chota Gandak.
Domardaund Dhuriapar	• •	Kuano	T.A.	Basuli	•••	
Duduri	••	Rapti	ルけい	Banraha	::	Rohin.
Fatehpur	••	Tarina	213	(III)	••	Chota Gandak.
Gojpur	• •	Rapti		Belwa	••	Bara "
Gagahi	• •	ARC 12.1		Belwa	••	Khakhra.
Gauriganj	• •	Kuano	HELE	Bhangain	••	Jharhi.
Giria kot	• •	Rapti	300	1 700	• •	Rohin.
Gurmhi	• •			Bijapur	• •	Khakhra.
Jailahi	••	Ami	यमेव	Bishunathpur		Chota Gandak.
	• •			Deoghathi	• •	Mahan.
	٠.	Kuano	•••	Dhani		Rapti.
Kadar	٠.	Rapti	••	Domhari		Danda.
Kan al	٠.	,,	••	Gharna		Khaikhara.
Kata ghara		} ,,	• •	Ghughli		Chota Gandak.
Kataghara jama	٠.	Ami	••	Girar	• •	Ghonghi.
Kotha		Rapti		Gopalpur	• •	Khama Khurd.
	••	,,	••	Hanumanganj		Rohin.
	• •	,,	••	Harakhpura	••	Mohan.
	• •	Taraina	• •	Harhwa	••	Ghonghi. Danda.
	• •		• •	Hirdai daund	••	Ghonghi.
1 1	• •	Rapti	••	Jaigia Bari	••	Rohin.
	••	Ami .	• •	Jhangia Karmaha	••	TORIU.
	• •	Rapti	••	Kewtaha	• •	Dands.
	• •	Taraina Panti	••	Khaikhara	••	Khaikhara.
	• •	Rapti	. ••	Khaguhi	••	n. t
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	••	<b>)</b> "	••	Kheram	••	Ot to Oundah
~ • • • •	• •	Ami	••	Khoh garh	••	I m i to
Somra Buzurg an	od.	Rapti	••	Lotha hera	••	T01
khurd.	.u	- vapu	••	Majaka		Rapti.
Observe		Kuano	••	Mangalpur	••	Ghonghi.
437	••	Rapti	••	Paisia	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Tal Amjai.
G: G1 I	• •	<b>∆</b> mi	•••	Pipra Parsauni		1 17.1. D
	••	1	• • •	ł	••	1

# Private ferries in the Gorakhpur district, 1919—(concluded).

Names of ferr	ies.	Names of rive which situa	Names of fe	rries.	Names of rivers on which situated.
Phohik Doma Raghunathpur Raihara Rajpur Ramuger Rampur Ghulws Rampur Sakhawani Shiankot Sirsia Tawaria Thuthibari  Tahsil Bansgad Barhalganj Belwa Raja Bisahi Ohanda Godisna Rajbawan Pahila Rampur Muhpur  Tashil Deoria. Kaponwar Rajpur	pur	Which situa  Khan Khara Rohin Bhagaila Rohin Ohandan Bohin Bhagails Rohin Gharhi  Ghaghra  "Rapti Ghaghra Rapti Ghaghra Rapti Ghaghra Rapti Ghaghra Rapti Ghaghra	 Tahsil Mahra Balha Kahrauli Karmaini Madarha Netwar Termohani Tahsil Sad Belghat Birgahat Bhawapar Captainganj Doomri (of Gonia Hetimpur Kadrighat Kalesar Kartahri Kotia Kusaidia Kutem Madarha Mahus Patau Mani Ram Mirzapur Misrauli	ijganj.	on which situated.
	-				

## Gorakhpur District.

## Post Offices, 1914. Corrected up to 1919.

Tahsil.	Parga <b>na.</b>		Locality.		Class of office.
	Haveli Do.		Gorakhpur Dc. Railway	Sta-	Head office. Sub-office.
	Do. Do.	••	Urdu Bazar	••	Do.
1 1	Do.	••	Alinagar	••	Do.
	Do. Do.	••	Jafra Bazar	••	Branch office.
ļ.ļ.	Do.	•••	Raiganj	•	Do. Do.
Gorakhpur	Do.	•••	Sahibganj	••	Do.
] [	Do.	••	Dipraich	••	Sub-office.
	Do.	••	Chauri Chaura	••	Do
ļ	Do.	••	Kusmi	••	Branch office.
1	Do.	• •	Kuraghat	••	Sub-office.
11	Do.	• •	Barhi	••	Do.
}:	Maghar		Sahjanwa	•••	Do.
}		Mad	Pali	••	Branch office.
1	Bhawapar 🥟	2113	Bhawapor	••	Do.
i	_ <6			• • •	•
1	Bhanwapar		Gugaha		Sub-office.
1	Do.		Kauri Ram		Do.
	Do.		Sheopur	••	Branch office,
[ ]	Unaula	1	Bansgaon	••	Do.
11	Dhuriapar		Gola	••	Do.
<u> </u>	Unaula	1.4	Khajni	••	Do.
	Dhuriapar		Shahpur	••	Do.
Bansgaou	Do.		Belghat	• •	Do.
1:	Do.	100	Dhakwa Bazar	• •	Do.
11	Do.	(des)	Shukulpura	• •	Do.
11	$\mathbf{p}_{\mathbf{o}}$ .	•••	Seorahi	••	Suh-office
[1	Do.	• •	Urwa Bazar	••	Brunch office.
11	Chillupar		Ajaipura	••	Do.
į	Do.	• •	Barhalganj	••	Sub-office.
\	• •		Malaon	• •	Branch office.
,1	. Tr. = .1!		l ' _		
( )	Haveli Do.	• •	Maharajganj	••	Sub-office.
	До <b>.</b> До.	• •	Bridgmanganj	••	Do.
	Do. Do.	••	Peppeganj	• •	Branch office.
11	Do.	• •	Riganli	••	Do.
11	Do.	• •	Campierganj	• •	Do.
1.1	Do.	••	Biraicha	• •	Do.
}	Do.	• •	Ghughli	••	Do.
Mahrajganj	Do.	••	Purandaipur   Panera	• •	Do. Do.
	Do.	••		• •	Do.
} }	Do.		Pharenda	••	Do.
11	Do.	٠.		••	Do.
il	Filpur	••	NT: 1.1	• •	Do.
11	Do.	••	Kothibhar	• •	Sub-office.
11	Binayakpur	••	Thuthi bari	••	Branch office.
11		· - •	Paisia	. ••	Do.
()	••		Nautanwa Bazar	•••	Do.
i i	Sedhwa Jobna	5	Padrauna	• •	Sub-office.
Padrauna	Ditto	•	l V ania	. ••	Do.
11	Ditto	••	m 1 1	•••	
•		٠.	Tamkohi	• •	Do.

APPENDIX.

Post Office, 1914. Corrected up to 1919—(concluded).

Tabsil	•	Pargai	na.	Locality.		Class of office.
Padrauna		Sedhwa Joi Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto	bna	Bishunpura Turia Sujan Ram Kola Raja Bazar khadda Kinder patti Patherdewa Fazilnegar	••	Branch office. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do.
Hata		Haveli Do. Shah jehanj Ditto Ditto Silhut Do. Do.	pur	Mansurganj Captainganj Huta Rampur Tarkulwa Gawri Bazar Rudorpur Koilgadha Khunkhundu	••	Branch office. Do. Sub-office. Do. Branch office. Do. Sub-office. Branch offic. Do.
Deoria		Salempur Do.	25 27 112 24 3 111 11 1	Deoria Majhauli Raj Lar Phatpar Rani Barhaj Bhagalpur Bhatni Tekampar Salempur Baikonthpur Garer Uskabazar Sabraon Paroha Aghirauli Baghel		Sub-office.  Do.  Do.  Do.  Branch office.  Do.  Sub-office.  Branch office.  Do.  Do.  Do.  Do.  Do.  Do.  Do.  D

# Fairs

				<del></del>		<del></del>			1 275	_		<del></del> _		·	 
Approximate attendance.	2,000	4,000	1,000	000	000'9	2,000	4,000	000'01	1,99	2,000	10,000	7,000	000°#	6,000	9000'9
Бате.	Baisakh Sudi 3rd to 12th	Chait Sudi 9th to 10th	Ditto	Kuar Sudi 6th to 10th	Ditto	Chait Sudi 9th to 10th	Phagun Badi 19th	Kartik Puranmashi to	11th and 12th Zafar	Phagun Badi 13th and	Baisakh Badi 13th to	Chait Sudi 9th to 12th	Kartik Puranmashi	Kuar Sudi 1st to 10th	Phagun Badi 13th
Name of fair.	Ram Dhan	Debi Ji	Bhagawti Ji	Durga Puja	Bam Lila	Bhagatwi Ji	Sheoratri	Kartíki puranmashi	Budhan Ghat	Sheoratri		Kulkula asthan	Kartik Puranmashi	Ram Lila	Sheoratri
Locality.	Padmuna	Bhaisaha	Dharam Samda	Mohua Dib uri Amdoria	Khana chapra urf Baghi	Purauni	Karabin Hazari patti	Bansi Ghat	Shabpur	Jangle Jolaha	Kuberasthan	Kundwa Dehipatti	Pipra Ghat	Tamkohi	Sarya Buzurg
Tapps.	Pakri Gangrani	Bhatsara	Papa ur	 Do:	Do	Parwarpar	Sandi	Bansi Chirgora	Chaura Bargora	Bansi Chirgora	Chaura Bargoon	Manipur	Bank jogin	Dharia Bijaipur	Haveli
Pargans.	Sidhua Johna	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Difts	Litto	Ditto	Ditto
Tabsil.								'8	nner	Pad	<del></del>				

Ditto .	:	Pirthipur	:	Tharibhar	:	Chait naumi	:	Chait. Naumi	4,090
Ditto	:	Chaura Bargaon	:	Khedwar	:	Do:	:	De:	1,000
Chillapar .	:	Qasba	:	Barhalganj	:	Makr	:	Kartik Sadi 15th	2,080:
Do.	:	Do	:	Do:	:	Kartiki	:	Magh Badi 15th	4:000
Do.	<u>:</u>	Do	:	Do.	:	Rath Jatra	:	Asarb Badi 2nd	2,080
Dhurispar .	:	Barksj	:	Gols Bazar	:	Kateki	:	Kartik Sudi 15th	4,000
Do.	:	Do	:	8	:	Makr	:	Magh Badi Amawas	3,000
Бо.		Do	:	Do	:	Ram Lila	:	Kuar Sudi 13th	1,000
Do.	-;	Do	:	O	-	Ghazi Rauza	:	First Sunday of Jeth	200
Do.	<u>:</u>	Do	:	Bisra	li	Ram Lila	:	Kuar Sudi 10th	1,000
م	:	Do	:	Domahu		Do.	:	Do.	1,060
٠ ۵	:	Ratanpur	 :	Toragaon	T	Do.	:	Kuar Sudi 14th	88
Do	:	Chandpar	:	Вада	:	Do.	:	Kuar Badi 15th	200
Ввачараг.	:	Rampur koths	:	Gajpur	:	Muharram	:	Do. 1st to 10th	2,000
Do.	:	Gagoha	:	Ra jpur	:	Ram Naumi	:	Chait Sudi 9th	8,000
Dhuriapar	:	Narie	:	Rajgarh	:	Dhanush Jag	:	Aghan Sudi 5th	1,000
Unaula	;	Haveli.,	:	Sangrampur	:	Muharram	:	Agban Budi 10th	2000
Dhuriapar .	:	Barsi	:	Sikriganj	:	Do.	:	D <sub>0</sub> .	400
Bhawapar .	:	Кизмалы	:	Оћагрвп	:	Sheoratri	:	Phagun Badi	9.0
	1		1						

Fairs: - (continued).

Approximate attendance.	200	400	200	1,100	2,000	5,000	1,000	2,000	2,000	1,200	.00 <b>7</b>	00%	3,000	3,000	2,000
Appro									<u> </u>						
	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	•	:	:	:	:	:
Date.	Phagun Badi	Do. 10th	Kuar Sudi 10th	Phagun Badi 13th	Kartik Sudi 6th	Phagun Badi 13th	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Chait Sudi 9th	Ditto
, H	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Name of fair.	Shecastri	Muharram	Ram Lila	Sheoratri	Kartik	Sheoratri	Do.	Do	Do.	Do.	Ď.	ő	å	Ram Naumi	ر ق
	:	:	:		1		j	:	:	di	:	:	:	:	_;
Locality.	Gurmbi	Maudopur	Dhatura	Saraiya	Pankhi	Bharohia	Bargadhi	Bbswapar (Qasba)	Kalesar	Mabadeo Jharkhandi .:	Kuin	Jhangaha	Eharohia	Phulwaria	Marachhi Obandaur   Raghunalhpur
	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	laur
Тарра.	Gbalulu	Do,	Pachisi	Mohsin	Bankat	Pachwara.	Kbuthan	Haveli	Ket	Haveli	Baj Dhani	Do.	Uttar Haveli	Pachwara	Marachhi Oban
	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	fago.	:	:
Рагgада.	Вһажараг	Do.	Ď.	Unwal	Dhurispar	Haveli	ģ	Вһажараг	Do.	Haveli	Do.	Do,	Hasanpur Mago.	har. Ditto	Ditto
Tahsil.	·(p:	ouco	·)—u	egao.	Ban										==

#### APPENDIX.

8,000	10,000	10,000	1,000	2,000	3 000 and 6,000 on night of 9th.	1,000	200	1,000	002	900	300	2002	,004	1,000	1,200	8,000	000'9
:	<i>:</i> :	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	· :	;	:	:	:
Ditto	Ditto	1st Sunday of Jeth	Magh Sudi 5th	Kartik Sudi 15th	1-10th Moharram	10th	Do	Do	Do	Do	Do	Do	Do	Do	Do.	Kuarsudi 10th	Ď9.
•:	٠:	:	; ;	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
<b>°</b> 0	ϰ.	Saiyad Salar	Basant Panchmi	Paranmashi	Muharram	Do.	Do.	Do.	Ď;	Do.	Ď.	Do.	Do.	Do.	Ď	Dasahra	Ď
:	:	:	:	:	:	a par				7	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Dumri II	Tarkula Debiasthan	Bahrampur	Gorakhnath	Birdghat	Mi <b>a</b> n Bazar	Khaumpur Bhawapar	(qason). Ditto	Ganeram	Phulwaria	Kramaha buzurg	Bwohadih	Barbampur	Sonwa urf Dhobywa	Dumri	Bhinti	Basantpur	Andhiari bagh
·:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	_;	:	. ‡	:	:	:	:	:
. Kuthan	Keotali	Qasba	Qasba	Do	Do	Ret	ъ	Poch wara	Khutah <b>an</b>	Do.	Do.	Rasulpur	Haveli	Aurangabad	Bharsand	Qasba	Do
::	:	:	:	<u>:</u>	:	:	:	· ;	:	- :	• :	2:	· :	abar	:	:	:
] Ditto	Haveli	ė,	Haveli	Do.	Ö	Do.		Eo.	Do.		Do.	Do,	Do.	Hasanpur Magahar Aurangabad	Do.	Haveli	Do.

Fairs - (concluded).

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Approximate attendance.	ž	1,500	1,000	1,000	3,000	2,000	4,000	15,000	10,000	10,000	8,000	4,060	4,000	0000°2	and i
	;	:	:	:	:	:	:	to 22nd	19. 19, 1919	6161	:	ii, 191 <b>9</b>	August,	:	:
Date.	Do.	Ď.	Ď <sup>°</sup>	o <b>A</b>	Do	Do.	Aghn sudi 11th	27th November to	2nd to 18th May,	8th November, 1919	Ditto	9th to 24th April, 1919	21st July to 4th August,	9th April, 1919	Ditto
. <u>:</u>	:	:	:	:	:	:	Makhdum	:	:	:	:	:	Ram	:	:
Name of fair.	Dasabra	Do.	Do.	Do.	Do.	Do.	Dargah Mak	Danushi Jag	Narhan	Do.	Do.	Do.	Janam astami Ram	Bhagawti	., I Debiji
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Locality.	Pachaura	Bharauli Buzurg	Bhinti-urf Tikaria	Qasba Bhawapar	Bhariti	Bharsand	Portakrarazi Barauli	Baikunthpur	Sobnag	Bhagalpur	Barhaj bazar	Palkauli	Do.	Labipar	Kulkula
	:	:	:	•	;	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	-:
Tappa.	Haveli	Do. :	Do. ::	Do	Bharsand	Do. :	Khutahan	Каовия	Mail	Ballia	Raipura	Surauli	Do.	Кас <b>һ wa</b> r	Do. :
	:	:	;	:	daga.	:	:	ajha.	:	:		:	:	:	:
Parzans.	На <b>т</b> еli	Do.	D0.	Š	Hasanpur Maga.	Ditto	Haveli	Salampur Majha.	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto
Tabsil	•	(.blo	(00)-	– an	तें पृश्	វេទស	<i>_</i>			''0	iroo	<u> </u>			

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		:	Chait sudi Naumi (9th)	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		
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ber,	8th November	Phagun Badi 13th	i Na	Kuar sudi 9th		Chait sudi 9th	Phagun Badi 13th			Aghan sudi 5th	sudi	
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f Linkush ki Larai 21st October, 1919	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	
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<b>A</b> dei	_	\$ <del>.</del>	ΞŢ	aria.	ila	Ram Naumi	43	th.	13	Dhanush Jag	itri	5
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andi	ahri	Harpur	Adrauna	tha	Siswa bazar	Narayanpur	bur ]	arpu	n and	mah	alia	,
Barepur	Kusahri	Har	Adr	Kbutha	Sisw	Nar	Har	Rud	Bair	Kar	Sebı	
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iran	Kachwar	Nagwa	Lehra	Bank	Purani karhi	Matkops	Do.	Мазwa	Dont	<b>b</b> ichbauli	Dedupur	
Bairauna			_							<u> </u>		
	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Shabjahanpur	:	
Ditto	Ditto	and								anpr		
ភ	Ü	Binaykpur	Haveli	ċ		ċ	٠.	ınt		hjah	veli	
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#### MARKETS 1919.

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Tehsil.	Pargana.	Тарра.	Locality.	Market days.
Padrauna,	Sidhua Jobna.	Do.	Baithonlia Tiwari patti Mathia Bhubaria Bithouli Barwa Raja Pakar Bishnpura Madhopur (Gauri Siram.) Kobraulia (Kobarnath). Sewarya (Hanumanganj.) Iuubauli Laqhbmipur Semra Hardo Barawa Pachrukhia Sahebganj (Padrauna.) Pipra Buzurg	Thursday, Saturday and Monday. Thursday and Sunday. Friday and Tuesday. Ditto. Friday and Monday Thursday and Monday Thursday and Sunday. Ditto. Tuesday and Saturday. Ditto. Tuesday and Saturday. Triday. Thursday and Monday. Ditto. Thursday and Sunday. Saturday. Friday. Thursday and Sunday. Friday and Sunday. Triday and Sunday. Triday and Sunday. Tuesday and Sunday. Tuesday and Sunday. Thursday and Monday. Friday and Monday. Friday and Monday. Friday and Tuesday. Friday and Tuesday. Wednesday.

MARKETS 1919-(continued).

Tahsil.	Parga <b>na.</b>	Тарра.	Locality.	Market da <b>ys.</b>
Padrauna—(continued).	Sidbwajohna—(continued).	Jhinkol Sapahi Kocha  Ditto Ditto Bhatahi Badraon. Ditto Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do	Fazilnagar Korma:ti  Dogbra Semra Darjia  Bishenpura Bardoha Bazar  Duldalia Bilwa Tikta Barandoha Basdila Mahant Belo Chhoto urf Qazipur Badhiy Chapra  Belkundra Khutahi Bazar Ekanthi urf Bhatg- watpur, Kinderpatti Khesia J.angri Katkhana Mahnawa Sapaha Kothi  Sikhaunia Buzurg Pokarchinda  Churaman Sokhan Belwa Khurd Lachhmipur Parchandia Saraiya Mahant patti, Rahso Janubi patti Bharsarwa Khajuri  Barwa Ratanpur Sarar Bindauli	Thursday and Sunday. Wednesday and Surday. Do. Friday. Priday and Monday. Ditto. Wednesday and Saturday. Tuesday and Do. Thursday and Sunday. Ditto. Ditto Monday. Friday and Tuesday. Ditto.  Ditto.  Tuesday. Triday and Monday. Friday and Tuesday. Friday and Sunday. Thursday. Thursday and Sunday. Thursday and Sunday. Thursday and Saturday. Ditto. Wednesday. Thursday and Sunday. Thursday and Sunday. Thursday and Sunday. Thursday and Saturday. Ditto. Wednesday. Thursday and Saturday. Ditto Monday. Thursday and Monday.
i i		Papaur Do	Dhuan Tikar Mahnadih (Amda- riya). Khutahi	Ditto Saturday. Friday. Thursday and Sunday.
n e		Do Do	Barwa Khurd Bagabi (Khan Cha- pra) Ram Kola	Ditto. Monday. Thursday and Satur-
/	\	Dandupur	Rewari	day. Sunday.

MARKETS 1919-(continued).

Tabsil.	Pargana.	Тарра.	Locality.	Market days.
Padrouna—(concluded).	Sidhwa Johna—(concluded).	Dandupur  Ditto Ditto  Ditto  Ditto  Ditto  Ditto  Ditto  Ditto  Ditto  Ditto  Ditto  Ditto  Ditto  Ditto  Do  D	Misrauli (Bahadurganj). Badahra Mogri Adhar Chapra Madhopur Gojahi. Harpur Babniya.  Dhurborha Pipra Buzurg Samo Chapra Jungle Jataha Bhujauli  Kohar Gadhai Kotwa Tedabi Maghi Ramnagar Banwariganj Lakhna Lakhwi Misrauli tinbardaha Khadda  Batsaha Siswa Gopal Mathia Buzurg Bulahwa	Thursday and Monday.  Ditto Sunday.  Ditto. Thursday and Monday. Friday.  Thursday and Monday  Ditto. Wednesday and Saturday. Thursday Ditto. Wednesday and Saturday. Thursday Ditto. Sunday. Thursday Ditto. Sunday. Do. Do. Friday. Do. Do. Friday. Do. Sunday Tuesday and Wednesday. Wednesday. Wednesday. Tucsday. Wonday. Monday. Monday and Wednesday. Monday and Wednesday. Monday and Wednesday. Monday and Wednesday.
Hatı.	Haveli.	Do. Do. Do. Parwarpur Ditto Didupur Do. Do. Bindwar Do. Do. Do. Do.	37 2:3.	Friday. Tnesday and Friday. Friday and Tuesday. Friday and Tuesday. Sunday. Monday Wednesday. Sunday and Thursday. Tuesday and Friday. Monday Ditto. Saturday. Sunday and Wednesday. Ditto. Monday. Wednesday. Sunday. Thursday. Do. Friday. Do. Wednesday and Sunday.

Tahail.	Pargana.	Тарра.	Locality.	Market days.
Hatı, Tahail.	Pargana.	Bharsand Do Singhpur  Do Banchara Do Do Do Do Do Narayanpur Chuiraha. Bakhra Benayak Kataura Do Chariaon Do Do Idrak pur Indupur Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Do Ditto	Bodarwar Bharsand Khas Rampur Sheopurauna Dhara Buzurg Sabaur urf Thuthi Misrauli Sakrauli Padri Banchara Amari Jhanga  Bakhra Isri Chorkhori Sirsia Sohuisa Charinou Khas Araipar Sirjan khas Belwa Baitalpur Beltikra Sanda Patarhat Atardiha Ranipur Gauri Khurd Indarpur  Pakni Mathia Tendubi Belhi Bikrampur Banspar Basdila Kathaura Ram Bhurhi Burdigwania Jogam Usra Bazar Budarpur Narayanpur Ikauna Saraun Buzurg Jagarnathpur Belwa Dubauli Pachma Kandhauli	Thursday and Saturday Friday and Monday. Thursday.  Monday. Sunday. Saturday. Tuesday. Saturday. Sunday. Saturday. Sunday. Saturday. Sunday. Sunday. Tuesday. Monday and Friday. Tuesday. Wednesday. Sunday. Friday. Tuesday. Sunday. Friday. Saturday and Wednesday. Sunday. Friday. Saturday. Monday. Thursday. Saturday. Thursday. Sunday. Thursday and Monday. Friday and Tuesday. Saturday. Thursday. Sunday. Friday. Saturday. Thursday. Sunday. Thursday. Sunday. Thursday. Sunday. Thursday. Sunday. Thursday. Sunday. Thursday. Sounday. Thursday. Monday.

<del></del>	MARKETS 1919—(continued).						
Tahsil.	Pargana.	Tappa.	Locality.	Market days.			
		Nagida Tikar Ditto Ditto Madanpur Nagwan Do	Tewi	Saturday. Sunday. Wednesday. Wednesday and Saturday. Monday. Wednesday Friday.			
Hata.—(concluded).	Shahja- hanpur	Do. Tarkulwa Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Chakdiya Bhainsa Dabar Ditto Ditto	Nautan Hathiagarh Tarkulwa Rampur khas Mahua Pani Bishenpur Sopi urf Chiuntaha. Sirsia Gotha Sonaula Ramnagar Hatimpur Pipra Dulah Qadam Mundera Sakaria urf Ramna- gar, Bhainsa Dabar Bhaghra Mahuari Pipra	Tuesday and Saturday. Wednesday, Friday and Sunday. Monday. Monday and Friday. Sunday and Thursday. Thursday. Tuesday and Saturday, Friday and Monday. Thursday. Friday and Monday. Thursday.			
		Ditto Patna Do. Do. Do. Do. Bichhauli Ditto	Lachkanpur Sirsia Rampur Karkhaua Balwa Tawakkalpur Pokhar bhinda Munjahna Hetim Jhanga Hata Karmha Ahrauli Piparhi Bharkondwa Bal Kunwan Mahna	Wednesday. Friday. Monday and Thursday. Friday Wednesday. Tuesday. Monday and Thursday. Tuesday and Friday. Saturday. Wednesdy, Sunday. Wednesdy, Sunday. Monday and Thursday. Monday and Thursday.			
Bansgaon,	Bhawapar/	Kuswansi Ditto Ditto Ditto Control Ditto Control Do. Do. Control Do. Control Do. Pachisi Control Do. Do. Control Control Do. Control Do. Control Do. Do. Control Do. Do. Control Do. Do. Do.	Kusmaul Debuapar Malaon Bharwal Bhalwan Kotha Gajpur Banspar Gurmhi (Malonli) Pandepar Dhatura Bishenpur Gagha Hatwa Gagha Bishenpurwa Gadhi	Sunday. Tuesday and Friday. Wednesday. Saturday. Monday. Wednesday. Sunday. Thursday. Tuesday. Sunday. Sunday. Thursday. Thursday.			

MARKETS 1919—(continued).						
Tahsil.	Pargana.	Тарра.	Locality.	Market days.		
		Haveli	Chhatai .			
11		Do	Katya Bishenpur	TO		
- 11	:	Do	Dohariya	M 3		
1 '	1	Do	Khutahna	TXZ alm market m		
1	1	Mohsin	Bhatauli			
	1	Do	Bansgaon .			
	Unaula	Do	Gajar Jagdish .	day.		
} 1	)	Do	Barhan			
]		Do	Raghwa dih Unaulu (Sangram	.   Sunday. Thursday.		
		Do	pur).	Co toud -		
∵ જે ે	1	Do	Bhainsaha Badhai Purwa	•		
Bansgnon,—(concluded)		Bankata	All and decision			
23	\	Do.	Bankata	. Thursday.		
0,40		Do	Mahmudpur .			
ို	1	Barhaj	Gola Bazur	Tuesday and Friday.		
7 (	Dhuria- par.	Belghat	Shabpur .	Constitute and Maria.		
ž Į		330	Kori Nargada			
80		Do	Gaighat .	marked and a real section		
E .		Ditto	Gaurganj .	Monday.		
m		Ditto	Belghat			
1		Mathauli	Malhanpar .			
1		Athaisi Bankat	'Karaul (Majhganwa Murarpur	Wodward		
1		Bankat Khutahan	Anandgarh .	Monday or 1 Mb down		
i		Narre		3.5 3		
]	1	Tior		. Wednesday.		
1	,	Do	Janipur .			
	1	Majuri	Hata .	Class A. a. a. 3 777 A' 4 - 4		
1	1	Barsi Bhadar	Sikriganj Dhekwa	Y):+4-		
1	<b>!</b> .!	Usri	4 . 0	Thursday		
- 1	1	Ratanpur	Baranagar	75.640		
- √	1 (	Kurmant	Urwa	.   Baturday.		
ì	)	Pali		Ditto.		
- 1		Haveli		Saturday and Wednes-		
- 1	Chillupar (	Do.		Tuesday and Friday.		
	1	Sikandarpur Majhaulia		mr		
-;-}	)	Mirchwar .	277	Ditto.		
Eg.	(	Ditto	1 57 4	Saturday.		
<u>( §</u> )		Ditto	9	. Thursday.		
Mahrajgan j.	Binayak-	Sirsia	Siswa urf Khuria.	. Monday.		
¥	pur.	Do.		Sunday.		
1	)	Do		. Tuesday		
- 1		Nagwan Ditto		. Doblov		
(	]	Ditto	Janghti .	Thursday		
,	ı ,					

			ļ — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	
Tabsil.	Pargana	Тарра.	Locality.	Market days.
	Tilpur	Sukrahar Khas Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Doma Khand Ditto Ditto Sonari Bharat Khand Sonari Purani Karhi Nai Karhi	Regbia Parsauni	Sunday and Thursday. Tuesday. Thursday. Tuesday. Sunday. Tuesday. Sunday. Friday. Wednesday Wednesday and Saturday. Monday. Tuesday Wednesday and Saturday. Tuesday Wednesday and Saturday. Tuesday. Wednesday and Saturday. Tuesday.
Mahridjganj.—(continued).	Haveli	Matkopa  Ditto Dit	Do. railway station. Pouharia Lakri Rampur Baldaha Belwa Tikar Harpur Khanpur Lachhmipur Partawal Bijauli. Barahra Baraipar Sumergarh Sondela uri Khuntaha Paniara Kamasi Khurd Dharampur Siswa Uska Amrautia Maupakar attached to Dhanwan Barhatganj khas attached to Chiuraba Nadwa Bazar Banapar Rajwal Banha-Babu Nandabhar Barwa Agya Bagapar Singarpur	Thursday and Tuesday. Thursday and Monday. Monday and Friday. Friday. Thursday. Saturday. Tuesday. Tuesday. Tuesday. Saturday. Wednesday. Monday. Friday. Wednesday. Saturday. Saturday. Tuesday. Thursday and Tuesday. Thursday. Thursday. Thursday. Thursday. Saturday. Tuesday. Thursday. Thursday.

Tabsil,	Pargana.	Tappa.	Locality.	Market days.
Mahraigan).	Pargans.	Tappa.  Katahra  Ditto Lehuda Ditto	Haidarganj pertaining to Semra. Bhagatar Pipra Parsauni Mahua Adda Bargon Paista Malaiyan Bhagwanpur Purandarpur Matihanwa urf Brijmanganj, Lehuda Rudrapur Lakhni Bardand Kunapar urf Ramnagar. Solaura Khurd Sangad Rigauli Narkatis Gangi Mansurganj Satgur. Majuri Sahebganj urf Pippiganj Bhaura Bari Mohnag Mahas Iakhwa Chaumukha Ramnagar Khutaha urf Natwal. Indarpur Muhammadpur Machhigata Bargadhi Chantarwa Ahraulf Jaswal Rajabari Terhabir Bardahni Jogichak Thawaipur Barinathpur Parmeshwarpur tola Darghat, Parmeshwarpur tola Bansapti.	Market days.  Wednesday. Friday. Do Wednesday. Thursday. Thursday. Mooday. Thursday. Sunday. Ditto. Tuesday. Monday. Sunday Do. Tuesday. Wednesday. Saturday. Monday. Thursday. Sunday. Thursday. Sunday. Thursday. Sunday. Thursday. Sunday. Thursday. Sunday. Thursday. Sunday. Friday and Monday. Sunday. Tuesday. Wednesday. Monday. Friday. Tuesday. Wednesday. Wednesday. Wednesday. Sunday. Sunday. Thursday. Sunday. Sunday. Sunday. Wednesday. Monday. Thursday. Sunday. Sunday. Sunday. Thursday. Sunday. Sunday. Sunday. Sunday. Thursday. Sunday. Thursday. Sunday. Thursday. Sunday. Thursday. Monday. Thursday. Monday.
,	1	Ditto Khutahan	Sarahri Dumri II	Friday. Saturday.

MARKETS 1919 .- (continued).

	Pargana.	Тарра.		Locality.		Market days.
	1	Khutaban		Mundila urf Jhun Bazar,	gia-	Thursday.
- 11		Do.		Sarai Gularia		Manda
- [[	l i	Do.	• • • •	Gularha Bazar	••	Monday.
- 11	i i	Do.		Budha Dih	••	Friday. Wednesday.
		Do.	••	Jungle Ahmad Shah urf Tura	<b>A</b> li	Sunday.
	11	Do.		Phulwaria		Tuesday.
		Do.	••	Kormha Buzurg		Thursday.
	f.[	Haveli	• •	Mirzapur		Sanday and Wednesday
- 11		Do.	••	Keotalia	• •,	Saturday.
- 11		Do. Do.	••	Raiganj		Friday.
		Do.	••	Kharabar urf So Bazar.		Monday and Tuesday.
- 11	. [ ]	20.	25	Girdharganj Mal deo Jharkhund	1a.	Sunday.
- 11	- 11	Da.	(2)	Tilkonia	12.	•
- 11		Do.	10	Sara Sonauni	4.4	Friday and Tuesday.
- { }	.	Do.		Dangipar	• •	Sunday.
- 11	କ୍ର 📗	Do.		Sondauli Bindauli	· · ·	Tuesday.
ااخ	[de	Rajdhani		Jagdishpur	` .	Saturday.
Ped	72	$\mathbf{D_0}$ .		Thuni Mahob oha	ık.	Tuesday.
3	8	Do.		Bishenpura		Monday.
Maharajganj.—(concluded).	Haveli.—(concluded)	Do.		Dibghat		Sunday.
8		Do.	***	Barhi		Thursday.
TII	<b>7</b>	Do.	•••	Rajdhani khas		Saturday.
÷()	[a]	Do. Do.	-34	Gauri		Tuesday.
	四十	Do.		Jhangaha	••	Friday.
2	11	Rasulpur		Khutahan	• •	Monday.
8	l i	Do.		Mithabal	••	Sunday.
- <b>a</b>	11	Keotali	::	Mundera	]	Thurday.
A	- 11		!	neurota .		Wednesday, and Satur
- 11		Do		Keotali	ļ	day Translation
- 11	11	Do.		Chaura		Tuesday.
- 11	- 11	Do.		Bhawapar	::	Monday, and Friday. Sunday.
	[]	Do.		Baraipur		Saturday.
	11	Do.		Jagdishpu <b>r</b>		Monday and Thursday
- 11	11	Do.		Dumri		Saturday.
-	] ]	Do.	••	Pipraich	a.	Monday and Thursday,
<u> </u>		Do.	••	Bhatahat		Bunday.
- 11	11	Patra Do.	••	Kusmi Bazar	•• }	Tuesday, and Friday.
- 11	11	Do.	***	Hamilariin	•••	Saturday,
- 11	[ ]	Gaura		I lobrio	••	Tuesday.
- 11	11	Qasba		Rasharatan	••	Saturda y.
- 11	U	Do.	::	Mohrinur	•••	sacurda y.
11		Haveli	::	Servain Po		Monday.
- 11	[]	Do.	::	Bhawana	••	
- 11	. 11	Ret		Harassa	::	Sunday and Thursday, Sunday and Wednes-
B	hawapur.		I			day.
}}	- }}			Bharauli Buzurg	1	Sunday.
U	11	$\mathbf{p}_{o}$ .	٠. [	Lakhnan		Sunday and Wednes-

Tabsil.	Pargana.	Тарра.		Locality.		Market days.
		Bhawapar		Barhuan		Wednesday.
(	l /	Do.				Thursday.
1		Aurangabac	1.			Saturday.
- 1	-	Utar Havel	i.			Monday.
]	-	Do.			•• [	Friday.
불	Hasaupur/	Do.			٠. ا	Tuesday.
Sadar.	Maghar.	Gahasand .	-		••	Thursday.
~	\ \ \		••		•• }	Saturday.
	ļ .	Do	••	Sahjanya Luchni	- 1	Tuesday. Friday.
- 1	] [	Bharsand		Bhiti Bhiswa Harpur	•••	Thursday.
T.				G - 11	1	Monday.
	١,		••		::	Tuesday and Friday.
(	1		•••	701 1 2000		,, ,,
-11	1 1	Do.		70 - 10		33
1		50-4	1	Bhenda Pakar		
1	1	T- 10000	83	Bheari		Monday and Thursday
1,	)			Khampur	••	Sunday and Wednes-
		Do.	•	22465539/60	••	dase
Ì		Do.	Ŧ	Majhauli	••	Wednesday and Satur day.
Ì	1	Do.	.14			Tuesday and Saturday.
		Do.	de l	Bhingari	••	Sunday.
1	<b>i</b> i	Gautama	100		••	Saturday and Wednes-
		Do.	W	Bangara Bazar		day.
i	1 1	Schanpur		Tumar Pande		Sunday.
- 1		Do.		Sohunpur		Monday Tuesday and
اند	1		Æ	प्रमेव जयन		Thursday.
Deoria.	1	Do.		Inguri Sarai		Tuesday and Friday.
- & ⟨	Balempur	Do,		Bhai <b>ns</b> ahi	٠.	Monday and Thursday.
Η.	Majhauli.	Balwan	'	Bawan	• •	Wednesday and Satur-
	1	Do.	••	Negarwa	••	day.
		Do.		Bhawan Chappar		31
	1 1	Do.		Siktia	• •	Saturday.
	ŀ	Do.		Parsia		Monday and Friday.
,	; <b>\</b>	Do.	••	Katarwa	• •	Tuesday Sunday and Tuesday.
		Do.	••	Rampur	••	
- 1		Ghanti		Lachhmipur	• •	Wednesday and Satur
		Do.	•	Ghanti	•	day
		Do.		Kharaut		Tuesday.
		Do.		Motipur Bhual		Monday and Thursday.
		Do.		Bharbi Chaura	••	Friday.
		Do.	• •	Belwa Aighan	••	Saturday, Tuesday and Friday.
	- 11	Do.		Kukur Ghanti	••.	Tuesday and Friday.
	i i	Do.	• •	Chauria	٠٠,	Monday and Friday.
	] [	Bhatni	• •	Hatwa Bazar	٠.,	1
		Salempur	••	Tila <b>u</b> li Salempur	•••	Sunday and Thursday-
		Do, Do,	••	Ichauria	•••	Tuesday and Saturday.

#### MARKETS 1919 -(denuiquos).

Tabsil:	Pargana.	Тарра.	,	Locality.	Market days.
Deoria-(conlinued).	Salempur Majhauli — (contd.).	Tappa.  Parsipar  Do. Do. Do. Parania Do.		Nunkhar  Padri Pande Khurdhur Khar Parsa Bhagauti Balepur Kalan Purena Gaur  Rajitpar Banspar Mahua pani Sidhua Dhuswa Baikunthpur  Mathia Khurd Munjbuag hat Basadih Bhainsahi Karaundi Langra Karaundi Pakri Bardihawal Surauli Paikauli Balarwa Pipra Chandra Bi Hata Ahilwar Buzurg Bharauli Bazar Barauni Mathia Samogar Mohan Babu Marail Shukul Kaparwar Khas Sonari Gader  Kardhia Belwani Garoha Barhaj Bazar Marahwa Moha Garhwa Bijayapur Jhing Dhawati Thekwa Babor	Market days.  Wednesday and Saturday.  Sunday and Thursday.  Tuesday.  Wednesday and Saturday.  Monday and Friday.  Sunday and Friday.  Sunday and Wednes.  day.  Wodnesday.  Thursday and Saturday.  Friday.  Monday.  Monday.  Thursday and Saturday.  Thursday and Saturday.  Thursday.  Thursday.  Thursday.  Saturday.  Thursday.  Sunday.  Sunday.  Sunday.  Sunday.  Sunday.  Tuesday.  Thursday.  Sunday.  Sunday.  Sunday.  Sunday.  Sunday.  Thursday.  Monday.  Wodnesday.  Thursday.  Monday.  Monday.  Wednesday.  Thursday.  Monday.  Mo
. \	\	Do.	••	Paina }	 Saturday.

#### MARKETS 1919-(concluded).

Tahsil.	Pargana.	Тарра.	Locality.	Market days.
Deoria—(concluded).	Salempur Majhauli— (concld).	Bairauna Do. Do. Khukhundu Ballia Do.	Dumaria Pachohan Khukhundu Lar Kundauli Mehrauna Padri Tewari Bhagalpur Ballia Dhermer Ukta Malawant Asmanan Isaro Pinde Panika Mail Khas Pipra Bardiha Dalipat	Thursday. Tuesday. Friday. Sunday and Thursday. Thursday and Saturday. Thursday and Saturday. Monday and Tuesday. Saturday. Saturday and Tuesday. Monday and Friday. Sunday and Thursday. , and Wednesday. Tuesday and Saturday. Tuesday and Saturday.

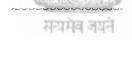
# AZAMGARH.

# Supplementary notes and statistics to

#### **VOLUME XXXIII**

OF THE

# District Gazetteers of the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh.





#### ALLAHABAD:

Printed by the Superintendent, Government Press, United Provinces,  $1\ 9\ 1\ 6\ .$ 

## Notes on District Gazetteer, Azamgarh.

#### Page 9.

The area of Narja Tal and Ratoi Tal is incorrectly given. It should be —"cover some 1,000 and 4,500 acres respectively".

#### Page 17.

The price of a pair of ordinary bullocks has now risen to about Rs. 60 and that of a team of four of superior breed to Rs. 200. The figures given in lines 18 and 14 of page 17 should be corrected accordingly.

#### Page 37.

In the last line but four of the page the words "a passing" should be omitted, and the last sentence should be struck out, substituting the following:—

"The area under 'san' is now considerable, the average for the years 1319 to 1321 having been 8,355 acres. The greater part of the hemp is now grown for export, and a number of presses worked by manual labour have been set up at Atraith, Koelsa, Rani Sarai and other places, and there is one at Bilaisa close to the Azamgarh Railway Station".

#### Page 39.

The area under poppy has fallen very greatly and is now about 2,400 to 2,500 acres only.

#### Page 56.

The third sentence under manufactures should read as follows:—

"Of the remainder, indigo was the most important and at one time occupied a prominent position, but it has now practically disappeared. In 1321 F. the only place where indigo was prepared in any appreciable quantity was on the Kajha Estate."

#### Page 64.

The last sentence of the paragraph under trade should be omitted.

#### Page. 66.

Under Railways delete the part of the paragraph after the words:—

"There are altogether 94 miles of Railway in Azamgarh".

#### Page 67.

In line 14 for the word "short" the word "considerable" should be substituted, and in lines 17 and 18 for the words "has since only being" the words "was till recently only" should be substituted. The length of metalled roads should be shown as 217,371 miles and of unmetalled roads as 514,267 miles.

After the sentence ending in line 12 should be added: "From Ambari on this road a branch some ten miles in length has now been opened to Ahraula, the headquarters of the Mahul Tahsil".

#### Page 68.

In line 5 the words "while sarais" &c. to the end of the sentence, should be *omitted*. In line 9 should be *added* "Ahraula and Jianpur," and in the following line the word "five" should be substituted for "three".

#### Page 73.

The following paragraph may be added regarding the census of 1911:—

"At the census of 1911 it was ascertained that the total population amounted to 1,492,818, the males exceeding females by less than 7,000. The number of Hindus was returned as 1,304,582, as compared with 1,313,372 in 1901, and that of Muhammadans as 186,843, as compared with 214,631 in 1901. The decline in the population of the district was according to these figures mainly due to the remarkable decrease among the Muhammadans and to some extent this was doubtless due to the very great reluctance shown by the weaving community in evacuating their houses in times of plague, and the consequent high mortality suffered by them. The unusually heavy mortality in 1905, 1909 and 1910 should be noticed. In the last named year the deaths exceeded the births by nearly 21,000, the number dying from plague amounting to nearly 22,000 and from cholera to nearly 12,000, the two together forming the severest affliction which has fallen on the district within recent years."

#### Page 74.

After "Maharajganj" (8th line from bottom of page) should be inserted the following sentence:—

"The census figures of 1911 are very misleading as regards most of these towns, for the enumeration was made at a time

when plague was raging violently and when the towns were to a large extent evacuated."

#### Page 75.

For the first four words of opening sentence under Sex substitute.

"At the census of 1901" and after it the following should be inserted:—

"This difference, as already pointed out, had entirely disappeared by 1911, and there was a small preponderance of males, due probably to the increased liability to plague suffered by women, and particularly by those strictly confined to their homes by reason of the pardah system. The following sentences must be read as applying to the census figures of 1901."

#### Page 98.

For the last sentence under Language and Literature the following should be substituted:—

"There are no newspapers published in the district and only two small presses, one at Azamgarh known as the Mahtab Press and the other at Kaptanganj: both of these are used solely for the printing of forms and notices."

#### Page 107.

First line of third paragraph read "Raja Muhammad Shah." Page 109.

End of 1st para. after the word "Gorakhpur" read "the present Raja who is the son of Babu Khaliq Shah was appointed an Honorary Magistrate for the Azamgarh municipality in 1913."

#### Page 111.

In 3rd line of the 2nd paragraph read: "Rani Dhandei Kuar."

#### Page 112.

Omit the first sentence.

In the second sentence for the words "is now held by women, it" substitute:—

"which is now held by his grandson, Mir Mehdi Husain," &c.

Lower down insert the words "the late" before "Harbans Deo Narain Singh," omitting the word "has" twice.

In the last sentence of this paragraph instead of "last settlement" read: "at the sixth settlement."

#### Page 113.

In line 13 omit: "It is likely to be soon redeemed".

#### Page 121.

In 4th line read: "and six" instead of "four", and omit" and one with powers of the third class."

In 4th sentence read: "seven members".

The 5th sentence should read as follows:---

"One of the members, Rai Gopi Kishan Sahib, holds office for life and the rest for fixed periods."

The next sentence should read: "Within the notified areas of Mau and Mubarakpur and in several other smaller towns there are also honorary magistrates invested with third class magisterial powers."

In the next sentence read: "three" instead of "two" munsifs.

After this sentence insert the following:—"All hold court at Azamgarh, the separate court at Muhammadabad having been abolished in 1914. The jurisdiction of the Azamgarh munsif and additional munsif extends to tabsil Azamgarh", &c.

In last sentence of first paragraph read: "sub-deputy opium agent" instead of "assistant opium agent".

#### Page 139 .-- NOTE.

I have not re-written the paragraph regarding police stations. The changes mentioned therein as about to take place came into effect some years ago, but I think the paragraph may be allowed to stand as it is.

#### Page 140.

The last sentence but one of the paragraph under Crime should read: "The registration of Doms and of certain Bhars and Pasis has been made under the Criminal Tribes Act of 1913. Pasis are not numerous, but much of the petty thefts &c."

#### Page 142.—Note, 1915.

The local distillery was abolished in 1901, and during the current year the district is being brought entirely under the contract system, with bonded warehouses at Azamgarh and Ghosi. Eighty eight shops have been settled under the new system, the license fees mounting to Rs. 32,949. Still-head duty for 1913-14 amounted to Rs. 42,828-14-6, the rate being Rs. 2-10-0 per gallon.

#### Page 147.

At the present time, in addition to the head office at Azamgarh, there are 28 sub-offices and 27 branch offices in the district, as against 46 offices of all kinds in 1911.

There are now combined post and telegraph offices at Azamgarh head office, Azamgarh City, Dohrighat, Ghosi, Mau Nath Bhanjan, Mubarakpur, Muhammadabad and Sagri.

Under the head of municipality read: "The income of the municipality up to 1914 was raised" &c. In the following sentences charge "is" to "was."

Add: "From April 1st 1914 a tax on circumstances and property was introduced to replace octroi, and the tax on professions was merged in this. An additional source of income is obtained from a drain and cess-pool tax of a semi-voluntary nature."

#### Page 148.

In line 8 of the 2nd para. read: "Committees of four members."

Under the paragraph on Act XX towns add the following:—
"[Note, 1915. These towns came under the Town Areas
Act (No. II of 1914) when that Act came into force. This Act
introduces the elective system into small towns, but at the same
time provides for more effective management and control as
regards sanitary measures.]"

#### Page 151.

Insert in line 10 of paragraph under 'Schools':-

"[Note 1915. The Azamgarh National School lost its status as a High School a few years ago and is now known as het George National School. The Mission School has an average attendance of some 350 to 400 scholars. The number of middle vernacular schools has been increased by the opening of additional schools at Mehnajpur, Thekma, Koelsa and Chiriakot and the total number of boys enrolled exceeds 1,829. There are now 118 upper primary and 44 lower primary schools belonging to the district board, and 137 others receiving grants-in-aid, and the number of girls schools is now 43 including 39 aided girls schools.]"

#### Page 152.

In the end of the last sentence of the 2nd paragraph add: "and Bibipur in the Sagri tahsil."

After the third paragraph add:

"[Note, 1915. The principal change to be noted is the recent establishment of travelling dispensaries in the district, the number varying between three and four according to the staff available. Each of these is in charge of a sub-assistant-surgeon on peripatetic duty. The primary object of their introduction into this district was to provide quicker treatment of plague cases and readier means for inoculation against that disease. These dispensaries are provided with a small stock of the medicines most commonly required and their usefulness has extended considerably beyond what was originally expected.]"

In the last line of this page substitute "a few" for "two" acres, and omit the last seven words on page 153.

Page 191.—AHRAULA.

In the last line but one read: "is connected with Mahul and Ambari by a metalled road, and with Phulpur, Atraulia" &c.

Page 195.—AZAMGARH.

In line 10 read: "North of the civil station."

Page 196.

3rd paragraph read: "five" instead of "four" wards and add: "a fifth having been formed in 1914 when the boundaries of the municipality were extended to include the civil lines and the road going to the railway station. Of the four original wards that of Ailwal comprises," &c.

Page 197.

Line 15 read: "George National School" instead of "National High School."

Page 198.

Line 5 omit "last," and add in line 13 after "VI of 1868" the following sentences:—

"At the census of 1911, which took place when the town was to a large extent evacuated owing to a severe outbreak of plague, the population was returned as 10,834. This, however, is obviously an unreliable figure, and the normal population may be taken to be about 17,000 or, with the new additions recently made to the municipal area, over 18,000."

Add a note at the end of the paragraph:

"In 1914 octroi was abolished and its place was taken by a tax on circumstances and property, the total average income of the municipality being now about Rs. 27,000 per annum."

Page 204.—Belha.

Last line but three read: "Tandwa."

Page 235.

Line 11 read:

"Once metalled, but for many years reduced to the second class, and now again being remetalled passes through" &c.

Page 237.—JIANPUR.

In the last line but four *insert* the following sentences:

"This place is the home of the small Mirshikar community, of whom between 30 and 40 have gun licenses and who live on the produce of their shooting and netting. Their personal appearance is against them, but they are as a matter of fact an obedient and orderly tribe who give no cause of trouble to the administration. Under recent restrictions their livelihood has become somewhat precarious, and a few of them have taken to cultivation on a small scale."

Page 241,-Koelsa.

In last line but two, for "upper primary" read: "vernacular middle school with primary sections."

Page 243.—LALGANJ.

Last line but two insert: "branch dispensary" before "primary school."

Page 246.

In line 4 after "Didarganj" insert: "which is now metalled as far as Ambari."

Page 253.

In line 5. For the last seven words substitute: "which branches off from the Azamgarh-Jaunpur road near Rani-ki-Sarai."

Page 256.

Delete the words after. "The place is an important Railway Junction" to the end of the paragraph.

Page 259.

Last line but two of 2nd paragraph substitute: "just East of" for "through."

#### Page 260.—MUBARAKPUR.

Line 3 after "unmetalled road," insert: "and also by a metalled road to the Jahanaganj railway station which crosses that from Mau to Azamgarh about three miles south of the town."

Page 265.

Last line but three read: "and was till recently being managed" etc.



# Gazetteer of Azamgarh.

APPENDIX.

सन्यमेव जयते

# GAZETTEER OF AZAMGARH.

## APPENDIX.

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TABLE I.—Population by tahsil, 1911.

		Total			Hindus.		[O <b>X</b>	Mohammadana	.tns.		Others.	
Tahsil	Регводз.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Femules, Persons.	Persons.	Males.	Females	Females Persons.	Males.	Females.
1	24	က	4	ىر	9	-	80	6	10	Ħ	12	13
Nazamabad	246,762	123,453	123,309	203,602	101,942	101,660	42,876	21,355	21,521	284	156	128
Deogeon	223,811	111,815	111,996	207,987	104,061	976'801	15,495	7,590	7,905	329	164	165
Mahul ••	305,644	153,303	152,341	270,881	136,178	134,703	94,719	17,101	17,618	1	24	8
Sagri	230,599	115,747	114,852	204,632	102,562	102,070	25,885	13,141	12,744	88	*	38
Mahammadabad	240,737	121,830	118,907	198,226	100,638	97,588	42,306	21,044	21,162	305	148	157
Ghosi	245,286	123,652	121,613	219,254	110,694	108,560	25,662	12,788	12,874	349	270	179
Total	1,492,818	749,800	743,018	1,304,582	656,07.5	648,507 1,86,843	1,86,843	93,019	93,824	1,393	705	687

TABLE II.—Population by Thanas, 1911.

1	T -		$\overline{}$		_	_		_	_			_		_							
	Fe-	żi	1 23	86'	<b>-</b>	: <b>8</b>	102	<b>59</b> ;	10	<b>D</b>	: 9		14	41	젊	œ	2	.;	2 89		687
Othera	Males.	77	15	108	·-	8	68	147	9 65	9 69	임	œ,	5	51	2	21	Z Z	:	c ₹		708
	Total, Males.	13	30	98	P ,	178	191	3 8	3 5	64	16	16	19	65	84	S.	4	:	187		1,393
Fig.	Females.	12	2,825	8,705 6,93	8,409	2,411	8,180	8 017	4,737	4,879	3,725	3,984	2,120	6,501	8,407	12,188	082.	7,7,0	1,765		93,824
Muhammadans.	Males.	I	2,995	80°, 2	3,282	2,470	2,898	2684 2684	4.759	4,803	3,693	3,899	2,325	6,509	8,295	12,056	470',	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	1,687		13,019
NA.	Total.	10	5,820	11,719	6,691	4,881	8,0% 8,0%	17,386	9,496	9,682	7,618	7,883	4,45	15,010	20,702	15.904	6 641	4.836	3,442		1,86,843
	Temales.	G	37,581	39,861	26,020	39,151	36.531	31,280	32,002	26,973	29,056	35,454	87,391	075,00	01,010	24,609	23.554	26,104	33,416		6,48,507
Hindus.	Males.		98,187	40,671	25,560	90,706	36.273	30,770	38,490	26,400	29,134	20,019	51,629	100 0E	788 86	84.999	24,109	26,322	34,083		6,56,075
	Total.	<b>b</b> -	75,768	80,632	51,580	56.988	73,104	62,050	65,492	53,873	72 130	75,090	73.164	76.239	58.517	69,698	47,663	52,426	67,499		1,304,582
.пој	Fernales.	9	40,431	45,783	29,429	91,000	38,718	40,208	36,749	21,852	40,446	100 A B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B	49,519	45 743	41.786	43,499	26,931	28,441	35,234		
Total Population.	Males.	ري	41,197	46,472	28,843	90,800	38,100	99,257	28,262	21,205 90,007	25,03	40,450	43 754	47 248	41,055	42,550	27,373	28,847	35,844		7,49,800
Total	Total	4	81,618 62,665	92,255	84.018	62,552	76,818	79,455	70,010	65,00	81.027	79.684	86.266	92,989	82,781	85,049	54,304	57,288	71,078		1,492,818 7,49,800 7,43,018
Name of thens.		တ	Atraulia Assingarh	Ahraula	Chiristota	Веста	Dohrighat	Didarganj	Cambhirnin	Kandhrapar	Madhuban	Maharanean	Muhammadabad	Man	Mubarakpur	Nizamabad	Pawai	Kauraper	Tarwa	<u>·</u>	Total
mun l. 10 1 1808.	ed be	C¶	C4	20 4	ם י			pσ					_		_	_			~		
.toi	Tai (C	1	=					'Ч-	188	ittr	627	7							,	-	

TABLE III. - Vital statistics.

			Birt	hs.			Dear	ths.	
Yes	r.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Rate per 1,000.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Bate per 1,000.
1		2	8	4	5	6	7	8	9
1901	••	44,280	23,190	21,090	28.94	32,283	17,551	14,732	21.10
1902	••	62,181	32,360	29,821	40.64	36,409	19,000	17,409	23.80
1903	••	65,612	34,085	31,527	42.89	51,806	26,626	25,180	33 · 86
1904	••	63,889	33,358	30,531	41.76	58,741	28,605	30,136	38.40
1905	••	<b>51,87</b> 6	26,780	24,596	33.58	75,006	37,413	38,193	49.42
1906	••	47,458	24,903	22,555	30.65	61,201	81,366	29,835	39.58
1907	••	54,792	28,211	26,581	35 • 39	55,904	27,582	28,382	36-11
1908	••	57,675	29,604	28,071	37 · 25	58,826	29,268	29,558	3 <b>7 ·</b> 99
1909		58,560	30,113	28,447	37.82	75,170	37,513	37,657	48.55
1910	••	<b>63,60</b> 6	32,902	30,704	41.08	92,181	<b>4</b> 5,836	46,345	59·5 <b>4</b>
1911		72,018	37,196	34,822	48.22	78,946	98,820	40,126	52-62
1912	••	70,998	36,382	34,616	47.56	<b>57,</b> 856	28,761	29,095	38 • 76
1913	••	71,787	37,029	34,758	48.09	47,796	23,892	23,904	32-02
1914		70,426	36,206	84,220	47:17	51,000	25,051	25,949	3 <b>4</b> ·16
1915	}								
1916						1			
1917						1			
1918									
1919					1	{			
1920						1		}	
1921						}		}	
1922					1	-		;	
1923					ł	ļ		1	
1924						Ì			
1925	••								

TABLE IV .- Deaths according to cause.

				1	Total dea	ths from-	<del></del>	
	Year.		All causes.	Plague.	Cholera.	Small pox.	Fever.	Bowel complaints.
	1		2	3	4	5	6	7
1901	••	• •	32,283	1	686	11	24,939	599
1902	••	••	36,409	1,057	538	88	25,247	782
1903	••	••	51,806	4,652	1,978	588	38,183	988
1904	••	••	58,741	16,994	76	<b>7</b> 5	31,421	576
1905	••	••	75,608	16,795	2,971	<b>2</b> 6	45,900	687
1906	••	••	61,201	6,419	7,184	108	98,901	644
1907	••		55,904	12,421	675	474	32,818	568
1908	••	••	58,826	1,418	1,217	2,922	41,838	<b>4</b> 76
1909	••	••	75,170	5,870	2,395	1,560	52,804	690
1910	••		92,181	21,980	11,985	24	<b>45,</b> 585	1,187
1911	••		78,946	28,097	2,167	80	39,918	995
1912	••		57,856	17,384	1,211	5	27,273	857
1918	••	}	47,796	10,458	1,499	68	25,073	263
1914	••	}	8,911	15,694	326	185	24,411	226
1915	••	•						
1916	••					}	}	
1917	••					į		
1918	••		İ			ĺ	· į	
1919	••	••				į	- [	
1920	••						1	
1921	••		Ì	1				
1222	••	\	1			}	. }	
1928	••		i	}			l	
1924	••		}	}	}		1	
1925	••		,	<u> </u>				

TABLE V.—Statistics of cultivation and irrigation, 1315 Fash, district Azamgarh.

							Cultivated.	đ.			Distance of the last of the la
;				. !	Ţ	Irrigated.					Double
Pargana and tahsil.	Total area.	Waste.	Calturable.	Total.	Canal.	Wells.	Tanks.	Other sources.	Dry.	Total.	oropped.
1	67	တ	4	ŭ	9	<b>!-</b>	80	G.	10	11	123
	Acres.	Acres	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Aores.	Aores.	Acres.	Acres.	Aores.	Aores.
Nizamabad	200,446	84,550	38.924	68,819	:	64,841	:	3,478	68,653	126,972	22,789
Tahsil Azamgarh.	200,446	34,550	38,924	68,819	:	64,841	:	8,478	ಬಿಕ್ಕೆ ಬರಿತ	126,972	22,789
Bala-Danlatabad	81.463	23.476	12,552	22,053	0	17,243	:	4,815	23,872	45,435	8,994
Balhahans	39,014	900.6	7,350	11,236	1	11,186	:	20	10,920	22,156	4,434
Deogaon.	126,084	27,036	30,100	31,036		27,634	5	3,403	37,912	68,948	14,582
Tahsil Daogaon	245,561	020,09	50,002	04,383	J	26,068	50	8,267	72r204	130,539	010,88
Kauria	38 838	6.707	ROL'I	14,395	X	18,848	250	547	9,977	24,372	4,189
Mahul	168.243	33,699	37,903	48,126		42,612	à	5,514	45,512	93,638	15,644
Atraulia	74,824	9,426	15.848	30,092		28,907	:	1,185	19,434	49,555	8,765
Tahsil Mahul	281,905	52,826	c16,13	98,513	:	85,367	:	7,24.5	74,953	167,596	28,598
Sagri	163,855	31,852	28,919	51,119	:	47,056	:	4,038	51,965	103,084	20,039
Gopalpur	58,274	12,345	10,323	12,636	:	10,583	;	2,054	22,969	35,605	7,958
Tahsil Sagri	222,129	44,198	39.243	63,755	:	57,638	:	6,117	74,934	138,689	766,72
Mau Nathbhanjan	14,366	2,244	8,903	4,948	:	3,944	:	1,004	3,671	8,619	1,715
Qariat Mittu	14,847	5,876	1,775	3,592	:	3,343	:	249	4,204	7,796	1,384
Chiriakot	47,528	10,745	10,722	15,005	:	13,844	:	1,161	11,056	26,031	6,533
Muhammadabad	152,462	29,475	32,928	49,120	:	43,467	:	5,653	40,939	90,059	15,428
Tabsil Muhammadaba	229,203	47,740	48,928	72,665	:	64,098	:	8,067	59,870	132,535	25,058
Ghosi	152.549	25,916	27,284	55,711	:	48,585	:	7,126	43,638	99,349	20,929
Nathupur	82,163	16,379	19,20	21,837	:	20,458	:	1,379	24,657	46,494	6886
Tahsil Ghosi	234,712	42,295	46,574	77,548	:	69,043	:	8,505	68,295	145,843	30,818
District total	1,414,956	281,629	285,183	439,235	:	397,555	:	41,680	408,900	848,144	163,270
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TABLE VI.—Area in acres under the principal crops, tahsil Azamgarh.

Total   Wheat and alone   Parie   Pa						Babi.						Kh	Kharif.		
Figures not available owing to survey operations.  Figures not available owing to settlement operations.  Figures not available over not available owing to settlement operations.  Figures not available over not available o	Year.		*Total.	Wheat alone.	Wheat and harley.	Barley alone.	Barley mixed,	Рава.	Opiane.	†Total.	Bioe.	Maize.	Sawan.	Arhar.	Sugar-
Figures not available owing to survey operations.  Figures not available owing to settlement operations.  Figures not available owing to settlement operations.  C63,212 2,629 8,809 85,639 3,852 14,166 738 86,243 89,999 6,557 3,996 454  T4,731 4,009 5,558 89,443 2,385 17,112 591 77,722 82,110 8,314 8,315 8,316 8,316 8,318 8,316 8,318 8,316 8,318 8,316 8,318 8,314 8,318 8,314 8,318 8,314 8,318 8,314 8,318 8,314 8,318 8,314 8,318 8,314 8,318 8,314 8,318 8,314 8,318 8,314 8,318 8,314 8,318 8,314 8,314 8,318 8,314 8,314 8,318 8,314 8,318 8,314 8,318 8,314 8,318 8,314 8,318 8,314 8,318 8,314 8,318 8,314 8,318 8,314 8,318 8,314 8,318 8,314 8,314 8,318 8,314 8,318 8,314 8,318 8,314 8,318 8,314 8,318 8,314 8,314 8,318 8,314 8,318 8,314 8,318 8,314 8,318 8,314 8,318 8,314 8,318 8,314 8,318 8,314 8,318 8,314 8,318 8,314 8,318 8,314 8,314 8,318 8,314 8,318 8,314 8,318 8,314 8,318 8,314 8,318 8,314 8,318 8,314 8,314 8,318 8,314 8	Fasts.				!				-			1			
Figures not available owing to settlement operations.  Figures not available over not available over not available over not available over not available of settlement operations.  Figures not available over not available over not available of settlement operations.  Figures not available over not available over not available over not available of settlement operations.  Figures not available over	309 310	::	68,538	3,751	8,432		igures no	t availabl	le owing t	0 survey ( 81,377 +	perations 29,388		5,500	10,761	9,461
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	312 < 213 <	:				Fig	ires not a	vailable o	wing to s	ettleme <b>n</b> t	operation	ń			
74,976     4,872     6,471     37,344     2,567     17,983     53,143     32,100     1,588       73,689     5,554     7,107     35,018     4,728     20,041     541     53,154     32,100     1,588       70,148     5,228     6,824     32,760     4,632     20,268     430     54,420     33,846     7,387     8,511     10,381       70,148     5,259     6,707     35,155     1,104     18,945     319     73,120     33,344     6,228     8,913       67,221     6,259     6,612     33,117     3,231     18,642     199     73,120     4,083     6,310     6,287     8,913       69,201     5,856     7,041     34,872     3,238     18,004     190     67,868     40,302     4,948     5,224     7,626	315 316	-::	63,212	2,629	3,809 5,83	35,629	3,852	14,166	738	86,243	39,999	6,557	3,996	454	11,259
73,689     5,554     7,107     35,018     4,728     20,041     541     53,165     34,977     8,314-     9,983     11,650       70,148     5,228     6,824     32,766     4,632     20,268     430     54,420     33,846     7,387     8,671     10,381       70,120     5,259     6,612     35,155     1,104     18,945     190     73,120     39,144     6,228     8,316     8,913       70,120     5,259     6,612     33,117     3,238     18,004     190     67,868     40,083     6,381     8,318       70,210     5,856     7,041     34,872     3,238     18,004     190     67,868     40,302     4,948     5,224     7,626       70,104     3,238     18,004     190     67,868     40,302     4,948     5,224     7,626       70,104     3,238     18,004     190     67,868     40,302     4,948     5,224     7,626		:	74,976	4,872	6,471	37,344	2,567	17,963	531	79,543	32,110	8,651	9,000	15.598	6.190
70,148	: 813	:	73,589	5,554	7,107	35,018	4,728	20,641	541	53,165	34,977	8,314	9,983	11,650	7,324
69,201 5,856 7,041 34,872 3,238 18,004 190 67,868 40,802 4,548 5,224 7,626	:: 08	: :	67.221	5,228 4,991	6,824	32,766 35,155	4,632	20,268	<b>4</b> .30	54,420	33,848	7,387	8,671	10,381	11,054
69,201 5,556 7,041 34,872 8,238 18,004 190 67,868 40,302 4,948 5,224 7,626	121	::	67,126	5,259	6,612	33,117	3,291	18,642	199	72,048	40,083	6,310	6,287	8,313	11,055
		:	69,201	3,856	7,041	34,872	3,238	18,00%	130	67,868	40,302	4,948	5,224	7,626	9,768
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• This represents the area of all Babi crops.

† This represents the area of all Kharif crops.

Table VI—(continued).—Area in acres under the principal crops, tahsil Deogaon.

Total						Babi.		!				ЖЪ	Kharif.		
Fosts.         Figures not available owing to survey operations.         Figures not available owing to survey operations.         8,518         3,518         1,226           54,806         3,163         2,061         36,626         5,097         11,183         515         109,438         67,180         11,316         1,526           65,390         4,665         3,163         2,061         36,626         5,097         11,183         515         109,438         67,180         11,326         11,326           67,577         6,240         2,363         35,654         1,346         13,449         47,385         14,70         1,558           67,577         6,341         2,373         38,615         1,440         28,400         11,346         11,346           67,387         6,341         2,373         18,817         384         14,890         12,400         11,346         11,346           63,956         5,456         2,770         30,875         18,128         18,218         10,993         10,668         5,176           62,956         5,656         2,770         30,874         5,044         5,044         4,106         10,493         10,562         10,993         10,668           65,956         <	Yea	ដ	*rotal	Wheat alone.	Wheat and Barley.	Barley alone.	Barley mixed.	Peas.	Opium.	Total.	Rico.	Mazie.	Sawan.	Arhar	Sugar- oane.
9,932         3,916         Highres not available owing to settlement operations.         1,226         1,236         1,236         1,236         <	Fast	· •													
68,220 8,932 8,816 36,821 331 8,584 767 66,709 92,400 Lilling 1,520 1,52	•	:	_			-	Figur	es not ave	silable ow	ing to sur	rvey opera	tions.	6	1 000	7 480
Figures not available owing to settlement operations.  54,806 62,920 4,605 3,116 87,291 67,577 65,881 87,577 65,892 65,987 87,805 87,180 11,710 846 94,780 11,582 11,710 846 94,780 11,582 11,583 11,710 846 94,780 11,582 11,583 11,710 846 94,780 11,582 11,583 11,783 11,783 11,802 11,803 11,	: :	:	63,220	3,932	3,816	36,321	737	48c,x	ē	600,18		17777	970'6	1,420	
54,806         3,163         2,061         36,626         5,097         11,182         515         109,438         67,180         10,507         1,288            63,920         4,605         3,116         37,421          11,710         346         91,499         47,365         13,470         1,552           67,577         5,626         2,868         85,654          14,367         384         47,365         13,470         1,553           67,330         6,341         2,973         32,875         16,817         384         78,251         55,776         11,800         10,568         6,173           65,395         5,556         2,750         30,874         5,392         18,128         78,251         55,776         11,800         10,568         6,178           65,306         5,566         2,750         30,874         5,084         17,122         199         113,182         76,899         10,689         6,178           65,694         6,878         3,560         35,305         5,432         17,522         199         113,182         76,899         10,869         9,398         4,106           66,694         6,878         5,566 <t< td=""><td><u>.</u></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>ţ</td><td></td><td>10.10.10</td><td>-</td><td>of the second</td><td>+ 00000410</td><td>. 59</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	<u>.</u>					ţ		10.10.10	-	of the second	+ 00000410	. 59			
54,806         3,168         2,061         36,686         5,097         11,182         515         109,498         67,180         10,307         1,258            63,920         4,605         3,116         37,231          11,710         846         91,499         47,865         13,470         1,552           67,577         5,626         2,808         35,654          18,817         884         75,539         55,770         11,348         10,001           65,387         65,387         65,483         2,876         6,848         5,484         5,045         25,481         25,490         11,348         10,001         10,491         10,001         10,491         10,001         10,491         10,001         10,491         10,001         11,348         10,001         10,491         10,001         10,491         10,001         10,491         10,001         10,491         10,001         10,491         10,001         10,491         10,991         10,991         10,991         10,991         10,991         10,991         10,991         10,991         10,991         10,991         10,991         10,991         10,991         10,991         10,991         10,991         10,991         10,9	:	:	_			312	ures not	- Agriga Die A	OW SELECTION	Tomorno.	Top radio a	,			
63,920 4,605 9,116 37,391 11,710 846 91,499 47,865 12,470 1,552 1.0,611 1,538 10,061 1,348 10,061 1,348 10,061 1,348 10,061 1,348 10,061 1,348 10,061 1,348 10,061 1,348 10,061 1,348 10,061 1,348 10,061 1,348 10,061 1,348 10,061 1,348 10,061 1,348 10,061 1,348 10,061 1,348 10,061 1,348 10,061 1,348 10,061 1,348 1,061 1,348 10,061 1,348 10,061 1,348 10,061 1,348 10,061 1,348 1,061 1,348 10,061 1,348 10,061 1,348 10,061 1,348 10,061 1,348 1,061 1,348 10,061 1,348 10,061 1,348 10,061 1,348 10,061 1,348 1,061 1,348 10,061 1,348 1	<b>.</b>		74 BOS	3.163	2.061	36,626	760.3	11,182		(109,493	67,180	10,307	1,258	:	10,67
67,577 6,626 2,868 35,654 14,367 368 34,990 48,540 12,490 11,348 10,061 67,577 6,628 6,341 2,973 32,875 6,549 18,877 884 75,555 55,776 11,800 12,047 7,882 65,395 5,555 5,756 2,756 39,872 10,252 18,338 10,665 6,430 11,318,182 18,360 18,658 6,708 10,869 10,86	:	:	69.990	4,605	3,116	37,291		11,710	ğ	91,499	47,865	_	1,552	:	
67,939 6,341 2,973 32,875 6,549 18,817 884 75,595 55,776 11,800 12,047 7,882 55,387 5,882 2,605 28,511 7,496 20,454 289 78,251 55,714 10,993 10,658 6,173 62,308 5,803 32,802 30,844 5,084 17,122 189 119,182 76,892 10,569 10,659 8,692 6,694 6,878 3,550 39,305 5,432 17,833 180 98,692 67,606 9,866 9,896 4,106	:	:	67.577	5,626	2,868	35,654		14,367		94,990	48,540		11,348	10,061	
65,387 5,882 2,605 28,511 7,496 20,454 289 78,251 65,714 10,993 10,668 6,173 63,955 5,555 2,750 30,872 6,382 18,128 19,318 10,7376 69,787 10,562 10,950 5,430 62,308 6,808 5,808 3,560 39,305 5,432 17,128 180 38,692 67,606 9,86 6,708 6,708 6,6694 6,878 3,560 39,305 5,432 17,839 180 98,692 67,606 9,86 9,382 4,105 67,08	:	•	67.939	6,341	2,973	32,875	6,549	- 10	Š	75,595	55,776	_	12,047	7,882	
63,955 5,555 2,750 30,872 6,392 18,128 258 107,276 69,737 10,562 10,950 5,430 65,908 6,708 65,694 6,878 3,560 39,305 6,432 17,123 180 98,692 67,606 9,864 9,393 4,105	:	:	65,287	5,882	2,605	28,511	7.496	ı'n	8	78,251	55,714	_	10,668	6,173	
62,308 6,803 3,262 30,844 5,084 17,122 193 119,182 76,889 10,869 8,858 6,708 6,694 6,878 3,560 39,305 6,432 17,839 180 98,692 67,606 9,866 9,393 4,106	: -	:	63,955	5,555	2,750	30,872	6,392	М.		107,276	69,737	_	10,950	5,430	
66,694 6,878 8,560 39,305 5,432 17,839 180 98,692 67,606 9,382 4,106	:		62,308	5,803	3,262	30,844	5,084		8	113,182	76,899		8,858	6,708	
	:	•	66,694	6,878	3,560	39,305	5,432		gr.	98,692	67,606	_	9,332	4,105	
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TABLE VI-(continued.)-Area in acres under the principal crops, tahsil Mahal.

#Total Wheat and alone mixed Parley Barley Pass. Opium Protal Rice.  ## Figures not available owing to survey operations.  ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ##	Pass.						•	
77,867     3,140     5,884       91,274     4,981     9,100       95,987     6,268     11,178       93,188     6,999     11,090       87,019     5,969     11,095       87,016     6,586     11,095       86,275     6,586     11,055       87,664     7,114     12,541		Opium	†Total.	Rice	Maire.	Sawan.	Arbar.	Sugar-
82,805 5,453 11,216 77,867 3,140 5,884 91,874 4,981 9,100 95,987 6,386 11,178 93,188 6,999 11,090 89,260 6,782 11,127 87,019 5,966 11,095 86,275 6,586 12,613 87,664 7,114 12,541								
77,867 3,140 5,884 91,274 4,991 9,100 95,987 6,268 11,178 93,188 6,999 11,090 87,019 5,966 11,095 87,664 7,114 12,541	available ow	ing to suc	vey opera	tions.	K 767	4.119	8. 7.7.	19 700
77,867 3,140 5,884 91,274 4,981 9,100 95,987 6,999 11,090 89,280 6,782 11,127 87,019 6,966 11,095 87,604 7,114 12,541	100,11	1,440	*00°777	- - - - -		2714	<u>.</u>	7,697
77,867 8,140 5,884 41,478 91,274 4,981 9,100 47,157 95,987 6,268 11,178 43,599 93,188 6,999 11,090 40,055 87,019 5,966 11,095 38,222 86,776 6,586 12,613 36,547 87,604 7,114 12,541 88,317	railable owin	g to settle	ment ope	rations.				
95,987 6,368 11,178 4,359 95,987 6,368 11,178 43,599 95,386 6,989 11,090 40,055 87,019 6,966 11,095 38,528 86,275 6,586 11,095 38,822 87,604 7,114 12,541 38,317		2,354	118,014	68,139	7,252	3,140		15,18
99,188 6,999 11,090 40,055 89,260 6,782 11,127 35,548 86,775 6,586 12,613 36,547 87,604 7,114 12,541 38,317	18,990	-	107,164	58,443	8,524	3,001	208	8,365
89,280 6,782 11,127 35,549 87,019 5,966 11,095 38,822 86,275 6,586 12,613 36,547 87,604 7,114 12,541 38,317		2,000	84.483	63.002	9.765	7.743		9.24
86,275 6,586 11,095 38,822 86,275 6,586 12,513 36,547 87,604 7,114 12,541 38,317	-	E 5	87,405	62,613	8,877	6,104		13,75
87,604 7,114 12,541 38,317	20	25.2	108,008	68,843	8,003	5,450		14,61
	9	0.00	108,693	67,641	7,990	40.040	9,012	15,01
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TARKS VI-(continued).—Area in acres under the principal crops, tahsil Sagri.

Year.		Totel.	Wheat alone.	Wher t and barley.	Barley alone.	Barley mixed.	Peas.	Орічт.	†Total.	Rice.	Maize.	Важап.	Arhar.	Sugar- cane.
Fasts.														
1309	:					Figure	es not ave.	ilable owi	ing to sur	Figures not available owing to survey operations.	tions.			
0	:	146.594	2.272	36,757	35,375	6,713	44,839	2,118	2,118   135,600	70,240	4.405	6.820	2,442	19,921
:	;						Figure	Figures not available.	lable.				·	
	:	79 495	1.499	19.678	14.338	3.560	17.798	685	67.266	49.455	4 545	3 959	1.823	11 455
-	:	126.00	1,496	00.00	94 896	24.72	17.710	, a	86.099	48 800	4.441	0000	1,000	11 900
:	:	12,00	207	20,020	04.100	0,000	17,750	200	700,00	10,020	T SO G	0,000	1,020	200,00
:	:	80,624	500	20,072	20,22	108,5	17,100	703	69,624	46,220	3,001	3,317	1,823	10,88
ت <u>ر</u>	:	68,447	788	9,754	30,363	8036	12,848	803	7,7,852	111,110	3,272	2,371	257	12,095
9	:	75,568	1.374	10,803	41,596		15,965	695	99,460	51,204	4,270	1,949	133	7,854
	; ;	87,153	2,042	14,207	39,20	2,021	18,204	585	24,792	46,049	4,718	5,328	10,528	7,076
. 00	:	90.127	2,654	15,133	40,559	10,838	20,307	686	61,569	47,372	4.754	5,378	16,674	7.80
:	:	84.838	2,572	13.644	135,874	10,810	21,995	443	65,008	48,066	4.744	5,750	14,356	10,790
:	:	79.153	2.560	15.904	32,982	6,198	21,060	888	87.739	51.404	4.485	4.729	15,899	11,222
:	:	79.374	2.740	17,117	80,892	7.370	20,978	277	79.055	50.059	3,996	3,996	9.229	11,775
: : :	:	88 649	30.F.3	20.206	32,439	10,690	19.986	265	79.484	51.014	4.142	3.749	9366	11.215
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\* Figures as they stood after re-adjustment of the tahsil boundaries in 1904.

‡ This represents the area of all Kharif orops,

TABLE VI-(continued).—Area in acres under the principal crops, tahsil Muhammadabad.

												İ		
Уевг.	Į Į	Total.	ងព	Wheat and barley.	Barley alone.	Barley mixed.	Peas.	Opium.	†Total.	R.08.	Maize.	Sawan	Arhar.	Bugar- cane.
Fash.														
1310 }	:					rigures d	ot avallad	ie owing	rigures not available owing to survey operations.	operatios	os.		_	
•	81,	81,141	3,099	5,371	32,458	2,770	2,770 ( 29,210	1,320	1,320   109,825	57,958	1,994	4,837	194	14,828
1912	:		•		Ē	gures not	ava:lable	owing to	settlemen	nt operat:	ions.			
313		63,771	2,00	8,819	26,438	1,506	123,068	1,025	18 ( 1,506   23,068 ( 1,025   90,194   49,581   1,	49,581	1,430	3,499	8	11,948
1315	:				Ħ	gures not	available.	owing to	Figures not available owing to settlement operation.	nt operat	ion.			
1316	67.	177	2,798	3.276	37,540		18,309	1.046	-90.590	48.044	2,530	2,551	123	8.26
1817	71	205	3,816	4,531	35,004	56	21,789	948	92,259	46,394	3,292	12,899	15,278	8,050
1318	74	74,509	4,500	4.525	34,868	2,611	26,954	1.051	62,593	49,363	2,785	13,883	10,543	7.965
1319	71,	71,711	4,297	5,186	31,392	2,717	27,239	980	65,577	50,365	2,244	12,389	8,420	11,290
1320	71,	955	4,865	6,824	32,094	2,370	26,072	730	90,278	59,223	1,449	12,484	6,162	10,960
1821		70,425	4,789	6,400	30,172	1,924	26,623	517	89,946	59,158	1,579	10,860	7,570	10,779
1322	71,	,214	5,280	6,501	31,891	1,462	25,544	536	84,571	57,475	1,227	8,919	7,232	9,718
:	:							P						
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7007	:							•						
:	:					_								
	_	_					_		_		_			_

stood after re-adjustment of the tahsil boundaries in 1904. † This represents the area of all Kharif orops.

† This represents the area of all Kharif crops.

\* This represents the area of all Babi crops.

TABLE VI-(concluded), -Area in acres under the principal crops, takil Ghösi.

	Sugar- cane.		12,218	14,700	7,594	7,361	11,633	12,911	12,492	· · <u></u>	 <del>•</del>
	Arhar.		899	;	25,019	18,746	18,316	6,783	0005		 
rif.	Sawan		4,905	2,678	11,906	12,939	10,162	9,730	088'8		
Kharif.	Maize.	tions.	2,104	2,086	3,331	3,550	2,454	2,863	2,288	•	 
	Rico.	vey opera	37,102 {	52,038	39,849	39,068	41,800	43,214	41,672		 
	†Total.	ing to sur	78,572	96,950	94,974	52,851	84,415	75,501	73,282		 -
	Opium.	Figures not available owing to survey operations.	6,039   23,590   1,846   78,572   37,102   2,1. Pieures not available owing settlement operations	1,594	1,432	1,453	1,043	709	899		 
	Реав.	es not ave	23,590	21,892	30,006	87,808	32,741	32,807	31,147		
	Barley mixed.	Figur	6,039 J	8,251	>	7,887	581	4,058	4,038		
Babi.	Barley alone.	सव	24,231	39,056	99,507	38,361	27,833	23,260	24,861	_,	
	Wheat and barley.		22,295	10,054	14,001 16,336	16,358	23,763	26,810	26,310		 
	Wheat alone.		1,529	828	2,001	2,419	2,703	2,953	3,069		
	*Total		94,185	79,811	98,598	1,04,286	88,664	90,592	80,03		
	Year:	Fasti	: 7	: :		:	: :	: :	:		
		1309	1818	1314	1316	1318	1320	1921	1822		

TABLE VII.-Criminal Justice.

				T	ADLE	A TITE	CT WITE FROM	A desired	Š					
				Nun	iber of	persons	convicte	d or bound	Number of persons convicted or bound over in respect of :	ect of	-			
	Offience,							    			ç		Cases under-	nder-
Уеаг.	public tranquil- lity (chap-	Offences affecting life.	Grievous hurt.	Rape.	Cattle the t	Oriminal force and Theft. assault	Theft.	Robbery and dakniti.	Receiving stolen property.	Criminal trespass.	Bad liveli- hood.	Keeping the peace.	Opium Excis: Act. Act.	Excise Act.
1	ter VIII.)	အ	4	ಸರ	9	2	00	6	10	11	12	13	14	15
1031	145	52	36	H	98	36	454	r3	140	256	73	147		SI o
1902	180	105	55	Ç4	9	44	359	44 6	3 8	172	7.0	7.0	~ 15	N 4
1903	200	3	15	67 /	2,	To	218	2 6	- O	200	4.3	9		-
1804	<b>3</b> 5	56	7,	79	কা ১	2 2	012	3 0	3 8	188	104	34	σ.	11
1500	20 5	4 4	2 5	:	० इ	ρ Ç	270	p 4	3 &	221	104	101	97	æ
1907	# F	3 6	8 2	:	9 20	26.	376	1 1G	17	165	99	83	11	14
1908	36	96	61	: :	25	88	250	2	31	131	<b>4</b> 9 ·	45	<u>-</u> 1	77
906	147	4	26	: :	848	35	152	හ	E :	101	4 6	20.50	1	76
1910	115	55	52	Н	03	23	138	an i	200	27.1	3 5	4 17	- 4	- 6
1911	88	4	∞	:	16	<b>7</b> 07	159	٥.	S. C.	2 2	<b>5</b> S	F 10	4.1	1 15
1912	148	93	4	CN CN	16	17	150	1	21 2	# 55	3.5	110	1-	2.5
1913	176	53	95	:	170	3	141	4 0	7 6		30	133	- 12	111
1914	275	F .	878	9	ر در	-13	204	0	22	2	5	2	,	
1915				•			_				_			_
1916							_							_
LAT		ـــــ	_	_			_						_	
1010														
erer				_			_							
1926				_									_	
Tag			_				_							
7220				_				-						
1920														
1925						-	_							
						_	_						_	
	-	-	-	-	-									

			<b>N</b> u investi	mber of ca	ses police.	Num	ber of pe	rsons.
	Year		Suo . motu.	By order of magis- trate.	Sent up for trial,	Tried.	Acquit- ted or dis- charged.	Convic-
	1		2	3	4	5 .	6	7
1901			2,062	2	1,275	1,680	359	1,304
1902	••		1,708		1,055	1,451	299	1,104
1902		••	1,454		705	978	278	700
1904	••	••	1,441		651	1,143	418	725
1905	••		2,362	\ !	913	1,369	326	1,043
1906	••	••	2,389	COMES.	1,068	1,465	286	1,179
1907	••	••	1,877	133	987	1,360	291	1,089
1908	••		1,270		692	997	209	788
1909	••		1,395	29	876	1,242	161	1,081
1910	••		1,611	27	908	1,026	110	916
1911	••		1,701	57	772	940	162	778
1912	••		1,678		694	987	154	772
1913	••		1,816	2	819	1,051	155	896
1914	••		1,838	स्यमेव <b>ः</b>	€85	1,189	300	839
1915	••					1		
1916	••	••						
1917	••							
1918	••							
1919		••						
1920	••	• •						
1921		••	!					
1922	••	••						
1928	••	••						
1924								
1925	••	••			j			

TABLE IX — Revenue demand at successive settlements.

					Year of settlement	lement.		
	Рагдвпа.		First triennial 1802-05.	Second triennial 1800-08.	Third settlement 1809-11.	Fourth settlement 1812-22.	Settlement under Regulation IX of 1833.	Settlement by Mr. Reid 1808-77.
Nizamabad		:	1,89,801	Rs. 1,66,451	Rs. 1,88,669	Rs. 2,02,727	3,04,069	Rs. 4,06,843
	Tabsil Azamgarh	:	1,89,801	1,64,461	1,88,669	2,02,727	3,04,069	4,00,843
Bela Daulatabad Belbabans	: ; •:	; ;	42,001	84,862	35,799	33,274	39,937	45,087
Deogaon	::	:	93,728	1,15,714	1,14,653	1,09,527	1,17,254	1,25,688
	Tahsil Deogaon	:	1,35,729	1,50,576	1,50,452	1,42,801	1,57,191	1,70,775
Kauria	•	:	1,35,108	35,032	35,366	33,327	37,917	47,548
Mahul	:	:	4	1,03,321	1,23,512	1,22,139	1,66,212	2,19,645
Atranlia	:	:	Included in Kauria.	7.00.T 7	81,760	76,511	81,471	90,484
	Tahsil Mahul	:	3,18,526	2,09,360	2,41,135	2,31,977	2,85,600	3,62,677
Sagri			1,00,076	90,479	96,654	98,346	1,26,989	1,67,152
Gopalpur	• •	: :	20,420	19,668	19,823	20,583	27,550	37,986
•	Tabsil Sagri	:	1,20,496	1,10,147	1,16,482	1,18,929	1,54,539	2,05,138
Man Nathbhania	•	:	10,358	9,210	9,651	289.6	11,727	18,531
Oariat Mittu	: :	: :	20,813	9,544	9,946	10,347	14,288	17,789
Chiriakot	:	:	25,822	29,028	30,271	30,110	43,604	59,544
Muhammadabad	•	:	1,02,276	1,32,461	1,59,039	1,33,241	1,71,916	2,66,104
Tahs	Tahsil Muhammadabad	´—	1,59,268	1,70,243	1,78,907	1,53,384	2,41,535	3,61,968
Grosi t	;		74,760	60,961	62,300	596,89	94,080	1,35,509
Natthupur	-	::	25,695	42,716	43,419	42,538	58,551	68,575
•	Tabail Ghosi	:	1,00,455	1,03,677	1,00,725	1,06,500	1,52,631	2,04,084
	Total district	:	10,24,275	9,10,464	9,81,373	9,86,323	12,95,505	17,11,485
			-				_	

† Excludes villages recently transferred from Muhammadabad.

Included in Nizamabad.

TABLE X.—Present demand for revenue and cesses. for the year 1913 Fasti.

					Incidence per acre.	noe re.
Pargana and tahsil.	Where included in Ain-i-Akbari	i. Revenue.	Ceases.	Total	Culti- vated.	Total
1	24	8	4	5	9	7
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	В. в. р.	Rs. B. p.
Tahsil Nizamabad— Nizamabad	Nizamabad Sarkar	3,18,937 0 0	32,063 4 0	3,51,000 4 0	2 12 2	1 12 0
Haush Deogasan Bela Daulatabad. Belbabans Deogasan	Jaunpur Belhabans, Sarkar Ghazipur Decgeon, Sarkar Jaunpur	1,16,513 0 0 50,632 12 0 1,42 150 8 6	5,050 9 9 5,050 5 0 14,091 11 3	1,28,163 9 9 55,573 1 0 1,56,242 3 9	2 7 10 2 3 S 1 14 1	1 6 11 1 4 1 1 2 0
Leaush Mandalla Kauria Mahul Atraulia	Kauris Nigun, Ungli and Surharpor Kauris and Tushani	57,257 0 0 2.42,40,4 0 0 1,08,845 0 0	5,733 11 0 24,186 5 6 10,882 1 7	62,990 11 0 <b>2</b> ,66,590 5 5 1,19,727 1 7	2 7 11 2 13 6 2 6 7	1 9 11
	Sagri Gopalpur	2,02,033 0 0 15,971 0 0 55,525 0 0	20,336 3 0 1,597 1 8 5,554 15 0	2,22,869 3 0 17,568 1 8 61,079 15 0	2 4 5 3 3 10 2 4 6	0 4 4 4 0 0 0 0 4 4 4 4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Man Nathhanjan Qarist Mittu Chiriskot Muhamnadabad.	Mau Qariat Mittu Chiriakot Muhammadabad	20,822 6 9 17,695 0 0 62,344 8 0 2,15,090 8 10	2,092 9 4 1,768 0 0 6,415 13 0 21,550 3 6	22,915 0 1 19,463 0 0 68,760 5 0 2,36,040 12 4	2 10 5 2 10 3 2 10 3	1 9 5 1 4 10 1 7 0 1 8 10
Ghosi Natthupur	Ghosi Chakesar Natthupur	2,25,589 0 0 77,100 0 0	22,565 0 0 9,109 0 0	2,48,154 0 0 86,209 0 0	2 7 11 1 13 8	1 10 11 1 0 9

\* Represents the villages transferred from Gorakhpur in 1904.

Excise.
X
TABLE

_	# A T					•	-	N.	•••	9~	• • •				,												
70	sale	.muiqO	18	_	88	20 0	9	- E	200	8	20 0	200	200	3	20	80	20 (	20		_				_		_	
nber	pa for	Drugs.	17		91																						
N	shops for sale	VatanoD dixiqa	16		177	175	200	1,63	101	103	140	123	124	150	130	119	118	777									
ceipts	opula-	.muiqO	15	E.	35	S.	GS C	3 8	20 5	100	33 5	3 :	7	2,(	<b>3</b> 7	27	Ľ	<b>8</b>									
se of re	10,000 of p	Drugs.	14	Rs.	246	252	33.5	341	242	700	318	34.5		74	417	4.	413	685									
Incidence of receipts	per 10,000 of popula- tion from—	Liquor including Tari,	13	R.	381	<b>3</b>	212	200	3;	500	4	20 7	දූ දූ	671	791	820	841	21.18		_							_
		Tsdo IstoT	13	Rs.	194	686					1,425	1,659	8,541	1,977	2,145	2,542	2,633	4.500							_	_	
	ъęв•	iecer IstoT	11	Ж.	1,00,72	1,09,362	1,84,125	1,44,196	1,35,586	1,26,173	1,23,021	1,82,224	1,37,647	1,64,633	1,95,891	2,01,618	1,97,644	2,58,402					*****		-		
-	ej.	Consump- tion.	10	Mds. s.	9 18									13	14 183	16 204	14 39	13-50-8									_
	Opium	Total re-	6	Rs.	5,2(0	5,337	5,843	6,055	5,90	4,766	5,154	6,194	7,319	8,842	9,682	10,098	10,586	10,150	_					-			
	non in	Charae.	80	Mds. s.	71 03	3	g.	222	썷	IJ	16 28	À	ġ,	k		19 2134	9 374	8-50-12			_						
Drugg	Consumption mannds of-	.siasĐ	7	Mds. F.	39 19		Ţ	32 13	À	a	- 77					42 IC4	10 26 18	61-59-144	_		-	<u></u>		-			
	*810	Tiecer IstoT	9	Rs.	57,428		50,804		52,00				52,570		(4,254)			1,02,C88  6		-				_			
	mort idbue	stqisasA S bns itsT	2	Rs.	8,350			3,846	10,297	10,292	11,440	12,727	13,55	16,517	21,485	24,175	23,610	24,012		_							
-	spirit.	Consump- in for Gallons,	4	Rs.	23,583	26,860	26,423	660'03	24,198	21,355	19,983	16,475	16,562	19,929	22,32( 🖁	2,14,598	18,5723	16,2314						_			•••••
	Country	Receipts.	63	S.				76,205																_			
-	rora Raon	i aigisse i pilmgisioi	24		96	86	8.	188	150	75	255	76	150	161	165	165	170	200	_			_		_			
		Year.	1		1901-03	1902-03	1908-04	1904-05	1905.06	1906-07	1907-08	1908-09	1909-10	1910-11	1911-12	1912-13	1918-14	1914-15	1915-16	1876-17	1917-18	1918-19	1919-20	12-076T	1922-22	1928-24	1924-25

		T	able X	III.—Sta	mps.		
					Receipts.		
		Year.		Non- judicial.	Court-fee including copies.	All sources.	Total charges.
		1		2	3	4	5
		<del></del>		Rs	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1901-02	••	••	••	31,858	1,51,126	1,83,069	<b>3,38</b> 6
1902-03		••	••	29,040	1,49,349	1,81,365	2,837
1903-04		••	••	25,791	1,35,591	1,64,146	2,899
1904-05	••	• •	• •	26,752	1,44,145	1,73,895	8,125
1905-06		••	0	29,987	1,87,864	1,70,422	2,964
1906-07		••	(6.5%)	29,876	1,42,517	1,74,592	3,461
1907-08	••	••		86,671	1,44,682	1,84,222	3,229
1908-09	••	••	190	34,705	1,51,880	1,89,240	8,0€4
1909-10		••		85,767	1,63,017	2,01,€08	4,070
1910-11	••	••	19	38,822	2,14,533	2,56,376	4,380
1911-12		••		35,687	1,91,507	2,30,785	4,030
1912-13		••		38,535	1,90,518	2,32,020	4,899
1918-14		••	- 51	41,240	2,03,932	<b>2,4</b> 8,9 <b>2</b> 6	5,152
1914-15		••	• •	40,426	1,92,084	2,35,944	4,858
1915-16			••	<u> </u> 			
1916-17		••	••	) }			
1917-18	••	••	••				
1918-19	••	••	••				
1919-20		••	••				
1920-21		••	••		]		
1921-22	••	••	••				
1922-23	••	••	••				
1923-24		••				i	
192 <b>4-2</b> 5	- • •	••	•• i				
				<u> </u>	!		<u> </u>

TABLE XIII.—Income-tax.

		E	Collected by sompanies.	ted by	Profi	Profits of companies.	ਰੋ	her source	Other sources, Part IV. *	*.		Objectio Par	Objections under Part IV.
X	Year,	receipts.	Asses-		Asset-	E	Under Rs. 2,000	13. 2,000	Over Rs. 2,000	Ú.	Total Charges.	Number	Wholly or partly
			800B	Tax.	Bees.	Ta <b>x</b> .	Asses-	Trix.	Asses-	Tax.		filed.	success- ful.
	1	2	က	4	5	9	-	ထ	6	01	11	12	18
		Bs.				Rs.		B.		Bs.	Bs.		
1901-03	•	40,366	9	:	:	:	1,237		140	13,490	715	774	216
1902-03	:	40,36	:	:	;	:	479		65	6,110	136	830	227
1903-04	:		:	:	1	:	353		107	66666	128	457	151
1904-05	:	26,291	:	400		0	415	pr	114	10,182	125	365	149
1905-06	:	_	:	ŀ			376	10,497	35	8,717	16	308	99
1906-07	:		es:	7		H	382	Paris	98	9,076	76	264	4
1907-08	:	24,39	: -	10	1	4	879	91	66	8,194	28	261	63
1908-09	:		<u>.</u>	15		2	898	63	115	10,672	:	275	53
1909-10	:	19,37	:	13			364	À.	107	9,318	:	230	61
1910-11	:	19,22	90	H			347	_	110	9,813	:	214	74
1911 - 12	:	19,74	: :	:		7	335	١.	126	10,860	:	217	90
1912-13	:	24,280	:	:	-	:	366	6,869	151	14,378	:	225	71
1918-14	:	32,20	:	;	_	30	369		137	12,283	:	154	47
1914-15	:	*22,68	- T	:	<del>-</del>	31	388		126	11,986	:	150	34
1915-16	:												
1016-17	:	•											
1010-10	:	-											
1010 DO	:									_			
1990 91	:	_											
1001	:	_											
1941-22	:	•					_	_			_		
10.00 94	:	•	<b>-</b>				_	_	_			_	
10 70 T	:							_					
CZ-6Z6T	:	_		_	_						-		-

Separate figures of assessees and tax for in comes under Rs. -4,000 and over Rs. 2,000 are not available till 1892-93.

			Tahsil A	zamgar.	h.		Tahsil I	Deogaor	ı.
Year.			er Rs. 000.	Ove	r Ks. 000.		er <b>Rs.</b> 300.		r Rs.
		Assesses.	Tax.	Assessees	Tax.	Assessees.	Tax.	Assessece.	Tax.
1		2	3	4	5	2	3	4	5
		0.52	AS.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.
1901~02		276	<b>4,</b> 956	24	3,397	191	2,679	. 15	1,119
1902-03		,	available	ľ.	••	192	2,859	14	1,040
1903-04		89	2,354	23	2,688	58	1,473	12	937
1904-05	••	90	2,435	31	3,137	57	1,462	13	955
1905-06		89	2,471	29	2,927	41	<b>1,4</b> 36	9	803
1906-07		93	2,547	29	3,064	51	1,357	9	828
1907-08		94	2,528	31	2,846	49	1,197	14	1,053
1908-09		87	2,444	36	3,534	48	1,275	9	805
1909-10		88	2,438	31	2,880	38	971	7	<b>5</b> 66
1910-11		80	2,172	29	2,854	36	935	7	550
1911-12		64	1,680	33	2,969	37	930	7	570
1912-13		66	<b>1,</b> 869	47	4,832	85	890	7	542
1913-14		65	1,786	<b>4</b> 2	4,049	37	939	8	597
1914-15		63	1,747	42	4,201	37	930	8	579
1915-16					!			!	
1916-17							j	ļ	
1917-18	••								
1918-19	••							ļ	
1919-20					!				
1920-21					I		i		
1921-22	••								
1922-28	••								
1923-2 <b>4</b>								Ī	
1924-25	••				l				

Table XIV—Income-tax by Tahsils (Part IV only)—(contd.).

		<del></del>	Tabsil	Mahul,			Tahsil	Sagri.	
Year.			or <b>Rs.</b> 000.		ver. 2.000,		der 2,000.		ver 2,000.
<b>2</b> 11-11		Assessees.	Tax.	Assessoes.	Tax.	A ssessees.	Tax.	Assossees.	Tax.
1		2	3	4	5	$\frac{-2}{2}$	8	4	ð
1901-02		266	Rs. 3,980	19	Rs. 1,314	290	Rs. 5,040	43	Rs. 4.973
1902-03)			-			287	5,095	51	5,071
1903-04	••	Not	available	•		93	2,574	44	4,279
1804-05		57	1,667	15	994	41	1,106	9	1,074
1905-06		<b>5</b> 5	1,566	7	401	36	1,006	10	1,114
1906-07		<b>5</b> 6	1,603	7	426	89	1,090	9	1,097
1907-08		52	1,417	7	410	89	1,105	9	1,026
1908-09		52	1,829	14	1,980	34	988	11	1,238
1909-10		50	1,310	14	1,005	38	1,049	12	1,110
1910-11		49	1,289	14	1,087	42	1,141	10	1,117
1911-12		<i>5</i> 0	1,259	17	1,454	89	1,082	10	801
1912-13		55	1,396	16	1,293	44	1,220	11	745
1913-14		58	1,405	13	1,077	44	1,277	10	864
1914-15		58	1,471	12	919	43	1,228	9	844
1915-16						Ì			
1916-17				ł					
1917-18					ı				
1918-19	••			}	I	}			•
1919-20	••								
1920-21	••		-			}			
1921-22	••								
1922-28	••				i				
1923-24	••								
1924-25	••						_		

TABLE XIV—Income-tax by Tahsils (Part IV only) - (concld.).

Years.		nder 2,000.	Rs.	ver,		nder		
1	.easces.			2,000.	Rs.	2,000.		ver 2,000.
1	Αβ	Tux.	Asessoes.	Tax.	Assossees.	Tax.	Assessees.	Tax
	2	3	4	5	2		4	5
1901-02	214	<b>R</b> s. 3,897	39	Rs. 2,988	\	Rs.		Rs
1902-03)	Not	available.		••	Not	available.		
1903-04	113	3,184	<b>2</b> 8	2,094				
1904-05	98	2,668	15	1,004	72	1,965	81	3,020
1905-06	88	2,448	12	854	57	1,570	28	2,618
1906-07	83	2,316	20	1,428	60	3,538	24	2,232
1907-08	77	3,162	20	1,368	68	1,831	18	1,491
1908-09	81	2,321	27	2,014	65	1,772	18	2,051
1909-10	82	<b>2,</b> 381	28	2,194	66	1,851	15	1,558
1910-11	77	2,198	33	2,711	61	1,628	17	1,494
1911-12	80	2,156	42	3,474	65	1,728	17	1,592
1912-13	71	2,076	49	4,398	95	2,418	21	2,568
1913-14	69	1,932	46	3,871	95	2,453	18	9,142
1914-15	89	2,566	37	3,600	98	2,573	18	1,842
1915-16					, }		j	
1916-17	} ;	Ì					ļ	
1917-18		İ						
1918-19		1	}					
1919-20		}						
1920-21			}	į	1			
1921-22		1			}	}		
19 <b>22-2</b> 3								
1923-24		}						
1924-25						ļ	ļ	

# TABLE XV.—District Bound.

	Dept.	18	Re.	3,400 3,360 3,360 3,360 3,60 1,03 1,03 1,03 1,03 1,03 1,03 1,03 1,0
	Pounds.	17	Rs.	8, 17, 17, 17, 17, 17, 17, 17, 17, 17, 17
	Civil works.	16	Be.	33,630 43,403 43,403 43,404 77,603 69,501 64,606 73,708 73,718 74,830 68,179 60,102-2-2
	Aiscellancons,	:s	138.	16. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10
liture.	Boientiflo &r.	<b>1</b>	Ba.	283 490 444 443 653 680 1,202 1,747 1,669 1,916 1,616 1,616
Expenditure	Medicel.	13	ğ	12,132 11,663 12,463 12,560 13,832 14,776 16,067 17,503 17,503 17,503 17,503 17,503 17,503 17,503
	Education	21 6	Bs.	34, 284 46, 245 46, 245 46, 245 66, 276 68, 276 68, 276 66, 216 76, 21
  -  -	-sinimba israei) .nolimi	=	88	8 104 1 1 882 1 1 882 1 1 882 1 1 882 1 1 882 1 8 8 8 8
,	ot anoitedittioo	0.	Rs	23,760 7,760 14,760 14,760 11,124 21,124
٠	Total expenditure.	0	a a	1, 81, 87, 67, 1, 191, 886, 1, 1, 191, 886, 1, 1, 191, 886, 1, 1, 191, 886, 1, 1, 191, 886, 1, 1, 191, 887, 888, 1, 1, 191, 886, 1, 191, 886, 1887, 191, 191, 191, 191, 191, 191, 191, 19
<del></del> -	Petries.	20	Re	88 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8
	Pocnds		%   %	5 136 5 130 5 br>5 130 5 br>5 130 5
Receipts.	Civil works	, °	F	6,452 6,744 6,744 6,744 1,143 1,143 1,169 4,019 6,536 1,183,308 1,182,308 1,182,308
Ř	ัชโละeโ¹กก∘ou≃		Rs	3,0 20,0 20,0 11,0 11,0 11,0 11,0 11,0 11
	Belontifie &c.	4	B8.	1
	[asibe M	es .	<b>35</b> .	8,752 3,956 3,956 3,956 3,753 3,753 4,292 5,453
	Educational	24	F.	5,905, 6,875, 6,875, 6,875, 7,887, 7,587, 8,689, 8,615, 8,
	Year.	ļ ; <b>-</b>	!	1901-02 1902-03 1904-04 1904-04 1904-05 1906-05 1906-07 1916-11 1911-13 1916-16 1916-16 1917-18 1916-16 1916-18 1916-18 1916-18 1916-18

TABLE XVI - Municipality of Azamgarh.

	LatoT.		18	83	22,059							22,137	19,921	43,488	29,583	27,783
	Other heads.		17	ě	1,979	2,471	3.953	3,154	3,823	2,839	2,000	4.029	2.614	26,705	7.084	4,252
	Public instructions		16	' ਕ	1,508	1,094	2.221	7,406	2,237	1,989	2,213	1.821	1,978	1,925	2,118	1,794
12	Public work.		121	æ	2,038	1,237	1.934	823	1,123	966	1061	825	734	1,331	5,910	3,579
Expenditure	Hospitale and dis-		7	æ	2,052	1,532	1 240	1,240	1,240	1,805	1,777	1,576	1,581	1,300	1,300	1,300
Expe	Оопзетуалсу.		13	<u>\$</u>	4,599	0,476	5,894	6,761	5,000	6,473	7,980	7.815	7,120	7,480	7,619	9,675
	supply inage.	Maintenance.	13	88	601	797	88	316	884	:	137	159	23	:	:	:
	Water supply and drainage.	Capital.	11	2°	4:	Q.	:	:	:	:	:	: :	163	:	:	:
	Рарыс выбегу.		10	83.	2,923	C86.7	3.417	2,043	1 089	1,004	1,729	1.559	1,810	2,437	8.239	3,824
	has noiterteinimhA sexet lo noiteelloe		6	, B	5,716	2,731	4.513	4 652	4,223	4,207	4,113	4.352	3,794	2,290	2.363	8,558
	Tofal.		80	Rs.	23,292	18,722	22.8.7	23,150	23,133	23,355	10,770	21.431	21,535	20,551	29,698	33,002
	Other sources.		1	is.	2,709	4,083	4.735	3,397	3,880	ි විදුල් දේ	5,00	2,973	2,743	3.741	7,279	10,604
	Loans.		ပ	33	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	: :	:	:	:	:
lmcome.	Rents.		s	Rs	45	222	303	200	596	500	1,539	906	1,451	1,401	1,547	1,880
uľ	Осрог слжев.		4	É	3,553	2,5392	3.247	3,275	3,206	4,375	0,410	2.774	3,225	4,677	4,736	20,518
	bus season no xeT labus.		က	BS.	:	:	: :	::	:	:	:	: :	 : :	:	:	:
	.ioutoO		Ŋ	R .	19,683	14,691	14.582	16,328	15,781	14,968	12,621	14,774	14,106	16,732	16,145	:
	Year.				1901-07	1902-03	1904-05	1905 06	20 :061	1907-08	1908-03	1910-11	1911-12	1912-13	1913-14	1914-15

TABLE XVII.—Distribution of Police, 1915.

				Muni pol	cipal ice.	Town	police.		
Thans.	Sub-inspectors.	Hoad-constables.	Constables.	Head constable.	Constables.	Daffadars.	Chaukidars,	Rural police	Road police.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Kotwali Nizama bad Gambhirpur Mubarak pur Muhammadabad Chiriakot Mau Dohrighat Ghosi Madhuban Maharajganj Raunapar Kandharapur Didarganj Pawai Ahraula Out post Phulpur Atraulia Deogaon Bardah Tarwa Jianpur Sarai Mir Kopaganj Civil Roserve Armed police	2 2 1 2  1 1 10	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	12 12 19 10 14 11 11 11 12 9 11 9 10  9 9 8 8 8 118	3	80 24 8 4,23 48 4 8		4	91 140 96 120 147 121 98 129 137 128 75 111 92 93 131 	8642
Total	. 54	59	425	7	111		4*	2,242	48

These belong to the Provincial Chaukidari Force.

ì

#### TABLE XVIII.—Education, 1915.

		Total.		Second	dary edu	cation.	Primary education.			
Wasse	col-	Scho	lars.		Scho	lars.		Scholars.		
Years.	Schools and col- lege.	Males.	Females	Schools.	Males.	Females.	Schools.	Males.	   Females.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
1901-02 1902-03 1903-04 1904-05 1905-06 1906-07 1907-08 1908-09 1909-10 1910-11 1911-12 1912-13 1913-14 1914-15 1915-16 1916-17 1917-18 1918-19 1919-20 11920-21 11921-22 11922-23 11924-25	233 265 267 267 267 303 327 315 285 322 339 184 180 365	12,377 14,572 14,400 14,187 15,162 15,559 17,028 18,962 15,930 17,868 19,092 14,418 13,929 18,062	140 150 1627 296 995 732 708 477 721 795 126 977 919	11 11 11 11 11 11 11 13 13 28 16 14	1,252 1,338 1,224 1,432 1,028 1,181 1,669 1,157 1,158 1,365 1,724 1,822 1,921 1,766		222 254 256 256 292 316 309 326 171 164 351	11,125 13,239 13,176 12,775 14,134 14,428 15,359 17,595 14,772 16,003 17,368 12,596 12,596 16,296	140 160 162 207 296 995 732 708 476 720 795 126 977 919	

## LIST OF SCOHOLS, 1914.

Tabsil.	Pargana.	School.	Olass.	Average atten- dance.
Azamgarh.	Nizamahad.	Azamgarh Ditto  Nizamabad Ora D. B. Sarai Rani D. B. Ukraura Jagdispur Deokhari Muslam Patti Muslam Patti Muslam Patti Manchobha Gambhirpur Phariha Mangrawan Sanjarpur Mundiyar Lahbaria Saraimir Nizamabad Sidhari Unchagaon Motaulipur Kishandaspur Anwak Gosari Bayasi Bibipur old Sewli Tikapur Sumbhi Bagh Mir Petoo (Azamgarh old) Motaulipur Mundiyar Anwak Mosari Bayasi Bibipur old Bahaduli Banbirpur Majhgawan Baddopur Rudri Arya Dharamdaspur Nawuj Ghurepur Gambhirban Ranipur Rajmon, Girls' Aided Model Girls, Azamgarh Municipal Aided Kot Municipal Aided Kot Municipal Aided	Ditto	\$09 40 75 70 63 55 57 82 51 69 25 56 58 77 23 19 93 85 50 47 37 45 59 50 40 42 64 42 64 42 64 42 64 41 10 10 10 11 11 11 11

LIST OF SCHOOLS, 1914-(continued.)

Tahsil	Pargana.	School.	Class.	Average attend- dance.
Azam-	Nizama-	Mission Girls' school, Azam	Lower primary	28
concld.)	bad- (conold.)	Asifganj Municipal Aided	Ditto	23
	(convia.)	Asaraha D. B	Lower primary	23
,		. Muhammadabad	Town school	86
1	1 (	Malo D. B	Upper primary	47 96
{	1	Jahansganj "	Ditto	121
	1	Muhammadabad ,,	77	49
1	!	Bhadir ,,	Lower Do	34
- 1	1	TA. 1 12 3 32	Ditto	25
	i i	Pallia "	Upper Do	74
		Shahgarh "	Ditto	73
ļ	1	Fatchpur "	Ditto	18
	}	Mubarakpur "	Ditto	62
	i i	Samonda ,,	Lower Do	84
	ļ i	Walidpur ,	Upper Do	23
	1	Amari	TTmm TO	61
į	1 !	Sathiaon "	Ditto	58
	1 . 1	Gunjarpar "	Ditto	56
.	Pe	Bakwal " Khurhat "	Ditto	38
ೡ	48	Dinwidih	Ditto	4.
Muhammada bad.	Muhammadabad	Amilo, Aided	Ditto	j 33
ਲੂ	1 1 1	Muhammadabad ,	Lower Do	39
ä		Sutarhi ,	Ditto	11
<b>E</b> /	41	Deoria ,,	Ditto	25
ر ۾ ا	l ā l	Anwaon "	Ditto	18
<b>1</b>	i i	Yaqubpur ,	Ditto	3
	{	Kirman "	Ditto	36
	!! !	Kahuor "	Ditto	2
	[]	Kheria "	Ditto	-
	] }	Kajha "	Ditto	1
		Bhujai ,,	Ditto	1 1
	1	Bagli Pinjra	Ditto	1
	[ ]	D. m.l. Communication	Dutto	, 2
	<b>[ ]</b>	Rekhwardih ,	Ditto	1
	ii	Raini	Ditto	1
	! !	Walidpur	Ditto	2
	i }	Dumraon Aided, Girls, .		
	11	Muhammadabad " .		1
	]	Chakia	. Ditto	2
	<b>   </b>	Mau Town School .	Ditto	<b>†</b> 7
	i l	Do. Training .	Ditto	4
	]}	Do. D. B.	. Ditto	2
	]	Bhonathpur ,, .		5
		Qasba Sarai ,, .	Lower Do	
	Mau Nath	Siddiqia Mau, Aided .	Upper Do	
	Bhanjan	Night Mau " .	Ditto	
		,	Lower Do.	· i
	11	Acbbar "	. Ditto .	•

## LIST OF SCHOOLS, 1914-(continued).

Tahsil.	Pargana.	School.	Class	Average atten- dance.
	Mau Nath	Mau, Girls D. B Ditto Model	Lower primary Ditto	13 14
(	Bhanjan— { (conold.).	Ditto Model Do. Darul Ulum, Aided	Ditto	100
ł	(000000)		Ditto	45
1	1	Chiraiyakot Ditto D.B	Ditto	58
		Saraunda ,,	Ditto	88
କ୍ଷ୍ମ	] [	Dhavwara "	Upper Do	58
Jal	Chiraiya-	Tandwa Aided	Lower Do	13
M <b>ubsmm</b> adabad.	kot	Sarsa "	Ditto	21
- 目↓	1	Jagar-sendi "	Ditto	20 17
83	1	Manday ,,	TOTAL	15
<u> </u>	1	Sachwi " Sultanpur D.B	Ditto	18
24		Suitanpur D. B	D1000	•
1		Godhaura ,,	Ditto	28
	Qariat )	Mittupur, Aiced	Ditto	28
]	Mittoo )	Chakarpanpur "	Ditto	36
(		Baraura ,,	Ditto	24
	,	Jianpur	Town School	104
(	1 (	Do. Training	Lower Primary	25
1	1	Azmatgarh D. B.	Upper Primary	92
_ (	} }	Bilariyaganj "	Ditto	51
{	1	Anjan Shahid D. B	Ditto	72
1	1	Bankat "	Ditto	51
ļ	1	Manduri "	Ditto	75 47
1	1	Barnapur " Bazar Goshain "	Ditto	80
1	1	Kaithauli	Ditto	47
t	1	Jairajpur ,,	Ditto	51
1	1 1	Patwadh "	Ditto	44
į.	1	Aunti ,,	Lower Primary	23
İ	1	Jokahra "	Upper Primary	37
	1	Rewanpar ,,	Ditto	41 52
1	Bagri	Mirya ,,	Ditto	79
1	1	Ramgarh "	Ditto	67
Sagri		Karkhia ,,	Ditto	44
)	1	Nainijor "	Ditto	49
1	1 1	Taroka "	Lower Primary	37
1	} {	Tandwa Gudain Aided	Ditto	34 24
]	1	Khalispur ,	Ditto	17
		Barji Chapra Sultanpur Aided	Thitte	13
1	1	Rarnanur	Ditto	23
	1	Bindwal "	Ditto	18
		Dhanchula ",	Ditto	14
		Sagri ,,	Ditto	15
1	1	Ramgarh "	Ditto	7
	1	Jokahra, Aided Girls	Ditto	19
1	,	Jamilpur D. B	Upper Primary	59
ì	Gopalpur	Maharajganj D. B.	Ditto	78
(	1	Captainganj "	Ditto	41
	1		1	1

LIST OF SCHOOLS, 1914-(continued).

Tahsil.	Pargana.	School.	Class.	Average atten- dance.
	·	Raghupur D. B	I'mnor Drimory	59
/	ĺ	Charny Mahui	Upper Primary	44
( )		Dilimum Dimens D. D.	Ditto	23
1:	j j	12h://o	Lower Primary	8
i i	<b>!</b>	Obenmeta	TD:44	11
1.		Dilaninagani	10:44	28
Sagri	Gopalpur.	Mulnonur	Tital	26
	1	Bhiti "	Ditto	26
1	ļ	Harakhpur Dewara, D. B.	Ditto	33
1	1	Maharajganj, Aided, Girls	Ditto	11
ŀ	1	Raghupur ", "	Ditto	12
(	(	Jamilpur ", "	Ditto	13
`	Į			
	را	Ghosi	Town School	156
(	l ſ	Surgious	Ditto	98
ì	1	A 21 TO 10	Upper Primary	82
1.		Dun. 37(n m	Ditto	51
[ ]	1	Modera Comi	Ditto	92
<b>!</b> !	ľ	Ghosi "	Lower Primary	77
1	1	Mungmas "	Upper Primary	86
<b> </b>	1	Shahroz "	Ditto	40
[ ]	l f	Dohrighat ,,	Ditto	54
Į,		Indara	Ditto	32
1	1	Kathihari "	Ditto	78
1		Siharhi Barjala	Ditto	22
i i	1	Kasara D. B.	Ditto	46
	l i	Surajpur ,,	Lower Primary	62
Į,	l [	orban ,,	Upper Primary	67
		Pidhawal "	Ditto	52
11		Semri Jamalpur	Ditto	81
1	1	Kapaganj D. B	Ditto	86
•	l j	Bichungura "	Ditoo	67 87
	Ghosi	Dalenni Danisan	Ditto	46
J	}	V., 1	Lower Primary	16
Ghosi.		Ranainan Cinta	Upper Primary	17
13		Dobrighat	Ditto	l îi
		Gontha aided "	Lower Primary	80
		Rasulpur " "	Ditto	19
	į į	Hamidpur, ",	Ditto	10
11	[	Kurti ", "	Ditto	22
į i	l i	Amila ,, ,,	Ditto	17
11		Dhauriasath ,	Ditto	21
( )		Nadwa Sarai	Ditto	6
11	! !	Fatchpur Tal Narja	Ditto	10
	l l	D, B.	Ditto	
11	] ]	Kopaganj Islamia	75:44-	44
Į į		Koeriapar, Aided	73:440	20
į į	<b>,</b>	Davagen Aid-J	Dida	20
	] ]	Konagani	Ditto	25
11		Oh almandle	Titto	14
11	)	Therane "	Ditto	19
į	\	Itaura "	Ditto	27
		· "		1
	<del></del>	<del></del>		

# LIST OF SCHOOLS, 1914—(continued)

Tahsil.	Pargana.	School.	Class.	Average atten- dance.
	Ghosi	Cheotida d aided Bar Rani ,, Sondsar ,, Kurthi Night Fatehpur Tal Narja Rampur ,,	Ditto	24 15 19 25 56 25
Ghosi	Nathupur	Katghara D. B. Panti  Bibipur Jadid  Dubari D. B. Lakhnaur D. B. Dargah  Kathtaraon  Hirajpatti  Jajauli  Ghaziapur  Fatehpur Tal Ratoi  Katghara  Kheri Kotha, Aided  Ghaziapur  Lakhnaur  Jajauli  Bela  Parsupur  Dhilai  Bhairopur,  Sidha  Rampur  Pura Bandhu Mal, Night  Bhatia, Aided	Uppor Primary Lower Primary Ditto Ditt	28 42 58 67 26 74 69 23 17 15 14 20 48 17 20 21
Mahul	Mahul.	Mahul Do. Training Surhan D. B. Shamsabad Pook Pook Didarganj Schauli Lasra Khurd Ambari Pawai Shamshpur Sikraur Pakrawal Phulpur Mittupur Aided Ramanpur Palthi Chitara Mahmudpur Khairuddinpur	Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Lower   rimary.	47 37 46 41 67 81 16 65 98 14

# LIST OF SCHOOLS, 1914-(continued).

Γahsil.	Pargana.	School.	Class.	Average atten- dance.
	Mahul	Takia Ghulam Ali Sukhipur Aided Sarain Barauna Shukulpura Basti Kapuri Kusha Matkallipur Girls	Lower primary Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto	21 24 20 18 29 33 22 83 7
Mahul.		Arraulia D. B. Bhatauli "Arraulia "Arraulia "Arraulia "Barshankarpur", Bhagatpur "Khajuri "Nariyaon "Bansgaon Aidod Lohra "Bikapur "Harshankarpur "Biyara Buzurg "Badhipatti "Daryapur "Sihora "Basant patti "Basant patti "Basant patti "Basant patti "Araulia "Atraulia "Atraulia "Arraulia "Bhataulia "Arraulia "Bhataulia  "Bhataulia	Upper primary Ditto Ditto Ditto Lower primary Ditto	41 47 79 98 21 27 54 43 86 47 25 29 24 29 24 29 24 29 26 35 19
	Kauria	Koelsa Shambhupur D. 1 Pipri " Koelsa " Tahar Bazidpur Arusa Aided Kauria " Burhanpur " Basti Bhojal " Hunoepur "	Town School Upper primary Ditto Lower primary Upper primary Ditto Lower primary Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto	135 88 65 88 81 19 30 21 20
Deogaon.	Deogaon	Deogaon Mehnajpur Lalganj D. B. Kalichabad ,,, Lahwan Kalan Sidhauna ,, Tarwa	Town School Ditto Upper primary Lower primary Upper primary Ditto Ditto Ditto	196 92 85 39 97 49 52 47

LIST OF SCHOOLS, 1914- (continued).

Tahsil.	Pargana.	School,		Class.	Avorage attend- ance,
)eogaon.	Deogaon.	Mohnajpur D. B. Kanjahit Deogaon Dubhaon Juoli Bhira Bazar Hadsa Dayalpur Bairidih Isahwan Khurd Hardaspur Kokahra Jiapur Ohauki Dubhaon Ram Nagar Garauli Tahirpur Bharthipur Rampur Barhauna Beuhara Chirkihit Salimpur Qarya Gopalpur Sarawan Bibipur Bainupur Ahrauli Bhulandih Khurson Bhilehli Ghanipur, Dengarho Aided Lahwan Kalan Barwa Dubhaon Beohara Bhilihili Qalichabad Ramnagar Parsauna Tarwa		Lower primary Upper primary Lower primary Ditto	80 69 96 81 51 27 32 24 21 29 61 17 19 18 15 17 20 16 19 22 26 21 19 28 21 19 28 28 14 15 17 18 18 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19
	Beladau- latabad.	Thekman Training Ai- Ditto Bahadurpur D. E Khajuri " Diha " Mehnagar " Rasulpur " Mahuari Aide Sarai Bindraban " Sarai Paltu " Nai "	ded	Ditto Town school Lower primary Upper primary Ditto Ditto Ditto Lower primary Ditto Ditto Lower primary Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto	49 86 64 57 78 57 67 28 27 27 85

LIST OF SCHOOLS, 1914-(concluded).

Tahsil.	Pargana.	Schoo)	i <b>.</b>	Class.	Average.
(	Boladau- latatabad.	Bachwal Gopalpur Dariyapur Mahuari Girls	Aided	Lower primary Ditto Ditto Ditto	27 81 11 21
Deogaon. (	Belhabans.	Tandawa Kamhariya Unchahuan Bansgaon Bhanwarpur Tandwa Girls'	D. B	Upper primary Ditto Lower primary Ditto Upper primary Ditto	84 51 24 54 78 25
		स्यमे	व जयते		
				ı	

## ROADS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31ST DECEMBER 1914.

A Pr	ROVINCIAL.			Miles	Fur.
(i) Allahabad, Jaunpur and	d Dohrighat	••		57	4
(ii) Gorakhpur, Dohrighat	and Ghazipur	trunk road		27	5
(iii) Azamgarh Railway Fee	der road	••	••	0	11
(iv) Dohrighat Railway Fuor	der road	••	••	0	24
		Total	••	85	43
В.—	Local,				
First class roads, metalled,	bridged and d	ained.			
(i) Azamgarh to Ghazipur				23	6
(ii) Muhammadpur to Ben	ares	### · ·		19	4
(iii) Azamgarh to Fyzabad		74		10	6
(iv) Rani Sarai to Phulpur	1/1/1	M.L		16	2
(v) Phulpur to Shahganj		HA TO		10	4
(vi) Azamgarh to Mau		159	••	25	4
(vii) Mubarakpur to Jahana	ganj <b>R</b> oad	ज्यान जयाने		8	4
(viii) Ahraula to Didarganj r	oad	1917	••	10	0
(ix) Ghazipur Branch road	••	••		2	2
(x) Azamgarh Station road	ı	••	••	5	0
(xi) Jianpur, Azamatgarh r	oad		••	2	6
(xii) Muhammadahad Raily	vay Feeder ron	b	••	0	4.8
(xiii) Phariha	ditto	••	••	0	5
(xiv) Khurhat	ditto	• •		0	7
		Total	••	113	6.3

<sup>\*</sup>By the end of 1915 this will probably be 17 miles and 6 furlongs.

# ROADS, 1915—(continue l)

II.—Second class roads, unmetalled, bridged and drained throughout.		
(i) Azamgarh to Fyzabad (vide I-III)	25	0
(ii) Sarsena to Kajha (vide 7-i)	2	2.640
(iii) Muhammadpur to Phariha (vide III-IV)	1	0.800
(iv) Maharajganj to Khamaria (vide III-XVII)	4	1.600
(v) Ditto Captainganj	4	7
(vi) Azamgarh to Bilariagani	9	$\dot{2}$
(vii) Muhammadpur to Mehnagar (vide III-XXIV & II-ix)	.6	4
(viii) Bardah to Didarganj	14	5
(ix) Chiriakot to Sultanpur (vide IV-IX)	1	4
(x) Belha to Khamaria (vide II-VIII and III-XXIV)	8	5.440
(xi) Phulpur to Belwai Station, Oudh and Rohilkhand	17	8
Railway.	4	•
(xii) Chagra river to Kondhi	<b>4</b> 10	0 5·650
(xiii) Chiriakot to Muhammadabad road	10	0 000
and Trick Print		
Total	105	1.186
$1\Pi$ - Third class roads, banked and surfaced but not drained,		
(i) Ahraula to Atraulia	11	0
(ii) Azamgarh to Nizamabad (vide II-XXIII)	7	ಕ
(iii) Bhimpur to Bilauli	2	2
(iv) Muhammadpur to Captainganj, via Nizamabad	13	$5 \cdot 2$
(v) Chiriadand to Rajadepur	14	6
(vi) Dhanauli to Suraipur	8.	4
(vii) Dharaura (Muhammadabad) to Kopaganj	11	2
(viii) Dubari to Khirikota	5	អ្ន
(ix) Ghosi to Jianpur	16	5
(x) Ghosi to Nagra (in Ballia)	10	4
(xi) Ahraula to Captainganj	14	<u>0</u> .
(xii) Maharajganj to Bhairondaspur	2	7.4
(xiii) Chiriakot to Julii via Tirwa and Deogaon (vide 1v-1x and II-X).	44	2
(xiv) Didarganj to Amari (vide II-III)	7	. 0
(xv) Narauni to Sidharighat	1	4
(vi) Jianpur to Maharaigani	14	0
(xvii) Khamaria to Koelsa (vide II-V)	2 7	7.4
(xviii) Muhammadabad to Kanjra Dilshadpur (Azamgarh)		4
(xix) Manikpur Asna (Ghosi) to Uprauli (vide III-IX and IV-VII).	ŀ	6
(xx) Mau to Ranbirpur	6	0
(xxi) Muhammadabad to Shahgarh via Mubarakpur	11	4
(xxii) Walidpur to Nandwa Sarai	6	2
(xxiii) Rani Sarai to Shahjiarpur via Nizamabad	18	1
(xxiv) Ahraula to Kolsa	9	0
(xxv) Ramgarh to Latghat (vide IV-VI)	5	1
(xxvi) Mehnagar to Tarwa (vide II-IX)	12	0
(xxvi) Mehnagar to Tarwa (vide II-IX) (xxvii) Chiriakot to the Ghazipur boundary	7	0
(xxviii) Sarai Mir to Didarganj	10	2
·	900	
Total	288	8

#### ROADS, 1915-(concluded).

V.—Fourth class, roads banked but and drained.	t not surf	aced, partia	lly bridged		
(i) Abhimanpatti to Bhagatpi	ır	••		8	2
(ii) Ghosi to Dargah	••	• •	}	8	0
(iii) Anjwa to Ramgarh		••		· 1	4
(iv) Bazar Gosain to Kamauli	Kalan	••		1	2
(v) Are to Shamsabad			••	28	4
(vi) Bilariaganj to Ramgarh (	vide III.	XXV)	••	4	6
(vii) Chakaut to Pharsadaudh (	Arde III.	XIX)	•••	14	0
(viii) Chapri to Maharajganj	T 32171.	••	•• \	4	6
(ix) Mau to Sultanpur (vide II	1-A111)	••	•• [	15 7	0
(x) Sharf-ud-dinpur to Shahg (xi) Jiaupur to Mubarakpur	arn	••	::	5	Ö
(xii) Rani Sarai to Mehnagar	••	••		18	ŏ
(xiii) Ramapar to Rajadepur	••	••		9	6.
(Titt) Hattiabar to Halagober.	••	••	••		···
		Total	••	120	6
E	Gr	AND TOTAL	••	731	5.10
Metalled					
Miles. Fur. Provincial . 85 4.625 Local . 131 6.340	TIV				
Unmstalled.	Miles. 217	Fur. 2.965 or	Miles. 217·371		
II. Class 105 1.136		20.57			
111. " 288 8 1V. " 120 6	514	2·136 or	514.267		
GRAND TOTAL	731	5·101 or	731 · 638		
	<u>,</u>				

Forries, 1915.

								/1.A.			ΔΔΔγ
Income (1914-15.)	ž	:	:	:	:	:	603	210	1,825	300	
		Gorakhpur	:	:	:	ublic Works	Azamgarh	:	:	:	
Management		District Board, Gorakhpur	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Leased by the Public Works department.	District Board, Azamgarh	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	
		:	;	:		:	:	:	:	:	
Tabsil.	_	Bagri	Do.	Do.	Do.	Ghosi	Do.	Do.	Do.	Ď.	
ا نه		:	-:	:	10		~ 7		3/	:	
Pargana.		Gopalpur	Ditto	Ditto	Sagri	<b>G</b> hosi	<u>%</u>	Б	Nathupur	Ditto	
		:	:	:	1				>	:	
Village.		Maharajganj	Ditto	Jbapatia	Nainijor	Dohri	Nasrullahpur	Surajpur	Dharampur	Baroha	
		:	;	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	
Neme of ferry.		Basai	Belwa	Shabpur Jhapatia	Gola Nainijor	Dohrighat	Bajpur Takia	Duhia Khairauti	Barbaj, Dharampur	Paina Baroha	
er.						:				<i>-</i>	
River.						Ghagra					

## POST OFFICES ,1915.

Tahsil.	Pargana.	Office.	Class.
		Azamgarh Azamgarh oity Azamgarh railway station.	Head-office, combined. Sub-office, combined. Sub-office.
Azamgarh	Nizamabad	Nizamabad Phulpur Saraimir Gambhirpur Muhammadpur Bani Sarai Chandesar	Ditto, Ditto, Ditto, Ditto, Ditto, Branch office, Ditto,
,		Phariha	Ditto. Sub-office.
(	Bela Daulata- bad	Mehnagar	Ditto.
Deogaon :	Deogaon	Deogaon Bardah Lalganj Mohnajpur Tarwah Lahwan	Ditto. Ditto. Branch office. Ditto. Sub-office. Branch office.
(	Belhabans .	Bansgaon	Ditto.
(	Kauria	Koelsa Taharbazidpur	Ditto.
<b>Ma</b> hul	Mahul	Mahul Phulpur Didarganj Pawai Surhan Palthi	Sub-office. Ditto. Ditto. Branch office. Ditto.
	Atraulia	Ahraula	Sub-office.
1	1	( Atraulia	Ditto.
Sagri	Sagri	Sagri Kandhrapur Bankat Latghat Raunapar Bilariyagani Bazar Goshain	Ditto. Branch-office. Ditto. Ditto. Ditto.
·		Maharajganj .	Sub-office.
1	Gopalpur	Sardaha .	- 1
,		Tirhi	. Ditto.

These offices are experimental,

# POST OFFICES, 1915.

Tabsil.	Pargana.	Office.	Class
Muhammada - ) bad.	Mau Nath Bhanjan  Chiriakot {  Muhammada- bad.	Mau Nath Bhanjan Chiriakot Jahanaganj Mubarakpur Muhammadabad Khurhat	Sub-office, combined. Sub-office. Ditto. Sub-office, combined. Ditto. Branch-office.
Ghosi	Ghosi <	Dohrighat Ghosi Kopaganj Surajpur Amila Nandwa Sarai Semri	Sub-office, combined Ditto. Sub-office, Branch-office. Ditto. Ditto. Ditto,
	Nathupur $\dots igg\{$	Madhuban Rampur Bibipur	Sub-office. Branch-office. Ditto
		सन्यमेव जयने	

# **BASTI**

# Supplementary notes and statistics to

# **VOLUME XXXII**

OF THE

# District Gazetteers of the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh.



ALLAHABAD:

Printed by the Superintendent. Government Press. United Provinces.

# Gazetteer of Basti.

APPENDIX.

सन्धमेव जयते

# GAZETTEER OF BASTI.

## APPENDIX.

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Markets	-		CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF THE	••	•••	хlі
Fairs	••	मन्योत व	रणने.		••	χlγ

TABLE I.—Population by tahsils, 1901.

		Total			Hindus.		**	Musalmans.	13.		Others,	
Tahsil.	Pereons.	Males.	Females.	Регкопа,	Males.	Females.	Регзодз.	Males.	Females, Persons,	Persons.	Males.	Females.
Ħ	64	60	41	ಬ	9	T	8	6	10	11	1 23	13
Domariaganj	306,161	154,938	151,228	223,796	119,867	110,429	82,351	41,561	40,790	14	10	4
Banni	415,354	209,328	206,026	340,060	171,348	168,717	75,245	97,956	87,289	6	29	8
Harraiya	933,918	169,008	164,910	305,911	154,832	151,079	27,977	14,157	13,820	8	19	11
Basti	876,995	191,263	185,732	928,977	166,847	162,130	47,851	24,314	23,537	167	103	65
Khalilabad	897,993	201,749	196,244	326,641	165,602	161,039	71,252	36,075	35,177	100	72	88
Total .	1,830,421	926,286	904,195	1,525,385	771,991	753,894	304,676	154,063	150,618	360	232	128

TABLE II—Population of the police circles distributed by religion, 1911.

Serial number and			Population.	ا و		Hindus.		Mu	Muhammadans	bas.		Others.	
Name of thana. Total. Males. Females.	Males.		Femal	98.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Totals.	Males	Females.	Total.	Males.	Pemales.
1 2 3 4	3		4		5	Q.	7	8	6	10	11	12	13
53,487	53,487		 53,	53,045	82,370	41.911	41.059	24.158	19.172	11.986	4	4	
57,719	57,719		54	54,836	96,404	49,311	47,098	16,059	8.327	7.716	138	* &	. 22
108,007 54,364	54,364	_	53	53,643	85,267	42,940	42,327	22,710	11,409	61,301	융	12	13
gh 77,830 39,208	39,208		œ :	38,122	67,700	84,341	33,359	9,630	4,867	4,763	:	:	:
41419	41419	41419	<u> </u>	41,505	76 77 5	84,379 80 00	38,904	0,700	2,850	2,855	2	9	47
71,008   36,308	36,308	36,308	9	34,700	50,452	25,768	24,689	20,543	10.539	10.007		:	
anj 84,997 42,848	42,848	42,848	42	42,149	55,360	28,092	27,258	29,647	14,756	14,891	:	;	
ata   77,935   39,359	39,359	39,359	8	38,576	70,983	35,834	85,149	6.952	3,525	8,427	:	; ;	: :
38,279 45,000	38,279 45,000	38,279 45,000	5	1,991	45,823	22,083	22,536	91,047	15,592	15,455	:	:	:
59.987	59.987	59.987	4.0	94,009	60 555	36,241	35,382	17,495	8,843	26.95	e) 1	<b>8</b> 1	:
41,328	41,328	41,328	38	89,676	70,643	35.921	25.722	10,303	9,800 20,000 20,000 20,000	4.934	28.	188	
28,250	28,250	28,250	22	27,746	47,607	23,922	23,685	8,388	4,327	4,061	7	3 -	}
85,002 42,713	42,718		45	42 289	77,778	39,098	38,660	7.201	3,598	3,603	23	17	9
45,958	45,958		- 40 و	38 5	72,495	37,230	35,266	17,240	8,713	8,527	83	ଛ	80
71.925 36.314	36.314		2 2	38,4Ur	67.038	36,198	35,240	9,439	4,277	4,162	15	10	בי
67,944 34,424	34,424	_	200	33,520	57.906	92,400 92,000	47 1 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	10.735	5,097 7,490	0,980	٥٥	273 C	34
94,708 47,732	47,732		45,	43,976	81,738	41,256	40.483	12,449	6.432	6.487	21	. 4	:
_	37,012		36,	36,008	57,038	28,862	28,176	15,978	8,146	7,833	4	4	
41,866	41,866		40,	40,986	74,077	37,419	36,658	8,763	4,440	4,328	12	7	20
			:	1				:					
10,50,421 9,20,286			§ .	904,135	15,25,385 771,991	771,991	753,394	304,676 154,063	154,063	150,613	360	232	128
	~			-		7		-		_	_	4	_

TABLE III. - Vital statistics.

			Birt	hs.			Dea	ths.	
Yea	r.	Total.	Males	Females.	Rate per 1,000.	Total.	Males.	  Females.	Rate per 1,000
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1901	••	75,042	38,571	36,471	40 64	45,854	24,307	21,547	24.8
1902	••	81,049	41,570	99,479	43 50	49,747	26,247	29,500	26.9
1903	••	82,009	42,167	39,842	44 42	5 <b>9,05</b> 6	30,548	28,508	31.9
1904	••	8 <b>3,</b> 995	43,215	40,780	45 50	56,848	28,944	27,904	30.7
1905		69,836	36,154	33,682	37.82	71,481	36,590	34,891	38-7
1 <b>90</b> 6	••	69,002	36,023	32,979	<b>37</b> ·37	<b>73</b> ,879	37,847	35,532	39 7
1907	••	78,811	40,625	38,186	<b>4</b> 2.68	64,524	33,545	30,979	84.9
1908	••	6 <b>2,</b> 0 <b>6</b> 9	3 <b>2,4</b> 50	30,219	88-95	75,433	38,586	36,847	40.8
1909		69,452	35,957	33,495	37.62	63,888	32,585	31,303	34.6
1910	:	73,360	<b>38,0</b> 66	35,294	39.73	67,421	35,889	81,532	36.5
1911	••	81,503	42,109	39,394	44.58	65,909	84,497	31,412	36.0
1912	••	83,776	43,197	40,579	45.77	51,857	27,803	24,554	28-3
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Table IV. - Deaths according to cause.

				To	tal death	from-		
	Year.		All causes.	Plague.	Cholera.	Small- pox,	Fover.	Bowel com- plaints
	1		2	8	4	5	6	7
901	••	•••	45,854		2,048	4	32,983	78
1902	••	••	49,747	114	8,027	18	34,129	145
903	••	••	59,056	1,250	1,526	59	40,222	102
904	••		56,848	2,016	1,510	118	88,972	78
905	••		71,481	4,044	12,654	89	41,732	98
906	••	• •	73,379	1,978	16,020	96	42,069	69
907	••		64,524	1,814	820	1,971	42,033	72
908	••		75,433	13	2,572	8,254	47,577	97
909	••	• ·	63,888	5	100	41	49,307	45
910	••	• .	67,421	658	8,515	22	42,979	73
911	••	••	65,909	5,477	6,460	8	<b>39,18</b> 6	47
912	••		14,300	4,153	949	18	<b>32,</b> 389	53
			212	रमेव जः	E .			
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			{	}			}	

1.ABLE V.—Statistics of cultivation and irrigation, 1319 Fasti.

						•	Cultivated	g.			
Comme Comme	Total area.	Waste	Culturable		I.	Irrigated.	<u></u>				Double
Laigana and main.			-	Total.	Canal.	Wells.	Tanks.	Other sources,	Dry.	cultivated.	cropped.
1	N	8	4	25	9	7	80	6	10	11	12
Rasulpur Programmer	2,11,730	20,085	40,120	29,499		7,092	.0	22,407 1,998	1,22,026 1,06,593	1,51,525	51,994 31,896
Tabeil Domariagadi	3.74.788	32,243	81.798	92,128		7,723	£.	24,405	2,18,619	2,60,747	83,890
Bansi East	3,61,857	34,810	53,643	43,239	3,428	2,176 18	0.0	87,634 2,859	2,29,666 22.331	2,72,904 25,208	1,19,420
Dinaskput Tabail Banai	3.92.364	37.687	56,565	45,115	3,428	2,194	:	40,493	2,51,997	2,98,112	1,32,963
Amorha	1.81,309	25.448	38,677	42,979	1.	25,470	:	17,509	74,265	1,17,244	57,148
Basti West	71,758	5,780	15,742	19,399	479	11,879	:	7,041	30,837 199,661	50,236	20,652
Nager West	0 04 789	7,836	16,121	18,307	479	50.100		30,300	1,34,768	2.15,648	97.207
Manage Doct	9.91 831	90,00	40 166	54 787		9.889	: :	45.498	1,03,936	1,58,753	65.470
Mahuli East	1,33,554	18,329	93,608	26,621	::	10,538	: :	16,083	67,996	94.617	37,486
Tabsil Khalilabad	3,58,185	41,041	63,774	81,408	:	19,827	:	61,581	1,71,962	2,53,370	1,02,956
Basti East	1,08,339	10,552	19,884	40,243	:	12,654	:	27,594	38,155	78,403	30,154
Maghar West	71,877	5,667		24,348	:	5,094	:	19,254	24,688		20,619
Mahuli West	1,04,393	_		28,464	:	11,235	:	17,229	44,318		30,053
Nagar East	61,575		11,362	18,094		10,380	:	7,657	23,664	_	16,556
Tahsil Basti	3,46,184	37,894	06,311	1,11,154	51	39,309	:	71,734	1.30,825	2,41,979	97,382
Total of the district	17.96,303	1,87,459	3,38,988	3,51,690	3,958	1,19,219	:	2,28,513	9,18,166	12,69,856	5,14,398

TABLE VI.—Area in acres under the principal crops, tahsil Domariaganj.

		ī				``								<u>.</u>	
	Sugar- cane.		5,567	4,128	5,784	4,795	4,601	5,511	6,919	8,236	8 612	4,287	3,272	3,256	5,376
	Маіве		2,763	2,609	4,807	979,9	6,463	4,916	4,848	3,808	4,328	8,202	10,360	6,955	6,384
Kharif.	Arhar.		17,290	28,690	25,546	28,052	26,072	26,579	16,255	18,585	10,957	6,824	8,128	5,689	6,357
**	Rioe	[	184,490	178,750	178,846	178,095	173,390	177,390	183,234	187,471	155,147	155,965	150,431	159,006	158,258
	Total.		215,853	220,616	225,717	226,370	219,339	223,392	220,758	227,656	200,989	216,054	208,484	201,649	206,012
	Opium.		5,814	5,754	5,187	4,894	5,725	5,009	5,114	4,556	3,662	2,954	2,683	3,417	2,480
	Linseed.		6,502	7,301	8,115	11,626	20,992	12,980	3,404	7,667	839	2,543	4,227	8,437	12,390
	Gram.		3,321	4,574	8,424	8,343	5,558	3,199	4,399	8,018	4,525	3,053	6,303	11,723	9,092
Rabi.	Peas.		24,525	21,549	24,430	25,012	28,760	29,879	23,299	18,577	9,321	5,367	9,615	20,242	\$ 25,570
	Barley alone and mixed.		45,000	49,815	42,698	53,550	51,645	44,194	48,498	52,677	35,610	39,478	36,669	50,864	28,341
	Wheat.		28,690	24,632	28,879	31,182	33,179	34,366	81,227	31,545	23,377	29,146	35,493	35,924	50,564
	Total.		117,713	117,792	123,660	130,811	151,444	135,447	121,570	129,491	78,999	86,974	110,400	137,384	138,458
<u>`</u>			:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	Year.	Fasis	1307	1308	1309	1910	1311	1312	1313	1814	1315	1316	1317	1318	1319

TABLE VI—(continued).—Area in acres under the principal crops, takeil Bansi.

Total, Wheat, alone and raixed. Gram. Linseed, Opium, mixed.  164,211 23,938 9,717 27,655 4,997 7,624 1,960 1,842 1,845				<b>#4</b>	Rabi.					, PFI	Kharif.		
346.       164,211       23,988       9,717       27,655       4,997       7,624       1,980          148,511       22,716       85,621       19,602       4,118       9,116       1,842          164,068       20,474       79,132       25,008       8,666       18,364       1,636          163,766       20,474       79,132       25,008       8,666       18,364       1,636          175,837       22,132       76,709       24,432       8,266       20,426       1,862          175,837       25,102       77,938       85,138       26,134       7,443       1,607          175,837       20,188       84,652       25,969       5,074       7,443       1,649          155,763       20,188       84,652       25,969       5,074       7,443       1,649          155,768       19,889       87,742       19,077       9,262       9,298       1,649          112,044       15,928       70,985       8,926       6,948       2,716       1,002          137,597       29,207       73,872       12,198       7,19	<b>Тов</b> х.	Total,	Wheat.	Barley alone and mixed.	Peas.	1	Linseed.	Opium,	Total,	Rice.	Arhar.	Majse.	Sugar.
164,211       28,988       9,717       27,655       4,997       7,624       1,960          148,611       22,716       85,621       19,502       4,113       9,116       1,842          164,068       20,474       79,132       25,008       8,666       18,364       1,686          164,068       20,474       79,132       25,008       8,666       18,364       1,686          176,063       22,512       76,709       24,432       8,266       20,426       1,862          176,837       25,102       77,938       85,138       26,134       7,443       1,607          155,763       20,188       84,663       25,969       5,074       7,443       1,607          156,768       19,889       87,742       19,077       9,262       9,298       1,649          112,044       15,928       70,865       8,926       6,948       2,616       1,002          118,697       29,207       73,872       12,198       7,198       7,196       7,246          196,060       29,207       73,872       12,198       10,266       86	Fash.												
148,511     22,716     85,621     19,502     4,118     9,116     1,842        164,068     20,474     79,132     25,006     8,666     18,364     1,696        162,726     22,512     76,709     24,432     8,206     20,436     1,892        176,837     25,102     77,938     85,138     4,024     20,425     1,892        176,837     26,102     77,938     85,138     4,024     20,425     1,802        165,763     20,188     84,652     25,969     5,074     7,443     1,607        165,763     20,188     87,742     19,077     9,262     9,293     1,649        112,044     15,928     70,365     8,926     6,948     2,671     1,676        137,597     29,207     73,873     13,928     7,198     7,216     1,002        196,060     29,221     93,442     28,517     15,873     19,260     853        186,688     60,356     46,961     26,81     26,81     26,11     432        186,688     90,266     29,81     15,873     15,873     15,873     15,873      <	70	164,211	23,938	9,717	27,655	4,997	7,624	1,960	214,982	179,254	13,280	10,011	2,529
164,068     20,474     79,132     25,006     8,666     18,864     1,686        162,726     22,812     76,709     24,482     8,206     20,486     1,862        176,603     22,635     83,186     28,124     5,459     26,544     1,494        176,837     25,102     77,838     85,138     4,024     20,425     1,802        165,763     20,188     84,663     25,969     5,074     7,443     1,607        164,666     19,889     87,742     19,077     9,262     9,293     1,649        112,044     15,928     70,965     8,926     6,948     2,61     1,002        187,597     29,207     73,872     13,188     19,260     73,86        196,060     29,227     73,872     12,188     9,681     26,81        196,080     29,227     28,517     15,873     19,260     853        186,085     60,366     26,961     26,681     26,681     26,881        186,685     89,267     12,198     16,489     7,198     7,296        186,685     80,266     28,517     15	: 80	148,511	22,716	85,621	19,502	4,118	9,116	1,842	242,987	197,280	24,408	808'6	1,744
162,726     22,512     76,709     24,438     8,206     20,486     1,362       176,603     22,635     63,186     28,124     5,459     36,454     1,494       1,176,837     25,102     77,938     85,138     4,024     20,425     1,802       1,156,763     20,186     84,562     25,969     5,074     7,443     1,607       1,12,044     15,928     70,865     8,926     9,263     1,649       1,137,597     29,207     73,873     13,198     7,198     7,516     1,002       1,186,893     60,356     46,961     28,517     15,873     13,873     15,873     15,873     15,873       1,186,893     60,356     46,961     28,517     15,873     13,387     46,381     28,517     15,873     13,387	60	164,063	20,474	79,132	25,008	8,666	18,354	1,686	243,298	187,306	19,610	15,835	8,204
176,603     22,635     63,185     28,134     5,459     1,494       1,175,837     25,102     77,938     85,136     4,024     20,425     1,802       1,155,763     20,188     84,562     25,969     5,074     7,443     1,607       1,12,044     15,928     70,365     8,926     6,948     2,671     1,576       1,137,597     22,207     73,872     13,926     7,198     7,216     1,002       1,196,060     29,207     73,872     13,185     19,260     853       1,186,883     60,356     46,961     28,517     15,873     19,280     46,38	011	162,726	22,812	76,709	24,432	8,206	20,486	1,362	245,460	186,437	22,289	18,454	9,827
176,837     25,102     77,938     85,138     4,024     20,425     1,802        165,763     20,188     84,662     25,969     5,074     7,443     1,607        164,666     19,838     87,742     19,077     9,862     9,293     1,649        112,044     15,928     70,865     8,926     6,948     3,671     1,576        137,597     29,207     73,873     13,922     12,138     19,865     786        196,060     29,221     93,442     28,517     15,873     19,269     853        186,688     60,356     46,961     28,517     15,873     13,337     432	111	176,603	22,635	83,185	28,134	5,459	26,544	1,494	229,394	177,874	16,682	19,014	1,918
165,763     20,188     84,663     25,969     5,074     7,443     1,607        154,566     19,888     87,742     19,077     9,862     9,293     1,649        112,044     15,928     70,865     8,926     6,948     2,671     1,576        137,597     22,087     90,673     9,594     7,198     7,316     1,002        164,407     29,207     73,872     13,922     12,188     19,260     853        196,080     29,221     93,442     28,517     15,873     19,280     853        186,689     60,356     46,961     28,517     15,873     19,287     432	211	175,837	25,102	77,938	85,138	4,024	20,425	1,802	239,557	188,554	24,097	16,233	2,905
154,566         19,889         87,742         19,077         9,262         9,263         1,649           112,044         15,928         70,865         8,926         6,948         2,671         1,576           187,597         23,087         80,673         9,534         7,198         7,316         1,002           164,407         29,207         73,872         13,922         12,188         19,865         726           196,080         29,221         93,442         28,517         15,873         19,260         853           186,893         60,356         46,961         28,517         28,337         28,337         432	811	155,763	20,188	84,562	25,969	5,074	7,443	1,607	237,035	190,873	16,432	14,591	8,109
112,044       15,928       70,365       8,926       6,948       2,671       1,576          137,597       22,087       90,673       9,534       7,198       7,198       7,216       1,002          164,407       29,207       73,873       13,922       12,138       13,885       736          196,060       29,221       93,442       28,517       15,873       19,260       853          186,893       60,356       46,961       28,138       9,681       22,376       432	41	164,566	19,839	87,742	19,077	9,262	9,293	1,649	243,941	198,058	15,692	13,938	4,519
137,597 29,207 73,372 13,924 7,198 7,916 1, 164,407 29,207 73,372 13,922 12,138 19,865 196,060 29,221 93,442 28,517 15,873 19,360 186,898 60,365 46,961 28,138 9,581 22,976	315	112,044	15,928	70,365	8,926	6,948	2,671	1,576	246,092	183,850	28,927	10,939	5,497
164,407 29,207 73,872 13,922 12,188 13,885 196,080 29,221 93,442 28,517 15,873 19,260 186,898 60,356 46,951 28,138 9,581 22,076		137,597	92,087	80,673	9,534	7,198	7,916	1,002	250,559	175,312	18,830	15,219	4,042
196,060 29,221 93,442 28,517 15,873 19,260 186,838 60,255 46,951 28,138 9,581 22,976	111	164,407		73,873	13,922	12,138	13,685	726	241,988	170,297	16,086	19,642	1,818
186.839 60.255 46.951 28.138 9.581 22.976	818	196,060		98,442	28,517	15,873	19,260	853	230,890	178,521	6,148	16,170	1,833
	611	186,838	60,255	46,951	28,138	9,581	22,976	432	842,607	176,807	9,703	16,576	2,873

Table VI-(continued).—Area in acres under the principal crops, takeil Harraya.

											<del></del>	<del></del>			<del></del> ,
	Sugar- cane.		14,157	13,356	14,278	12,545	11,929	14,436	15,354	16,103	16,924	10,679	9186	9,283	12,541
	Maize.		15,898	19,451	23,856	21,847	24,743	22,580	21,497	18,439	21,733	80,783	29,375	59,626	29,303
K <b>h</b> arif.	Arhar.		18,676	23,503	21,921	23,554	21,890	23,150	17,605	20,079	2,750	3,151	3,140	1,861	1,206
×	Rice.		83,938	84,498	77,079	82,345	75,000	83,629	89,283	94,545	80,149	65,711	70,714	71,886	71,988
	Total.		150,236	159,878	162,023	161,171	156,433	162,761	163,301	170,548	166,924	165,455	164,034	157,529	156,572
	Opium.		8,993	8,449	9,083	836,8	9,504	8,244	9,271	8,949	8,928	8,519	7,730	8,713	7,413
	Linseed.		7,950	8,716	6,279	6,763	13,186	9,323	4,076	4,643	788	2,263	3,270	6,442	14,448
	Gram,		5,056	6,406	10,027	9,062	8,628	6,115	7,760	10,517	5,504	2,851	4,393	6,545	6,622
Rabi.	Peas.		35,767	33,782	37,422	36,014	41,243	38,829	35,748	34,354	26,802	20,823	29,555	39,136	43,078
М	Barley alone and mixed.		35,280	34,503	34,185	34,025	50,191	35,745	35,556	36,575	30.001	37,772	24,703	36,224	21,245
	Wheat		36,082	35,042	93,960	39,413	41,443	41,120	43,026	39,579	32.606	44,304	48,560	46,920	57,479
	Total.		134,117	130,237	135,170	138, 822	159,146	144,051	140,913	139,641	106,975	117,735	131,493	148,628	156,006
			:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	•
	Year.	Fasti.	1307	1308	1309	1310	1811	1312	1313	1314	1315	1316	1317	1318	1319

Table VI-(continued). - Area in acres under the principal crops, tahsil Basti.

				Rabi.						Kharif.		
Year.	Total.	Wheat.	Barley slone and mixed.	Peas.	Gтат.	Linseed.	Opium.	Total,	<b>R</b> ice.	Arhar.	Maize.	Sugar-
Fasil.												
1307	147,676	33,700	52,405	45,551	5,263	4,800	8,745	174,322	127,536	16,489	4,826	16,951
1308	144,853	33,877	41,430	41,048	5,326	4,879	2,785	181,765	126,109	21,119	4,491	17,145
1309	142,397	39,642	47,809	43,216	8,638	4,189	2,361	185,101	123,802	21,668	5,607	18,792
1310	151,003	37,025	49,919	43,176	9,127	7,119	2,197	185,150	122,295	25,010	7,066	16,737
1311	169,443	87,007	. 58,007	48,881	8,989	9,701	2,480	179,979	118,237	28,129	7,245	16,190
1312	156,244	37,697	50,983	49,050	5,918	7,364	2,107	184,042	124,440	22,438	6,165	18,766
1813	49,017	36,148	53,692	43,662	7,405	2,442	2,434	182,608	127,894	17,029	6,277	19,257
1314	148,612	34,655	54,124	40,728	10,417	3,392	2,307	189,257	129,797	20,085	5,393	20,272
1315	112,507	30,046	44,163	28,840	5,044	524	2,273	186,250	118,863	5,013	5,203	20,372
1316	123,304	98,411	22,000	24,666	3,068	1,857	1,691	180,767	107,271	5,309	8,145	18,740
1317	144,201	45,192	33,792	36,067	5,338	3,913	1,388	177,568	109,569	3,802	9,718	11,668
1318	166,467	48,857	52,781	49,596	8,135	7,366	1,617	171,108	113,174	841	9,195	11,885
r919	166,700	59,115	30,240	53,163	7,572	11,808	1,171	172,090	111,915	438	8,138	16,814

TABLE VI-(concluded).—Area in acres under the principal crops, tahsil Khalilabad.

	Sugar- cane.		8,922	9,205	10,635	9,816	9,015	9,946	10,484	12,834	13,185	8,2231	5,326	4,864	9,090
	Maise,		4,841	5,717	6,885	7,853	8,573	6,798	7,457	5,898	7,023	10,068	11,648	9,651	10,369
Kharif.	Arhar.		11,345	25,332	30,846	31,205	29,508	30,458	23,189	27,587	6,476	5,067	1,668	1,428	1,009
	Rice.		106,185	101,196	97,289	96,408	91,732	97,563	105,576	105,299	102,210	96,118	96,862	98,623	95,765
<b>X</b>	Total.		150,157	160,839	166,894	164,391	157,878	160,003	162,308	168,440	171,135	174,579	164,641	156,585	169,125
	Opium		2,135	1,653	1,753	1,460	1,644	1,475	1,726	1,645	1,614	988	618	793	430
	Gram. Linseed.		8,020	7,007	5,384	8,073	9,959	8,970	4,779	6,854	736	1,068	6,785	9,792	15,123
	Gram.		7,594	6,395	11,399	130,11	9,683	989'9	11,190	14,983	7,273	3,955	7,288	9,876	7,858
Rabi.	Peas.	:	43,534	38,750	40,242	38,846	45,040	47,446	45,407	37,507	23,048	19,469	80,928	45,351	199'89
į į	Barley alone and mixed.		69,743	37,711	57,981	62,008	77,182	67,578	70,390	72,484	59,775	64,074	57,624	78,998	34,021
	Wheat.		39,129	89,649	38,557	40,543	42,324	42,745	39,230	35,159	30,977	35,552	43,359	44,465	40,523
	Total.		174,905	159,201	159,137	166,144	190,726	179,207	177,557	173,620	125,914	127,624	166,298	198,384	194,892
	!	;#	:	:	:	:	:	;	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
<b>.</b>	rear	Fasti.	1307	1308	130	1310	1311	1312	1313	1314	1815	1316	1317	1318	1819

•	0000000	255	
•			
		l	
		TABLE V	
E	•	ξ.	

$\lceil \rceil$	Гe	oise tr	15	6	17	12	15	18	98	78	13	91	82	13	35
	Cases undre	nExcis Act.	-												
	Cases	Opium Excise Act. Act.	14	<b>b</b> -	9	64	est .	4	4	:	ဘ	9	,C	ro .	11
	 Keeping	the peace.		81	95	187	31	32	53	53	23	<b>b-</b>	33	ä	<b>4</b>
	Bad	liveli- hood.	12	162	108	98	74	149	68	76	114	191	88	101	101
	Oriminal	tres- pass.	11	946	218	176	126	118	147	226	217	119	88	CS	16
spect of	Re-	stolen pro- perty.	10	105	65	<b>9</b>	32	79	62	53	53	35	200	02	35
or bound over in respect of	Robbery	and dakaiti.	6	80	9	19	20	34	21	32	62	4.5	83	17	23
o punoc		Theft.	8	259	242	155	112	158	209	218	315	179	149	124	121
	Criminal	force and assault.	7	2.5	23	10	18	19	14	. 22	12	10	23	က	31
Number of persons convicted		theff.	ه ا	8	2	्र यम	े व ज	्र यते	99	95	28	26	24	#	:
ber of pe		Rape.	25	69	<b>69</b>	:	4	:	-	ଷ	Ħ	:	:	:	က
Num		Grievous hurt.	4	01	22	:	32	51	25	31	೫	<u>-</u>	ŭ	27	:
	Offences	affecting life.	တ	25	30	26	19	33	36	34	15	38	51	8	23
	Offences against	public tran- quility (Chapter VIII).	81	65	<b>6</b> 9	06	65	47	53	06	151	03	36	94	127
	ri.		1	! :	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	Year.		1	1901	1902	1903	1904	1905	9061	1907	1908	1909	1910	1911	1912

Table VIII .- Cognizable crime.

		Number	of cases inv	estiga ted	Nun	iber of per	so <b>n</b> s
. Yea	r.	Suo motu.	By orders of Magis- trate.	Sent up for trial.	Triod,	Acquitted or dis- oharged.	Convicted.
1		2	3	4	5	6	7
1901	•••	1,676	88	1,764	1,123	170	953
1902		1,490	112	1,602	1,059	280	829
1903	••	1,386	47	1,433	1,258	505	753
1904	••	1,514	34	<b>1,54</b> 8	1,391	633	758
1905	••	1,684	53	1,687	1,011	251	760
1906	••	1,826	112	1,938	1,002	220	782
1907		1,692	145	1,887	993	184	809
1908	••	1,600	106	1,706	1,128	220	908
1909	••	1,296	<b>2</b> 25	1,521	878	180	698
1910	••	1,540	172	1,712	800	249	551
1911	••	1,469	205	1,674	701	171	580
1912		1,391	71	1,462	756	175	581
		<u> </u> 		:		1 : 	
				Ì			

TABLE X.—Present demand for revenue and cesses, 1320 Fasli.

	Where included					ice per re.
Pargana and tahsil.	in Aini- Akbari.	Revenue.	Cesses.	Total.	Cultiva. ted.	Total.
1	2	3	4	Б	6	7
		Rs	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Rasulpur Bansi West	Rasulpur Kathela Chaus	2,27,045 1,59,295		2,51,012 1,75,411		1·18 1·07
Tahsil Doma- riaganj.		3,86,340	40,083	4,26,428	1.61	1.13
Bansi East	Ratanpur Mag-	3,74,246	40,397	4,14,643	1.21	1.14
Binayakpur	har. Binayakpur	31,599	3,160	<b>34,</b> 759	1.86	1.12
Tahsil Bansi		4,05,845	43,557	4,49,402	1.50	1.14
Amorha Nagar West Basti West	Amorha Riblapara Mandwa	2,28,849 75,585 87,939	8,664	2,52,139 84,249 96,912	1.75	1·89 1·17 1·85
Tabsil Harraiya		3,92,373	40,927	4,33,300	2.01	1.83
Basti East Nagar East Maghar West	Mandwa Riklapara Ratanpur Mag-	1,56,020 75,632 81,593	7,565	1,71,669 83,197 89,774	1.95	1.58 1.35 1.24
Mahuli West	har. Mahuli	1,18,621	12,001	1,3,0622	1.86	1•25
Tahsil Basti	••	4,91,866	43,396	4,75,262	1.97	1.37
Maghar East	Ratanpur Mag-	2,39,846	24,253	2,64,099	1.67	1.18
Mahuli East	har. Mahuli	1,41,371	14,272	1,55,648	1.65	1.18
Tahsil Khalil-y	••	3,81,217	7,38,525	4,19,742	1.66	1.16
Total District	••	19,97,641	2,06,488	22,04,129	1.78	1-22

# TABLE XI.—Excise.

hops	.muig	o   %	<del></del>	44485588888888888888888888888888888888
umber of sho	rugs.	a   5		194 194 194 194 174 173 173 173
14	atiriga yıtan	© 9		164 164 197 187 186 186 170 169
eccipts popu-	,muig	2, C	R	20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 2
Incidence of receipts per 10,000 of popu-		r   🛱		102 116 107 108 108 114 112 1125 1152 152 153
Inoidence per 10,00	-buloni roupi irst Zai	1 E	器	340 4435 4435 4435 856 856 856 856 844 444
	Potal charges.	12	Rs.	2,050 2,234 2,652 3,652 1,617 1,761 6,133 6,133 5,443 5,923
	etqieser letol	п	R8.	85,520 97,136 1,03,564 1,03,69 1,03,69 1,03,69 79,627 75,423 99,732 1,139,738
ij	Oonsumption.	10	Mds, s.	99 99 153 10 183 10 10 183 11 10 18 18 19 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10
Opium.	.atqieset fatoT	6	Rs.	3,515 3,647 3,740 3,740 3,403 3,837 4,835 11,197 6,826 7,206
	in learned O	œ	Mds. s.	12 24 11 10 14 8 12 24 12 24 12 3 10 35 8-6 8-6 8-6 9-36-4 9-36-4
Drugs.	Consumption maunds of .	4	Mds. s.	6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6
	Total receipt.	9	R.	18,855 21,292 19,715 19,945 19,453 21,025 21,025 21,691 23,014 28,016 80,133
irst c	nort atgisce <b>n</b> Ibnea bna	23	Rs.	8,127 8,649 6,342 6,340 6,340 9,126 9,505 17,078 12,936 18,936 18,936
spirit.	Consumption anolism anolism	4	Gls.	17,123 18,572 17,968 17,948 14,218 14,218 14,218 16,767 18,493 19,559 15,603‡ 18,552‡
Country	Receipte	co	ž	54,424 63,495 73,704 719,741 71,708 65,027 44,708 42,019 52,565 63,141 73,568
gierol i	mort atqiaasH : aroupil	64	R.	192 48 48 100 100 100
<del></del>	Year,	-	<u> </u>	1901-5 1902-3 1903-4 1904-5 1906-7 1906-7 1908-9 1909-10 1910-11 1911-12

TABLE XII.—Stamps.

			į	Re	ce ipts from	_	
	Yea	er,	-	Non- judicial.	Court-fee including copies.	Ali sources.	Total charges.
	1		 	2	3	4	5
				Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1901-2	• •		••	41,962	1,03,890	1,48,101	3,626
1902-3	•1	••		37,73 <b>4</b>	83,710	1,23,428	3,724
1908-4	••	••		37,351	86,057	1,25,512	3,840
1904-5	••		E S	39,997	97,985	1,40,315	3,815
1905-6	••		S. C.	41,702	1,00,880	1,45,034	3,514
1906-7	••	••	88	45,415	99,961	1,47,866	4,186
1907-8	••	••	٠	51,839	1,06,996	1,61,277	4,216
1908-9	• •	••	100	41,848	1,20,118	1,64,815	4,024
1909-10	••		- (6)	51,260	1,25,761	1 <b>,79,93</b> 6	4,590
1910-11	••		108	49,688	1,42,510	1,95,061	<b>4,4</b> 95
1911-12	••	••	}	51,522	1,31,591	1,86,019	4,629
						1	
			ļ				
			ļ				
			l			:	
						ļ	
			į				
						ļ	

Table XIII—Incometax.

				Collected by companies.	ed by nies.	Profi comp	Profits of companies.	ŏ	Other sources, Part IV	s, Part I	۸.		Objections u Part IV	Objections under Part IV.
	Year.		Total					Under Rs. 2,000.	s. 2,000.	Over Rs. 2,000.	2,000.	Total		Wholly
•			receipts.	Asses- sees.	Tax.	Asses- sees.	Tax.	Asses- sees.	Tax.	Asses- sees.	Tax.	cuarges.	Number filed.	or partly success- ful.
	1	Ì	83	65	4	70	9	5-	æ	6	10	11	12	13
			<b>3</b> 3.			6		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.		
1901-2	:	:	29,506	:	सह			1,189	18,678	88	6,811	169	731	62
1902-3	:	:	33,781	:	मिन		ļ	1,339	21,985	92	8,093	183	303	84
1903-4	:	:	23,233	:	ল্য	A.		393	10,836	101	0,299	69	331	52
1904-5	:	:	24,514	:	ते :		(:	435	11,670	115	998'6	74	413	101
1905-6	:	:	25,078	:	:	:	:	420	11,329	124	10,789	93	337	47
1906-7	:	;	23,506	:	:	:	:	420	11,352	133	11,319	:	311	73
1907-8	:	:	24,097	:	:	:	:	403	10,681	145	12,740	:	347	104
1908-9	:	:	24,660	:	:	:	:	410	11,168	137	12,375	:	442	175
1909-10	į	:	23,945	:	:	:	:	386	10,386	130	12,194	:	319	76
1910-11	:	:	25,918	:	:	:	:	384	10,334	151	14,734	:	370	<b>8</b> .
1911-12	:	:	28,039	:	:	:	•	403	10,409	175	16,910	:	330	43

		. 1	ahail Do	mariaga	ınj.		Tahsil	Bansi.	
			ider 2,000.	Rs.	ver 2,000.		1der 2,000.	Rs.	ver 2,000.
Year,		Assessees.	Tax.	Аѕві ѕѕсез.	Tax.	Assessees.	Tax,	<b>A</b> 68658608.	Tax.
1		2	9	4	5	2	3	4	5
			Rs.		Ra.		Rs.		Rs.
1901-2		257	4,022	15	958	265	3,981	21	1,78
1902-3	]	268	4,206	12	844	315	4,915	28	2,45
1903- <del>4</del>		68	1,880	19	951	82	2,304	36	3,407
1904-5		65	1,771	18	1,848	79	2,173	39	3,427
1906-6		60	1,604	22	1,585	85	2,316	41	3,958
1905-7		63	1,642	31	1,680	74	2,012	47	4,362
1907-8	]	63	1,649	24	1,955	79	2,096	51	4,96
1908-9		57	1,585	17	1,344	80	2,180	45	4,419
1909-10		59	1,581	17	1,316	76	2,041	44	4,650
1910–11		60	1,646	15	1,466	65	1,731	52	5,2 <b>9</b> 9
1911-12	••	68	1,773	29	2,610	75	1,858	56	5,697
							}		
							:		
							!		

Table XIV.—Incometax by tahsils (Part IV only).

ıd.	Over Rs. 2,000.	.xaT	ಸು	1,189	1,155	1,329	1,647	1,858	1,819	1,877	1,963	2,036	2,412	3,369
alilab	Rs	, RSB38382A	   <del> </del> 	8	01	14	19	22	21	& 	ន	21	2	34
Tabsil Khalilabad.	Under Rs. 2,000.	,xeT	တ	2,731	4,232	2,334	2,846	2,659	2,696	2,582	2,407	2,128	2,268	1,946
	D Rs.	<b>А</b> ѕвеваеев.	C4	169	238	85	110	102	107	<b>S</b> :	93	81	87	79
	Over Rs. 2,000.	.r.s.T	20	2,381	2,942	2,754	2,525	2,463	2,580	3,162	3,293	3,329	3,609	4,274
Basti.	R.	<b>У</b> авеавеев•	4	28	33	91	27	27	33	Ş	37	37	4	2
Tabsil Basti	Under Rs. 2,000.	.xs <sup>.</sup> T	တ	4,751	4,914	2,766	2,965	2,878	3,021	2,425	2,723	2,584	2,765	2,786
	Bs. 2	<b>4</b> 3898 <b>569</b> .	51	288	283	100	110	103	111	88	96	95	66	100
ن ا	Ower Rs. 2,000.	.xsT	м	497	701	928	954	626	835	781	1,363	982	1,266	096
arraiya	RB.	,89988988A	4	∞	6	13	12	13	11	20	18	13	91	123
Tahsil Harraiya.	Under Rs. 2,000.	.rsT	ြက္က	8,198	8,718	1,552	1,915	1,872	1,981	1,929	2,273	2,072	1,829	2,046
	Ur.	A8698068.	<b>C3</b>	210	235	58	7.1	2	7.4	74	2	76	69	81
	i'			:	:	:	:	;	:	:	:	;	:	:
		)    -   		;	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
		Year.	1	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
				1901-2	1902-3	1903-4	1904-5	<b>190</b> 5-6	1906-7	1907-8	1908-9	1909-10.	1910-11.	1911-12

TABLE XV.—District Board.

			• •	Receipts	øi						国	Expenditure.	ture.				
Уевг.	Education.	Medical.	Soientifio, &o.	Miscells.neous.	.adrow liviO	Pounds.	Ferries.	-negra latoT diture.	Contribution of contribution o	General admi- nistration.	Education.	Medioal.	Scientific.	Miscellaneous	Civil works.	Ponnds.	Debt.
1	24	တ	4	70	9	2	89	<b>6</b>	10	4	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
	RB.	超	<b>2</b>	BS.	, se	麗	B.	Bs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	ig Si	Rg.	B.	8	RB.	S.
1901-3	2,961	4,690	:	;	1,450	9,778	12,757	9,778 12,757 1,43,489	38,500	1,736	31,314	31,314 13,504	396	66	50,295	6,345	1,300
1902-3	4,305		:	:		11,194	14,081	11,194 14,081 1,51,544	6,119	1,771	84,842	14,570	486	8	86,172	6,194	1,300
1908-4	4,318	4,305		:	845	11,830	11,830 14,846 1,56,430	1,56,430	200	1,879	39,269	39,269 15,257	418	<b>4</b> 9	93,224	6,134	:
1904-5	4,039			:	868	11,130	11,130, 12,3961,78,423	1,78,483	3,611	2,392	41,384	41,384 15,764	431	169	91,151	6,143	17,378
1905-6	4,331			6	1,987	10,352	10,352 12,095 1,90,16	190,161	:	2,931	50,032	50,032 16,185	452	338	1,13,516	5,377	1,330
1-9061	4,193			:	20,398	10,615	10,615 13,643 1,83,198	1,83,198	:	4,098	59,076	13,418	563	342	99,454	5,882	360
1907-8	7,465		:	:	16,879	11,763	12,900	11,763 12,9062,84,228	:	4,881	73,590	73,590 16,515 1,450	1,450	376	1,90,898	5,823	695
1908-9	8,464			:	6,255	10,956	10,956 13,683 2,44,811	2,44,811	:	4,961	81,613	81,613 17,758 1,471	1,471	404	1,28,739	6,242	3,620
1909-10	8.4%		82	60	12,667	11,633	10,3222,16,631	2,16,631	:	5,020	79,983	79,983 17,066	1,558	589	1,05,428	5,672	1,320
1910-11	5,368		:	:	4,159	11,905	11,905 11,780 2,01,891	168,10,8	:	4,855	71,837	71,837 19,725	2,251	619	95,073	5,858	1,113
1911-18	50,781	12,894 171	171	2,094	18,215	12,445	12,445 13,003 2,09,74	1,09,741	:	5,067	67,373	24,484 2,154	2,154	3,121	1,00,515	6,727	300
						_		-									

Table XVI.—Distribution of Police, 1908.

Thans.		Sub- Inspec- tors.	Head Con- stables.	Con- Stables.	Muni- cipal Police.	Town Police.	Rura) Police.	Road Police.
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Domariaganj	••	2	1	10			153	2
Intwa	••	2	1	11	••		130	••
Dhebarua	••	2	1	11	••		133	
Tilakpur ,		2	1	11		6	158	
Bansi		2	1	12			157	2
Chilia		2	1	12	••		193	2
Uska		2	SIN	9		12	128	2
Lotan		1	1	8	P		92	
Chaoni	••	2	1	12	•••	<b></b>	164	10
Captainganj	••	1	1	9		5	136	2
Paikaulia	••	1	1	11			143	2
Parasrampur	••	1	1	9	••	   ••	132	••
Basti	••	3	1	15		21	197	12
Kalwari		1	संयम	9			137	4
Sonhan	••	1	1	10	••	   ••	187	2
Rudhauli		1	ı	9	••	, ••	128	4
Dudhara	• •	1	1	9	••		134	2
Budha Bandh		1	1	10	••	••	134	2
Khalilabad		1	1	11	••	••	186	6
Mahuli	••	1	1	8		••	143	••
Mehndawal	••	2	1	10	[	9	124	4
Dhanghata		1	1	8		••	125	••
Civil Reserve		8	14	53	••	••		••
Armed Police		1	19	109		••		••
Harraiya outpost	••	••	1	4	••	••		••
Total		42	56	890;		56	8,164	•58

TABLE XVII.—Education.

	1		Total.		Second	ary edu	ation.	Prima:	ry ed <b>u</b> ca	tion
		leges.	Schola	ırs.		Schol	ars.		Scho	lars.
Year.		Schools and colleges	Males.	Females.	Schools.	Males.	Females.	Schools.	Males.	Females.
1		2	8	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1901-2		276	11,080	58	8	1,001		259	10,022	5
1902-3	(	300	14,597	349	8	1,135		292	13,462	34
1903-4		809	16,151	426	9	1,399	••	300	14,752	42
1904-5		31 <b>2</b>	17,289	469	9	1,559	••	303	15,730	<b>4</b> 6
905-6		382	<b>2</b> 1,663	681	8	1,605	5	374	20,058	67
906-7		394	<b>2</b> 1,823	664	9	1,831		385	19,992	66
1907-8		427	25,558	949	10	1,491	••	417	<b>24,0</b> 67	
1908-9		404	24,377	947	10	1,355	••	394	23,022	l
1909-10	••	379	23,691	762	10	1,493	••	369	22,198	ĺ
191 <b>0-11</b>	••	<b>3</b> 33	20,683	<b>68</b> 8	10	1,211	••	323	19,472	
1911-12	••	325	21,660	700	11	1,309	1	314	20,351	69
					1					
		}								
					1					

#### List of schools, 1913.

Tahsil.	Pargana.	Locality.	Class.	Average attend- ance.
		I —SECONDARY SC	HOOLS.	
Basti {	Basti East Maghar West.	Basti Rudhaqli .	Town School Do	258 46
Bansi {	Bansi (; East )	Holes	. Do	98
Harraiya	Amorha	•	Do	72 92
Domaria-	Rasolpur	Hallour .	. Do	92
Khalil-	Maghar {,	Khalilabad . Menhdawal .	Do Do	166 82
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Maholi East	April 15 Child	. Do	111
Basti	Basti East	Soltawa Preparatory, Basti Dilia Urwara Bhorauli Babu Majhawa Lala Siswa Barwar Girle' School, Ol Basti. Chaukawa Puris Parsa Jafor Pakri Jai Sambhanpur Kothila	D. B. Upper Primary Ditto D. B. Lower Primary Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Compary Ditto Ditto Aided Lower Primary Aided Lower Primary Aided Lower Primary Ditto	116 75 40 51 55 44 89 48 32 30 24 26 60 30 30 34 25 41
	Nagar East (	Pipra Gautam Bahadurpur Kalwari Marwatia Ghauspur Girls' School, Baha durpur Semra Chingan Baksar	Ditto	102 180 94 26 24 27 26 33 59 29

List	of	achoola,	1913	(continued).
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Tahsil	Pargana.	Locality.	Class,	Average attendance.
	11	.—Primary Schools —	(oontinued).	
1	1,	Surwar Kalan	D. B. Upper Primary	119
ľ	1 (	Damaya	Ditto	44
- 1	1	Kaithaulia	Ditto	70
1	1	Ghosiari	Ditto	57
	]	Hanomanganj	Ditto	82
	į į	Sihari	D. B. Lower Primary Ditto	28
	Mankani	Rudhauli Lower	D1110	00
	Maghar)   West. \	Primary. Chharahta	Ditto	43
ì	TY OB U.	Muriaon	Aided Upper Primary	46
	1	Hatwa	Aided Lower Primary	23
ļ	1	Hanomanganj, Girls'	Aided Upper Primary	27
†	1	Schools.	3	
1	1 1	Lohrauli Shukul	Aided Lower Primary	28
أخ	1 1	Parsa Langra	Aided Upper Primary	50
20	1	Senhunda	Aided Lower Primary	25
Basti(concluded)	1	Mohson	D. B. Upper Primary	99
2	1 /	10 70 10 11 11	Ditto	85
8/	1	Lalganj Gaighat	Ditto	75
1)	1 1	Bankati	D. B. Lower Primary	46
謹		Bairasi	Ditto	81
, and	]	Khoria	Ditto	46
	1	Banpur	Aided Lower Primary	87
1	1	Budwal Bazar	Ditto	56
ľ	1	Ekdangi	Aided Upper Primary	50
1	\	Parsain	Aided Lower Primary Ditto	194
1	Maholi	Budhabandh	T):44m	80
	West.	Bhagwanpur	TN://a-	40
1	1	Kudraha	Ditto	84
	1	Nandpur Pathshala	Aided Sanskrit Path-	22
1	1		shala.	1
		Deoria	Aided Lower Primary	26
	į į	Datua Khore	Ditto	82
	1	Sikra	Ditto	29
1	1	Bansgaon	Ditto	98 28
į	J	Torijot Pachisa	Ditto	34
	`	Pakardand		"
	1	Lekhni	D. B. Upper Primary	40
/	<b>/</b>	Sawadand	Ditto	80
}	1	Chetia	Ditto	88
		Dharam Singhwa	Ditto	81
ا نی		Kalnakhore	Ditto	89
Bansi	Bansi East	Tikur	D:44-	74
<b>&amp;</b> /		Mahulani	Ditto	112
	} <b>}</b>	Nangarh Bansi Lower Pri-	D. B. Lower Primary	108
		mary.		
,	ν,	Belwa Mohduna	D. B. Upper Primary	71

List of schools,	1913	(continued).
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Tahsil.	Pargana.	Locality.	Class.	Avera atten ance
	I	.—Primary Schools—	-(continued).	
/	<b>,</b>	Chandapar	D. B. Upper Primary	1 :
(	(	Tandia	Ditto	
1	1 1	Deora Bazar	Ditto D. B. Lower Primary	
1	1	Jiwa Rammanpur	Ditto	1 :
	1	Galhaura	Ditto	
ļ	1 1	Kundja	Ditto	1 :
ì	1	Katahna	Ditto	Ì.,
}		Dafra	Ditto	1
ļ		Alidapur	Ditto	1
ĺ		Jamni Nahdewa	D. B. Lower Primary	}
		Autri Bazar Baur Bias	Ditto	
i		Uska Lower Pri-	Ditto	1
i	1	mary.	2	1 -
ļ.	ì	Narkatha	Ditto	1
		Pasai	Ditto	ł
	!	Nagwa Mahdewa	Aided Lower Primary	1
	i	Girls' School, Bansi	Ditto	
	1 1	Bhelauji Buzurg Rethia	Ditto	1
	1 1	Karanti	Aided Upper Primary	
Bansi — (continued)	1	Semri	Aided Lower Primary	1
3		Sarauli	Ditto	1
(秦)	1 1	Jamla Job	Ditto	1
\$ ⟨	Bansi East	Chhitauni	Ditto	1
ŤÌ	-(contd.).	Marwatia	Ditto	
·ġ )	) i	Baidauli Nasirganj	Ditto	1
l ga		Sohans	Ditto	
<u> </u>	1	Tejgarh	Ditto	1
	1 1	Babhni Bazar	Ditto	1
	}	Kandri	Ditto	
+	1	Girls' School, Par-	Aided Upper Primary	
i	1	tabpur. Kopia Shukl	Ditto	1
1	1	" Kopia Shuki " Jamni Mah-	Aided Lower Primary	1
	1 1	dewa.	Atticu Hower Lineary	1
	ļ. Ì	Pipri Bazar	Ditto	
1	1 1	Rudrapur Sanskrit	Aided Sanskrit Path-	1
	1 1	Pathshala.	shala.	
	1 1	Ram Bhari	Aided Lower Primary	1
		Phulpur Pathra Bazar	Ditto	1
		36.21.01.4	D:44-	1
Ì	1	Semarahna	Ditto	1
		Imlia	Ditto	Ì
	!	Dondenara	Ditto	-
j	i	Subi Nagwa	Ditto	1
{	1	Tiwaripur	Ditto	1
,	Al .	Sishanian	Ditto	1

List of schools,	1913-	(continued).
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Tahsil.	Pargana.	Locality.	Class	Average attend- ance.
	11	.—Primary Schools-	-(continued).	
Bansi — (100ncluded).	Bansi East —(concld.).	Gaubar Hardwar Udaipur Madanpur Charthari Bairawa Harraiya Mankaura Birwa Sainua Baisar Bankatia Mau Bargadi Tilauli	Aided Lower Primary Ditto	26 27 30 28 23 20 30 30 28 17 27 21 29 28
	Benaik- pur.	Mohanaganj Rudhauli Qazi Netwar Likari Bokharia	Ditto Ditto D. B. Upper Primary Aided Lower Primary	31 26 101 32
Harraiya	Amorha	Bhadawal Charkhari Amari Chhaoni Baghanara Sikandarpur Chauri Sarnamganj Dubanlia Lachhmanpur Belbharia Harraiya Khambaria Bikramjot Jitipur Pakri Surajbans Parasrampur Birta Kukraha Rajwapur Dhalmapur Nanduri Siharia Malauli Goshain Majholi Gaon Hiarupur Barahpur Dobdah Misra Amorha Belari Bhainsahia Hasiwa Sha	D. B. Upper Primary Ditto Ditt	69 68 85 75 85 80 78 89 66 96 96 45 50 45 69 42 42 42 42 42 43 42 44 41 730 38 23 82 35 44

List of schools, 1913—(continued).

Tahsil.	Pargana.	Locality.	Class.	Average attend- ance.
	1.	1.—PRIMARY SCHOOLS-	-(continued).	
,			Aided Lower Primary	27
í	1	Khemrajpur	Ditto	30
1	Amorha-	Nandula Paule	Ditto	28 29
1	(conold.).	Donnella	Difts	36
	(construction)	Girls' School, Kha-	Ditto	25
		maria.		
	\	Do. Lachhmanpur	Ditto	14
	1 ,	Babhnan	D. B. Upper Primary	116
	1	Paikaulia	Ditto	71
	1	Bharaulia Shukl	D. B. Lower Primary	30
	1	Hardi	. Ditto	62
	D 4 :	Mohuadabar	Ditto	70
	Basti West.	Kurah	Aided Upper Primary	72
(g)	17080.	Sardaha Shuki	Aided Lower Primary Ditto	56
3	1	Girls' School, Pandor	Ditto	88 20
75	} !	Tondyo Dogge	Dista	34
5	{	Agyah	Ditto	21
~ Ÿ /	}	Sonbati	Ditto	25
Harraiya—(concluded).	\	Belsar	Ditto	28
rrai	/	Ganeshpur	D. B. Upper Primary	85
H I	1	Uji	Ditto	46
	1	Bhataha Captainganj	Ditto	60
ì	!	Charles	D. B. Lower Primary	77 48
	1 :	Kakua	Ditto	71
1	<b>i</b>	Barosar	Ditto	32
1	ì ì	Bemhari	Aided Upper Primary	41
. }	Nagar	Ramaya	Aided Lower Primary	36
1	West.	Basuapar	Aided Upper Primary	32
	]	Pokhra Bishunpur Sanskrit	Aided Lower Primary Aided Sanskrit Path-	40
	1	Pathshala.	shala.	25
į	!	Pakri Chauhan	Aided Lower Primary	20
	<b>i</b>	Girls' School, Kakua	Ditto	24
	l į	Kharika Deori	Aided Upper Primary	50
1	<b>!</b> (	Dei Diha	Aided Lower Primary	28
(	'	Katariya	Ditto	29
1	1	Domariagani	D. B. Upper Primary	85
ا خور		Chaukhara	Ditto	36
揻		Deipar Tighyaghat	Ditto	97
g g	Rasulpur	Tighraghat Narkhoria	Ditto Ditto	.72
<b>∺</b> \.	}	Rhannan	Ditto	114
= '		Tumiput		100
E C	] ] ]	Karmahia	Ditto	5K
Domariaganj	}}	Karmahia Chetahi Bhotangwa	Ditto	5 <b>5</b> 79

List of schools, 1913—(continued).						
Tabail.	Pargana.	Locality.	Class.	Average attendance.		
<u></u>	I.	PRIMARY SCHOOLS-	-(continued).			
		Bharwatia Bazar Ramwanpur Jagat Ram.	D. B. Upper Primary Ditto	71 58		
		Agya Hallaur Lower Pri-	D. B. Lower Primary Ditto	100		
		mary. Lohrauli Shahpur	Ditto	6 <b>3</b> 88		
		Gadawar Kundi Wasa Dargah	Ditto Ditto	94 28 51		
		Taraunthi Jogia	Ditto	40 85 29		
		Bargadwa Kaithaulia Sikta	Ditto Ditto Aided Lower Primary	82 25		
		Karahia Singhan Painda Bhanderia	Ditto Ditto Ditto	29 19 30		
red).		Shankarpur Jamautia	Ditto Ditto	32 32 25		
ontini		Panan Kinyan Singarjot	Ditto	23 25 35		
Domariaganj—(continued)	Rasulpur—/	Helangi Deipar Girls' School Girls' School, Nar-	Ditto Ditto Ditto	16 27		
nariage		khoria. Girls' School, Barah Kuni.	Ditto	24		
Don		Bayara Girls' School, Beili	Ditto Ditto Ditto	29 24 21		
		Majhari Pendari Kathautia Kishun	Ditto	27 29 24		
		Pachmohni Bhari Sagra	Ditto	31 25		
		Sakatpur Kohanda Baghwa	Ditto Ditto	26 29 26		
		Chakchai Kaithaulia Gokul Ausan Kuiyan	Ditto Ditto Ditto	25 25 28		
		Sohanan Paraspur	Ditto Ditto Ditto	91 42 20		
		Gauri Turkulia Sanichara Bazar	Ditto Ditto Ditto	27 24 20		

### List of schools, 1913—(continued).

Tahsil.	Pargana.	Locality.	Class.	Average attendance.
	I	IPRIMARY SOHOOLI	-(continued)	
,	D	Badalpur	Aided Lower Primary	28
{	Rasulpur (	Bhaggo Bhar	73.11	26
1	ed).	Unchdeh		22
1	) · · · · · ·	Belmaut	Ditto	19
. 1	1	Biskohar	D. B. Upper Primary	116
į,	1	Dhekhari		47
		Kamsar		68
	1	Aundahi		44
í	} }	Dhangarhwa Semri Kopia	<b>T</b>	30 42
	1	T/ has min a ser	1000	59
		Behna Daria		39
Domaria-		Bakhsh.	2.000	"
ganj —	] ]]	Ramdattganj	Ditto	80
(concluded).	1	Gaura	Ditto	43
	Bansi West	Intwa	Aided Lower Primary	86
	Daniel 11 Cats	Ahiraula .,	Ditto	29
J	}	Kathela Bazar	Ditto	37
	! !!	Indri Grant	Ditto	35
:	į J	Belwa Bazar Munsa	75.44	21
*	i	N7	15:44	25 25
Í	1 1	Datile	15344	20
}	<b>,</b>	Mundila Sonbarsa		26
ł	i [.	Khankot	Ditto	28
1	]	Sarrahwa Graut	Ditto	27
1	1	Kharsari Bazar	Ditto	89
,	\	Phulpur	Ditto	23
,	1	Utrawal	D R Hnnan Brimsen	05
(	1 (	Mark	TO:11	85 79
i	! !	Doorin	Dista	80
ì	1	Mirgoni	Ditto	91
i	į ;	Belhar Kalan	T0144-	73
	i li	Bakhira	TN: 44	156
i	ļ (j	Jawar	T):44_	56
İ	1	Pathkauli	D. B. Lower Primary	80
1		Sihatikar .		57
1	{	Bahilpar		56
771 313		Belhar Budhi		44
Khalil-	Maghar	Santha	Ditto	29
abad.	East.	Menhdawal Lower	Ditto	186
. ]		Primary. Kusaura	Ditto	40
	] ] ]	Girls' School, Menh		34
ļ	i !!	dawal.	1 21110	] "
ļ	1 [1	Bhandari	Aided Lower Primary	35
j	] []	Unchahra Kalan	Ditto	24
1		Ghura Pali	TS:44	81
į	}	Siwa Katari	Aided Upper Primary	38
1		Karma		40
 	1 11	Bharaulia	Ditto	22
(	1 \	Chandhar	Ditto	36

## List of schools, 1913—(continued).

Tahsil.	Pargana.	Locality.	Class.	Average attend- ance.
	II	PRIMARY SCHOOLE-		
	Maghar East— (concluded)	Godahi Hansuapar Langrabar Jagdishpur alias Lahura Dewar Girls' School, Pach- pokhri, Girls' School, Karwa Sanskrit Pathshala, Menhdawal, Katka Dughra Kusru Khurd	Ditto Aided Upper Primary Aided Lower Primary Ditto  Ditto  Sanskrit Pathshala Aided Aided Lower Primary Ditto  Ditto  Source Ditto Ditto Ditto	63 29 35 43 29 28 24 19 22 80 20 97
Khalilabad — (contd.).		Sanskrit Pathshala, Maghar. Girls' School, Khalil- abad.	Aided Sanskrit Path- shala. Aided Lower Primary	82 81
	Maholi East.	Hariharpur Maholi Hainsar Bazar Pauli Sanichara Bazar Sirsi Babhnauli Nath Nagar Karri Tiltha Bargaon Nahardih Marwatia Mukhlispur Kalijagdishpur Dhanghata Aunradand Gaighat Kolhua	Ditto Ditto Ditto D. B. Lower Primary Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Aided Upper Primary Aided Lower Primary Aided Lower Primary Aided Lower Primary Aided Lower Primary Aided Lower Primary Aided Lower Primary	80 80 101 75 74 84 103 44 43 28 49 32 60 33 62 45
		Molnapur Gajadharpur Sikta Girls' School, Hain- sar Bazar. Girls' School Hari- harpur Sorahra Tama Khanjo Chapraghat Debri Kodwant Hansdandi	Ditto Ditto Ditto	68 47 38 48 17 21 28 37 22 29 21 39 82

### List of schools, 1913—(concluded).

Tabsil.	Pargana,	Locality.	Class.	Average attend- ance.
	ı	II.—PRIMARY SCHOOLS	—(concluded).	
Khalilabad ( —(conclud- ed).	Maholi East— (conclud- ed).	Turyapar Achhoti Cherapur Rampur Tama	Aided Lower Primary Ditto Ditto Ditto	37 94 28 28
		4 T T T		
			>	
		सत्यमेव जयते		

# ROADS, 1918.

	7.5, 1.710				
Name of road				Distanc mile	
A.—Provincia	L			Milos	fur
(i) Fyzabad, Basti and Gorakhpu	r trunk	road		61	5
		Total		61	5
BLOGAL,					
I.—First class roads, metalled, bridg out.	ed and d	drained thr	ough -		
(i) Basti to Bansi	••	••		31	0
(ii) Uske to Birdpur	The state of	• •		14	4
(iii) Basti station roads	THE P	2	••	5	4
(iv) Khalilabad to Menhdawal ros (v) Basti-Domariaganj road	ia •••		::	15 31	0
	12	Total		97	0
IIA.—Second class roads, unnetall throughout.		7	ained		
*(i) Basti to Domariaganj, Intwa	and No	pal frontier		46	6
<ul><li>(ii) Basti to Kalwari and Toada f</li><li>(iii) Basti to Menhdawal</li></ul>	orry	2/	•••	14 25	0
(iv) Khalilabad to Dhanghata and	Chhapr	8	:: \	20	ő
(v) Domariaganj to Singarjot	प्रेव जर	ाने .		9	Õ
(vi) Domariaganj to Bitharia	and also	154		5	0
(vii) Bitharia to Chandradip ferry	••	••	••	5	4
(viii) Uska to Sohans	• •		•••	5	3
(ix) Birdpur to Nepal frontier	••	••	••	7	4 3
(x) Basti to Hathiagarh	••	••	••	<u>_</u>	
		Total		139	4
IIB.—Second class roads, unmetall drained.	ed, parti	ially bridge	d and		
(i) Basti to Lalganj		• •		14	0
(ii) Bansi to Domariaganj	• •	••		18	0
(iii) Bansi to Bakhira	••	••	•• [	20	0
<ul><li>(iv) Sahas to Newra Saddaghat</li><li>(v) Birdpur to Newra and Mohar</li></ul>	aghat	••	•• \	9 <b>4</b>	40
(vi) Biskohar to Balrampur	- Gran	••		1	11
(vii, Uska to Nepal frontier		••	::	7	4
		Total		74	11

<sup>•</sup> Has now been metalled up to 1st 32 miles from Bisti to Domariaganj.

	l <b>.</b>			Distanc mile	
B,—Local- (conclu	ıded).			Miles	fur
III. Third class roads, unmetalled	. banked	and surfac	ed.		
(i) Birdpur to Abdopur, Chilhia,	Misraulia	and Itwa		28	C
(ii) Alidapur to Nepal frontier		••		8	C
(iii) Saddaghat to Nepal frontier				4	4
(iv) Lotan to Nepal frontier		••		7	(
(v) Lotan to Mohanaghat	••			8	4
(vi) Bitharia to Mankaura	• •			10	4
(vii) Captainganj to Tinich	••	• •		10	C
(viii) Basti to Sonopar	••	••	••	5	0
(ix) Bansi to Naugarh	••	••	••	13	.6
		<b>Fotal</b>		94	4
(iii) Dubauli to Serwa ferry (iv) Bikramjote to Paikaulia and (v) Bhanpur to Rudhauli and Na (vi) Bhakhira to Gorakhpur (vii) Bhakhira to Menhdawal (viii) Bansi to Biskohar (ix) Domariaganj to Biskohar (vio (x) Lotan to Sahas, Dumdumwa (xi) Dumdumwa to Ohilhia, Dhel (xii) Dhebrua to Misraulia (xiii) Jharwa Bazar to Nepal front (xiv) Basti to Sahibganj	indaur  de II A—V and Kakra  prus and I	<b>k</b> hi		2 30 26 4 4 30 7 20 36 10 8 6	4 0 0 3 0 5 0 0 0 0 0 0

List of Ferries, 1913.

	3,700 3,000 3,000 3,000 100 100 100 100 100 100 100
ime.	04 H
Income	About 6 as. " 8 as. " Rs. 3 as. " Rs. 3 as. " 7 as. " 7 as. " 8 as. " 8 as.
نيد	Baja of Bansi Ditto
Management.	insi al zam a not nsi
Manag	Raja of Bansi Ditto
	EL LA LA LA LA LA LA LA LA LA LA LA LA LA
11	ਸ਼ਿ : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :
Tabail.	Domariaganj Ditto
	AHHHHHHHHAAAA MAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA
Pargana.	Bast.
Pari	Rasulpur Ditto
	:::1:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::
e e	anada
VіШаве.	
	Lighra Gaura Rajpur Baghwa Domariaganj Pedari Bitharia Bitharia Bir Pur Arabura Mafi Turkaulia Sad Basnsi Do. Do. Brow Brow Brow Brow Brow Brow Brow Brow
	Ligh Gauge Bagh Dom Peda Bir I Bir I Bir I Bens Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do.
÷	
of ferry.	:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::
Name o	a va va va va va va va va va va va va va
Z	Lighra Gaura Rajpur Baghwa Domariaganj Pedari Bitbaria Bir Pur Annahra Mafi Gopia Ghat Besnar Singar Jot. Bansi Singaldip Hasa-khas Birwa Panghasia Gaighat Baghni Dandwa Gothwa Haraiya Meateria Bhanwari
Name of river,	
Nam riv	Bapti

List of Ferries, 1913-(continued).

Іпсоше.	Bs. 90 There is no ghat at Narkatha but it is at Bansi, the annual income of	which is Es. 2,200.	300	250 200 255 255 80 80 7	of Gordin. 183 110 10	100
Management	Raja of Banai Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto Ditto Bamdet Chaudhri Raja of Bansi Ditto	Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto	Bhaiya Jaimangal Singh Salar Bakhah Ditto
Tahsil,	Bansi Ditto	Ditto	Diffic	Domarjaganj Ditto Ditto Ditto	Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto	Ditto Ditto
Pargana.	Bansi East Ditto	Dittio	Ditto Ditto	Bansi West Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto	Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto	Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto
Village.	Bhuilal	Moglialha	Ajgra Lawkhani .,	Rumagar Meatiar alias Boutanea Chaudhri Ratanpur	Lonwali Nankar Ramwanpur Bhiria Khalsa Kuthela Sharqi Bast Tola Brahn	had s
Name of ferry.	Bhuilai Narkatha	Naukhanian	Theduria Tir Mohani Natwa	Munhohorwa Ghat Meatiar alias Bhutanea Jhungahwa Ratanpur	Lonwali Nankar Ramwanpur Kakrahi Brahmput	Parsohan Pakrahwa Bhiura Jamuni
Name of river.	Bapti- (conclud-	·	Rapti Tir Mo- hani.		Burbi) Ropti.	

1,500 1,500 86 86 86 86 87 87 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88	01 05 88 <b>82</b> 24 25 21 31	88 846 1465	34 85 83	Bs. 400 including Hordapur and Son- wali Nankar, 5	150
:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	:::::::	:::::	:::	: :	::
Umrao Chaudhri Baja of Bansi Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto	B. Sohrat Singh Raja of Bansi Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto	Raja of Bansi Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto	Ditto Ditto Ditto	Ditto B. Sohrst Bingh	Zamindars Ditto
Domariaganj Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto	Domariaganj Bansi Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto	Domariaganj Ditto Bansi Ditto	Ditto Ditto	Domariaganj Ditto	Bansi Difto
Banai West Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto	Bansi West Bansi Rast. Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto	Bansi West Ditto Bansi East. Ditto	Ditto Ditto	Bansi West	Bansi East
:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	::::::::::	49/11	:::	: :	::
Kakrahi Kakrahi Udna Tal Behurwa Ghat Meabartha. A Siri Nagar Bhainsahiwa Satwandhi. Musahra	Jharwa Tandwal Baidwa Jakhaulia Jamaria Kaithaule Kaithaule Kaithaule Khanrjahwa	Jignahwan. Khairakhas Banajot Ajgra Kakrahwa	Behra Barharguat Bari Kambarna Busurg	Gordih Kothila South	Gondha Kapia
:::::::::	:::::::	:::::	:::	: :	::
Barahi Kakrahi Udna Tal Beburwa Meshartha Newari Bhainsehiwa Satwandhi Musahra	Jharwa Tandwal Baidwa Ghat Jakhanlia Jamaria Kalthaula Piprahwa	Meadhonia Tirmobani Purwa Aigra	Ajgra Barharghat Chanwar	Gordih Ohaltuwa	Gondha
Burhi Rapti -(con-	Ban Ganga,	Parasi.	Nala Prasi. {	Bikri	Bilar {

List of Ferries, 1913-(continued).

	B3.	25 175 150	10 10 300 300 4	8	2882	88
Іпсепе.		:	::			:
Management.		Zamindars Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto	B. NW. R. Zamindars Ditto Manager, Nemra estate Ditto Zamindars Ditto Ditto	Ditto	Manager, Alidapur Ditto Ditto Ditto	Manager, Dulha estate Ditto Manager, Birdpur estate
il.		5		: :	::::	:::
Tahsil		Bansi Ditto Difto Ditto Ditto	Strong Diffe	Ditto	Ditto Ditto Ditto	Ditto Ditto
eg p		ast	ur sast	:	::::	ast.
Pargana.		Bansi East Ditto Ditto Ditto	Ditto Ditto Ditto Benalipur Bensi East Ditto Bensikpur Ditto Ditto	Ditto	Ditto Ditto Ditto	Benaikpur Ditto Bansi East
		# # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #	सन्यमेव जयते	: :	::::	:::
Village,		Maruk Kharg Kalan Puranan Selkhuni Khajurdand Ajgra	Uska Bazar Sohans khas Sonra Somra Rubudila Madhobani Mabanhawal Bardabwa	Kataha	Karohhalia Gaighat Alidapur Palta Debi	Dulha Darmiani Dulha Shumali Birdpur
		:::::	:::::::::	:	::::	::::
Name of ferry.		Maru Kharg Kalan Purainsu Chachah Khajurdand	Railway bridge Sohans Semra Lakra Mohana Dafalipur Mabanthawal Bardahwa	Kataba	Karchhalia., Gaighat Pairia Mnsharwa	Landa   Kakrahwa   Qajaujot
Name of river.		Bilar— (conclud-	Kundra	Gbunghi	Jamuwar	Tilar {

	200 500 576 576 930 1,255 2,125 700 1,110 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200	About 4 as. per day. Ditto. Ditto. Ditto.  6 12 12 200 200 200 20 20 20 40 40 40
Raja of Banaj	Dobraj Singh Ganpat Singh Nanku Ahir Harrasan Singh Dravka Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto	Zamindars Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto B.BishunNath Bakshat B. Nageshar Singh Lal Girgesh Bahadur Lal Girgesh Bahadur Pt. Bhagwat Pershad Sheo Ratan, etc. Surajgir Ramphal Shahu Mr. Gook, Managar Bhusai Pandi
Bansi	Harraiya Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto	Ditto Domariaganj Ditto Ditto Ditto Harraiya Ditto Basti Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto
Bansi East	Amorha Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Nagar West Mahuli East. Ditto Ditto Ditto Mahuli West Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto	Rasulpur Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Basti Rast Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto
Karonda	Sita Rampur Belahri Marna Beganganj. Dalpatpur Sherwa Dah Salona Manjha Chahora Jagdishpur Aghapur Gularha Mahripur Tanda Mubarakpur Phulpur Naurahni	Andwaghat Dariapur Jangal Londua Asnahra Narkatha Baidhuni Dila Kalan Suhelwa Lalganj Banpur Thokwa Mundaghat Bhadesar Decreon Pipra khas
Karonda Ghat	Tihura  Marna  Marna  Belahri  Baganganj  Dalpatpur  Sherwa Deh  Shlona  Ghahora  Ragha  Mansurganj  Mahripur  Tanda  Mubarakpur  Phulpur  Naurahni  Maindi	Andwaghat Duhwa Duhwa Dundha Sagare Saidhuni Mansur Nagar Sulabya Lalganj Banpur Thokwa Muthha Deoraon Fipra Malbwar
Fazihat. wa Ghola,	Ghaghra	Киапо

List of Ferries, 1913—(concluded).

Name of river.	Name of forry.	Village.		Pargans.	Tahsil.	Management.	Іпсоше,
					·		<b>B</b> .1
Kuano	Gaura	Gaura Mokhlispur	: :	Mahuli West Mahuli East	Basti Khalilabad	Rum Narain Chaudhri SatzurPd. &c.	
cluded).	Katar Sankhi	Katar Sznkhi	: :	Ditto Ditto	Ditto	Lalta Dubey Dhurap Raj	<b>3</b>
	Rithia		स	Ditto	Ditto	ri	8
*-	Balusagan		यां	Maghar East	Ditto .	. District Board	1,575
- , - ,	Ajgaiba	Jangal Un	ia ia	Ditte	5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	B. Jagdish Singh	02 2
•	Gajahra	Gajahra	न	Diffe	Ditto	Girdhari Das	3.8
~ ~	Basulia	Basulia	पने पने	11	Ditto		35
Kathnai-	Kathnaiya	Tikni Kol	:	Mahuli East	Ditto	B. Sant Baksh Pal	34
		Kusmaur Dih	-	Amorba	Harraiva	Zamindara	0%
	Kankra		: :	Ditto	Ditto	_	2 2
			:	D.tto	Ditto	D.tto	æ
	:		:	D.tto	Ditto	D.tto	10
	Rijwapur	-	3	Ditto ::	Ditto	Ditto	20
Man.	Nagdepur	Nagdepur	:	D:tto	Ditto	D tto	20
¥ar.	Bhitrighat	Kutas	:	Nagar West	Ditto	Ditto	40
=	Fandoorghat	Pandur	:	Ditto	Disto	Disto	92
	Papraula	Pipraula	:	Ditto :	Ditto	Ditto	707
	Sendulia	Schdults	:	Disto	Diffio	D. tto	2
	Kalenaulia	( Naivoaula	:	Nagar East.	Bastı	D. tto	121

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#### POST OFFICES, 1913.

Tabsil.	Pargana.		Name of office	e. ———	Class.		Manage- ment.
Basți.	Basti East Mahuli West Nagar East Mahuli West Ditto Basti East Ditto Ditto Mahuli West Basti East	•••	Basti Gaighat Kalwari Bazar Mahson Mundorwa Basti city Majhwa Mir Pandey Bazar Banpur Pakka Bazar	••	Head office Branch office Ditto Ditto Ditto Sub-office Branch office Ditto Ditto Sub-office		Imperial Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do.
(	Maghar East Basti East	•••	Rudauli Sonban	••	Ditto Branch office	•••	Do. Do.
Harraiya.	Basti West Ditto Ditto Amorha Ditto Nagar West Amorha Ditto Ditto	••	Babhnan Paikaulia Tinich Amorha Belwa Captainganj Dubaulia Bazar Harraiya Parasrampur	6 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Sub-office Branch office Sub-office Ditto Ditto Ditto		Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do.
Khalilabad.	Maghar East Ditto Ditto Mahuli East Maghar East Mahuli East Ditto Ditto Maghar East	••	Dudbara Khalilabad Bakhira Hariharpur Maghar Mahuli Chhapraghat Sirsi Menhdawal	•••	Branch office Sub-office Branch office Ditto Ditto Sub-office Branch office Ditto Sub-office	••	Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do.
Domariaganj	Rasulpur Ditto Ditto Bansi West Rasulpur Ditto Bansi West Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto		Asnahra Domariaganj Bhandaria Biskohar Gaura Bazar Hallaur Itwa Barhni Dhebarua Kandsari		Ditto Ditto Branch office Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto		Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do.
Bansi,	Bansi East Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Binaekpur	••	Bansi Daldala Narkatha Birdpur Nawgarh Chila Shobratganj Uska Bazar Lotan	••	Sub-office Branch office Ditto Sub-office Ditto Branch office Sub-office Ditto Branch office	••	Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do.

#### LIST OF MARKETS.

Name of tahsil.	Name of pargana.	Name of tappa.		Name of village.	Name of day on which market is held.
Domariaganj.	Rasulpur.	Chhapia  Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Adampore Ditto Sagra Do. Unian Hallaur Ditto Sahri Karhi		Bantikra  Kurthia Wasa Latia Bargadwa Patkhauli Narkharia Rampore Turkaula Tiwari Bharautia Hallaur Rasulpore Budhmi Latera	Wednesday and Saturday. Tuesday. Wednesday. Friday. Monday. Tuesday. Monday and Friday. Tuesday. Wednesday. Sunday and Thursday. Tuesday. Monday. Saturday. Wednesday.
Q	Bansi West	Kot Hir Budhi Khankot Barikpur Dhebarua Ditto Khajahni	::	Khasari Mahadeo Ghurboo Biskohar Jhakahi Kathaila Grant Dhakahri Buzurg Budhni Jharwa	Thursday. Monday. Every day. Friday. Saturday. Sunday. Daily. Tuesday.
Bansi.	Bansi <b>Ea</b> st	Asvar Do. Aikhan Auntapar Bargadwa Barnoon Banjarha Ditto Pachhar Ditto Tharauli Ditto Chanwar Chhatsi Hasanpur Wa. Ditto Sarwant D.tto Ditto Kudaran Ditto		Tilauli Mithwal Kalan Chilbia Uska Bazar Mahdewa Uhandapar Karahia Ledwa Pachhar khas Majhoon Hasanganj in Pokhar Bnitwa Gorahwa in Pokhar Bhitwa Masnan Ohakkar in Narkatha Marwatia Dharamsinghwa Raji Diha Para Pipri Ekdanga, Bhanpur Grant. Rithri Bansi Khas	Sunday. Monday. Friday. Thursday. Ditto. Monday. Wednesday. Sunday. Ditto. Wednesday. Sunday. Tuesday. Wednesday. Friday. Wednesday. Sunday. Friday. Thursday. Saturday. Thursday. Saturday. Tuesday. Tuesday and Saturday. Monday.

LIST OF MARKETS-(continued).

Name of tahsil.	of	Name of tappa.	Name of village.	Name of day on which market is held.	
		Kondri Ghos	Chatia. Mainahwan in Bird-	Friday. Saturday.	
		Ditto	pur. Mohanganjin New-	Monday.	
- 1		D:44-	Ta.	77 15	
l	! !	Ditto Masua	Nangarh in Birdpur Pathra Bazar	Friday,	
<del>-</del>	Bansi East.	D	(1) h la co de a mara à	Thursday. Monday.	
13	(concluded).	Do	Dhanghata	m \.*	
n la	(Concounter).	Do	Mankaura	Wednesday.	
ž,	1	Nandepar	Deora	Tuesday.	
<u>s</u> (	1	Nagwan	Parti	Wednesday.	
.1	1 1	_Ditto	Rahra	Tuesday and Friday.	
Bansi – (cancluded)	\	Hata	Tandia	Friday.	
Ã	(	Bhatinpar	Gulrahwa Bazar in Dubaulia.	Do.	
- 1		Natwar	Company of the Control of the Contro	Thursday.	
- 1	Benaikpur	Ditto	Sikri	Wednesday.	
	Denginput	Ditto 3	Lotan	Saturday.	
1	J	Ditto	Harbanspur	Sunday.	
,	Dakhin Hav		Khalilabad	Monday and Thurs- day.	
ſ		Chureb	Mirganj	Wednesday.	
1	1 1	Qasba	Market	Ditto.	
		Urawal	Mohanpur	Sunday.	
		Phulethoo	Pachpokhri	Saturday.	
		Belhar	Sarowan	Tuesday.	
	1	Ditto	Barawan	Sunday.	
-	1	Ditto	Kothiawan	Friday.	
Ì	Maghar Hast.	Ditto	Siakatri	Saturday and Wednes	
1	1 5	Ujiar	Bigramir	Tuesday.	
	133	Do.	Hatwa	Wednesday.	
현	<b>50</b>	Do.	Kosmha Usra Shukul	Monday and Friday.	
Ä	Ä	Mosauma	Bichhalchers	Monday. Friday.	
Khahlabad.		Mehdawal	Mahdanral	Thursday.	
		Bakhra	Bakhra	Tuesday and Saturda	
M		Ditto	Sih Tikar	Thursday.	
		Koochri	Hainsar Bazar	Thursday and Friday	
<u> </u>		Do.	Chapra Sharqi	Monday.	
ŀ		Do	Umria	Wednesday and Satur	
	1	Mahti	Baronda	Sunday and Thursday	
ļ	+ <u>i</u>	Sirsi	Sirsi	Wednesday and Satu	
j	Ea	Do	Babhnauli	Friday and Tuesday.	
Ì	Mahuli East.	Auradand	Hariharpur	Wednesday and Sa	
. \	ida	Taryapar	Mukhlispur	turday. Monday and Thursda	
			Mukhlispur	THE CHAPTER THANKS IN THE	

LIST OF	MARKETS.	(continued).
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Name of tahsil.	Name of	Name o tappa.	đ	Name of Villag	ge,	Name of day on which market is held.
(	1	Sikandarpur		Kubrain	••	Tuesday and Satur-
	1	Ditto		Rajwapur		day.
ĺ	1 1	Puraina	••	Harraiya	••	Monday and Friday.
İ	1	Ditto	::	Belbharia	• •	Ditto.
	1	Ditto		Sarnamgaj	•••	Sunday and Thursday. Tuesday and Saturday
	1	Ditto		Bhadawal		Ditto.
}		Ditto		Agar		Ditto.
		Ramgarh	••	Amorha	••	Sunday and Wednes- day.
	Amorha	Ditto	••	Amari	••	Tuesday and Satur- day
1	Amoral	Belwa		Bikramjot		Thursday and Sunday
Ī		Do.		Phooldih		Ditto.
		Do.		Baghanara		Ditto.
g <u>i</u>	1	Du.	1	Parnarpara	••	Thursday and Sunday.
Harraiya.		Do.	£	Pura Hemraj	••	Tuesday and Thurs-
E I	1 1	Do.	749	Munderipur		*Monday and Friday.
	1	Dubaulia	- 63	Dubaulia		Menday and Thurs.
1		l _	16	ST42681169		day.
	1	Do.		Kasaila	• •	Tuesday.
	1	Do.		Bishesharganj	• •	Saturday.
Ī		Do.	• •	Batauli	• •	Monday and Thurs-
	Vest.	Nawai	10	Behra Bazar		day. Sunday and Wednes-
	Nagar West	Do.	Q.	Pokhra		day.  Monday and Thurs-
- 1		Uji		Chilma Bazar		day. Sunday and Wednes-
ł	1	Atroh		Bishunpur		day. Monday and Thurs-
}	Basti West.	Sheopur		Gaur	••	day. Thursday and Satur-
(		Do.		Ama		day. Wednesday and Sun-
1				i .		day,
- 1	1 /	Umra	• •	Dasia	••	Monday and Friday,
- 1	1	Do.	••	Bengi   Majhawamin	• •	Ditto.
		Pandia	••	Majhawamir	••	Wednesday and Sun-
		Do.		Narhariya	• •	day. Tuesday and Satur-
		Haveli		Urwara		Mandamand Maidam
İ	1	Do.	•••	Basti Khas	• •	Monday and Friday, Tuesday and Satur-
	Basti East.	]	••		••	day.
Basti	Basti mast.	Deoraon		Pakka Bazar		Ditto
R		Sikandarpı	ur	Auspur		Monday and Friday.
	1	Ditto.		Piprazapti		Thursday.
		Ditto.	••	Walterganj in Sri	pal-	Monday and Friday.
		Ditto	••	Saltuagopalpur	••	Sunday and Wednes-
}		Kothila	••	Bandarhi Jangal	••	Sunday and Wednes-

<sup>\*</sup> A bazar for oxen sale is held in Asarh and Katik only.

LIST OF MARKETS - (concluded).

Name of tabsil.	Name of pargana.	Name of tappa.	Name of village	Name of day on which market is held.
{	Basti East — (concluded).	Kothila	Kothili	Tuseday and Satur
	{	Banskhor	Majhana Kalan	Sunday and Wednes
	West.	Do Rudhauli Do	Hatwa Athdama Hanomanganj Bhusra.	day.  Monday and Friday.  Saturday.  In Tuesday and Saturday.  day.
	Maghar West.	Do	Kundia in Pachai Rudhauli khas Surwar Kalan Mahua	Thursday.  Thursday.  Sunday.  Friday.  Thursday.
		Do,	Nakha Gangahra	Sunday.  Saturday.
		Do	Ghusiari Khas	Monday Saturday.
ded .	Mahuli West.	Bargon Pagar	Lalganj	•• Wednesday and Saturday.
Basti—(concluded).		Ditto	Mahadewa	Thursday and Satur
3		Charkaila	Perari	•• Wednesday and Saturday.
Bast		Ditto	Gaighat	Thursday and Surday.
İ	Mahi	Dihi Do.	Barahyan Khoria	Monday. Ditto.
ļ		Sobakari Kabra	Rasya Banpur	Sunday and Thursda
		Kapri Mahson Ditto.	Pakardand Mahson Khas	Monday and Friday Sunday and Wednesday.
		Kudarha Koron	Kudarha Khas Budwal	Tuesday and Friday Sunday and Thurs day.
		Mathoul Pipra	Bankati Pipra Khas	Tuesday and Frida Monday and Tuesda
ŀ	j ;; (	Pilai	Bahadurpur	Monday and Frida
	E E	Haveli	Nagar Khas	•• Wednesday and Saturday.
	Nagar East.	Kalwari	Kalwari Khas	Sunday and Thursday.
1	2	Do	Kusaura	Tuesday and Satur

FAIRS, 1918.

Name of tabsil.	Pargana,	Village.	Name of mela.	Date on which mela is held.	Appro- ximate average attend- ance.
n).	,	Bhari	Katik Purna- mashi Asnan.	Commences irem Katik Sudi Prnama- shi and lasts for a month.	50,000
Domariaganj	Rasulpur-	Deipar	Sheoratri	Phagun Badi 14th.	1,200
Dom	<b>2</b>	Pirela Kateshar Nath.	Ditto	Ditto	700- 4,000
	l l	Hallaur Kbas	Urs	7th Zil-Hij	4,000
	Bansi West.	Jigna Mafi	Thakur Biah	Commences from Aghan Sudi Purna- m. shi and lasts for a month.	8,000
	(	Mithwal Kalan	171.17	Piagun Badi Chaturdasi	7,000
		Pendha Satahwa Jogia	Do. Do. Ratik Ashnan	Do Do Katik Sudi Fur-	1,000· 1,000
	1	Kaka rhi Ghat	Do	nana shi Do,	4,000
Bansi.	Bansi (	Mahuaganj in Newra.	D tto D tto	Ditto Ditto	2,000 <sup>,</sup> 10,000
	East.	Uska Khas	Dasahra	Kunwar Sudi 10th.	10,000
		Naugarb Bazar in Birdpur.	Ditto	D.tto	2,000
		T.kur Baurbias Palta Debi	Dito Dito Palia Dibi	D tto D tto Chart Sudi 9th b unwar Sudi 9th	2,000 8,000 14,000
	Binaekpur	Lotan	Dasebra	Kur.war Sudi 9th,	1,000
1	1	Mehdawal	Sheoratri	Phrgun Badi 18th.	4,000
Khalil-	N'aghar	Sand Klurd Kap Mafi	Ditto Sheeratri	D. to Plagun Badi	8,000 2,100
abad )	East (	Tema Muglar	Ditto Bl cla drin- ki) g	Ditto	15,000 2,000

FAIRS, 1913 - (continued).

Name of tabsil.	Pargana	Village.	Name of mela.	Date, on which mela is held.	Approxi- mata avarage attend- anca-
	ا شرنب	Shahpore	Moharram	10th of Mohar-	2,000
ed).	Maghar East, —(concluded),	Bahalpur	Sheoratri	ram. Phagun Badi	500
pnjot	ghar	Usra Shahid	Ghazi Mian	13th. 1st Sunday of Jeth.	200
8)	الق	Dodhara	Ditto	Ditto	1,000
Khalilabad—(concluded)		Ohubra	Katik ashnan	Katik Badi Amawas	4,000
Khal	Mahuli {	Gai Ghat	Ditto Ashnan	Ditto Chait Badi	5,000 500
- (	East.	Ditto	Naumi	Naumi.	300
`	\	Ohubra	Ditto	Ditto	
	/	Amolipore	Ashnan Sagar	Aghan Sudi Parnamashi.	6,000
1	Amacdha	Sarsi	Ashnan Man- war Nadi.	Chait Sudi -urnamashi.	35,000
		▲modah Khas	Ashnan Ram Rakha Nadi.	Ohait Sudi 13th.	2,000
Harraiya		Pachus	Pachus Ash- nan.	Pus Sudi Pur- namashi.	1,000
		Asagpur and Sakta on Sheoraghat.	Ashnan Man. war Nadi.	ChaitRam Naum and Katik Pirna- mishi Onait Purna- mishi	20,000 4,000 1,000
`	Mazhar West	Reonan	Sheoratri	Phagun Hadi 13th.	3,100
	Maghar	Bohra mafi.	Sheoratri	Phagun Badi	2,900
ŀ	West. Ditto	Rudhauli	Ditto	13th. Ditto	3,390
	Ditto	Khas. Hanuman- ganjalias	Ditto	Ditto	1,550
Basti .	Mahuli	Bhonsra. Budwal	Ditto	Ditto	1,095
	West. Ditto	K h u k ra Amianabad	Ditto	Ditto	760
	Nagar	Hardewa	Ditto	Ditto	980
ļ	East Basti	Bhadesar	Ditto	Ditto	6,900
	East. Maghar	Nath. Gosia ri	Bale Mian-ka		850
	West. D.tto	Khas Nagar Khas.	Besh. Ditto	Joth. Ditto	1,260

FAIRS, 1913 - (concluded).

Name of tabail.	Pargana.	Village.	Name of mala.	Date on which mela is held.	Appro- ximate average attend- ance.
(	Maghar Wst.	Mahsa Auhar.	Bale Mian-ka- Baah	1st Sunday of Jeth.	1,070
	Mahuli Wast.	Gaighat.	Ditto	Ditto	1,180
	Basti East.	Basti Khas	Athra Mo- harram.	10th of Mohar- ram.	3,145
	Ditto	Pakka Bızar.	Ditto	Ditto	8,145
	Mahuli Wast.	Mahson	Ditto	Ditto	872
	Nagar East.	Pipra	Dilto	Ditto	960
	Basti East.	Basti Khas	Nag Panchuni	Bhadon Sudi 5th	2,160
	Ditto	Pakka Bazar.	Ditto	Ditto	2,090
	Nagar East.	Pipra Khas	Ditto	Ditto	775
	Maghar Wast.	Sarsa Cha- minjot.	Chait Ram Naumi.	Chait Sudi Naumi.	809
Basti	Mahuli West	Binpore .	Ditto	Ditto	511
	Nagar East	Manjha Kalan,	Chait Ram Naumi.	Chait Sudi Nau-	765
	Mahuli West	Lalganj	Chait Paran-	Chait Su li 15th	1,886
	D.tto	Bhatoopore	Ditto	Ditto	791
	Ditto	Khakhra Aninibid.	Ditto	Ditto	687
	Maghar West.	Sarsa Cham- manjot.	Katik Ashnan	Katik Sadi Par- namashi.	1,091
}	Mahuli West	Bangore	Ditto	Ditto	435
}	Nagar East	Manjha Kalan	Ditto	Ditto	395
	Mahuli	Mahson Khas	Dasehra	Kunwar Sudi 10th	907
	Wast. Maghar	Samra Chan-	Ashnan Man- oraman.	Aghan Sudi 10th.	317
il.	E.st Maghar West	gan. Bhagosa	Bhule Shaheed		17371
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		1			